Vanguard Rainbow Tutorial

Get an updated version of this document at http://vgkits.co.uk/project/rainbow/tutorial.pdf . Text collaboratively maintained by @vgkits on github here

Equipment Provided

In your packs you should have...

- A Vanguard board (NodeMCU-M flashed with vgkits' micropython startup scripts)
- An 8-pixel WS2811 RGB LED display
- A USB A-to-MicroB cable
- A 3-way jumper cable with 2.54mm female sockets
- A 4xAA battery pack with switch and 2.54mm female sockets

Preparing your Components

Retail packs from @VGKits should have the following steps already completed...

- The NodeMCU-M board comes pre-installed with Micropython firmware, a set of useful libraries and a startup script for your Rainbow project. This turns it into a Vanguard board.
- WS2811 LED displays should have 2.54mm male pins soldered on both ends
- 4xAA battery packs should have 2.54mm female sockets crimped on the red and black cables

If you are configuring your own hardware or you want to wipe and reinstall your board with a newer build, follow the steps in *Appendix A* below.

Connecting the LED Display

- You will need...
 - The 8-pixel Display
 - The Jumper wires

Look on the back of your LED display. It should have three pins going into it, and three pins going out. Find the end of the board with the following three connections.

- Data In labelled DIN
- Power labelled 5V or 4-7VDC

Ground - labelled GND

Use the jumper wires to attach from the LED display to the Vanguard board as follows

- DIN -> GPIO14, (labelled '14')
- 4-7VDC -> 5V
- GND -> GND

Connecting to the Vanguard Shell via Wifi

- You will need...
 - The Orange USB cable
 - The Vanguard board
- Step 1: To plug in the Vanguard board to give it power
 - The Vanguard's USB Micro-B socket can be fragile. Be careful when plugging and unplugging the cable. If the cable doesn't slide in easily, try turning the plug upside down
- Step 2: To connect to the newly available wifi access point
 - Wifi networks have a name or ESSID. Normally your laptop takes a few minutes to refresh the list of available network ESSIDs in menus. Turning on and off your laptop's wifi can accelerate this.
 - The Vanguard appears with an ESSID containing a unique number like vanguard-34fe57
 - The default Wifi password is vanguard
- Step 3: To load the console in the browser
 - Wait for a bit
 - Connect your browser to http://192.168.4.1
 - When the page appears click on Connect
 - Type the password vgkits when challenged

Connecting to the Vanguard via Serial

A more formal way to connect to the Shell uses a 'serial' or 'UART' connection over the USB wire.

The Vanguard uses a CH340 UART module, (install the drivers from here) and the default connection speed (baud rate) is 115200.

For example on a linux machine you can connect like...

- Type | screen /dev/ttyUSB0 115200 | and press | Return
- When the terminal goes blank, press | Return | a second time

If the Vanguard has connected successfully, you should see three chevrons like this...

```
>>>
```

...and you can continue to the next step | Issuing Commands

Troubleshooting

- If the console has gone blank, but the chevrons don't appear try the following until they do
 - try pressing the CTRL+C keys together to try and kill any sequence of steps which was already running. This should return you to the chevrons.
 - visit Appendix A: Configuring your Vanguard, to reset your Vanguard board to 'factory' configuration

Issuing commands

After connecting, we should be in what is known as a REPL - a Read, Eval, Print Loop.

This means that the Vanguard board is...

- **READING** the commands we send
- EVALUATING the commands (running them, often generating a result)
- **PRINTING** the result (showing the result on screen)
- LOOPING back (returning to the READING step over and over again)

Let's try it out to learn some fundamental programming concepts.

Core Programming Concepts

- Values
 - Type 4+4 and press Return . What happens? That was an arithmetic expression, which results in a number.
 - \circ Type 4*4 with an asterisk instead and press Return . (hint \times is treated as a letter in a computer language).
 - o Enter 'Hello' + 'World'
- Names
 - Enter square = 4*4
 - Enter square (we just assigned a value to a name, so we can refer to it later)
 - o Enter capital = 'Paris'
 - Enter capital

```
• Steps
```

```
Enter raw_input('What is the capital of Colombia? ')Enter capital = raw_input('What is the capital of Colombia? ')
```

• Groups of Values: Lists, Dictionaries

```
    Enter sequence = [3,4,5,6,7,8]
    Enter sequence
    Enter sequence[0]
    Enter sequence[1:4]
    Enter [num*num for num in sequence]
```

· Groups of Steps: Blocks and Functions

```
    Enter range(2,6)
    Enter def square(x):
    Press Tab, then Enter return x*x
    Delete all spaces/tabs then press Return
    Enter square(4)
```

Colors, Lists and Loops

```
Lists
```

```
    Enter yellow = [255,255,0]
    Enter yellow and it should show your list
    Enter red this should show a list which was previously defined
    Enter setPixel(0, red)
    Enter setPixel(1, green)
    Enter setPixel(2, blue)
```

Libraries

Libraries contain reference implementations of functions for example sqrt(4*4) in the python math library calculates square roots.

Type the following two lines

```
from math import sqrt sqrt(4*4)
```

Appendix A: Configuring your own NodeMCU

- Install python3 on your laptop.
 - Our config scripts run in python3 and python2. However, micropython is a dialect of python3.
 Our advice; learn one language version

- Install pip3 on your laptop
- Install **pyserial**, **adafruit-ampy rshell**, and **esptool** using *pip3*. For example, linux and mac users would run commands in the console as follows...

```
sudo pip3 install pyserial
sudo pip3 install adafruit-ampy
sudo pip3 install esptool
sudo pip3 install rshell
```

- · Get our scripts from the vanguard repository ...
 - ...download a snapshot of our scripts
 OR
 - ...install git on your laptop and check out our repository if you are familiar with git and want to track future changes or contribute
- Download or unzip the repository contents to a location where you can find them. Launch a console and change to the utilities directory. Now run...

```
python deployall.py
```

Unplug and replug your Vanguard board to restart it.

This should complete the process of downloading and flashing the Micropython image for your board, uploading modules (libraries of code), and optionally uploading a behaviour to run on startup. The startup file is configured by the value mainPath in the utilities/config.py.

Appendix B: Configuring Laptop for Serial Connection

If you are using a home machine, you will need to

- Ensure the CH340 USB to UART drivers are installed
 - a restart of your machine is typically needed after this step
- Ensure Python3 is installed
 - Python version 3 is preferred, the same version as your badges will run, but Python 2 will do

After completing these steps you should be able to plug in your NodeMCU-M, (see under powering up), then run a terminal or cmd.exe and copy-paste the following...

```
python3 -c "from serial.tools.list_ports import comports;print([item.de
vice for item in comports()])"
```

If you have successfully completed configuring your laptop, the at least one serial port should be listed. If it reports [] (an empty list between square brackets), then the device or drivers have a problem.

on Linux the proper device may be named <code>['ttyUSB0']</code> or on Mac OS it may report <code>['tty.SLAB_USBtoUART']</code>. On both Linux and Mac OS the full port name should be prefixed by <code>/dev/</code> making it <code>/dev/ttyUSB0</code>.

On Windows it may report <code>['COM4']</code>, meaning the Port Name is <code>COM4</code>

If more than one port appears in the list, unplug your NodeMCU, and re-run the command to identify which port appears and disappears from the list.