Speech Emotion Recognition (SER) project

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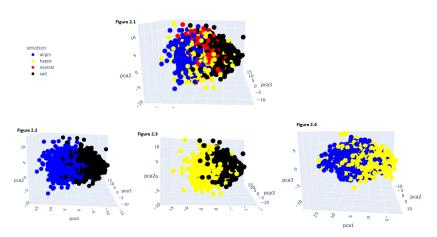
Presentation

Crema-D dataset

- ▶ 91 speakers : 48 males, 43 females
- 4 classes of interest : happy, neutral, sad, angry
- ▶ 4900 sample points
- ▶ 136-dim vector per speech sample
- ► Each speaker contributes about 14 happy, sad, angry instances and 12 neutral (few exemptions exist)
- Speaker independent training/validation/test sets
- ▶ training set : 66 speakers (~ 72%)
- ▶ validation set : 16 speakers (~ 18%)
- ► test set : 9 speakers (∽ 10%)

Dataset visualization: PCA

Transform points according to the first 3 principal components.

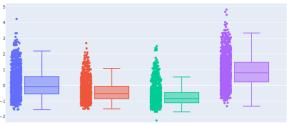


Values Distribution : Boxplots

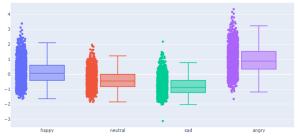
Examine correlations between features and target.

spectral_entropy_mean with correlation 0.23





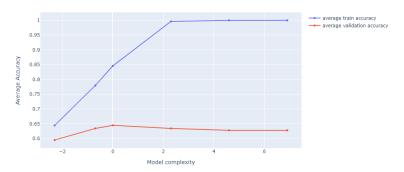




The optimal model

After conducting 20 experiments (train/validation splits) and examining multiple feature-target correlation levels, the optimal model is a SVM with C = 1, average validation accuracy 0.645 and average F1-score 0.641 (the selection criterion).

Train and Validation accuracy vs model complexity



Testing

► Confusion matrix

happy neutral sad	happy 74 21 13	neutral 25 60 21	11 19 91	angry 16 8 1
angry	32	14	4	76

Classification report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
happy	0.53	0.59	0.56	126
neutral	0.50	0.56	0.53	108
sad	0.73	0.72	0.73	126
angry	0.75	0.60	0.67	126
accuracy			0.62	486
macro avg	0.63	0.62	0.62	486
eighted avg	0.63	0.62	0.62	486