

### **Analyzing Algorithms**

# Text Chapters 2



- goal: predicting resources that an algorithm requires
  - memory, communication bandwidth, hardware, computational time
  - compare several candidate algorithms, identify most efficient one



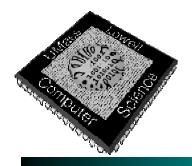
## Analyzing Algorithms

- one-processor, random-access machine (RAM)
  - instructions executed one after another, no concurrent operations
  - common instructions:
    - arithmetic (+, -, \*, /, %, \ \ \, \ \], \ \ \]
    - data movement (load, store, copy)
    - control (branch, subroutine call and return)
  - do not consider memory hierarchy
- elementary (primitive) operation: execution time can be bounded above by a constant depending only on the particular implementation—the machine, the programming language, etc.



#### Efficiency of an algorithm

- Efficiency
  - Time, space, energy
  - Measured as a function of the size of the instances considered
- ☐ Input Size
  - The *size* of an instance/input
    - corresponds formally the number of the bits needed to represent the instance on a computer
    - A less formal definition: any integer that in some way measures the number of components in an instance
      - → For example, sorting, graphs
    - → For problems involving integers, we use *value* rather than size
- Running time
  - The number of primitive operations executed in terms of input size.
- ☐ mathematic tools include combinatorics, probability theory, identify most significant terms in a formula

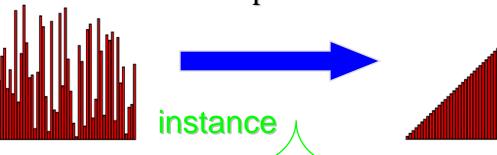


# Sorting as Example

#### **Algorithm**:

well-defined computational procedure that transforms input into output

> steps for the computer to follow to solve a problem

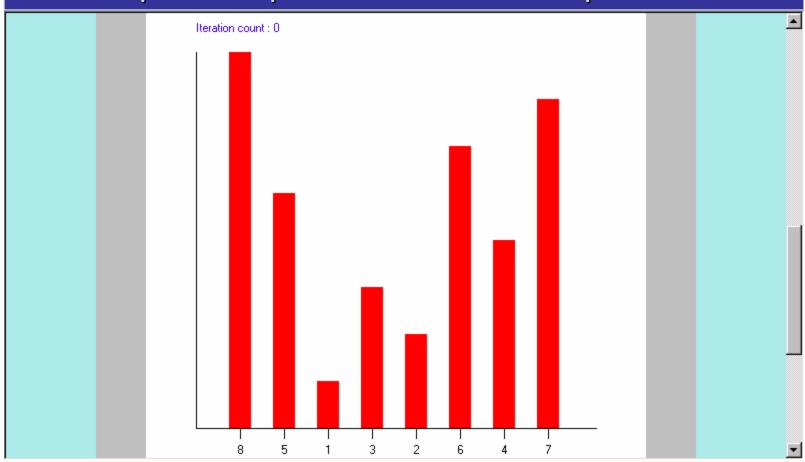


#### ■Sorting Problem:

- Input: A sequence of *n* numbers  $< a_1, a_2, \cdots, a_n >$
- Output: A permutation (reordering)  $< a'_1, a'_2, \cdots, a'_n >$  of the input sequence such that:  $a'_1 \le a'_2 \le \cdots \le a'_n$

