



## CS747: Weekly Quiz5

VIBHAV AGGARWAL

190050128

- a) In CV, we were calculating  $V_{t+1}$  using  $V_t$ , so the order in which we calculate  $V_{t+1}(s)$  would not matter since  $V_t$  is fixed for that iteration.

However in QV, we are ~~using~~ immediately updating the value of  $V$  and using these updated values in the calculation of next state.

The ~~operator~~ operator  $B$  corresponding to the pseudocode is given by: -

$$\begin{aligned}
 (B(F))(s) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \max_{a \in A} \left( \sum_{s' < s} T(s, a, s') \{ R(s, a, s') + \gamma (B(F))(s') \} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \sum_{s' \geq s} T(s, a, s') \{ R(s, a, s') + \gamma F(s') \} \right) \\
 &= \text{~~B(F)(s)~~} \quad (B^*(G_s))(s)
 \end{aligned}$$

where,

$$G_s(s') = \begin{cases} (B(F))(s') & ; s' < s \\ F(s') & ; s' \geq s \end{cases}$$



(b) (1)  $B$  is a contraction mapping

We need to show  $\|B(F) - B(G)\|_\infty \leq \gamma \|F - G\|_\infty$

Equivalently, we can show,  $|(B(F))(s) - (B(G))(s)| \leq \gamma \|F - G\|_\infty \quad \forall s \in \{1, \dots, n\}$

We do this by induction.

Base case:

For  $s=1$ ,  $(B(F))(s) = (B^*(F))(s)$  by applying the definition of  $B$ .

Since  $B^*$  is a contraction mapping, we have

$$|(B(F))(1) - (B(G))(1)| \leq \gamma \|F - G\|_\infty$$

Induction hypothesis:

For some state  $s_0 \geq 1$ , let  $|(B(F))(s) - (B(G))(s)| \leq \gamma \|F - G\|_\infty \quad \forall s \leq s_0$

Induction step :-

We need to show that  $|(B(F))(s_0+1) - (B(G))(s_0+1)| \leq \gamma \|F - G\|_\infty$

$$\begin{aligned} |(B(F))(s_0+1) - (B(G))(s_0+1)| &= \left| \max_{a \in A} \left( \sum_{s' < s_0+1} T(s_0+1, a, s') \{ R(s_0+1, a, s') + \gamma (B(F))(s') \} \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. + \sum_{s' \geq s_0+1} T(s_0+1, a, s') \{ R(s_0+1, a, s') + \gamma F(s') \} \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \max_{a \in A} \left( \text{Same expression for } G \right) \right| \end{aligned}$$





$$\leq \gamma \max_{a \in A} \left( \sum_{s' < s_0+1} T(s_0+1, a, s') \left| (B(F))(s') - (B(G))(s') \right| \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{s' \geq s_0+1} T(s_0+1, a, s') \left| F(s') - G(s') \right| \right)$$

$$\leq \gamma \max_{a \in A} \left( \sum_{s' < s_0+1} T(s_0+1, a, s') \left| (B(F))(s') - (B(G))(s') \right| \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{s' \geq s_0+1} T(s_0+1, a, s') \left| F(s') - G(s') \right| \right)$$

We know that  $\left| (B(F))(s') - (B(G))(s') \right| \leq \gamma \|F - G\|_\infty$

for  $s' < s_0+1$

[Induction hypothesis]

Also,  $|F(s') - G(s')| \leq \|F - G\|_\infty$

$$\Rightarrow \left| (B(F))(s_0+1) - (B(G))(s_0+1) \right| \leq \gamma \max_{a \in A} \left( \sum_{s' \in S} T(s_0+1, a, s') \|F - G\|_\infty \right) \\ = \gamma \|F - G\|_\infty$$

Hence, by strong induction, we get  $\|B(F) - B(G)\|_\infty \leq \gamma \|F - G\|_\infty$  as desired.

(2)  $V^*$  is the fixed point of  $B$

Let some  $V'$  be the fixed point of  $B$ .

So, we have,  $V' = B(V')$

$$\Rightarrow V'(s) = \max_{a \in A} \left( \sum_{s' < s} T(s, a, s') \{ R(s, a, s') + \gamma (B(V'))(s') \} \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{s' \geq s} T(s, a, s') \{ R(s, a, s') + \gamma V'(s') \} \right)$$



Since  $V' = B(V')$ ,

$$V'(s) = \max_{a \in A} \left( \sum_{s' < s} T(s, a, s') \{ R(s, a, s') + \gamma V'(s') \} \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{s' > s} T(s, a, s') \{ R(s, a, s') + \gamma V'(s') \} \right)$$

$$= \max_{a \in A} \sum_{s' \in S} T(s, a, s') \{ R(s, a, s') + \gamma V'(s') \}$$

This is the same expression as  $V^*$  and therefore,  $V' = V^*$ .

Hence,  $QV$  converges to  $V^*$  as  $T \rightarrow \infty$ .