



Constructors

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string();
string(const string& s);
string(size_type length, const char& ch);
string(const char* str);
string(const char* str, size_type length);
string(const string& str, size_type index, size_type length);
string(const_iterator start, input_iterator end);
~string();
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Operators

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bool operator == (const string& c1, const string& c2);
bool operator != (const string& c1, const string& c2);
bool operator < (const string& c1, const string& c2);
bool operator > (const string& c1, const string& c2);
bool operator <= (const string& c1, const string& c2);
bool operator >= (const string& c1, const string& c2);
string operator + (const string& s1, const string& s2 );
string operator + (const char* s, const string& s2);
string operator + (char c, const string& s2);
string operator + (const string& s1, const char* s);
string operator + (const string& s1, char c);
ostream& operator << (ostream& os, const string& s);
istream& operator >> (istream& is, string& s);
string& operator = (const string& s);
string& operator = (const char* s);
string& operator = (char ch);
char& operator [] (size_type index);
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Members

a) <code>string& append(const string& str);</code> a) <code>string& append(const char* str);</code> b) <code>string& append(const string& str, size_type i, size_type l);</code> c) <code>string& append(const char* str, size_type num);</code> d) <code>string& append(size_type e num, char ch);</code> e) <code>string& append(input_iterator start, input_iterator end);</code>	a) Appends <i>str</i> to the end of the string. b) Appends a substring of <i>str</i> starting at position <i>i</i> of size <i>l</i> . c) Appends <i>num</i> characters of <i>str</i> to the string. d) Appends <i>num</i> repetitions of <i>ch</i> to the string. e) Appends the sequence from <i>start</i> to <i>end</i> , to the string
a) <code>void assign(size_type num, const char& val);</code> b) <code>void assign(input_iterator start, input_iterator end);</code> c) <code>string& assign(const string& str);</code> c) <code>string& assign(const char* str);</code> d) <code>string& assign(const char* str, size_type num);</code> e) <code>string& assign(const string& str, size_type index, size_type len);</code> f) <code>string& assign(size_type num, const char& ch);</code>	a) Assigns to the string <i>num</i> copies of <i>val</i> . b) Assigns to the string the sequence from <i>start</i> to <i>end</i> . c) Assigns <i>str</i> to the string. d) Assigns <i>num</i> copies of <i>str</i> to the string e) Assigns a substring of <i>str</i> of length <i>len</i> , starting at <i>index</i> . f) Assigns <i>num</i> copies of <i>ch</i> to the string.
<code>TYPE& at(size_type loc);</code> <code>const TYPE& at(size_type loc) const;</code>	Returns a reference to the character at index <i>loc</i> .
<code>iterator begin();</code> <code>const_iterator begin() const;</code>	Returns an iterator to the first element of the string.
<code>const char* c_str();</code>	Returns a pointer to a const C string terminated with <code>\0</code> .
<code>size_type capacity() const;</code>	Returns the number of allocated positions in the string.
<code>void clear();</code>	Removes all the characters in the string.
a) <code>int compare(const string& str);</code> a) <code>int compare(const char* str);</code> b) <code>int compare(size_type index, size_type length, const string& str ;</code> c) <code>int compare(size_type i1, size_type l1, const string& str, size_type i2, size_type l2);</code> d) <code>int compare(size_type index, size_type l1, const char* str, size_type l2);</code>	this < str returns <0; this == str returns 0; this > str returns >0. a) Compares the current string to <i>str</i> . b) Compares a substring starting at <i>index</i> of size <i>length</i> with <i>str</i> . c) Compares a substring of the current string (from index <i>i1</i> with <i>l1</i> character) to a substring of <i>str</i> (from <i>i2</i> of size <i>l2</i>). d) Compares a substring of the current string (from index with <i>l1</i> character) to a substring of <i>str</i> (from index 0 of size <i>l2</i>).
<code>size_type copy(char* str, size_type n, size_type i = 0);</code>	Copies <i>n</i> chars starting at <i>i</i> into an array of chars.
<code>const char *data();</code>	Returns a pointer to the first character of the string.
<code>bool empty() const;</code>	Returns true if the string is empty.
<code>iterator end();</code> <code>const_iterator end() const;</code>	Returns an iterator to the position just after the last element of the string.
<code>iterator erase(iterator loc);</code> <code>iterator erase(iterator start, iterator end);</code> <code>string& erase(size_type index = 0, size_type num = npos);</code>	Erases the char at index <i>loc</i> , returns an iterator to the next char. Erases the chars from <i>start</i> (including) to <i>end</i> (excluding). Erases <i>num</i> characters from the string starting at <i>index</i> .
<code>size_type find(const string& str, size_type index);</code>	Returns the first occurrence of <i>str</i> in the string, starting at <i>index</i> .



