The product life cycle

ASOS.com is the UK's market leader in online fashion retailing. It offers own-label, branded fashion and designer goods.

The product life cycle for an ASOS.com own-brand dress typically follows a distinct sequence.

Task: Please fill in the following words into the table below: development, introduction, growth, maturity, saturation, decline.

At this stage, ASOS.com will remind people about the product online, through for	
example, trend features on the website and	
in its newsletter. It may order more stock to	
ensure supply. For example, one dress from	
the summer 2008 collection is still selling	
well and has regular repeat orders.	
At this point, ASOS.com may decide to	
reduce the price to clear remaining stock.	
Sales provide an opportunity to make space	
in the warehouse for new products.	
People become tired of the item or it is	
replaced by a new product. Fashion and	
trends have moved on.	
The dress is made available to customers on	
the website. Fashion leaders adopt the new	
item. ASOS.com initially gives a lot of	
prominence to newly launched products on	
its website, for example, by having links	
directly to these items from the homepage	
and weekly newsletters.	
ASOS.com needs to ensure adequate stocks	
so as not to disappoint customers. Once the	
item moves into the growth stage it tends to	
promote itself as customers see the item in	
newspapers and magazines.	
In this phase, the ASOS.com buying team	
choose materials, styles and colours to	
produce a dress design. Suppliers then	
produce and distribute the goods to	
ASOS.com's warehouse in the UK ready for	
introduction to the market.	