Instruction set of the Mic1 Macro Language

Binary	Mnemonio	Instruction	Meaning
0000xxxxxxxxxxx	LODD	Load direct	ac:= m [x]
0001xxxxxxxxxxx	STOD	Store direct	m [x]:= ac
0010xxxxxxxxxxx	ADDD	Add direct	ac:= ac+ m [x]
0011xxxxxxxxxxxx	SUBD	Subtract direct	ac:= ac - m [x]
0100xxxxxxxxxxx	JPOS	Jump positive	if $ac \ge 0$ then $pc := x$
0101xxxxxxxxxxxx	JZER	Jump zero	if ac = 0 then pc := x
0110xxxxxxxxxxxx	JUMP	Jump	pc := x
0111xxxxxxxxxxxx	LOCO	Load constant	$ac := x (0 \le x \le 4095)$
1000xxxxxxxxxxx	LODL	Load local	ac :=m[sp+x]
1001xxxxxxxxxxxx	STOL	Store local	m[x+sp]:=ac
1010xxxxxxxxxxxx	ADDL	Add local	ac := ac + m[sp + x]
1011xxxxxxxxxxxx	SUBL	Subtract local	ac := ac - m[sp + x]
1100xxxxxxxxxxxx	JNEG	Jump negative	if ac< 0then pc :=x
1101xxxxxxxxxxxx	JNZE	Jump nonzero	if ac ≠0 then pc :=x
1110xxxxxxxxxxxx	CALL	Call procedure	sp:= sp-1; m[sp]:=pc; pc:=x
1111000000000000	PSHI	Push indirect	sp:= sp-1; m[sp]:= m[ac]
1111001000000000	POPI	Pop indirect	m[ac] := m[sp]; sp := sp +1
1111010000000000	PUSH	Push onto stack	sp:= sp - 1; m[sp]:= ac
1111011000000000	POP	Pop from stack	ac :=m[sp]; sp := sp +1
1111100000000000	RETN	Return	pc :=m [sp]; sp := sp +1
1111101000000000	SWAP	Swap ac, sp	tmp:=ac;ac:=sp;sp:=tmp
11111100уууууууу	INSP	Increment sp	$sp := sp + y \ (0 \le y \le 255)$
11111110уууууууу	DESP	Decrement sp	$sp := sp - y \ (0 \le y \le 255)$

xxxxxxxxxxx is a 12-bit machine address; in column 4 it is called x. yyyyyyy is an 8-bit constant; in column 4 it is called y.

The Mic1 example is based on the **AMD 2903** bit slice processor

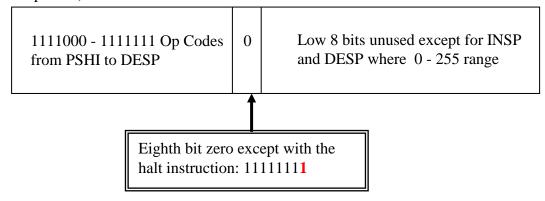
The various instruction formats include:

4 bit opcodes with remaining 12 bits used as either address or immediate value. In both cases the 12 bits are treated as an unsigned magnitude integer with range from 0 to 4095

0000 - 1110 Op Codes from LODD to CALL

Used an a 12 bit address range 0 to 4095
Or a 12 bit unsigned integer with this range

7 bit opcodes with the eighth bit set to zero and the low 8 bits used only as a positive value with range of 0 to 255 for the INSP and DESP (increment/decrement stack pointer) instructions (always zeros for other 7 bit opcodes)



Data use is (for now) based on simple 16 bit 2s complement integers:

Sign Bit 15 bits of integer significance, providing values from -32K to +(32K - 1)

Below is a simple example of a program that includes a function called **adder** that takes two arguments that include the address of an array of 2s complement integers, and the number of elements in that array, such that its signature is:

adder array_count array_address

The program sets up the stack with the appropriate argument values and then calls **adder**. The **adder** routine finds the array of numbers, adds them together and then returns with the sum in the **AC** (as previously mentioned, the convention is to return function results in the AC). The main program, upon return from the adder call, then stores the AC contents into the memory **rslt**: location and calls halt to enter the debugger.

```
lodd daddr:
                        ;load AC with data address
start:
        push
                        ; push AC to stack (2nd arg)
        lodd dcnt:
                       ;load AC with data count
                        ; push AC to stack (1st arg)
        push
        call adder:
                       ; push return address on stack
        stod rslt:
                       ;store AC (has sum) to rslt: location
        halt
                       ;enter debugger
daddr:
       data:
                       ;location holds data array address
data:
        25
                       ;first of 5 data values
        50
        75
        100
        125
                        ; last of 5 data values
                        ;location holds data array element count
dcnt:
rslt:
                        ;location for the sum to be stored
        .LOC 20
                       ; forces adder routine to start at location 20
                      ;get 1st arg from stack into AC (data count)
adder:
       lodl 1
        stod mycnt: ;store count at location mycnt:
        lodl 2
                       ;get 2<sup>nd</sup> arg from stack into AC (data addr)
        pshi
                       ;push indirect first datum to stack
                     ;add 1 (value at myc1:) to addr in AC
        addd myc1:
        stod myptr:
                       ;store new addr to location myptr:
        lodd mycnt:
                      ; load AC with value at mycnt: (data count)
loop:
        subd myc1:
                       ;subtract 1 (value at myc1:) from AC
        jzer done:
                       ; if new data count is 0 go to location done:
        stod mycnt:
lodd myptr:
                       ;if more data to add, store new data count
                        ;load AC with addr of next datum
        pshi
                       ; push indirect next datum to stack
        addd myc1:
stod myptr:
        addd myc1:
                       ;add 1 (value at myc1:) to addr in AC
                       ;store new addr to location myptr:
                        ;pop top of stack into AC (new datum)
        pop
        addl 0
                        ;add new top of stack location to AC
        insp 1
                       ;move stack pointer down one place
                        ; push new sum in AC onto stack
        push
        jump loop:
                        ; jump to location loop:
done:
                        ; come here when all data added, sum in AC
        pop
                        ;return to caller
        retn
                       ; should never get here (safety halt)
       halt
mycnt:
                       ;location for running count
myptr:
       0
                       ;location for running data pointer
myc1:
        1
                        ;location of a constant value of 1
```

