

ejer_2_tech__unidad_1_sprint_4

Report generated by $\mathsf{Nessus}^\mathsf{TM}$

Mon, 24 Jun 2024 03:46:39 CEST

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10.0.2.9

24	84	59	8	162
CRITICAL	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW	INFO

Scan Information

Start time: Mon Jun 24 02:49:13 2024 End time: Mon Jun 24 03:46:39 2024

Host Information

Netbios Name: METASPLOITABLE3-UB1404

IP: 10.0.2.9

MAC Address: 08:00:27:0E:2B:CC 66:17:FC:53:AF:9B 02:42:5D:B4:50:86

OS: Linux Kernel 3.13.0-24-generic on Ubuntu 14.04

Vulnerabilities

92626 - Drupal Coder Module Deserialization RCE

Synopsis

A PHP application running on the remote web server is affected by a remote code execution vulnerability.

Description

The version of Drupal running on the remote web server is affected by a remote code execution vulnerability in the Coder module, specifically in file coder_upgrade.run.php, due to improper validation of user-supplied input to the unserialize() function. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a specially crafted request, to execute arbitrary PHP code.

See Also

https://www.drupal.org/node/2765575

https://www.drupal.org/project/coder

Solution

Upgrade the Coder module to version 7.x-1.3 / 7.x-2.6 or later.

Alternatively, remove the entire Coder module directory from any publicly accessible website.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:ND)

References

XREF EDB-ID:40149

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/07/29, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

81510 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.38 Multiple Vulnerabilities (GHOST)

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is prior to 5.4.38. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A heap-based buffer overflow flaw in the enchant_broker_request_dict function in ext/enchant/enchant.c could allow a remote attacker to cause a buffer overflow, resulting in a denial of service condition or the execution of arbitrary code. (CVE-2014-9705)
- A heap-based buffer overflow flaw in the GNU C Library (glibc) due to improperly validating user-supplied input in the glibc functions __nss_hostname_digits_dots(), gethostbyname(), and gethostbyname2(). This allows a remote attacker to cause a buffer overflow, resulting in a denial of service condition or the execution of arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-0235)
- A use-after-free flaw exists in the function php_date_timezone_initialize_from_hash() within the 'ext/date/ php_date.c' script. An attacker can exploit this to access sensitive information or crash applications linked to PHP. (CVE-2015-0273)

Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.38

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=68925

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=68942

http://www.nessus.org/u?c7a6ddbd

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.38 or later.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

9.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

9.8

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.7 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	72325
BID	72701
BID	73031
CVE	CVE-2014-9705
CVE	CVE-2015-0235
CVE	CVE-2015-0273
XREF	CERT:967332

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/02/25, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

82025 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.39 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is prior to 5.4.39. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A use-after-free error exists related to function 'unserialize', which can allow a remote attacker to execute arbitrary code. Note that this issue is due to an incomplete fix for CVE-2014-8142. (CVE-2015-0231)
- An integer overflow error exists in function 'regcomp'

in the Henry Spencer regex library, due to improper validation of user-supplied input. An attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service or to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-2305)

- An integer overflow error exists in the '_zip_cdir_new'

function, due to improper validation of user-supplied input. An attacker, using a crafted ZIP archive, can exploit this to cause a denial of service or to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-2331)

- A filter bypass vulnerability exists due to a flaw in the move_uploaded_file() function in which pathnames are truncated when a NULL byte is encountered. This allows a remote attacker, via a crafted second argument, to bypass intended extension restrictions and create files with unexpected names. (CVE-2015-2348)
- A user-after-free error exists in the process_nested_data() function. This allows a remote attacker, via a crafted unserialize call, to dereference already freed memory, resulting in the execution of arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-2787)
- A type confusion vulnerability in the SoapClient's __call() function in ext/soap/soap.c could allow a remote attacker to execute arbitrary code by providing crafted serialized data with an unexpected data type (CVE-2015-4147, CVE-2015-4148)

Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.39

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=69207

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=68976

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.39 or later.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

9.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

8.8

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.5 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	72539
BID	73182
BID	73357
BID	73381
BID	73383
BID	73385
BID	73431
BID	73434
BID	75103
CVE	CVE-2015-0231
CVE	CVE-2015-2305
CVE	CVE-2015-2331
CVE	CVE-2015-2348
CVE	CVE-2015-2787
CVE	CVE-2015-4147
CVE	CVE-2015-4148

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/03/24, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

83033 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.40 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x running on the remote web server is prior to 5.4.40. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- An out-of-bounds read error exists in the GetCode_() function within file gd_gif_in.c that allows an unauthenticated, remote attacker to cause a denial of service condition or the disclosure of memory contents.