<pre>size_type find(const char* str, size_type index); size_type find(const char* str, size_type index, size_type length); size_type find(char ch, size_type index);</pre>	<p>String::npos is returned if no match is found.</p> <p>If len is given, returns the occurrence of the 1st len characters.</p> <p>Returns the index of the 1st occurrence of ch, starting at index.</p>
<pre>size_type find_first_not_of(const string& str, size_type index = 0); size_type find_first_not_of(const char* str, size_type index = 0); size_type find_first_not_of(const char* str, size_type index, size_type num); size_type find_first_not_of(char ch, size_type index = 0);</pre>	<p>Returns the index of the 1st occurrence of a character in the string not matching a character in <i>str</i>, beginning at <i>index</i>.</p> <p>Searches for the 1st occurrence of a char that doesn't match the 1st <i>num</i> chars of <i>str</i>. Searches for the 1st char different than <i>ch</i>.</p>
<pre>size_type find_first_of(const string& str, size_type index = 0); size_type find_first_of(const char* str, size_type index = 0); size_type find_first_of(const char* str, size_type index, size_type num); size_type find_first_of(char ch, size_type index = 0);</pre>	<p>Returns the index of the 1st occurrence of any character in <i>str</i> or string::npos if no result is found. It searches starting at position <i>index</i> and ending at <i>num</i> (if specified). Or searches for the occurrence of the single character <i>ch</i>.</p>
<pre>size_type find_last_not_of(const string& str, size_type index = npos); size_type find_last_not_of(const char* str, size_type index = npos); size_type find_last_not_of(const char* str, size_type index, size_type num); size_type find_last_not_of(char ch, size_type index = npos);</pre>	<p>Returns the index of the last occurrence of the absence of any character in <i>str</i> or <i>ch</i> in the current string. string::npos is returned if no result is found. It searches in reverse order starting at position <i>index</i> and ending at <i>num</i> (if specified).</p>
<pre>size_type find_last_of(const string& str, size_type index = npos); size_type find_last_of(const char* str, size_type index = npos); size_type find_last_of(const char* str, size_type index, size_type num); size_type find_last_of(char ch, size_type index = npos);</pre>	<p>Returns the index of the last occurrence of any character in <i>str</i> or character <i>ch</i> in the current string. string::npos is returned if no result is found. It searches in reverse order starting at position <i>index</i> and ending at <i>num</i> (if specified).</p>
<pre>istream& getline(istream& is, string& s, char delimiter = '\n');</pre>	<p>Reads a line from <i>is</i> and saves it in <i>s</i>. getline reads data until <i>delimiter</i> is reached. getline is not a member of string class.</p>
<pre>a) iterator insert(iterator i, const char& ch); b) string& insert(size_type index, const string& str); b) string& insert(size_type index, const char* str); c) string& insert(size_type i1, const string& str, size_type i2, size_type n); d) string& insert(size_type index, const char* str, size_type n); e) string& insert(size_type index, size_type n, char ch); f) void insert(iterator i, size_type n, const char& ch); g) void insert(iterator i, iterator start, iterator end);</pre>	<p>a) inserts <i>ch</i> before the position pointed by <i>i</i>.</p> <p>b) inserts <i>str</i> at position <i>index</i>.</p> <p>c) inserts at position <i>i1</i> a substring of <i>str</i> starting at <i>i2</i> of <i>n</i> characters long.</p> <p>d) inserts, at position <i>index</i>, <i>n</i> characters of <i>str</i>.</p> <p>e) inserts, at position <i>index</i>, <i>n</i> copies of <i>ch</i>.</p> <p>f) inserts <i>n</i> copies of <i>ch</i> before the character denoted by <i>i</i>.</p> <p>g) inserts, before position <i>i</i>, the characters from <i>start</i> to <i>end</i>.</p>
