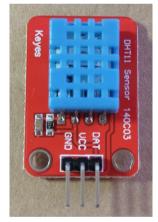
Humidity&Temperature LoRa Reporter

We can easily build an automatically data reporter and collector system by using MOSTLink LoRa Gateway & Node. Here are an example for automatically sending humidity & temperature data and display the collected data in diagrams.

Required Components:

Arduino UNO *1	
MOSTLoRa Shield *1	
DHT11 Temperature & Humidity sensor *1	
breadboard *1	
wires * 3	
ThingSpeak Account *1	

DHT11 Temperature & Humidity sensor



From left to right: GND / VCC / DATA

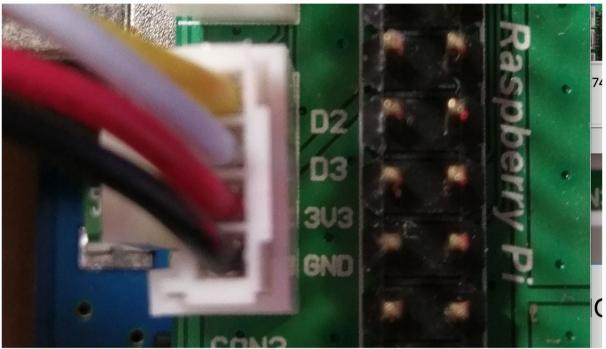
DHT11 Specification:

Humidity Range	20~90% RH
Humidity Accurate	± 5% RH
Temperature Range	0-50 °C
Temperature Accuracy	±2% °C
Operating Voltage	3V to 5.5V

Reference: How to Set Up the DHT11 Humidity Sensor on an Arduino

Circuit:

On the Lora Shield, connects the grove to the center of connectors located in the bottom of Raspberry Pi pins.



On the DHT11, connects the black/ red/ yellow cables to the pings of GND/VCC/DAT corresponding to the groves' cables on the LoRa shield board.



Setup Arduino & MOSTLoRa Library

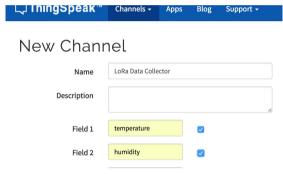
Please refer to "Getting Started with MOSTLink LoRa" guide.

Sign up a ThingSpeak account

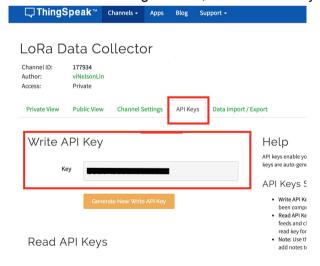
Go to <u>ThingSpeak website</u> and sign up an account. After an account has been created, click New Channel to create a channel for receiving data from a LoRa station gateway.



Create a New Channel and set fields for temperature and humidity.



After the channl being created, click on API Keys tab and write down your Write API Key.



Run MOSTLoRa temperature& humidity reporter

Download the sketch [here] and deploy it on your Arduino. Replace the ThingSpeak API key with yours.

```
1 #include <DHT.h>
 2 #include "MOSTLora.h"
 3 #define DHT_PIN 2
 5 const char *THINKSPEAK_WRITE_API_KEY = "YOUR_THINGSPEAK_WRITE_API_KEY";
 7 DHT dht(DHT_PIN, DHT11);
 8 MOSTLora lora;
10 void setup() {
11 Serial.begin(9600);
12
    dht.begin();
13 lora.begin();
14 lora.writeConfig(915000, 0, 0, 7, 5);
                                         // module mode: power-saving
15 lora.setMode(E_LORA_POWERSAVING);
    //set callback function when receiving request from a station gateway
17
    lora.setCallbackPacketReqData(uploadEnvironmentData);
18 }
19
20 void loop() {
   lora.run();
                 // lora handle input messages
   delay(100);
23 }
24
25 // read temperature, humidity data and send them to ThinkSpeak
26 void uploadEnvironmentData(unsigned char* data, int szData) {
27 float temperature, humidity;
28 if (dht.readSensor(humidity, temperature, true)) {
29
      lora.send Packet Thing Speak (THINK SPEAK \_WRITE\_API\_KEY, temperature, humidity, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0); \\
30
31 }
32
```

Note: For DHT22, you can declare the devices as DHT22 devices:

```
DHT dht(DHT_PIN, DHT22);
```

ThingSpeak state history diagram

Go to <u>ThingSpeak</u> and select Channels. Click on the channel we just created. Then we can see the state histories in the diagram. Now, we have an automatically weather data reporter. Cheers !!