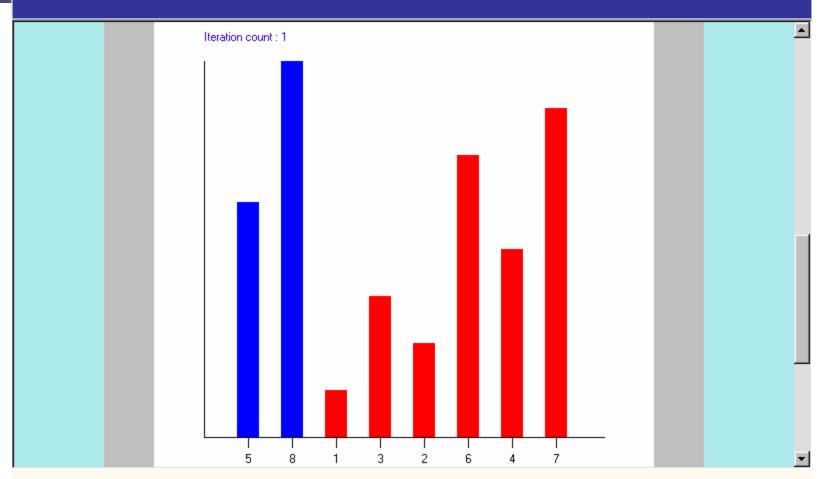


Finding a place for item with value 5 in position 1: Swap item in position 0 with item in position 1.



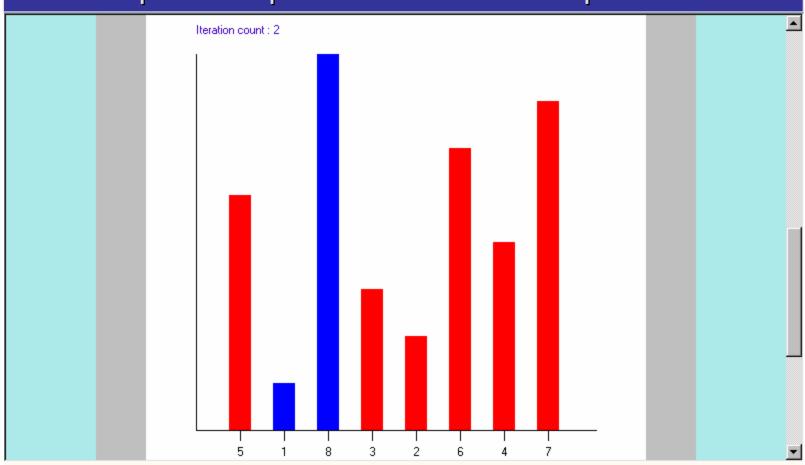


Positions 0 through 1 are now in non-decreasing order.





Finding a place for item with value 1 in position 2: Swap item in position 1 with item in position 2.

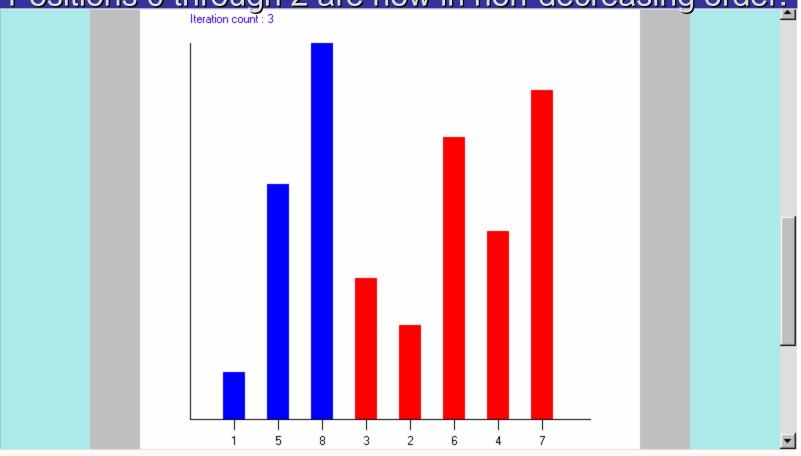




Finding a place for item with value 1:

Swap item in position 0 with item in position 1.