<pre>size_type length() const;</pre>	<p>Returns the number of elements in the string.</p>
<pre>size_type max_size() const;</pre>	<p>Returns the maximum number of elements a string can hold. This number isn't influenced by the string's size or the number of allocated positions.</p>
<pre>void push_back(const TYPE& val);</pre>	<p>Inserts <i>val</i> at the end of the string.</p>
<pre>reverse_iterator rbegin(); const_reverse_iterator rbegin() const;</pre>	<p>Returns a reverse iterator to the end of the string.</p>
<pre>reverse_iterator rend(); const_reverse_iterator rend() const;</pre>	<p>Returns a reverse iterator to the beginning of the string.</p>
<pre>a) string& replace(size_type i, size_type n, const string& str); a) string& replace(size_type i, size_type n, const char* str); b) string& replace(iterator i1, iterator i2, const string& str); b) string& replace(iterator i1, iterator i2, const char* str); c) string& replace(size_type i1, size_type n1, const string& s, size_type i2, size_type n2); d) string& replace(size_type i, size_type n1, const char* str, size_type n2); e) string& replace(iterator start, iterator end, const char* str, size_type n); f) string& replace(size_type i, size_type n1, size_type n2, char ch); g) string& replace(iterator start, iterator end, size_type num, char ch);</pre>	<p>a) Replaces the characters starting at index <i>i</i>, with <i>n</i> characters long, with the characters from <i>str</i>.</p> <p>b) Replaces the characters from <i>i1</i> to <i>i2</i> with the characters from <i>str</i>.</p> <p>c) Replaces characters from <i>i1</i> of length <i>n1</i> with a substring of <i>s</i>, starting at <i>i2</i> of length <i>n2</i>.</p> <p>d) Replaces chars from <i>i</i> of length <i>n1</i> by the 1st <i>n2</i> chars of <i>str</i>.</p> <p>e) Replaces chars from <i>start</i> to <i>end</i> by the 1st <i>n</i> chars of <i>str</i>.</p> <p>f) Replaces chars from <i>i</i> of length <i>n1</i> by <i>n2</i> copies of <i>ch</i>.</p> <p>g) Replaces chars from <i>start</i> to <i>end</i> by <i>n2</i> copies of <i>ch</i>.</p>
<pre>void reserve(size_type size);</pre>	<p>Sets the minimum capacity of the string.</p>
<pre>void resize(size_type num, const TYPE& val=TYPE());</pre>	<p>Alters the size of the string to <i>num</i>, and if <i>val</i> is specified the new elements will be set to <i>val</i>.</p>
<pre>size_type rfind(const string& str, size_type index); size_type rfind(const char* str, size_type index); size_type rfind(const char* str, size_type index, size_type num); size_type rfind(char ch, size_type index);</pre>	<p>Searches the string in reverse order for the first occurrence of <i>str/ch</i>, starting the search at position <i>index</i> and continuing the search until the beginning of the string, or position <i>num</i>, is reached. string::npos is returned if no result is found.</p>
<pre>size_type size() const;</pre>	<p>Returns the number of elements in the string.</p>
<pre>string substr(size_type index, size_type length = npos);</pre>	<p>Returns a substring of the string starting at <i>index</i> of size <i>npos</i>.</p>
<pre>void swap(container& from);</pre>	<p>Substitutes the elements of the string with the elements of string <i>from</i>.</p>

