

$$10^{-3} = m^{(\text{milli})} = \frac{1}{10^3}$$

$$10^{-6} = \mu \text{ (micro)}$$

$$10^{-9} = n \text{ (nano)}$$

$$10^{-12} = p \text{ (pico)}$$

$$10^{-15} = f$$

$$470 \text{ mF}$$

$$470 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ F}$$

$$\frac{470}{1000} = 0,470 \text{ F}$$

$$0,033 \mu\text{F} = \text{F}$$

$$0,033 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ F} = 33 \text{ nF} \rightarrow$$

$$0,000000033 = 33 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$$2,2 \text{ nF} = 2200 \text{ pF}$$

$$\tau = R \cdot C = \frac{100 \text{ k}\Omega \cdot 10 \mu\text{F}}{10^3 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 10^{-6}} = 10^0 = 1 \text{ s}$$

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$$U_{C1\tau} = 100 \text{ V} \cdot (1 - e^{-\frac{15}{15}})$$

* Shift + e^x
(Taschenrechner)

$$(1 - e^{-1})$$

$$100 \text{ V} \cdot (1 - 0,3678)$$

$$100 \text{ V} \cdot 0,6322$$

$$U_{C1\tau} = \underline{\underline{63,22 \text{ V}}}$$

$$U_{C3\tau} = 100 \text{ V} \cdot (1 - e^{-\frac{39}{15}})$$

$$= 100 \text{ V} \cdot (1 - e^{-3})$$

$$(1 - 0,0498)$$

$$= 100 \text{ V} \cdot 0,9502$$

$$U_{C3\tau} = 95,02 \text{ V}$$