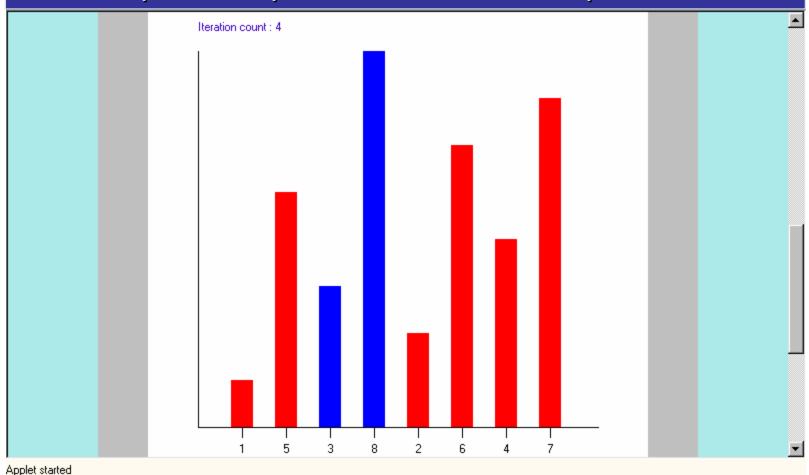
Positions 0 through 2 are now in non-decreasing order.



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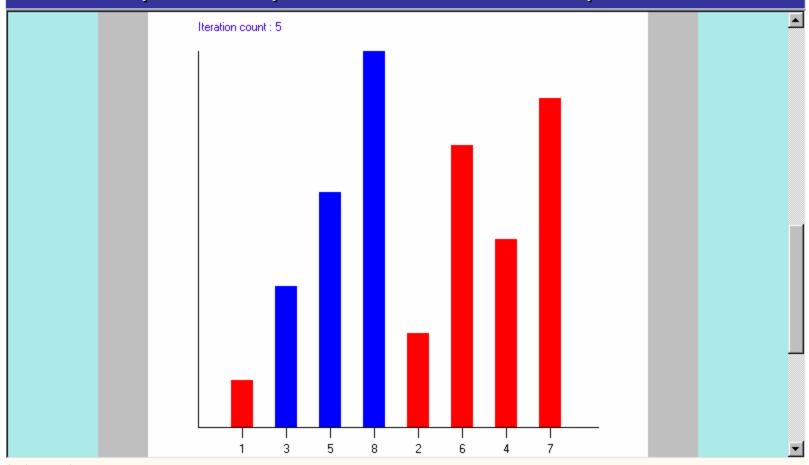


Finding a place for item with value 3 in position 3: Swap item in position 2 with item in position 3.





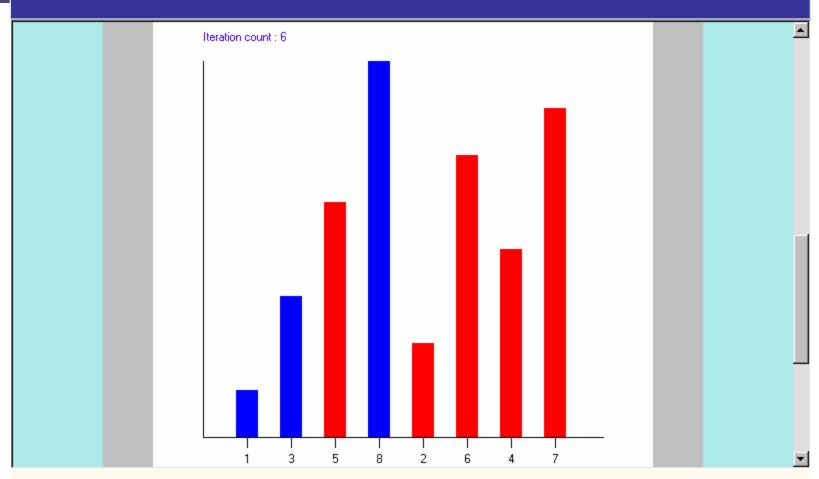
Finding a place for item with value 3: Swap item in position 1 with item in position 2.



