## University of Washington

# The Legal Side of Things Corporate Start-up Fundamentals

# Craig Sherman Wilson Sonsini Goodrich & Rosati

#### **CORPORATE START-UP FUNDAMENTALS**

## Topics:

- Entity Selection
- Corporate Formation
- Founder Ownership
- Equity for Employees
- Securities Law Basics
- Pre and Post-Money Calculations
- Bridge Notes

#### **ENTITIES**

## **Using an Entity**

- What is an entity? legal "person"
- Why use an entity? limited liability
- What types of entities are there?
  - corporation
  - partnership
  - limited partnership
  - limited liability company
  - S corporation

#### **ENTITIES**

## **Using an Entity**

- Corporation
  - Most common
  - VCs and other investors understand
  - Negatives
    - -Two levels of tax
    - Cannot realize losses
    - Limited flexibility

#### **ENTITIES**

## **Using an Entity**

- Other entities (other than S corporation)
  - Partnership not limited liability
  - Limited partnership need a general partner
  - VCs most cannot fund pass through entity
  - Difficult to implement option plan

## S corporation

- Pass through
- Limitations (# and type of shareholders)
- Easy transition to regular ("C") corporation

#### CORPORATION

## The Corporation – structure

- Where to incorporate? Delaware? Washington?
- Structure
  - Owners = stockholders
  - Overall management = board of directors
  - Day to day management = officers
- Governing documents
  - Certificate of incorporation
    - -capital structure
    - -fundamental rights
  - Bylaws
    - operating manual

#### CORPORATION

## The Corporation – *directors*

- Duty to manage affairs
- Power to do all necessary things to accomplish
- May delegate
- Required level of care
  - good faith (loyalty)
  - reasonableness (ordinary prudent person)
  - reasonably believe in best interests of corporation
  - business judgment rule no second guessing

#### CORPORATION

## The Corporation – issuing stock

- What is stock
  - Types of stock
- Where does it come from
  - authorized stock
  - issued stock
- How to issue stock

#### **SECURITIES LAWS**

#### **Securities Laws**

- Federal and state laws
- Every offer or issuance of a security
- Registration requirement
- Register OR find an exemption
- Disclosure, NOT merit review
  - authorized stock
  - issued stock

#### **FOUNDER OWNERSHIP**

## **Founder Ownership**

- How do founders get stock?
- What consideration is paid?
- Vesting or not vesting?
  - investors often require
  - avoid free-loading
  - need the equity to replace departing founder
- Tax issues for vesting stock
  - 83(b) election
- Options for founders?

#### **FOUNDER OWNERSHIP**

## **Founder Ownership**

- Do it early
- Value is low
  - tax issues
  - accounting issues
- Avoid disputes as to ownership

#### **FOUNDER OWNERSHIP**

#### **Founder Issues**

- Avoid informal promises of equity
- Avoid promising percentages
- Advanced expenses
- Paying back wages
- Avoid 50/50 partnerships

#### **EMPLOYEE EQUITY**

## Why give employees a stake?

- Motivation the potential big payoff
- Team spirit "skin in the game"
- Compensation tie compensation to collective success
- Conserve cash cash is king for startups

## **EMPLOYEE EQUITY**

## What is a stock option?

- Most prevalent employee equity
- Contract
- Right to purchase stock
- # shares
- Purchase price
- Term

## **EMPLOYEE EQUITY**

## Why options?

- Lock in low price
- Upside with no downside
- No current out of pocket expense
- Delay income tax

#### **TYPES OF STOCK**

## Types of Stock

- Preferred stock vs. Common stock
  - Preferred = special rights/preferences
  - Common = plain vanilla
- Why the distinction?
  - Outside investors demand special rights
  - Justifies lower price for common avoid…
    - Tax problems
    - Accounting problems
  - Size of the gap

#### **BRIDGE FINANCING**

## **Bridge Financings**

- Convertible promissory notes
- "Bridge" the company to an event (i.e. next equity financing)
- Convertible
  - Convert into what?
  - When convert?
  - What terms to convert under?

#### **BRIDGE FINANCING**

## **Bridge Financings**

- Kicker for added risk
  - Early = risky
  - Less money = risky
  - Warrants
  - Warrant "coverage"
- Secured vs. unsecured
- Advantages
  - Quick
  - No valuation established

#### STARTUP HORROR STORIES

- Unaccredited investors in the angel round
- Founder who's gone but owns a large chunk of the company
- Promised payment of back salaries to executive team/employees
- Paying employees equity only versus minimum wage (WA state gotcha)
- Founder deadlock
- Poor corporate records that kill the deal

## **STARTUP ISSUES**

**Questions?**