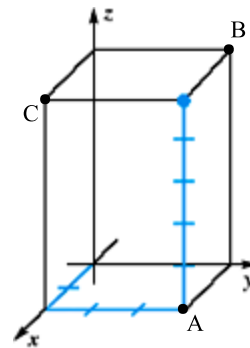


**Student:** Phong Vo**Instructor:** Chuck Ormsby**Date:** 02/06/18**Course:** Multi-Variable and Vector  
Calculus -- Calculus III Spring 2018**Assignment:** Section 12.2 Homework

1. Find the coordinates of the vertices A, B, and C of the following rectangular box. The blue point in the figure is the point (4,6,10).



The coordinates of point A are ( 4 , 6 , 0 ).  
(Simplify your answers.)

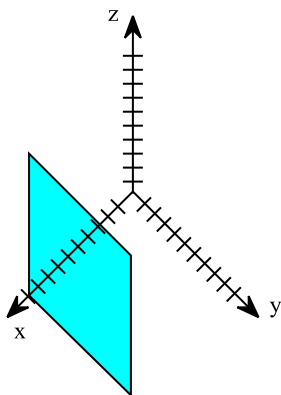
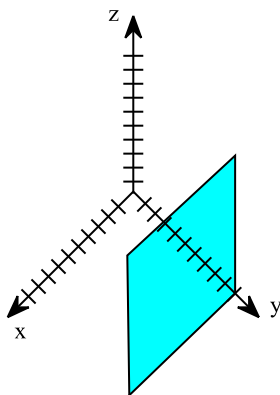
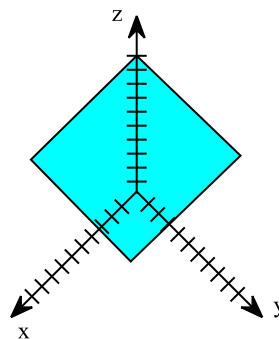
The coordinates of point B are ( 0 , 6 , 10 ).  
(Simplify your answers.)

The coordinates of point C are ( 4 , 0 , 10 ).  
(Simplify your answers.)

2. Sketch the following plane in the window  $[0,10] \times [0,10] \times [0,10]$ .

$$x = 10$$

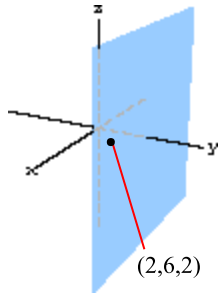
Choose the correct graph below.

☒ **A.**

☐ **B.**

☐ **C.**


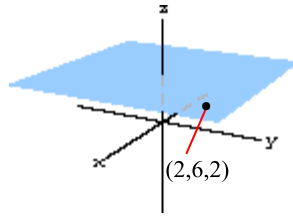
3. Sketch the plane parallel to the  $xy$ -plane through  $(2,6,2)$  and find its equation.

Sketch the plane parallel to the  $xy$ -plane through  $(2,6,2)$ . Choose the correct graph below.

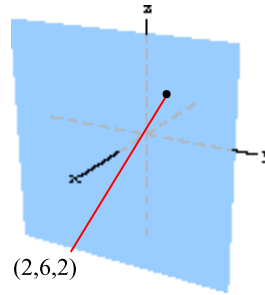
☐ A.



☒ B.



☐ C.



What is the equation of the plane parallel to the  $xy$ -plane through  $(2,6,2)$ ?

☒ A.  $z = 2$

☐ B.  $2x + 6y + 2z = 0$

☐ C.  $x = 2$

☐ D.  $y = 6$

4. Find an equation or inequality that describes the following object.

A ball with center  $(-1, 4, 8)$  and radius 3.

Choose the correct answer below.

☒ A.  $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 4)^2 + (z - 8)^2 \leq 9$

☐ B.  $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 4)^2 + (z + 8)^2 \leq 9$

☐ C.  $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 4)^2 + (z - 8)^2 = 9$

☐ D.  $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 4)^2 + (z + 8)^2 \geq 9$

5. Find the equation of the sphere passing through  $P(-6, 7, 8)$  and  $Q(8, -1, 9)$  with its center at the midpoint of  $PQ$ .

The standard equation of the sphere is  $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 3)^2 + \left(z - \frac{17}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{261}{4}$ .

(Simplify your answer.)

6. Give a geometric description of the following set of points.

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 12x + 6y - 16z + 93 = 0$$

Select the correct choice below and fill in the answer boxes within your choice.

(Simplify your answers.)

☐ A. A ball centered at  $(\quad, \quad, \quad)$  with radius  $\quad$

☐ B. The exterior of a ball centered at  $(\quad, \quad, \quad)$  with radius  $\quad$

☒ C. A sphere centered at  $(\quad 6 \quad, \quad -3 \quad, \quad 8 \quad)$  with radius  $\quad 4 \quad$

7. Give a geometric description of the following set of points.

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 6x - 16y - 10z \leq 69$$

Choose the correct answer below.