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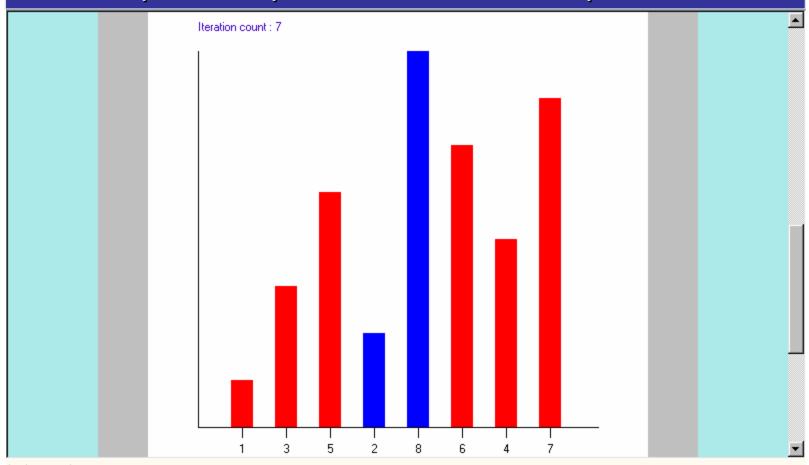


Positions 0 through 3 are now in non-decreasing order.





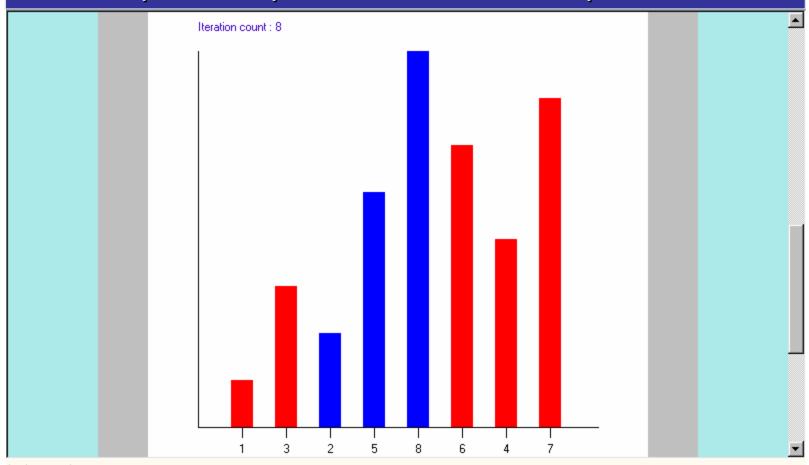
Finding a place for item with value 2 in position 4: Swap item in position 3 with item in position 4.



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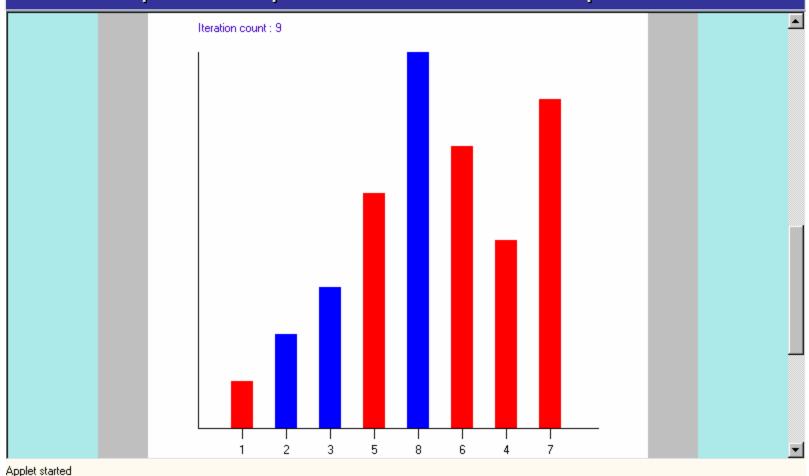
Finding a place for item with value 2: Swap item in position 2 with item in position 3.



