# Solutions tutorial 4, week 9

#### BUST10134

### 19/03/2020

#### Problem 1

**Initialization.** After setting  $Z^* = -\infty$ , we form the LP relaxation of this problem by *deleting* the set of constraints that  $x_j$  is an integer for j = 1, 2, 3. Applying the simplex method to this LP relaxation yields its optimal solution below.

LP relaxation of whole problem: 
$$(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = \left(\frac{5}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, 0\right)$$
, with  $Z = 14\frac{1}{4}$ .

Because it has *feasible* solutions and this optimal solution has *noninteger* values for its integer-restricted variables, the whole problem is not fathomed, so the algorithm continues with the first full iteration below.

**Iteration 1.** In this optimal solution for the LP relaxation, the *first* integer-restricted variable that has a noninteger value is  $x_1 = \frac{5}{4}$ , so  $x_1$  becomes the branching variable. Branching from the *All* node (*all* feasible solutions) with this branching variable then creates the following two subproblems:

#### Subproblem 1:

Original problem plus additional constraint

$$x_1 \le 1$$
.

### Subproblem 2:

Original problem plus additional constraint

$$x_1 \ge 2$$
.

Deleting the set of integer constraints again and solving the resulting LP relaxations of these two subproblems yield the following results.

Subproblem 1:

Optimal solution for LP relaxation: 
$$(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = \left(1, \frac{6}{5}, \frac{9}{5}, 0\right)$$
, with  $Z = 14\frac{1}{5}$ .  
Bound:  $Z \le 14\frac{1}{5}$ .

Subproblem 2:

LP relaxation: No feasible solutions.

This outcome for subproblem 2 means that it is fathomed by test 2. However, just as for the whole problem, subproblem 1 fails all fathoming tests.

**Iteration 2.** With only one remaining subproblem, corresponding to the  $x_1 \le 1$  node in Fig. 12.11, the next branching is from this node. Examining its LP relaxation's optimal solution given above, we see that this node reveals that the *branching variable* is  $x_2$ , because  $x_2 = \frac{6}{5}$  is the first integer-restricted variable that has a noninteger value. Adding one of the constraints  $x_2 \le 1$  or  $x_2 \ge 2$  then creates the following two new subproblems.

Subproblem 3:

Original problem plus additional constraints

$$x_1 \le 1, \quad x_2 \le 1.$$

Subproblem 4:

Original problem plus additional constraints

$$x_1 \le 1, \quad x_2 \ge 2.$$

Solving their LP relaxations gives the following results.

Subproblem 3:

Optimal solution for LP relaxation: 
$$(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = \left(\frac{5}{6}, 1, \frac{11}{6}, 0\right)$$
, with  $Z = 14\frac{1}{6}$ .  
Bound:  $Z \le 14\frac{1}{6}$ .

Subproblem 4:

Optimal solution for LP relaxation: 
$$(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = \left(\frac{5}{6}, 2, \frac{11}{6}, 0\right)$$
, with  $Z = 12\frac{1}{6}$ .  
Bound:  $Z \le 12\frac{1}{6}$ .

Because both solutions exist (feasible solutions) and have noninteger values for integer-restricted variables, neither subproblem is fathomed. (Test 1 still is not operational, since  $Z^* = -\infty$  until the first incumbent is found.)

**Iteration 3.** With two remaining subproblems (3 and 4) that were created simultaneously, the one with the larger bound (subproblem 3, with  $14\frac{1}{6} > 12\frac{1}{6}$ ) is selected for the next branching. Because  $x_1 = \frac{5}{6}$  has a noninteger value in the optimal solution for this subproblem's LP relaxation,  $x_1$  becomes the branching variable. (Note that  $x_1$  now is a *recurring* branching variable, since it also was chosen at iteration 1.) This leads to the following new subproblems.

## Subproblem 5:

Original problem plus additional constraints

$$x_1 \le 1$$
  

$$x_2 \le 1$$
  

$$x_1 \le 0$$
 (so  $x_1 = 0$ ).

### Subproblem 6:

Original problem plus additional constraints

$$x_1 \le 1$$

$$x_2 \le 1$$

$$x_1 \ge 1$$
 (so  $x_1 = 1$ ).

The results from solving their LP relaxations are given below.

Subproblem 5:

Optimal solution for LP relaxation: 
$$(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = \left(0, 0, 2, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$
, with  $Z = 13\frac{1}{2}$ .

Bound: 
$$Z \le 13\frac{1}{2}$$
.

Subproblem 6:

LP relaxation: No feasible solutions.

