

Note: For problems 1 and 2, you can use Venn diagrams to visualize your answer, but be able to use the principle of inclusion-exclusion.

1. Set up the principle of inclusion-exclusion for two sets A_1, A_2 . Then use your expression to answer the following questions:

How many elements are there in $A_1 \cup A_2$ if there are 12 elements in A_1 , 18 elements in A_2 , and

- (a) $A_1 \cap A_2 = \emptyset$?
- (b) $|A_1 \cap A_2| = 1$?
- (c) $|A_1 \cap A_2| = 6$?
- (d) $A_1 \subseteq A_2$?

2. A language club contains 54 members, all of whom are taking French, German, or Spanish. The following information is known:

- 27 students are taking French;
- 22 students are taking German;
- 28 students are taking Spanish;
- 7 are taking both French and German;
- 9 are taking both German and Spanish;
- 4 are taking all three languages.

Let F be the set of French students, let G be the set of German students, and let S be the set of Spanish students. Set up the principle of inclusion-exclusion for the three sets F, G, S . Then use your expression to determine how many students are taking both French and Spanish.

3. Write down the principle of inclusion-exclusion for the sets Q, R, S, T .
4. How many elements are in the union of four sets if each of the sets have 50, 60, 70, and 80 elements, each pair of the sets has 5 elements in common, each triple of sets has 1 common element, and no element is in all four sets?

Answers:

1. (a) 30
(b) 29
(c) 24
(d) 18

2. 11

3. $|Q \cup R \cup S \cup T| = |Q| + |R| + |S| + |T| - |Q \cap R| - |Q \cap S| - |Q \cap T| - |R \cap S| - |R \cap T| - |S \cap T|$
 $+ |Q \cap R \cap S| + |Q \cap R \cap T| + |Q \cap S \cap T| + |R \cap S \cap T| - |Q \cap R \cap S \cap T|$

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