(CVE-2014-9709)

- A NULL pointer dereference flaw exists in the build_tablename() function within file pgsql.c in the PostgreSQL extension due to a failure to validate token extraction for table names. An authenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a crafted name, to cause a denial of service condition. (CVE-2015-1352)
- A use-after-free error exists in the phar_rename_archive() function within file phar_object.c. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, by attempting to rename a phar archive to an already existing file name, to cause a denial of service condition. (CVE-2015-2301)
- An out-of-bounds read error exists in the Phar component due to improper validation of user-supplied input when handling phar parsing during unserialize() function calls. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service condition or the disclosure of memory contents. (CVE-2015-2783)
- A memory corruption issue exists in the phar_parse_metadata() function in file ext/phar/phar.c due to improper validation of user-supplied input when parsing a specially crafted TAR archive. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service condition or the execution of arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-3307)
- Multiple stack-based buffer overflow conditions exist in the phar_set_inode() function in file phar_internal.h when handling archive files, such as tar, zip, or phar files. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit these to cause a denial of service condition or the execution or arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-3329)
- A flaw exists in the Apache2handler SAPI component when handling pipelined HTTP requests that allows an unauthenticated, remote attacker to cause a denial of service condition or the execution of arbitrary code.

(CVE-2015-3330)

- A flaw exists in multiple functions due to a failure to check for NULL byte (%00) sequences in a path when processing or reading a file. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via specially crafted input to an application calling those functions, to bypass intended restrictions and disclose potentially sensitive information. (CVE-2015-3411, CVE-2015-3412)
- A type confusion error exists in multiple functions within file ext/soap/soap.c that is triggered when calling unserialize(). An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to disclose memory contents, cause a denial of service condition, or execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-4599, CVE-2015-4600)

- Multiple type confusion errors exist within files ext/soap/php_encoding.c, ext/soap/php_http.c, and ext/soap/soap.c that allow an unauthenticated, remote attacker to cause a denial of service condition or the execution of arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-4601)
- A type confusion error exists in the
- __PHP_Incomplete_Class() function within file ext/standard/incomplete_class.c that allows an unauthenticated, remote attacker to cause a denial of service condition or the execution of arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-4602)
- A type confusion error exists in the exception::getTraceAsString() function within file Zend/zend_exceptions.c that allows a remote attacker to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-4603)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists due to a flaw in the bundled library, specifically in the mget() function within file softmagic.c. The function fails to maintain a certain pointer relationship. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a crafted string, to crash the application. (CVE-2015-4604)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists due to a flaw in the bundled libmagic library, specifically in the mcopy() function within file softmagic.c. The function fails to properly handle an offset that exceeds 'bytecnt'. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, via a crafted string, to crash the application. (CVE-2015-4605)
- A use-after-free error exists in the sqlite3_close() function within file /ext/sqlite3/sqlite3.c when closing database connections. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to execute arbitrary code.
- A type confusion error exists in the php_stream_url_wrap_http_ex() function within file ext/standard/http_fopen_wrapper.c that allows an unauthenticated, remote attacker to execute arbitrary code.
- A use-after-free error exists in the php_curl() function within file ext/curl/interface.c that allows an unauthenticated, remote attacker to execute arbitrary code.
- A NULL pointer dereference flaw exists within file /ext/ereg/regex/regcomp.c that allows an unauthenticated, remote attacker attacker to cause a denial of service condition.

Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also	
http://php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.40	
Solution	
Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.40 or later.	
Risk Factor	
Critical	
CVSS v3.0 Base Score	
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)	

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	71932
BID	73037
BID	73306
BID	74204
BID	74239
BID	74240
BID	74413
BID	74703
BID	75233
BID	75241
BID	75246
BID	75249
BID	75250
BID	75251
BID	75252
BID	75255
CVE	CVE-2014-9709
CVE	CVE-2015-1352
CVE	CVE-2015-2301
CVE	CVE-2015-2783
CVE	CVE-2015-3307
CVE	CVE-2015-3329
CVE	CVE-2015-3330
CVE	CVE-2015-3411
CVE	CVE-2015-3412
CVE	CVE-2015-4599
CVE	CVE-2015-4600

CVE	CVE-2015-4601
CVE	CVE-2015-4602
CVE	CVE-2015-4603
CVE	CVE-2015-4604
CVE	CVE-2015-4605

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/04/23, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

83517 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.41 Multiple Vulnerabilities

High

Synopsis The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x running on the remote web server is prior to 5.4.41. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities: - Multiple unspecified flaws in pcrelib. (CVE-2015-2325, CVE-2015-2326) - A flaw in the phar parse tarfile function in ext/phar/tar.c could allow a denial of service via a crafted entry in a tar archive. (CVE-2015-4021) - An integer overflow condition exists in the ftp genlist() function in ftp.c due to improper validation of usersupplied input. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause a heap-based buffer overflow, resulting in a denial of service condition or possible remote code execution. (CVE-2015-4022) - Multiple flaws exist related to using pathnames containing NULL bytes. A remote attacker can exploit these flaws, by combining the '\0' character with a safe file extension, to bypass access restrictions. This had been previously fixed but was reintroduced by a regression in versions 5.4+. (CVE-2006-7243, CVE-2015-4025) - A flaw exists in the multipart buffer headers() function in rfc1867.c due to improper handling of multipart/form-data in HTTP requests. A remote attacker can exploit this flaw to cause a consumption of CPU resources, resulting in a denial of service condition. (CVE-2015-4024) - A security bypass vulnerability exists due to a flaw in the pcntl_exec implementation that truncates a pathname upon encountering the '\x00' character. A remote attacker can exploit this, via a crafted first argument, to bypass intended extension restrictions and execute arbitrary files. (CVE-2015-4026) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also http://php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.41 Solution Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.41 or later. Risk Factor

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	44951
BID	74700
BID	74902
BID	74903
BID	74904
BID	75056
BID	75174
BID	75175
CVE	CVE-2006-7243
CVE	CVE-2015-2325
CVE	CVE-2015-2326
CVE	CVE-2015-4021
CVE	CVE-2015-4022
CVE	CVE-2015-4024
CVE	CVE-2015-4025
CVE	CVE-2015-4026

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/05/18, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

84362 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.42 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x running on the remote web server is prior to 5.4.42. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- Multiple heap buffer overflow conditions exist in the bundled Perl-Compatible Regular Expression (PCRE) library due to improper validation of user-supplied input to the compile_branch() and pcre_compile2() functions. A remote attacker can exploit these conditions to cause a heap-based buffer overflow, resulting in a denial of service condition or the execution of arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-2325, CVE-2015-2326)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in the bundled SQLite component due to improper handling of quotes in collation sequence names. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause uninitialized memory access, resulting in denial of service condition.

(CVE-2015-3414)

- A denial of service vulnerability exists in the bundled SQLite component due to an improper implementation of comparison operators in the sqlite3VdbeExec() function in vdbe.c. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause an invalid free operation, resulting in a denial of service condition. (CVE-2015-3415)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists in the bundled SQLite component due to improper handling of precision and width values during floating-point conversions in the sqlite3VXPrintf() function in printf.c. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause a stack-based buffer overflow, resulting in a denial of service condition or the execution of arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-3416)
- A security bypass vulnerability exists due to a failure in multiple extensions to check for NULL bytes in a path when processing or reading a file. A remote attacker can exploit this, by combining the '\0' character with a safe file extension, to bypass access restrictions.

(CVE-2015-4598)

- An arbitrary command injection vulnerability exists due to a flaw in the php_escape_shell_arg() function in exec.c. A remote attacker can exploit this, via the escapeshellarg() PHP method, to inject arbitrary operating system commands. (CVE-2015-4642)
- A heap buffer overflow condition exists in the ftp_genlist() function in ftp.c. due to improper validation of user-supplied input. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service condition or the execution of arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-4643)
- A denial of service vulnerability exists due to a NULL pointer dereference flaw in the build_tablename() function in pgsql.c. An authenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause an application crash.

