Human Influence in SDMs: Literature Review (Part V)

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February 3, 2024

Contents

1	Summary	2		
2	2 R Setup			
	2.1 Libraries	2		
	2.2 Directories	2		
	2.3 Load data	3		
3	Classify SDGs across predictors	3		
	3.1 Plot SDG relevance across human predictors	4		
	3.2 Summarize predictor use compared to number of articles	7		
4	Combined plot	10		
5	5 Append SDGs to predictor list dataset			
6	Save	12		

1 Summary

This is the fifth R script of the literature review and synthesis for the article entitled, "Gaps and opportunities in modeling human influence on species distributions in the Anthropocene," by Veronica F. Frans and Jianguo Liu.

Here, in Part V of the synthesis, we use the CSV files of the predictor list from Part III to evaluate whether some of the human predictors used by authors are relevant for monitoring the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). This assessment is appended to the predictor list for access in the Supporting Information.

Thus, the following is accomplished:

- (1) Matching of predictor names with the 17 SDGs
- (2) Summary of predictor use across SDGs and papers
- (3) Plots of SDGs by paper and predictor
- (4) Final export of predictor list with SDGs included

This is the final R script for this study.

2 R Setup

We are using R version 4.3.0 (R Core Team 2023).

2.1 Libraries

Load libraries

```
# load libraries
 library("dplyr")
                           # for table manipulations
  library("scales")
                           # for scales and formatting
  library("kableExtra")
                           # for table viewing in Rmarkdown
                           # for table manipulations
  library("tidyr")
  library("plyr")
                           # for table manipulations
  library("tidyverse")
                           # for graphics/table management
  library("ggplot2")
                           # for graphics
  library("RColorBrewer")
                           # for graphics
                           # for graphics (speeds up ggplot)
  library("ggforce")
  library("ggalluvial")
                           # for graphics
  library("ggbreak")
                           # for graphics
  library("patchwork")
                           # for graphics
  library("ggExtra")
                           # for graphics
  library("ggrepel")
                           # for labeling
  library("plotfunctions") # for data visualization
  library("svglite")
                           # for saving graphics in sug format
  library("SDGdetector")
                           # for text-mining SDGs
  library("text2sdg")
                           # for text-mining SDGs
```

2.2 Directories

The primary directory is the folder where the hum_sdm_litrv_r.Rproj is stored.

```
# create image folder and its directory
dir.create(paste0("images"))
image.dir <- paste0("images\\")

# create data folder and its directory
dir.create(paste0("data"))
data.dir <- paste0("data\\")</pre>
```

2.3 Load data

Upload the data table from the abstract screening and review, and subset to only the articles that are accepted. We will also need a few saved CSV files from Part II.

3 Classify SDGs across predictors

We use the text2sdg package to match predictors with the 17 SDGs. Because this packages normally works with an entire corpus, the analysis is instead done row by row (i.e., per predictor), treating each predictor as a corpus. Row by row, names and sums of SDGs are extracted. Note that this takes at least 9 hours to run.

```
# Record start time
 start_time <- proc.time()</pre>
# Run SDG scan for all predictor rows
  output <- lapply(preds.list.export$predictor, detect sdg, verbose=FALSE)
# Combine results and add predictor column
  preds.sdgs <- data.frame(</pre>
                            predictor = preds.list.export$predictor,
                            sdg = sapply(output, function(x)paste(unique(x$sdg),
                                                                      collapse = "; ")),
                            count_sdgs = sapply(output,
                                                 function(x)length(unlist(strsplit(x$sdg,";"))))
# Optionally, if you need to order the rows by the predictor column
  preds.sdgs <- preds.sdgs[order(preds.sdgs$predictor), ]</pre>
# Reset row names if desired
 row.names(preds.sdgs) <- NULL</pre>
# Output the combined result
  preds.sdg.export <- preds.sdgs</pre>
```

```
# save as CSV
write.csv(preds.sdg.export, paste0(data.dir,"predictors_and_SDGs.csv"),row.names=FALSE)

# Record end time
end_time <- proc.time()

# Calculate the runtime
runtime <- end_time - start_time
runtime/60/60</pre>
```

```
user system elapsed 7.03329444 0.09487778 11.69226111
```

3.1 Plot SDG relevance across human predictors

Next, we calculate the sum and percents of predictors per SDG.

sdg	num_preds	perc_preds
	1625	70.4378
SDG-01	41	1.7772
SDG-02	65	2.8175
SDG-03	3	0.1300
SDG-04	2	0.0867
SDG-06	253	10.9666
SDG-07	9	0.3901
SDG-08	2	0.0867
SDG-09	9	0.3901
SDG-11	282	12.2237
SDG-12	4	0.1734
SDG-13	4	0.1734

(continued)

sdg	num_preds	perc_preds
SDG-14	35	1.5171
SDG-15	246	10.6632

Add missing SDGs to the list.

