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Course: Multi-Variable and Vector Calculus -- Assignment: Section 13.5 Homework

Calculus III Spring 2018

1. If w is a function of x, y, and z, which are all functions of t, explain how to find  $\frac{dw}{dt}$ .

Choose the correct answer below.

$$\bigcirc$$
 **A**.  $\frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{dw}{dx} + \frac{dw}{dy} + \frac{dw}{dz}$ 

$$\bigcirc \textbf{C.} \quad \frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt} \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \frac{dz}{dt}$$

2. Use the chain rule to find  $\frac{dz}{dt}$ , where  $z = x \sin y$ ,  $x = t^2$ , and  $y = 5t^5$ . When feasible, express your answer in terms of the independent variable.

$$\frac{dz}{dt} = 2t \sin(5t^5) + 25t^6 \cos(5t^5)$$

3. Use the chain rule to find  $\frac{dw}{dt}$ , where  $w = \cos 8x \sin 3y$ ,  $x = \frac{t}{2}$ , and  $y = t^4$ . When feasible, express your answer in terms of the independent variable.

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = -4 \sin(4t) \sin(3t^4) + 12t^3 \cos(3t^4) \cos(4t)$$

(Type an expression using t as the variable.)

4. Use the chain rule to find  $\frac{dV}{dt}$ , where  $V = \frac{x+z}{z-y}$ , x = 4t, y = 3t, and z = 5t. When feasible, express your answer in terms of the independent variable.

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 0$$

5. The volume of a right circular cylinder of radius r and height h is  $V = \pi r^2 h$ .

(a) Assume that r and h are functions of t. Find V'(t).

(b) Suppose that  $r = e^{3t}$  and  $h = e^{-3t}$ . Use part (a) to find V'(t).

(c) Does the volume of the cylinder of part (b) increase or decrease as t increases?

(a) Find V'(t). Choose the correct answer below.

**A.**  $V'(t) = \pi(r(t))^2 h'(t)$ 

**B.**  $V'(t) = 2\pi r(t)h(t)r'(t)$ 

**C.**  $V'(t) = 2\pi r(t)h(t)r'(t) + \pi(r(t))^2h'(t)$  **D.**  $V'(t) = 2\pi r(t)h(t)h'(t) + \pi(r(t))^2r'(t)$ 

 $3\pi e^{3t}$ (b) V'(t) =

(c) Does the volume of the cylinder of part (b) increase or decrease as t increases? Choose the correct answer below.

**A.** The volume of the cylinder increases as t increases.

B. The volume of the cylinder remains the same.

C. The volume of the cylinder decreases as t increases.

6. Find the following derivatives. Express your answer in terms of the independent variables.

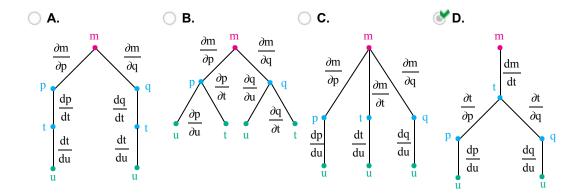
 $z_s$  and  $z_t$ , where  $z = e^{2x + 2y}$ , x = st, and y = s + t

$$z_s = 2e^{2(st+s+t)}(t+1)$$

$$z_t = 2e^{2(st+s+t)}(s+1)$$

7. Use a tree diagram to write the Chain Rule formula for dm/du. m is a function of t, where t is a function of p and q, each of which is a function of u.

Choose the correct tree diagram below.



What is the Chain Rule formula for  $\frac{dm}{du}$ ?

$$\bigcirc \textbf{ A. } \frac{dm}{du} = \frac{\partial m}{\partial p} \frac{dp}{du} + \frac{\partial m}{\partial t} \frac{dt}{du} + \frac{\partial m}{\partial q} \frac{dq}{du}$$

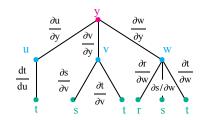
$$\bigcirc \ \, \textbf{B.} \ \, \frac{dm}{du} = \frac{\partial m}{\partial p} \frac{dp}{dt} \frac{dt}{du} + \frac{\partial m}{\partial q} \frac{dq}{dt} \frac{dt}{du}$$

$$\bigcirc \ \, \textbf{C.} \ \, \frac{dm}{du} = \frac{\partial m}{\partial p} \frac{\partial p}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial m}{\partial q} \frac{\partial q}{\partial u}$$

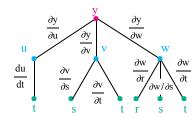
$$\mathbf{D}. \quad \frac{dm}{du} = \frac{dm}{dt} \frac{\partial t}{\partial p} \frac{dp}{du} + \frac{dm}{dt} \frac{\partial t}{\partial q} \frac{dq}{du}$$

Choose the correct tree diagram below.

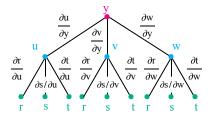
A.



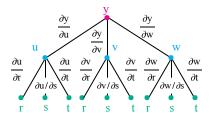
**⊗**B



C.



O D.



Choose the correct Chain Rule below.

**D.** 
$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} \frac{du}{dt} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial w} \frac{\partial w}{\partial t}$$

9. Given the equation  $y \ln (x^3 + y^3 + 7) = 5$ , evaluate  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ . Assume that the equation implicitly defines y as a differentiable function of x.

Choose the correct answer below.

**A.** 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{5y \ln (x^3 + y^3 + 7)}{5(x^3 + y^3 + 7) + 3y^4}$$

**C.** 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{3yx^2}{(x^3 + y^3 + 7) \ln(x^3 + y^3 + 7) + 3y^3}$$

O. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-3x^2y^2 - 3y^4}{5 \ln (x^3 + y^3 + 7)}$$