

Speech Emotion Recognition (SER) project

Vaggelis Lamprou

Presentation

Crema-D dataset

- ▶ 91 speakers : 48 males, 43 females
 - ▶ 4 classes of interest : happy, neutral, sad, angry
 - ▶ 4414 sample points
 - ▶ 136-dim vector per speech sample
 - ▶ Each speaker contributes about 14 happy, sad, angry instances and 12 neutral
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- ▶ Speaker independent training/validation/test sets
 - ▶ training set : 66 speakers ($\sim 72\%$)
 - ▶ validation set : 16 speakers ($\sim 18\%$)
 - ▶ test set : 9 speakers ($\sim 10\%$)

Dataset visualization : PCA

Transform points in the direction of the first 3 principal components.

emotion

- angry
- happy
- neutral
- sad

Figure 2.1

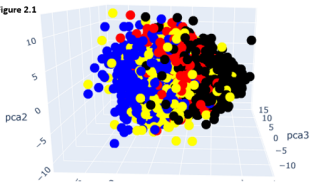


Figure 2.2

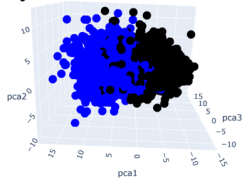


Figure 2.3

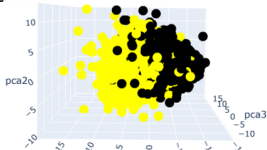
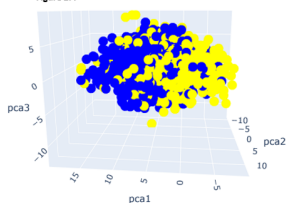


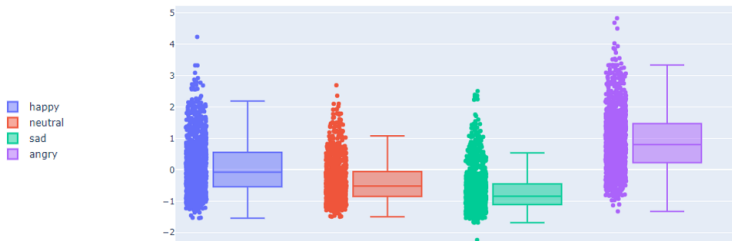
Figure 2.4



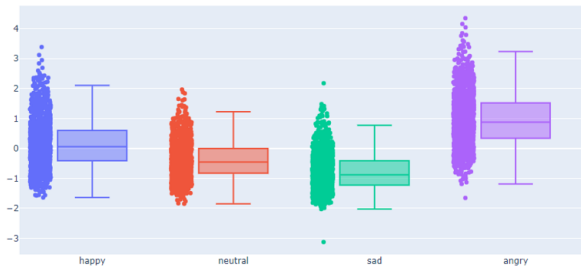
Values Distribution : Boxplots

Examine correlations between features and target.

spectral_entropy_mean with correlation 0.23



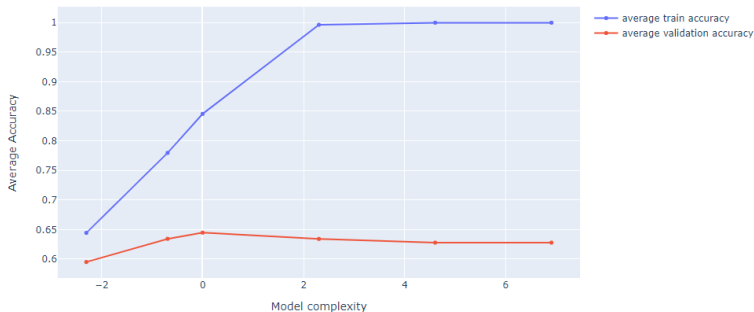
mfcc_2_std with correlation 0.22



The optimal model

- ▶ After 20 experiments (train/validation splits), the optimal model is a SVM with $C = 1$, average validation accuracy 0.645 and average F1-score 0.641 (the selection criterion).
- ▶ Trained on 136-features (many correlation levels examined)

Train and Validation accuracy vs model complexity



Testing

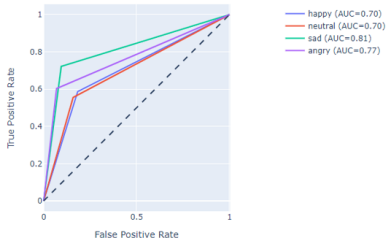
► Confusion matrix

	happy	neutral	sad	angry
happy	74	25	11	16
neutral	21	60	19	8
sad	13	21	91	1
angry	32	14	4	76

Classification report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
happy	0.53	0.59	0.56	126
neutral	0.50	0.56	0.53	108
sad	0.73	0.72	0.73	126
angry	0.75	0.60	0.67	126
accuracy			0.62	486
macro avg	0.63	0.62	0.62	486
weighted avg	0.63	0.62	0.62	486

► ROC curves



PR curves