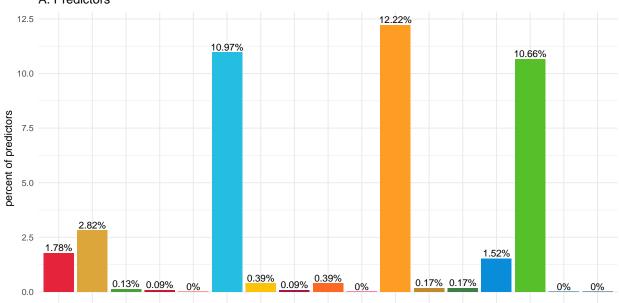
	sdg	num_preds	$perc_preds$
2	SDG-01	41	1.7772
3	SDG-02	65	2.8175
4	SDG-03	3	0.1300
5	SDG-04	2	0.0867
1	SDG-05	0	0.0000
6	SDG-06	253	10.9666
7	SDG-07	9	0.3901
8	SDG-08	2	0.0867
9	SDG-09	9	0.3901
21	SDG-10	0	0.0000
10	SDG-11	282	12.2237
11	SDG-12	4	0.1734
12	SDG-13	4	0.1734
13	SDG-14	35	1.5171
14	SDG-15	246	10.6632
31	SDG-16	0	0.0000
41	SDG-17	0	0.0000

Plot summary

```
# SDG colors (taken from SDGdetector package)
color_rgb <- data.frame(
    R = c(229, 221, 76, 197, 255, 38, 252, 162, 253, 221, 253, 191, 63, 10, 86, 0, 25),
    G = c(36, 166, 159, 25, 58, 189, 195, 25, 105, 19, 157, 139, 126, 141, 192, 104, 72),
```

```
B = c(59, 58, 56, 45, 33, 226, 11, 66, 37, 103, 36, 46, 68, 217, 43, 157, 106)
    )
    ### HEX
    color_hex <- rgb(color_rgb, maxColorValue = 255)</pre>
    names(color_hex) <- sdg_only$sdg</pre>
    sdg_color <- function(x) {</pre>
                               color <- color hex[x]</pre>
                               return(color)
# plot
  sdg.plt <- ggplot(data=sdg_only, aes(x=sdg, y=perc_preds, fill=sdg)) +</pre>
                     scale_fill_manual(values = sdg_color(x = 1:17)) +
                     geom_bar(stat="identity") +
                     geom_text(aes(label=paste0(round(perc_preds,2),'%')),
                               vjust=-0.3, size=3.5) +
                     ylab('percent of predictors') +
                     xlab('Sustainable Development Goals')+
                     theme_minimal() +
                     theme(legend.position = "none") +
                     ggtitle('A. Predictors')
# save
  ggsave(plot=sdg.plt, filename = paste0(image.dir, 'sdg_bar_plot.png'),
         height = 5, width = 9, units = 'in', dpi = 600)
  ggsave(plot=sdg.plt, filename = paste0(image.dir, 'sdg_bar_plot.svg'),
         height = 5, width = 9, units = 'in')
# view
  sdg.plt
```





SDG-01SDG-02SDG-03SDG-04SDG-05SDG-06SDG-07SDG-08SDG-09SDG-10SDG-11SDG-12SDG-13SDG-14SDG-15SDG-16SDG-17

Sustainable Development Goals

Total predictors related to SDGs

```
# get summary
paste(nrow(preds.sdg.export[preds.sdg.export$count_sdgs>0,]),
    "out of",
    nrow(preds.sdg.export),
    "predictors",
    "are related to Sustainable Development Goals")
```

[1] "682 out of 2307 predictors are related to Sustainable Development Goals"

