

**CS2104 Programming Language Concepts**  
**Tutorial 9 : Grammars and Parser Combinators**  
(week of 26<sup>th</sup> Oct 2015)

Please attempt this tutorial in OCaml with help of code given.

Q1 For each of the following EBNF, write two valid and two invalid examples.

(i)  $\langle S \rangle ::= a\{b|c|d\}\{aa\}^+$

(ii)  $\langle S \rangle ::= a\{[bc]d\}^+$

Q2 Implement scanners for two regular expressions in Q1 by using:

(i) tail-recursive OCaml functions.

(ii) regular expression regexp type supported by the OCaml Str module.

<http://caml.inria.fr/pub/docs/manual-ocaml/libref/Str.html>

Q3. The parser combinator (repeat ph) would repeatedly apply a parser, ph, zero or more times. Write a parser combinator that would apply a given parser ph one or more times. That is the parser must succeed at least once.

Q4. Consider the BNF grammar rules below:

$$\begin{aligned}\langle S \rangle &::= \text{'('} \langle A \rangle \text{'})' \\ \langle A \rangle &::= \text{'['} \langle A \rangle \text{' ]'} \\ &\quad | \text{'{' } \langle A \rangle \text{' } \text{'}' } \langle S \rangle \\ &\quad | a \mid \dots \mid z\end{aligned}$$

- (i) Write two valid and invalid instances of the above grammar form.
- (ii) Use parser combinators given to implement a parser for this language.
- (iii) Can this parser be implemented using regular expression form of the OCaml Str module? If not, briefly explain why.