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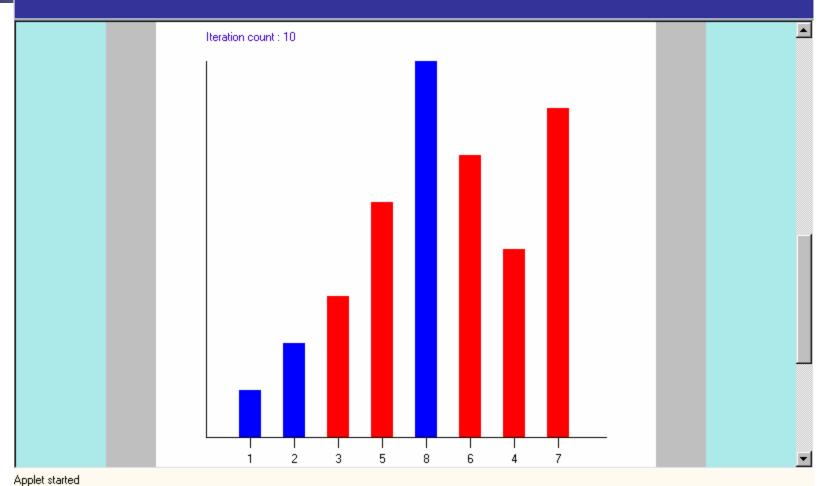


Finding a place for item with value 2: Swap item in position 1 with item in position 2.



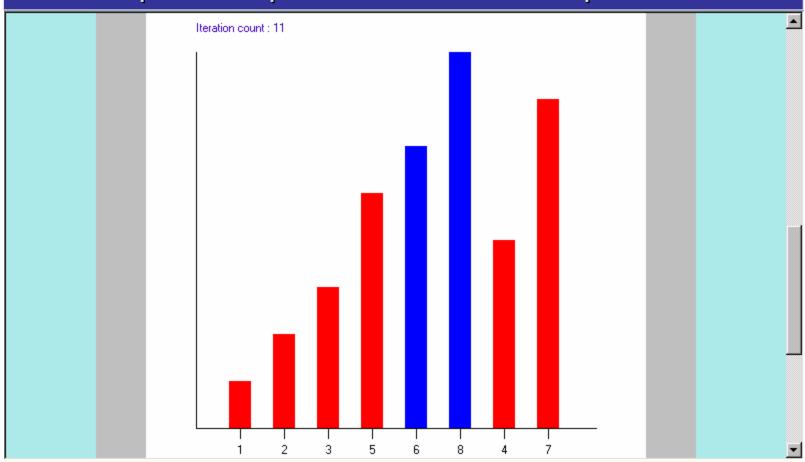


Positions 0 through 4 are now in non-decreasing order.



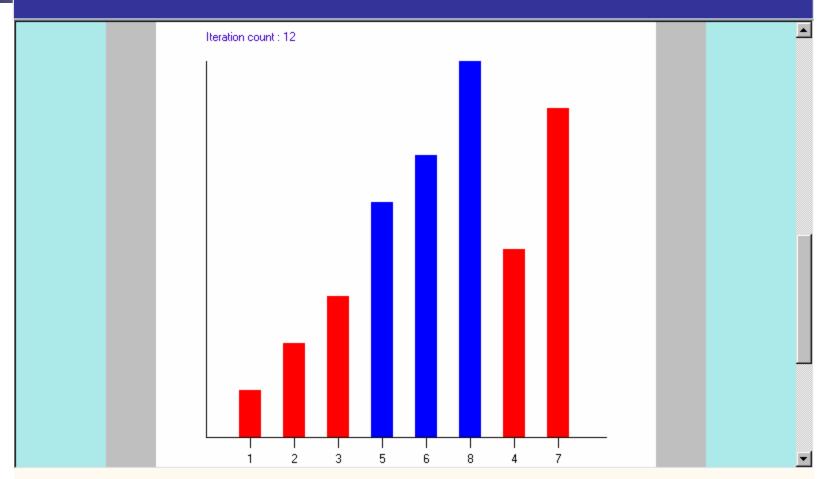


Finding a place for item with value 6 in position 5: Swap item in position 4 with item in position 5.