3.2 Summarize predictor use compared to number of articles

Next, we calculate the sum and percents of papers per SDG.

```
# append article numbers to predictors
 preds.sdg.papers <- left_join(preds.list.export, preds.sdg.export,</pre>
                                 by='predictor')
# extend list by SDGs per predictor
 preds.sdg.papers <- separate_rows(preds.sdg.papers, sdg, sep="; ", convert = TRUE)</pre>
# extend list by paper per predictor
 preds.sdg.papers <- separate_rows(preds.sdg.papers, uid, sep="; ", convert = TRUE)</pre>
# summary list of predictor counts per SDG
 sdg_paper_sums <- ddply(preds.sdg.papers, .(sdg),</pre>
                          summarize,
                           # count of papers
                          num_papers=length(unique(uid)),
                           # percent of papers
                          perc_papers=round(
                            length(unique(uid))/length(unique(
                               preds.sdg.papers$uid))*100,4),
                           # list of predictors
                          predictors=paste(unique(predictor),collapse="; ")
# show summary here (predictors not shown)
 kableExtra::kbl(sdg_paper_sums[,1:3], booktabs=T, longtable=T) %>%
   kable_styling(latex_options = c("striped", "repeat_header"))
```

sdg	num_papers	perc_papers
	1113	77.8866
SDG-01	39	2.7292
SDG-02	52	3.6389
SDG-03	3	0.2099
SDG-04	2	0.1400
SDG-06	299	20.9237
SDG-07	8	0.5598

(continued)
(conventaca)

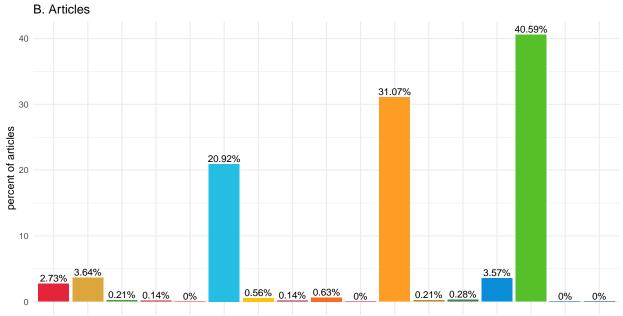
sdg	num_papers	perc_papers
SDG-08	2	0.1400
SDG-09	9	0.6298
SDG-11	444	31.0707
SDG-12	3	0.2099
SDG-13	4	0.2799
SDG-14	51	3.5689
SDG-15	580	40.5878

Add missing SDGs to the list.

	sdg	num_papers	perc_papers
2	SDG-01	39	2.7292
3	SDG-02	52	3.6389
4	SDG-03	3	0.2099
5	SDG-04	2	0.1400
1	SDG-05	0	0.0000
6	SDG-06	299	20.9237
7	SDG-07	8	0.5598
8	SDG-08	2	0.1400
9	SDG-09	9	0.6298
21	SDG-10	0	0.0000
10	SDG-11	444	31.0707
11	SDG-12	3	0.2099
12	SDG-13	4	0.2799
13	SDG-14	51	3.5689
14	SDG-15	580	40.5878
31	SDG-16	0	0.0000
41	SDG-17	0	0.0000

Plot summary

```
# plot
 sdgp.plt <- ggplot(data=sdg_paper_only, aes(x=sdg, y=perc_papers, fill=sdg)) +</pre>
                     scale_fill_manual(values = sdg_color(x = 1:17)) +
                     geom bar(stat="identity") +
                     geom_text(aes(label=paste0(round(perc_papers,2),'%')),
                               vjust=-0.3, size=3.5) +
                     ylab('percent of articles') + xlab('Sustainable Development Goals')+
                     theme_minimal() +
                     theme(legend.position = "none") +
                     ggtitle('B. Articles')
# save
 ggsave(plot=sdgp.plt, filename = paste0(image.dir,'sdg_papers_bar_plot.png'),
         height = 5, width = 9, units = 'in', dpi = 600)
 ggsave(plot=sdgp.plt, filename = paste0(image.dir, 'sdg_papers_bar_plot.svg'),
         height = 5, width = 9, units = 'in')
# view
 sdgp.plt
```



SDG-01SDG-02SDG-03SDG-04SDG-05SDG-06SDG-07SDG-08SDG-09SDG-10SDG-11SDG-12SDG-13SDG-14SDG-15SDG-16SDG-17
Sustainable Development Goals

