

12.1

We have tuples (kangaroo, 17) though (baboon, 12) using tuple number  $t_1$  to  $t_{12}$ . We prefer to the  $j^{\text{th}}$  run used by the  $i^{\text{th}}$  pass  $\gamma_i$ . We sorted runs have three blocks each they are

$$\gamma_{11} = \{t_3, t_1, t_2\} \quad \text{merge} = \gamma_{21}$$

$$\gamma_{12} = \{t_6, t_5, t_4\}$$

$$\gamma_{13} = \{t_9, t_7, t_8\}$$

$$\gamma_{14} = \{t_{12}, t_{11}, t_{10}\}$$

$$\text{merge} = \gamma_{22}$$

Each pass merges 3 runs, so we have

$$\gamma_{21} = \{t_3, t_1, t_6, t_9, t_5, t_2, t_7, t_4, t_8\} ?$$

$$\gamma_{22} = ?$$

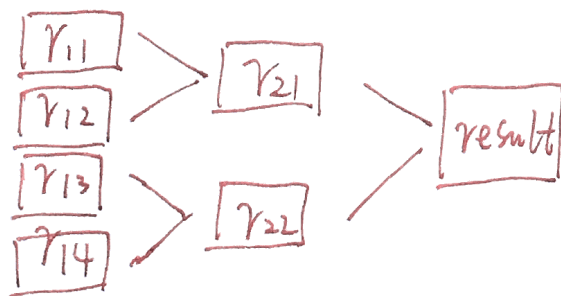
Last one is second pass, the tuples are completely sorted into one run.

$$\gamma_{31} = \{t_{12}, t_3, t_{11}, t_{10}, t_1, t_6, t_9, t_5, t_2, t_7, t_4, t_8\}$$

$$\gamma_{21} = \{t_3, t_1, t_6, t_5, t_2, t_4\}.$$

$$\gamma_{22} = \{t_{12}, t_{11}, t_{10}, t_9, t_7, t_8\}.$$

Refer to the book for sort-merge.



• salary > 60.

• B+ tree.

The size of a tuple is  $20 * 5 = 100$

A page size is 4096 bytes

The number of tuples per page is  $\frac{4096}{100} = 40$

The number of pointer per page is  $\frac{4096 - 4}{20 + 4} + 1 = 171$

The height of B+ tree is  $\lceil \log_{171} 25000 \rceil = 2$

The number of leaf pages is  $\frac{1000000}{40} / \left( \frac{171 - 1}{2} \right) * \frac{100 - 60}{100 - 51}$   
 $= 9604$

The number of qualifying tuples  $= 1000000 * \frac{100 - 60}{100 - 51}$

$$= 816327$$

$$\text{Cost} = (2 - 1) + 9604 + 816327 = 825933$$

• File scan.

Size of tuple = 100.

The number of fit in a page  $\frac{4096}{100} = 40$

$$\text{Cost} = 25000$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Cost} = 25000$$

$$\text{age} = 25.$$

$$\text{The number of qualified tuple} = 1000000 \times \frac{1}{50} = 20000$$

$$\text{Cost} = 1.2 \times 20000 = 24000$$

File scan.

$$\# \text{ qualifying leaf page is } 1000000 \times \frac{1}{70-21} \approx 140 = 510.$$

$$\text{The number of pointer is } \frac{4096-4}{20 \times 2 + 4} + 1 = 94$$

$$\text{The height of tree is } \lceil \log_{\frac{94}{2}} 25000 \rceil = 2.$$

$$\text{Cost} = 510 + 2 = 512.$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{best cost} = 512 \text{ (B+ tree (age, salary))}$$

age > 25.

number of qualifying leaf is  $1000000 * \frac{(70-25)}{70-21} / 40 = 22960$ .

$$\text{number of pointer} = \frac{4096 - 4}{20 \times 2 + 4} = 94$$

the height of tree =  $\log_{94} 25000 = 2$ .

$$\text{cost} = 2 + 22960 = 22962.$$

4) eid = 1234567890.

Hash index eid.

The number qualifying tuples is 1.

$$\Rightarrow \text{Cost} = 1.2 * 1 = 1, 2$$

5) Salary > 60 and age = 25.

select \* from Employees where salary > 60 and age = 25.

cluster B+ tree (age, salary)

$$\text{cost} = 512 \text{ (question 2)}$$

unclustered B+ tree on salary

$$\text{cost} = 825923 \text{ (question 1)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{the best cost} = 512$$

6 > salary > 60k and age > 25

salary > 60k ~~cost~~ cost = 825933 (unclustered B+tree)

age > 25 cost = 22962 (clustered B+tree on salary)

$\Rightarrow$  best cost = 22962.

7 > salary > 60k and title = manager

B+tree on salary

cost = 825933.

8 > salary > 60k, age  $\geq$  25 and title = manager  
clustered B+tree on (age, salary)

cost = 512 Result = same as "6 >" - 2

This question is : salary > 60k,

age  $\geq$  25 and title = manager.  
 $\Delta$  (not "=")

So it should be the same as question No. 6

That's why you lose point.