Stemming

- Words can be viewed as consisting of:
 - A STEM
 - One or more AFFIXes
- MORPHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS in its general form involves recovering the LEMMA of a word an all its affixes, together with their grammatical properties
- STEMMING a simplified form of morphological analysis simply find the stem

The Porter Stemmer (Porter, 1980)

- A simple rule-based algorithm for stemming
- An example of a HEURISTIC method
- Based on rules like:
 - ATIONAL -> ATE (e.g., relational -> relate)
- The algorithm consists of seven sets of rules, applied in order

The Porter Stemmer: definitions

- Definitions:
 - CONSONANT: a letter other than A, E, I, O, U, and Y preceded by consonant
 - VOWEL: any other letter
- With this definition, all words are of the form:

```
(C)(VC)^{m}(V)
```

C=string of one or more consonants (con+)

V=string of one or more vowels

- E.g.,
 - Troubles
 - C V CVC

The Porter Stemmer: rule format

The rules are of the form:

(condition) 51 → 52

Where S1 and S2 are suffixes

Conditions:

m	The measure of the stem
*5	The stem ends with S
* _V *	The stem contains a vowel
*d	The stem ends with a double consonant
*0	The stem ends in CVC (second C not W, X, or Y)

NLE

The Porter Stemmer: Step 1

- SSES → SS
 - caresses -> caress
- IES -> I
 - ponies -> poni
 - ties -> ti
- - caress -> caress
- \bullet 5 -> ϵ
 - cats -> cat

5

The Porter Stemmer: Step 2a (past tense, progressive)

- (m>1) EED -> EE
 - Condition verified: agreed -> agree
 - Condition not verified: feed -> feed
- (*V*) ED → ε
 - Condition verified: plastered -> plaster
 - Condition not verified: bled -> bled
- (*V*) ING $\rightarrow \epsilon$
 - Condition verified: motoring -> motor
 - Condition not verified: sing -> sing

The Porter Stemmer: Step 2b (cleanup)

- (These rules are ran if second or third rule in 2a apply)
- AT-> ATE
 - conflat(ed) -> conflate
- BL -> BLE
 - Troubl(ing) -> trouble
- (*d &! (*L or *S or *Z)) -> single letter
 - Condition verified: hopp(ing) -> hop, tann(ed) -> tan
 - Condition not verified: fall(ing) -> fall
- (m=1 & *o) -> E
 - Condition verified: fil(ing) -> file
 - Condition not verified: fail -> fail

The Porter Stemmer: Steps 3 and 4

- Step 3: Y Elimination (*V*) Y -> I
 - Condition verified: happy -> happi
 - Condition not verified: sky -> sky
- Step 4: Derivational Morphology, I
 - - Relational -> relate
 - (m>0) IZATION -> IZE
 - generalization-> generalize
 - (m>0) BILITI -> BLE
 - sensibiliti -> sensible

The Porter Stemmer: Steps 5 and 6

- Step 5: Derivational Morphology, II
 - - triplicate -> triplic
 - (m>0) FUL $\rightarrow \epsilon$
 - hopeful -> hope
 - (m>0) NESS → €
 - goodness -> good
- Step 6: Derivational Morphology, III
 - (m>0) ANCE $\rightarrow \epsilon$
 - allowance-> allow
 - (m>0) ENT -> ϵ
 - dependent-> depend
 - (m>0) IVE -> ε
 - effective -> effect

The Porter Stemmer: Step 7 (cleanup)

- Step 7a
 - $(m>1) E \rightarrow \epsilon$
 - probate -> probat
 - (m=1 & !*o) NESS → €
 - goodness -> good
- Step 7b
 - (m>1 & *d & *L) -> single letter
 - Condition verified: controll -> control
 - Condition not verified: roll -> roll

Examples

- computers
 - Step 1, Rule 4: -> computer
 - Step 6, Rule 4: -> compute
- controlling
 - Step 2a, Rule 3: -> controll
 - Step 7b: -> control
- generalizations
 - Step 1, Rule 4: -> generalization
 - Step 4, Rule 11: -> generalize
 - Step 6, last rule: -> general

Problems

- elephants -> eleph
 - Step 1, Rule 4: -> elephant
 - Step 6, Rule 7: -> eleph
- doing > doe
 - Step 2a, Rule 3: -> do

12

References

- The Porter Stemmer home page (with the original paper and code): http://www.tartarus.org/~martin/PorterStemmer/
- Jurafsky and Martin, chapter 3.4
- The original paper: Porter, M.F., 1980, An algorithm for suffix stripping, *Program*, **14**(3):130-137.