## CS4321 Homework 5

Due Tuesday, Nov. 27 at the beginning of class. (62 points)

- 1. (6 points) Problem 2.3-1, P.36. (You can also follow the style in my slides but now use the adhoc sorting only when the sub-array size is 1).
- 2. (6 points) Problem 7.1-1, P.148.
- 3. (10 points) Problem 9.3-3, P.192. Write the pseudo code of your algorithm and justify the cost is O(nlogn).
- 4. (10 points, optional) Problem 9.3-8, P.193.
- 5. (10 points) Let A[1..n] be a sorted array of distinct integers, some of which may be negative. Give an algorithm that can find an index i such that  $1 \le i \le n$  and A[i] = i, provided such an index exists. Your algorithm should take a time in O(log n) in worst case and you need to justify it.
- 6. (10 points) Let A[1..n] be an array of n integers. An integer is a *majority element* in A if it appears strictly more than n/2 times. Give an algorithm that can decide whether an array A[1..n] contains a majority element, and if so find it. Your algorithm must run in linear time in the worst case. *Hint*: Think about the relation between the median and the majority element.
- 7. (10 points) Rework the 0-1 knapsack example discussed in class, but renumbering the objects in the opposite order (so  $w_1 = 7$ ,  $v_1 = 28$ , ...,  $w_5 = 1$ ,  $v_5 = 1$ ). All you need to show is a dynamic programing table in the same style as shown in class (slide #10).