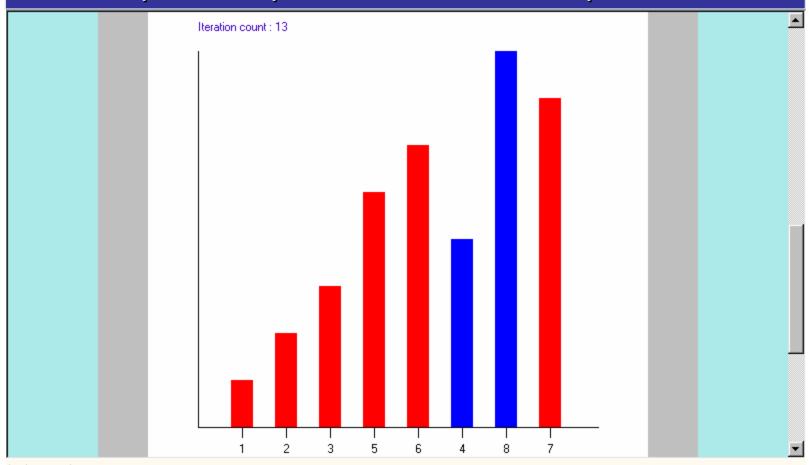


Positions 0 through 5 are now in non-decreasing order.





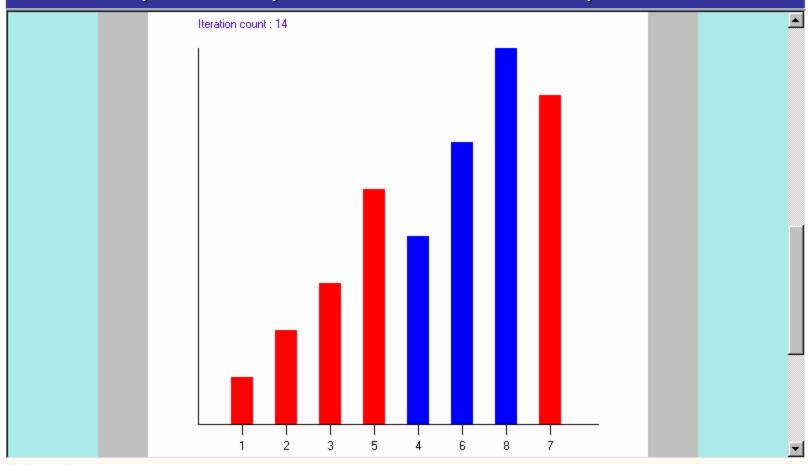
Finding a place for item with value 4 in position 6: Swap item in position 5 with item in position 6.



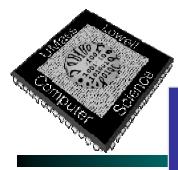
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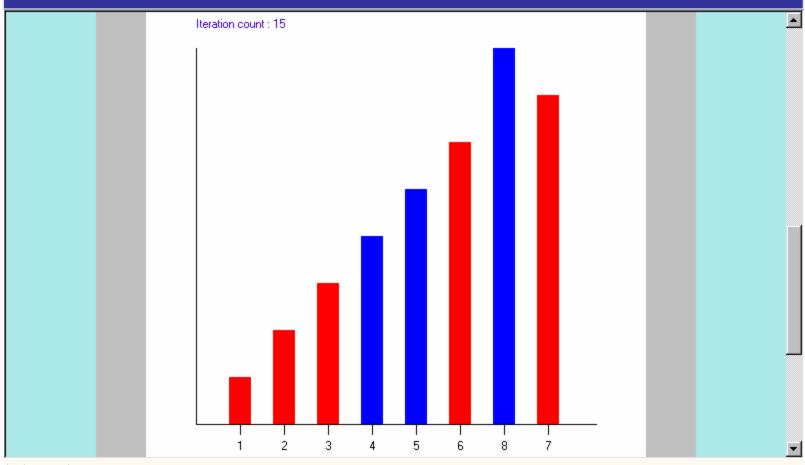
Finding a place for item with value 4: Swap item in position 4 with item in position 5.



