Write the implementation file, priority\_queue.c, for the interface in the given header file, priority\_queue.h. Turn in your priority\_queue.c file and a suitable main program, main.c, that tests the opaque object.

priority\_queue.h is attached as a file to this assignment but is also listed here for your convenience. Your implementation file should implement the priority queue using a heap data structure. Submissions that implement the priority queue without using a heap will not receive any credit.

```
#ifndef PRIORITY QUEUE H
#define PRIORITY_QUEUE_H
enum status { FAILURE, SUCCESS };
typedef enum status Status;
enum boolean { FALSE, TRUE };
typedef enum boolean Boolean;
typedef void* PRIORITY QUEUE;
//Precondition: Creates an empty priority queue that can store integer data items
// with different integer priority. Higher
    integer values indicate higher priority in the queue. For example, consider the
    priority and the data value to be key-value pairs where the priority is the key
    and the data is the value. The queue could hold 21,10 and 35, 5 so that the
    first item to be removed from the queue would be the data value 5 because
// it has higher priority (35) than the data value 10 which only has (21).
//Postcondition: Returns the handle to an empty priority queue.
PRIORITY_QUEUE priority_queue_init_default(void);
//Precondition: hQueue is a handle to a valid priority queue opaque object.
// Higher priority level values indicate higher priority in the queue.
    data item is simply a value we are storing in the queue.
//Postcondition: returns SUCCESS if the item was successfully added to the queue
// and FAILURE otherwise.
Status priority queue insert(PRIORITY QUEUE hQueue, int priority level, int data item);
//Precondition: hOueue is a handle to a valid priority gueue opaque object.
//Postcondition: returns SUCCESS if the highest priority item was removed from the queue
    and FAILURE if the queue was empty.
Status priority_queue_service(PRIORITY_QUEUE hQueue);
//Precondition: hQueue is a handle to a valid priority queue opaque object.
//Postcondition: returns a copy of the data value for the
    highest priority item in the queue. Sets status to SUCCESS if there is
     at least one item in the queue and FAILURE otherwise. If status is
//
    passed in as NULL then the status value is ignored for this run of the
    function.
int priority queue front(PRIORITY QUEUE hQueue, Status& status);
//Precondition: hQueue is a handle to a valid priority queue opaque object.
//Postcondition: returns TRUE if the priority queue is empty and FALSE otherwise.
Boolean priority_queue_is_empty(PRIORITY_QUEUE hQueue);
```

```
//Precondition: phQueue is a pointer to the handle of a valid priority queue opaque
object.
//Postcondition: The opaque object will be free'd from memory and the handle pointed to
// by phQueue will be set to NULL.
void priority_queue_destroy(PRIORITY_QUEUE* phQueue);
#endif
```