```
7
     --Queryl: Find the names of red boats.
 2
     SELECT bname
 3
     FROM boats
 4
     WHERE color='red';
 5
 6
     --Query2: Find the names of sailors who have reserved a red boat.
 7
     SELECT DISTINCT sname
 8
     FROM sailors, reserves, boats
     WHERE sailors.sid=reserves.sid AND reserves.bid=boats.bid AND color='red';
 9
10
     --Query3: Find the names of sailors who have reserved a red boat and a green boat.
11
12
     SELECT sname
13
     FROM sailors
74
     WHERE sid IN (
15
     SELECT sid
16
     FROM reserves, boats
17
     WHERE reserves.bid=boats.bid AND color='red'
18
     INTERSECT
19
     SELECT sid
20
     FROM reserves, boats
21
     WHERE reserves.bid=boats.bid AND color='green');
22
23
     --Query4: Find the names of sailors who have reserved exactly one boat.
24
     SELECT sname
25
     FROM sailors
26
     WHERE sid IN (
27
     SELECT sid
28
     FROM reserves
29
    MINUS
     SELECT R1.sid
31
     FROM reserves R1, reserves R2
32
     WHERE R1.sid=R2.sid AND R1.bid<>R2.bid);
33
     --Or
34
     SELECT sname
35
     FROM sailors
36
     WHERE sid IN (SELECT sid
37
                   FROM reserves
38
                   GROUP BY SID
39
                   HAVING COUNT (DISTINCT bid) = 1);
40
41
     --Query5: Find the names of sailors who have reserved all the red and green boats.
42
     SELECT sname
43
     FROM sailors S
    WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT bid
44
45
                       FROM boats
                       WHERE (color='red' OR color='green')
46
47
                       AND bid NOT IN (SELECT R.bid
48
                                       FROM reserves R
49
                                       WHERE R.sid=S.sid));
50
     --Or
51
     SELECT sname
52
    FROM sailors
53
    WHERE sid IN (SELECT sid
54
                   FROM reserves R, boats B
55
                   WHERE (color='red' OR color='green') AND B.bid=R.bid
56
                   GROUP BY sid
57
                   HAVING COUNT (DISTINCT R.bid) = (SELECT COUNT (bid)
58
                                                  FROM boats
59
                                                  WHERE (color='red' OR color='green')));
60
61
     --Query6: Count how many unique boats each sailor has reserved. List the result in
     ascending order of sailors IDs.
62
     SELECT sid, COUNT (DISTINCT bid)
63
    FROM reserves
64
    GROUP BY sid
```

```
65
      ORDER by sid;
 66
      --Query7: Find the names of boats that have been reserved more frequently than the
 67
      boat named Interlake.
 68
      SELECT DISTINCT bname
 69
      FROM boats
     WHERE bid IN (SELECT bid
 71
                    FROM reserves
 72
                    GROUP BY bid
 73
                    HAVING COUNT(*) > (SELECT COUNT(*)
 74
                                           FROM reserves R, boats B
 75
                                           WHERE R.bid = B.bid AND bname='Interlake'));
 76
 77
      --Query8: Find the average age of the rating group if the group has the youngest
      sailor of all sailors.
 78
      SELECT rating, AVG(age)
 79
     FROM sailors
 80
     GROUP BY rating
 81
     HAVING MIN (age) <= ALL (SELECT age
 82
                              FROM sailors);
 83
 84
      --Query9: Find the names and ratings of sailors who have reserved the most number
      of unique boats.
 85
      SELECT sname, rating
 86
     FROM sailors
 87
     WHERE sid IN (SELECT sid
 88
                    FROM reserves
 89
                    GROUP BY sid
 90
                    HAVING COUNT (DISTINCT bid) >= ALL (SELECT COUNT (DISTINCT bid)
 91
                                                        FROM reserves
 92
                                                        GROUP BY sid));
 93
      --OR, use HAVING COUNT (DISTINCT bid) = (SELECT MAX(COUNT (DISTINCT bid)) .....
 94
 95
      --Query10: For sailors in the rating group that reserve boats the most often, find
      how many times each sailor reserves boats.
 96
      SELECT Sl.sname, count(*)
     FROM reserves R1, sailors S1
 97
     WHERE R1.sid=S1.sid
 98
 99
     AND Sl. rating IN (SELECT rating
                        FROM reserves R2, sailors S2
                        WHERE R2.sid=S2.sid
101
                        GROUP BY S2. rating
                        HAVING COUNT(*) >= ALL (SELECT COUNT(*)
104
                                                 FROM reserves R3, sailors S3
                                                 WHERE R3.sid=S3.sid
105
106
                                                 GROUP BY S3.rating))
     GROUP BY Sl.sid, Sl.sname;
109
```