

Day 11/12/2020

HomeWork 5

100

12.3

r_1 need 800 blocks ($\frac{20000}{25}$)

r_2 need 1500 blocks ($\frac{45000}{30}$)

If $M(\text{pages in memory}) > 80$

we can join easily be done in $1500 + 800 = 2300$ disk accesses.

If $M \leq 800$.

a) Nested-loop join.

$$r_1 \text{ is outer relation. } (\Rightarrow) 20000 * 1500 + 800 \\ = 30.000.800$$

$$r_2 \text{ is outer relation } = 45000 * 800 + 1500 \\ = 36.001.500$$

b) Block nested-loop join.

$$r_1 \text{ is outer relation } (\Rightarrow) \lceil \frac{800}{M-1} \rceil * 1500 + 800$$

$$r_2 \text{ } (\Rightarrow) \lceil \frac{1500}{M-1} \rceil * 800 + 1500$$

$$B_s = 1500 (2 \lceil \log_{M-1} (1500/M) \rceil + 2) \\ + 800 (2 \lceil \log_{M-1} (800/M) \rceil + 2)$$

$$\text{total } B_s + 1500 + 800$$

d) hash join.

if $M > 800$.

$$\text{cost} = 3(1500 + 800) = 6900$$

else

$$\text{cost} = 2(1500 + 800) \lceil \log_{M-1} (800) - 1 \rceil + 1500 + 800.$$

Additional Exercise:

Assume that we have the following relations:

Puppies(Puppy Number, Puppy Name, Kennel Code)

Kennels(Kennel Code, Kennel Name, Kennel Location)

Tricks(Trick ID, Trick Name)

PuppyTricks(Puppy Number, Trick ID, WhereLearned, Skill Level)

Now say that we have 80,000 puppies, 2,000 kennels, 100 tricks, and puppies know 3 tricks, on the average. There are 5 different "Skill Levels" for each trick. Our pages hold 40 records (same number for all relations). The most common queries to be supported are:

Query1: Given the name of a puppy, find the "Trick Name" and the "Skill Level" for each trick that the puppy has mastered.

Query2: Find the "Puppy Number, Puppy Name", and "Kennel Code, Kennel Name" and "Kennel Location" where the puppy is staying, for each puppy who has mastered a given trick at level 5.

Show which indexes should be used and which indexes should be made as primary indexes to minimize the costs of executing these two queries.

Query 1:

```
select T.TrickName, PT.SkillLevel
from Puppies as P
     Trick as T
     PuppyTricks as PT
where P.PuppyName = X
     and T.TrickID = P.TrickID
     and P.PuppyNumber = PT.PuppyNumber.
```

We may index on puppy number or puppyname.

Because Puppy name is not given.

Base on cluster on puppy number

We have:

Unique of tuples = $80000 \times 3 = 240000$.

skill levels tuples = $100 \times 5 = 500$

if cluster on puppy number.

then we have cost = $(240000 / 500) / 40 = 12$ pages.

and the cost with out cluster = $(240000 / 500) = 480$ page

\Rightarrow We save 468 pages if we use puppy number.

• puppy Name index should be us

• puppy Number //

• Trick ID //

~~Puppy~~ Puppy Number and trick ID should be primary index.

b)

select P. Number, P. Puppy name

K. Kennelcode, kennel name, kennel location

from kennels as K, Puppies as P. Puppytrick as PT

where. $PT.skillevel = 5$.

$P.Number = PT.number$

$P.kennelcode = K.kennelcode$.

• puppy Number, kennel code should be indexed.