

Example 7: Um circuito RLC rive à rebrestido coo charlemento de um sinal de entrada continuo v. Considerando es condições iniciois mulos, determinar a equação da corrente. JR+JE+VE=E ET To Ri+Ldi + 1 Sidt=E | C=10mF Rdi + Ldi + Lilt)=E dailt) + R de + La ilt) = dE. 1 dailt) + R dilt) + L ilt) =0  $\frac{d^2 x(t)}{dt^2} + 500 di(t) + 5000 x(t) = 0 \Rightarrow D^2 + 5000 + 5000 = 0$ M1= -10,21 12=-489,79 Solução Iromogênea: 1(4) = Kie 10,216 + Kae -988,786 Para t=0, 1=0=> i(0)= K1+K2=0=> K1=-K2 drld) = -10/21 Ke - 469/79 Kae 469,79t

$$K_1 = -K_2 = \rangle K_1 = (2,51) = \rangle K_2 = -(2,51)$$

La Sobreamortecido.

# Poro D=0, O(t) =200V, R=42, L=20mHe e C=5MF -o Sistema criticomente amortocido.

$$\int_{R} + \sqrt{L} + \sqrt{c} = 200 \Rightarrow \frac{d^{3}i}{dt} + \frac{4}{20.10^{3}} \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{20.10^{3}} \frac{50}{s.10^{5}}$$

$$\frac{d^{3}i}{dt^{2}} + 200 \frac{di}{dt} + 10000i = 0 \Rightarrow D^{2}_{+} = 200 D + 10000 = 0$$

$$\int_{R} + \sqrt{L} + \sqrt{C} = 2000 \Rightarrow \int_{R} + \frac{1}{20.10^{3}} \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{20.10^{3}} \frac{50}{s.10^{5}}$$

$$\int_{R} + \sqrt{L} + \sqrt{C} = 2000 \Rightarrow \int_{R} + \frac{4}{20.10^{3}} \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{20.10^{3}} \frac{50}{s.10^{5}}$$

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$$\int_{R} + \sqrt{L} + \sqrt{L} + \sqrt{C} = 2000 \Rightarrow \int_{R} + \frac{4}{20.10^{3}} \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{20.10^{3}} \frac{50}{s.10^{5}}$$

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$$\int_{R} + \sqrt{L} + \sqrt{L} + \sqrt{L} = 2000 \Rightarrow \int_{R} + \frac{1}{2000} \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{20.10^{3}} \frac{di}{dt}$$

poro 
$$1(0)=0 \Rightarrow 0 = K_1 + 0 \Rightarrow K_1 = 0$$

dir  $1(1) = K_2 + e^{-100t}$ 
 $\frac{dr(1)}{dt} = -100 K_2 + e^{-100t}$ 

$$\frac{di(0)}{dt} = 200 - f_{R}(0) - f_{C}(0) = 10000$$

Sistema enticamente

# Considerande agora V=120V, R=22, L=20mH, C=5mF => Sistema sociletorio di + 2 di + 1 = 0  $\frac{d^2i}{dt} + 100 \frac{di}{dt} + 10000 i = 0$ D2 + 100 D + 10000 =0 => A = -30000 140 V11 = -50+jB616 na = -50-j86,6 Solução Ironogênea: JEANANTA LABORANA

Solução Iromogênea: 344041616484644  $ihlt) = e^{-50t} \cos 66,6t \cdot C_1 + e^{-50t} \sin 66,6t \cdot C_2$   $ihlt) = e^{-50t} \left( c_1 \cos 66,6t + C_2 \cdot Nem 86,6t \right)$   $fora t = 0 \Rightarrow i(0) = 0 \Rightarrow 0 = c_1 + 0 \Rightarrow c_1 = 0$  3460 + 3200 + 3200 = 1200  $3460 + 3200 \Rightarrow 3400 = 6000$ 

$$\frac{dipt}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{e^{.50t}}{e^{.50t}} c_2 \cdot \text{Nn 86,6t} \right)$$

$$\frac{dipt}{dt} = -50e^{.50t} c_2 \cdot \text{Nn 86,6t} + c_2e^{.50t} c_5 = 66,6t \cdot 86,6t$$

$$\frac{dipt}{dt} = 86,6.c_2 \cdot = 6000 \Rightarrow (c_2 = 69,28)$$
Terms entos: AAN ANAMA.

$$\frac{i(t) = 69,28 \cdot e^{.50t}}{e^{.50t}} \cdot \text{Nen 86,6t} = p/7 + 70$$

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