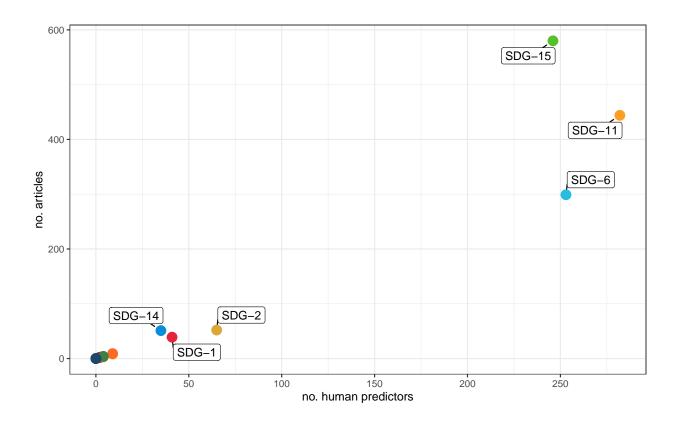
Total papers related to SDGs

[1] "924 out of 1429 papers use human predictors related to Sustainable Development Goals"

4 Combined plot

We turn these plots into a scatterplot, with the number of predictors related to SDGs on the x-axis, and the number of papers using those predictors on the y-axis.

```
# make a new dataframe
  sdg_summary <- data.frame(sdg=sdg_only$sdg,</pre>
                             num_preds=sdg_only$num_preds,
                             perc_preds=sdg_only$perc_preds,
                             num_papers=sdg_paper_only$num_papers,
                             perc_papers=sdg_paper_only$perc_papers)
# label the top 6 SDGs
  sdg_summary$labs <- ''</pre>
  sdg_summary$labs[sdg_summary$sdg=='SDG-01'] <- 'SDG-1'</pre>
  sdg summary$labs[sdg summary$sdg=='SDG-02'] <- 'SDG-2'
  sdg_summary$labs[sdg_summary$sdg=='SDG-06'] <- 'SDG-6'</pre>
  sdg_summary$labs[sdg_summary$sdg=='SDG-11'] <- 'SDG-11'</pre>
  sdg_summary$labs[sdg_summary$sdg=='SDG-14'] <- 'SDG-14'</pre>
  sdg_summary$labs[sdg_summary$sdg=='SDG-15'] <- 'SDG-15'</pre>
# plot
  sdg_pts <- ggplot(sdg_summary,</pre>
                     aes(x=num_preds, y=num_papers, color=sdg, label=labs)) +
                     geom_point(color=sdg_color(x = 1:17), size = 4, guide = FALSE) +
                     scale_fill_manual(values = sdg_color(x = 1:17)) +
                     geom_label_repel(aes(label = labs),
                                       box.padding = 0.35,
                                       point.padding = 1,
                                       segment.color = 'black',
                                       segment.size = 0.5,
                                       color = 'black',
                                       min.segment.length = 0.1) +
                     ylab('no. articles') + xlab('no. human predictors') +
                     scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(0,300,50)) +
                     theme_bw()
# save
  ggsave(plot=sdg_pts, filename = paste0(image.dir,'sdg_scatterplot.png'),
         height = 4, width = 6, units = 'in', dpi = 600)
  ggsave(plot=sdg_pts, filename = paste0(image.dir,'sdg_scatterplot.svg'),
         height = 4, width = 6, units = 'in')
# view
  sdg_pts
```



5 Append SDGs to predictor list dataset

We add the SDG names and counts to the existing predictor list dataset, for export and use in Supporting Information.

```
# append article numbers to predictors
 preds.sdg.papers.export <- left_join(preds.list.export, preds.sdg.export,</pre>
                                         by='predictor')
# reorder columns
# use colname = newcolname notation for renaming
 preds.sdg.papers.export <- relocate(preds.sdg.papers.export,</pre>
                                        sdg,
                                        .after = uid)
 preds.sdg.papers.export <- relocate(preds.sdg.papers.export,</pre>
                                        count_sdgs,
                                        .after = sdg)
# rename column
  colnames(preds.sdg.papers.export)[10] <- "count_papers"</pre>
# save
  write.csv(preds.sdg.papers.export,paste0(data.dir,"predictor_SDG_list_summary_FINAL.csv"),
            row.names = FALSE)
```

Save 6

<pre># save progress save.image("SDMs_human_lit_review_V.RData")</pre>	
THIS IS THE END OF THE SCRIPT.	