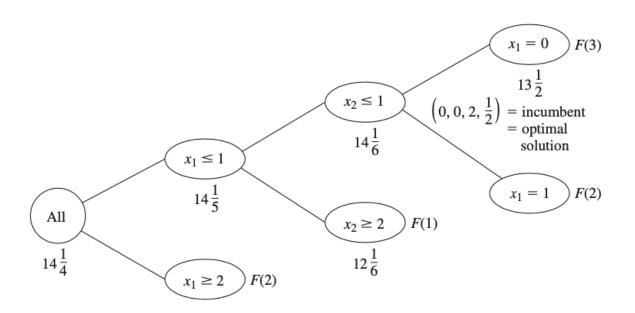
Subproblem 6 is immediately fathomed by test 2. However, note that subproblem 5 also can be fathomed. Test 3 passes because the optimal solution for its LP relaxation has integer values ( $x_1 = 0$ ,  $x_2 = 0$ ,  $x_3 = 2$ ) for all three integer-restricted variables. (It does not matter that  $x_4 = \frac{1}{2}$ , since  $x_4$  is not integer-restricted.) This *feasible* solution for the original problem becomes our first incumbent:

Incumbent = 
$$\left(0, 0, 2, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$
 with  $Z^* = 13\frac{1}{2}$ .

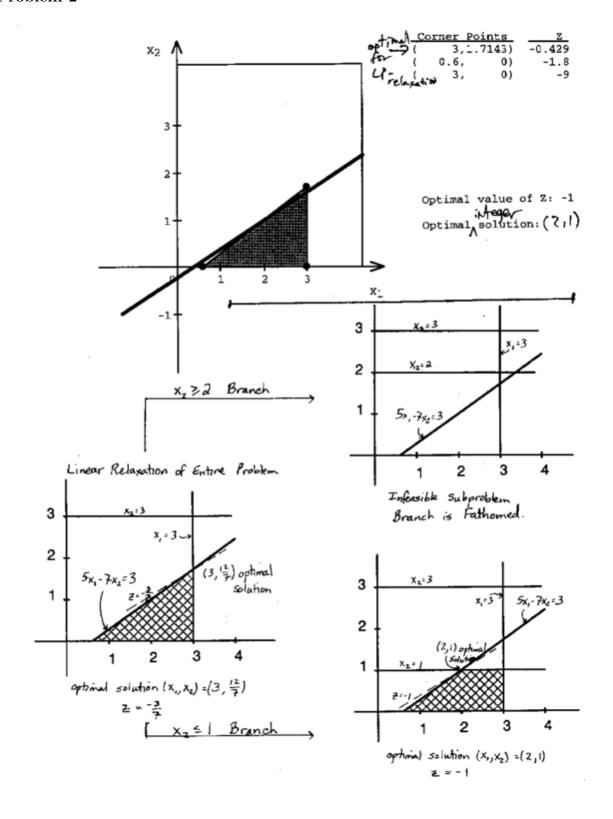
Using this  $Z^*$  to reapply fathoming test 1 to the only other subproblem (subproblem 4) is successful, because its bound  $12\frac{1}{6} \le Z^*$ .

This iteration has succeeded in fathoming subproblems in all three possible ways. Furthermore, there now are no remaining subproblems, so the current incumbent is optimal.

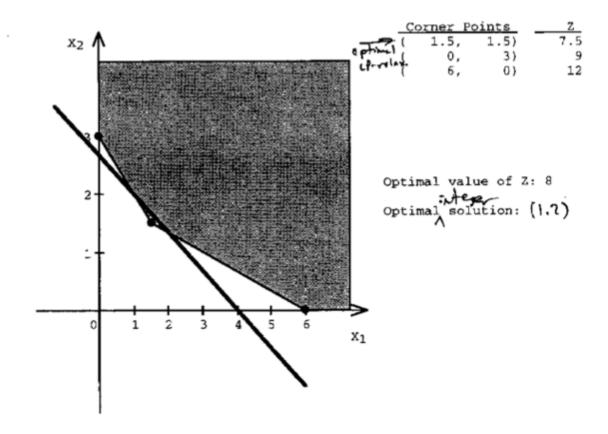
Optimal solution = 
$$\left(0, 0, 2, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$
 with  $Z = 13\frac{1}{2}$ .

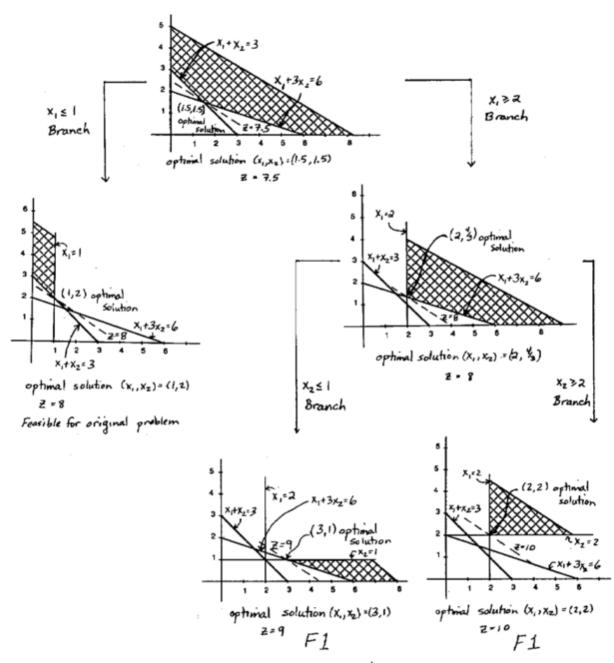


# Problem 2



# Problem 3





The optimal solution to the original problem is:  $(X_1, X_2) = (1, 2)$  with z = 8