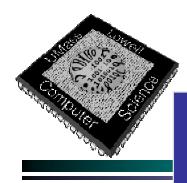
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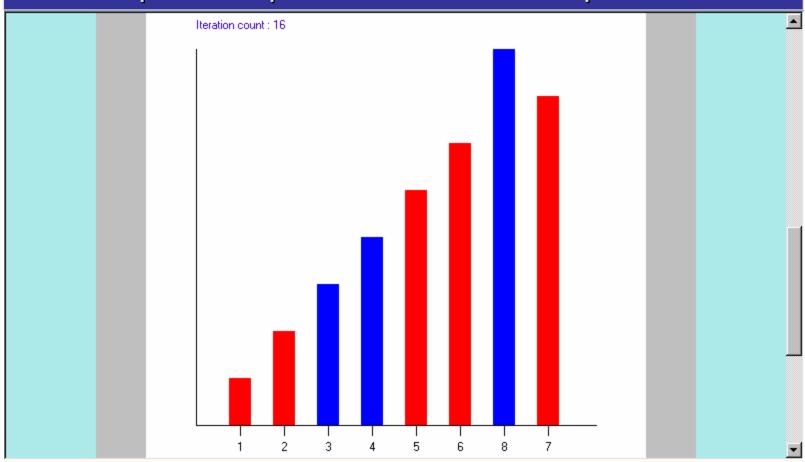
Positions 0 through 6 are now in non-decreasing order.



Applet started

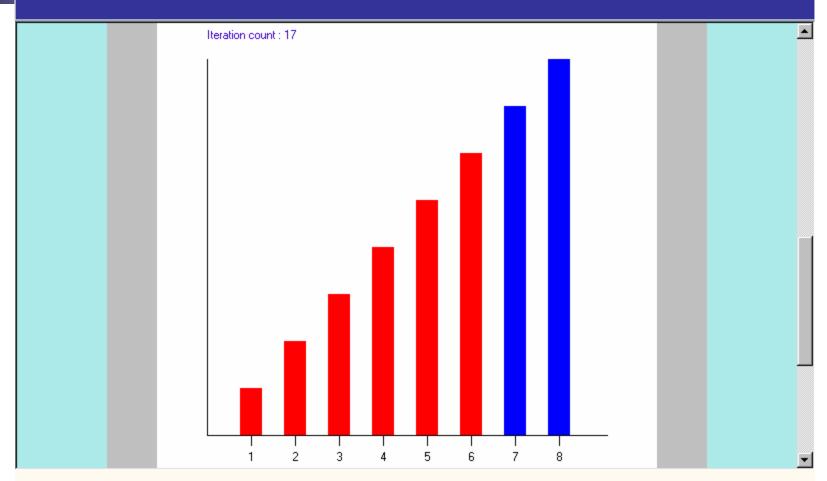


Finding a place for item with value 7 in position 7: Swap item in position 6 with item in position 7.



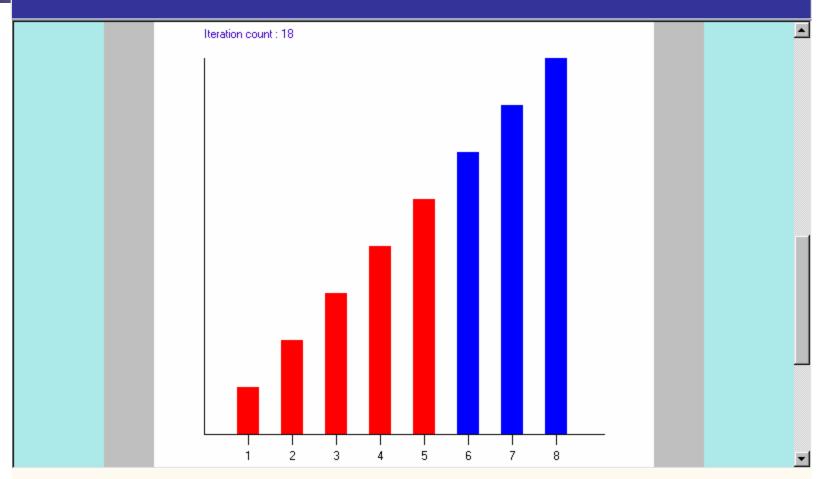


Positions 0 through 7 are now in non-decreasing order.



