

Documentation

Software:

Code Editor: Visual Studio Code (Version : 1.63.0)

OS: Windows 11 Home

Libraries: pandas, matplotlib

System Configuration:

Processor: 11th Gen Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-11800H @ 2.30GHz

Installed RAM: 16.0 GB

System type: 64-bit operating system, x64-based processor

Code Structure:

Ford Fulkerson:

fordFulkerson.py contains the following functions:

1. `getallvariables()` - the main function which calls the `FF()`. The time to execute `FF()` is calculated in this function.
2. `FF()` - the Ford Fulkerson algorithm is implemented here. The flows are updated here.
3. `search()` - finds s-t path using BFS traversal.
4. `searchDFS()` - finds s-t path using DFS traversal.
5. `graphConv()` - converts the data in .txt input graph file to a suitable adjacency matrix.

Scaling Ford Fulkerson:

scalingFordFulkerson.py implements the following functionalities:

1. Calls the `scalingFordFulkerson()`.
2. The execution time is measured here.

scalingFordFulkersonHelp.py contains the following functions:

1. `scalingFordFulkerson()` - the main function which implements the Scaling Ford Fulkerson algorithm. The flows and the delta value is updated over here.
2. `scalingFordFulkersonHelper()` - finds s-t path using BFS traversal. The traversal also makes sure that the path has a capacity \geq delta value.

3. `scalingFordFulkersonHelperDFS()` - the same functionality as the above function but uses DFS traversal instead of BFS traversal.
4. `setMax()` - return the maximum capacity of the graph passed as an argument to the function.
5. `largestPowerofTwo()` - as the name suggests, it finds the largest power of two which is less than or equal to n .
6. `graphConv()` - converts the data in .txt input graph file to a suitable adjacency matrix.

Preflow Push:

`preflow-push.py` has the following functionalities and functions:

1. Execution time is measured in this file.
2. `solve_max_flow(graph,s,t)` - comes up with actual flow from a preflow edge by edge basis.
3. `relabel(node)` - updates the height of node to $1 + \min_height$ of neighbors.
4. `push_flow(node)` - it will push the excess flow from node to neighboring node if the outgoing edges haven't exhausted the capacity and also height of neighboring node is exactly 1 less than height of node.
5. `has_active_node(graph,s,t)` - will return true if a node with $excess > 0$ exists in the graph otherwise false.
6. `get_active_node(graph,s,t)` - will return a node with $excess > 0$.
7. It has 3 classes, Graph, Node and Edge to represent the graphs, nodes and edges. All classes have helper functions.

Plot Visualization:

Visualization folder contains `graph.py` which visualizes the data.

Steps to run the code:

**Download and install matplotlib and pandas.*

Ford Fulkerson BFS:

Steps:

1. Open Ford Fulkerson folder
2. Make sure the input graph .txt files are in the same folder.
3. Open this folder in Visual Studio Code

4. Click on `fordFulkerson.py`
5. Click on Run - > Run Without Debugging
6. Enter the name of the input graph .txt file in the terminal when the code prompts the user.

Ford Fulkerson DFS:

Steps:

1. Follow the above steps 1-4.
2. In `FF()`, change `search()` to `searchDFS()`.
3. Click on Run - > Run Without Debugging.
4. Enter the name of the input graph .txt file in the terminal when the code prompts the user.

Scaling Ford Fulkerson BFS:

Steps:

1. Open Scaling Ford Fulkerson Folder.
2. Make sure the input graph .txt files are in the same folder.
3. Open this folder in Visual Studio Code.
4. Click on `scalingFordFulkerson.py`.
5. Click on Run - > Run Without Debugging
6. Enter the name of the input graph .txt file in the terminal when the code prompts the user.

Scaling Ford Fulkerson DFS:

Steps:

1. Follow the above steps 1-4.
2. Open `scalingFordFulkersonHelp.py`.
3. Change `scalingFordFulkersonHelper()` to `scalingFordFulkersonHelperDFS()` in `scalingFordFulkerson()`.
4. Click on Run - > Run Without Debugging (`scalingFordFulkerson.py`).
5. Enter the name of the input graph .txt file in the terminal when the code prompts the user.

Preflow-Push:

Steps:

1. Open Preflow Push Folder.
2. Make sure the input graph .txt files are in the same folder.
3. Open this folder in Visual Studio Code.
4. Click on preflow-pus.py
5. Enter the filename of the input graph .txt file in the input_graphs list.
6. Click on Run - > Run Without Debugging.

Visualization:

Steps:

1. Manually record the execution time for the various graph input files.
2. Save it as .csv files (Sample files are in the 'Visualization Complete Graph Data ' subfolder.
3. Open the Visualization folder in Visual Studio Code.
4. Click on graph.py.
5. Make appropriate changes to the labels based on the input file.
6. Click on Run - > Run Without Debugging.

Input Graphs (Generated with Java starter code):

Bipartite Graphs - Parameters - #source nodes, #sink nodes, max probability, minimum capacity, maximum capacity:

b1.txt: 50,50,0.5,200,400
B2.txt: 100,100,0.5,200,400
B3.txt: 150,150,0.5,200,400
B4.txt: 200,200,0.5,200,400
b5.txt: 250,250,0.5,200,400

b12.txt: 300,300,0.5,100,200
b22.txt: 300,300,0.5,100,300
b32.txt: 300,300,0.5,100,400
b42.txt: 300,300,0.5,100,500
b52.txt: 300,300,0.5,100,600

Mesh Graphs - Parameters- #rows, #columns, capacity limit:

m1.txt: 20,30,200
m2.txt: 20,30,300

m3.txt: 20,30,400

m4.txt: 20,30,500

m5.txt: 20,30,600

m6.txt: 10,10,600

m7.txt: 20,10,600

m8.txt: 30,10,600

m9.txt: 40,10,600

m10.txt: 50,10,600

Random Graphs - Parameters - vertices, edges, min capacity, max capacity:

r-n-200.txt: 200,100,200,400

r-n-300.txt: 300,100,200,400

r-n-400.txt: 400,100,200,400

r-n-500.txt: 500,100,200,400

r-n-600.txt: 600,100,200,400

r-c-100.txt: 400,100,100,200

r-c-200.txt: 400,100,100,300

r-c-300.txt: 400,100,100,400

r-c-400.txt: 400,100,100,500

r-c-500.txt: 400,100,100,600

r-e-100.txt: 400,100,200,400

r-e-150.txt: 400,150,200,400

r-e-200.txt: 400,200,200,400

r-e-250.txt: 400,250,200,400

r-e-300.txt: 400,300,200,400

Code Output:

Max Flow:

b1.txt: 15159

b2.txt: 29782

b3.txt: 44951

b4.txt: 59987

b5.txt: 74520

b12.txt: 44495
b22.txt: 60492
b32.txt: 72914
b42.txt: 90632
b52.txt: 105858

m1.txt: 6000
m2.txt: 12000
m3.txt: 18000
m4.txt: 24000
m5.txt: 30000

m6.txt: 4000
m7.txt: 6000
m8.txt: 8000
m9.txt: 10000
m10.txt: 12000

r-n-200.txt: 30230
r-n-300.txt: 29653
r-n-400.txt: 28690
r-n-500.txt: 29218
r-n-600.txt: 29531

r-c-100.txt: 14800
r-c-200.txt: 19700
r-c-300.txt: 24838
r-c-400.txt: 29029
r-c-500.txt: 34415

r-e-100.txt: 29546
r-e-150.txt: 45646
r-e-200.txt: 59182
r-e-250.txt: 73335
r-e-300.txt: 88805