The program from the previous page must be assembled, and then run with the Mic1 emulator. You should copy the masm and mic1 executables to your own directory to use on your assembly programs. In this example, we're also going to copy the adder.asm program and the prom.dat microcode file. The following is a transcript of this activity using the mercury system:

```
bash-2.05$ cd ~bill/cs305
bash- 2. 05$ pwd
/usr/cs/fac1/bill/cs305
bash-2.05% cp masm mic1 adder.asm prom.dat ~/my_directory
bash-2.05$ cd ~/my_directory
bash-2.05$ ./masm < adder.asm > adder.obj
bash-2.05$ ./mic1 prom.dat adder.obj 0 1024
Read in 81 micro instructions
Read in 45 machine instructions
Starting PC is: 00000000000000000
                                         base 10:
                                                           0
Starting SP is: 0000010000000000
                                                        1024
                                         base 10:
ProgramCounter: 000000000000111
                                         base 10:
                                                         375
Accumul ator
                    0000000101110111
                                         base 10:
InstructionReg:
                    1111111100000000
                                         base 10:
                                                      65280
                                                      32768
                    1000000000000000
TempInstr
                                         base 10:
StackPoi nter
                    0000001111111110
                                         base 10:
                                                       1022
                                         base 10:
                                                      65534
ARegi ster
                    11111111111111110
BRegi ster
                    000000000000000
                                         base 10:
                                                           0
CRegi ster
                    0000000000000000
                                         base 10:
                                                           0
DRegi ster
                    000000000000000
                                         base 10:
                                                           0
ERegi ster
                    000000000000000
                                         base 10:
                                                           0
                    0000000000000000
FRegi ster
                                         base 10:
                                                           0
Total cycles
                 : 683
                        to view memory, \, q to quit or \, c 7 has value 0000000000001000 , or
Type decimal address to view memory,
                                                                 to continue: 7
                                                                                           8
      the location
                                                                     8 or signed
Type <Enter>
                 to continue debugging
Type
              q to quit
f for forward range
                 to quit
Type
Type b for backward range: f
Type the number of forward locations to dump: 10
                        8 has value 000000000011001, or
      the location
                                                                         or signed
                        9 has value 000000000110010 , or
                                                                                          50
      the location
                                                                    50
                                                                         or signed
                       10 \text{ has value } 000000001001011 \text{ , or }
      the location
                                                                    75
                                                                                          75
                                                                         or signed
                       11 has value 000000001100100 , or
      the location
                                                                   100
                                                                         or signed
                                                                                         100
                       12\ has\ value\ 0000000001111101 , or
      the location
                                                                   125
                                                                         or signed
                                                                                         125
                       13 has value 000000000000101 , or
      the location
                                                                     5
                                                                         or signed
      the location
                       14 has value 0000000101110111 ,
                                                                   375
                                                                                        375
                                                             or
                                                                         or signed
                       15 has value 111111111111111 ,
      the location
                                                             or 65535
                                                                         or signed
the location 16 has value 11111111111111111, or 65535 or signed the location 17 has value 1111111111111111, or 65535 or signed Type decimal address to view memory, q to quit or c to continue: 1024 the location 1024 has value 111111111111111, or 65535 or signed
                                                                                          - 1
                                                                                          - 1
                                                                                          - 1
                 to continue debugging
Type
      <Enter>
Type
                 to quit
              q to quit
f for forward range
Type
Type b for backward range: b
Type the number of reverse locations to dump: 6
      the location 1023 has value 0000000000001000, or
                                                                         or signed
      the location 1022 has value 0000000000000101, or
                                                                     5
                                                                         or signed
                                                                                           5
      the location 1021 has value 000000000000101, or
                                                                                           5
                                                                         or signed
      the location 1020 has value 0000000101110111, or
                                                                   375
                                                                         or signed
                                                                                         375
      the location 1019 has value 000000001111101, or
                                                                   125
                                                                         or signed
                                                                                         125
      or signed
Type decimal address to view memory, q to quit or c to continue: q
MIC-1 emulator finishing, goodbye
```

bash- 2. 05\$