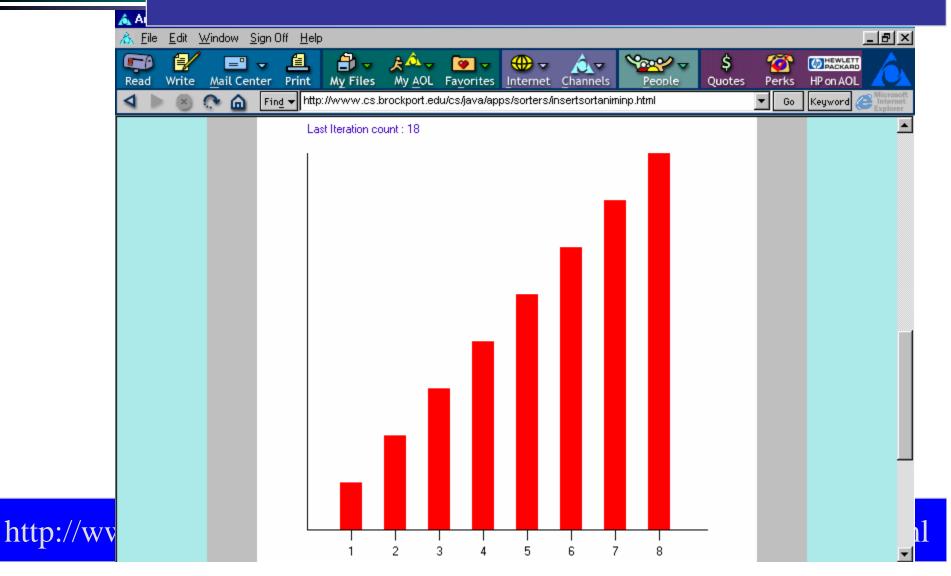


Positions 0 through 7 are now in non-decreasing order.





Positions 0 through 7 are now in non-decreasing order.



worst case  $t_i = i + 1$ 

## Insertion sort analysis

```
void insertionSort(int A[], int n)
  int i, j, tmp;
                                                                                           times
                                                                 cost
   for (i=1; i<n; i++) {
                                                                 c_1
                                                                                           n
     tmp=A[i];
                                                                                           n-1
                                                                 c_2
     j = i-1;
                                                                 c_4
                                                                                           n-1
                                                                                           \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} t_i
     while (j>=0 \&\& tmp<A[j]) \{
                                                                 c_5
      A[j+1] = A[j];
                                                                                           \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (t_i - 1)
                                                                 c_6
      j--;
                                                                                           \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (t_i - 1)
                                                                 c_7
     A[j+1] = tmp;
                                                                                           n-1
                                                                 c_8
   best case t_i = 1
```



#### Insert sort cost

$$T(n) = c_1 n + c_2 (n-1) + c_4 (n-1) + c_5 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} t_i + c_6 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (t_i - 1) + c_7 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (t_i - 1) + c_8 (n-1)$$

#### best case $t_i = 1$

$$T(n) = c_1 n + c_2 (n-1) + c_4 (n-1) + c_5 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} t_i + c_6 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (t_i - 1) + c_7 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (t_i - 1) + c_8 (n-1)$$

$$= c_1 n + c_2 (n-1) + c_4 (n-1) + c_5 (n-1) + c_8 (n-1)$$

= 
$$(c_1 + c_2 + c_4 + c_5 + c_8)n - (c_2 + c_4 + c_5 + c_8)$$

#### worst case $t_i = i + 1$

$$T(n) = c_1 n + c_2 (n-1) + c_4 (n-1) + c_5 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} t_i + c_6 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (t_i - 1) + c_7 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (t_i - 1) + c_8 (n-1)$$

$$= c_1 n + c_2 (n-1) + c_4 (n-1) + c_5 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (i+1) + c_6 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} i + c_7 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} i + c_8 (n-1)$$

$$=\frac{c_5+c_6+c_7}{2}n^2+(c_1+c_2+c_4+\frac{c_5}{2}-\frac{c_6+c_7}{2}+c_8)n-(c_2+c_4+c_5+c_8)$$