

Homework #7

Search Tool (Version 1)

AI Programming

Due: Nov. 4, 2020

Overview

We want to solve numerical optimization problems and travelling salesperson problems (TSP) using search algorithms. In this assignment, you are provided with some program codes that implement steepest-ascent hill climbing and first-choice hill climbing algorithms for solving both types of problems, but with many of the functions left incomplete. Your job is to complete the programs by filling up the codes for those functions (indicated by '###' after the function name), and then put some of the functions together in library modules to minimize code duplications. A typical outcome of numerical optimization is shown in the shaded box below.

```
Enter the file name of a function: problem/Convex.txt

Objective function:
(x1 - 2) ** 2 + 5 * (x2 - 5) ** 2 + 8 * (x3 + 8) ** 2 + 3 * (x4 +
1) ** 2 + 6 * (x5 - 7) ** 2

Search space:
x1: (-30.0, 30.0)
x2: (-30.0, 30.0)
x3: (-30.0, 30.0)
x4: (-30.0, 30.0)
x5: (-30.0, 30.0)

Search algorithm: First-Choice Hill Climbing

Mutation step size: 0.01

Solution found:
(2.005, 5.001, -8.003, -0.997, 7.003)
Minimum value: 0.000

Total number of evaluations: 24,358
```

Sample Problems to Be Solved

You are also provided with six text files each containing the specifics of the sample problem to be solved. The first three files contain functions to be minimized: Convex function, Griewank function, and Ackley function. Each file in its first line contains the function expression written in Python syntax assuming that your program will import 'math.py'. You can use the Python 'eval' function to evaluate the expression, after assigning values to the variables using the 'exec' function. The rest of the lines each contains a variable name, its lower bound, and its upper bound. All the functions are five dimensional. You should make sure that the next point you move to during search is always within the search space (i.e., you must not go out of the lower and upper bounds).

The next three files contain different versions of TSPs with the numbers of cities of 30, 50, and 100. The first line of each of these files contains the number of cities, and the rest of the lines contain city locations represented as coordinates in a 100×100 square.

Implementation Using Modules

Notice that there are two versions of each algorithm, one for numerical optimization problem and the other for TSP. Since there will be many code duplications among different versions, you should create modules to hold those codes and let them be imported for use. You are recommended to create two modules: 'numeric' module for the functions specialized to numeric optimization problems and 'tsp' module for those specialized to TSPs.

As shown in the shaded box above, you should query the user to get the name of the file containing the specifics of the problem to be solved. After solving the problem, you should print out messages that describe what kind of problem you solved, which search algorithm you used, how the parameters were set for the search algorithm, and the result of search together with the cost of the optimization, i.e., the total number of evaluations taken by the search algorithm to solve the problem. The following is a typical outcome after solving a TSP

```
Enter the file name of a TSP: problem/tsp50.txt

Number of cities: 50
City locations:
  (1, 7)   (14, 92)  (45, 97)  (17, 60)  (22, 44)
  (4, 38)  (13, 73)  (79, 68)  (76, 95)  (62, 14)
  (25, 75) (26, 9)   (88, 81)  (56, 65)  (64, 71)
  (92, 20) (7, 20)   (8, 20)   (61, 39)  (17, 11)
  (10, 40) (18, 72)  (89, 72)  (58, 25)  (57, 57)
  (66, 70) (36, 72)  (89, 91)  (18, 90)  (72, 49)
  (82, 38) (22, 26)  (36, 56)  (23, 44)  (45, 45)
  (7, 27)  (84, 6)   (32, 78)  (0, 29)   (64, 63)
  (45, 24) (21, 81)  (37, 16)  (86, 57)  (65, 99)
  (25, 53) (98, 24)  (83, 81)  (50, 5)   (58, 80)

Search algorithm: Steepest-Ascent Hill Climbing

Best order of visits:
  34  40  18   9  36  15  22  43  30  29
  39  24  25  14  47  27  12   8  44   2
   1  28  41   6   3  21  10  37  49  26
  13   7  46  23  48  42  17  19  16  35
  38   0  11   5  20  31   4  33  32  45

Minimum tour cost: 890

Total number of evaluations: 1,888
```