- ☒ **A.** A ball with center (3,8,5) and radius  $\sqrt{167}$
- ☐ **B.** A ball with center (-3, -8, -5) and radius  $\sqrt{167}$
- ☐ **C.** A ball with center (3,8,5) and radius 167
- ☐ **D.** A ball with center (-3, -8, -5) and radius 167
- ☐ **E.** The entire xyz-coordinate system
- ☐ **F.** The empty xyz-coordinate system

8. For the vectors  $\mathbf{u} = \langle 3, 1, 2 \rangle$  and  $\mathbf{v} = \langle 3, 0, 2 \rangle$ , evaluate the following expressions.

**a.**  $3\mathbf{u} + 4\mathbf{v}$       **b.**  $4\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$       **c.**  $|\mathbf{u} + 3\mathbf{v}|$

**a.**  $3\mathbf{u} + 4\mathbf{v} = \langle \underline{21}, \underline{3}, \underline{14} \rangle$

**b.**  $4\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v} = \langle \underline{9}, \underline{4}, \underline{6} \rangle$

**c.**  $|\mathbf{u} + 3\mathbf{v}| = \underline{\sqrt{209}}$

(Type an exact answer, using radicals as needed.)

9. For the vectors  $\mathbf{u} = \langle 3, 0, 2 \rangle$  and  $\mathbf{v} = \langle 0, 2, 1 \rangle$ , evaluate the following expressions.

**a.**  $4\mathbf{u} + 2\mathbf{v}$       **b.**  $4\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$       **c.**  $|\mathbf{u} + 4\mathbf{v}|$

**a.**  $4\mathbf{u} + 2\mathbf{v} = \langle \underline{12}, \underline{4}, \underline{10} \rangle$

**b.**  $4\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v} = \langle \underline{12}, \underline{-2}, \underline{7} \rangle$

**c.**  $|\mathbf{u} + 4\mathbf{v}| = \underline{\sqrt{109}}$

(Type an exact answer, using radicals as needed.)

10. Consider the points  $P(r,s,t)$ , where  $r$ ,  $s$ , and  $t$  are real numbers, and  $Q(4,7,-4)$ . Complete parts (a) through (c).

a. Find  $\vec{PQ}$  and state your answer in two forms:  $\langle a, b, c \rangle$  and  $ai + bj + ck$ .

$$\vec{PQ} = \langle \quad 4-r \quad, \quad 7-s \quad, \quad -4-t \quad \rangle = ( \quad 4-r \quad )\mathbf{i} + ( \quad 7-s \quad )\mathbf{j} + ( \quad -4-t \quad )\mathbf{k}$$

b. Find the magnitude of  $\vec{PQ}$ .

$$\text{The magnitude of } \vec{PQ} \text{ is } \sqrt{(4-r)^2 + (7-s)^2 + (-4-t)^2}.$$

c. Find two unit vectors parallel to  $\vec{PQ}$ .

☒ A.

$$\pm \left\langle \frac{4-r}{\sqrt{(4-r)^2 + (7-s)^2 + (-4-t)^2}}, \frac{7-s}{\sqrt{(4-r)^2 + (7-s)^2 + (-4-t)^2}}, \frac{-4-t}{\sqrt{(4-r)^2 + (7-s)^2 + (-4-t)^2}} \right\rangle$$

☐ B.

$$\pm \left\langle \frac{4}{\sqrt{(7-s)^2 + (-4-t)^2}}, \frac{7}{\sqrt{(4-r)^2 + (-4-t)^2}}, \frac{-4}{\sqrt{(4-r)^2 + (7-s)^2}} \right\rangle$$

☐ C.

$$\pm \left\langle \frac{(4-r)^2}{\sqrt{(4-r)^2 + (7-s)^2 + (-4-t)^2}}, \frac{(7-s)^2}{\sqrt{(4-r)^2 + (7-s)^2 + (-4-t)^2}}, \frac{(-4-t)^2}{\sqrt{(4-r)^2 + (7-s)^2 + (-4-t)^2}} \right\rangle$$

☐ D.

$$\pm \left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{(7-s)^2 + (-4-t)^2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{(4-r)^2 + (-4-t)^2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{(4-r)^2 + (7-s)^2}} \right\rangle$$

11. Find two vectors parallel to  $\mathbf{v}$  of the given length.

$$\mathbf{v} = \langle 4, -3, 0 \rangle; \text{ length} = 20$$

The vector in the direction of  $\mathbf{v}$  is  $\langle \quad 16 \quad, \quad -12 \quad, \quad 0 \quad \rangle$ .

The vector in the opposite direction of  $\mathbf{v}$  is  $\langle \quad -16 \quad, \quad 12 \quad, \quad 0 \quad \rangle$ .

12. Determine the values of  $x$  and  $y$  such that the points  $(1,2,3)$ ,  $(7,5,1)$ , and  $(x,y,2)$  are collinear (lie on a line).

$x = \quad 4 \quad$  and  $y = \quad 3.5 \quad$   
(Type integers or decimals.)