(CVE-2015-4644)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.42

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Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.42 or later.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	74228
BID	75174
BID	75175
BID	75244
BID	75290
BID	75291
BID	75292
CVE	CVE-2015-2325
CVE	CVE-2015-2326
CVE	CVE-2015-3414
CVE	CVE-2015-3415
CVE	CVE-2015-3416
CVE	CVE-2015-4598
CVE	CVE-2015-4642
CVE	CVE-2015-4643
CVE	CVE-2015-4644

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/06/24, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

84671 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.43 Multiple Vulnerabilities (BACKRONYM)

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x running on the remote web server is prior to 5.4.43. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities :

- A security feature bypass vulnerability, known as 'BACKRONYM', exists due to a failure to properly enforce the requirement of an SSL/TLS connection when the --ssl client option is used. A man-in-the-middle attacker can exploit this flaw to coerce the client to downgrade to an unencrypted connection, allowing the attacker to disclose data from the database or manipulate database queries. (CVE-2015-3152)
- A flaw in the phar_convert_to_other function in ext/phar/phar_object.c could allow a remote attacker to cause a denial of service. (CVE-2015-5589)
- A Stack-based buffer overflow in the phar_fix_filepath function in ext/phar/phar.c could allow a remote attacker to cause a denial of service. (CVE-2015-5590)
- A flaw exists in the PHP Connector/C component due to a failure to properly enforce the requirement of an SSL/TLS connection when the --ssl client option is used.

A man-in-the-middle attacker can exploit this to downgrade the connection to plain HTTP when HTTPS is expected. (CVE-2015-8838)

- An unspecified flaw exists in the phar_convert_to_other() function in phar_object.c during the conversion of invalid TAR files. An attacker can exploit this flaw to crash a PHP application, resulting in a denial of service condition.
- A flaw exists in the parse_ini_file() and parse_ini_string() functions due to improper handling of strings that contain a line feed followed by an escape character. An attacker can exploit this to crash a PHP application, resulting in a denial of service condition.
- A user-after-free error exists in the object_custom() function in var_unserializer.c due to improper validation of user-supplied input. A remote attacker can exploit this to dereference already freed memory, potentially resulting in the execution of arbitrary code.

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.43 http://backronym.fail/

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.43 or later.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	74398
BID	75970
BID	75974
BID	88763
CVE	CVE-2015-3152
CVE	CVE-2015-5589
CVE	CVE-2015-5590
CVE	CVE-2015-8838

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/07/10, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

58987 - PHP Unsupported Version Detection

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

Synopsis The remote host contains an unsupported version of a web application scripting language. Description According to its version, the installation of PHP on the remote host is no longer supported. Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities. See Also http://php.net/eol.php https://wiki.php.net/rfc/releaseprocess Solution Upgrade to a version of PHP that is currently supported. Risk Factor Critical CVSS v3.0 Base Score 10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C) References **XREF** IAVA:0001-A-0581 Plugin Information Published: 2012/05/04, Modified: 2024/05/31

84215 - ProFTPD mod_copy Information Disclosure

Synopsis
The remote host is running a ProFTPD module that is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.
Description
The remote host is running a version of ProFTPD that is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability in the mod_copy module due to the SITE CPFR and SITE CPTO commands being available to unauthenticated clients. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this flaw to read and write to arbitrary files on any web accessible path on the host.
See Also
http://bugs.proftpd.org/show_bug.cgi?id=4169
Solution
Upgrade to ProFTPD 1.3.5a / 1.3.6rc1 or later.
Risk Factor
Critical
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
9.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
7.4
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)
References
BID 74238

CVE CVE-2015-3306
XREF EDB-ID:36742
XREF EDB-ID:36803

Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/06/16, Modified: 2024/01/16

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

194474 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 22.04 LTS / 23.10 / 24.04 LTS. : less vulnerability (USN-6756-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 22.04 LTS / 23.10 / 24.04 LTS. host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-6756-1 advisory.
- less through 653 allows OS command execution via a newline character in the name of a file, because quoting is mishandled in filename.c. Exploitation typically requires use with attacker-controlled file names, such as the files extracted from an untrusted archive. Exploitation also requires the LESSOPEN environment variable, but this is set by default in many common cases. (CVE-2024-32487)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6756-1
Solution
Update the affected less package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
7.3
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
8.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.1 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2024-32487 XREF USN:6756-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/04/29, Modified: 2024/04/29

Plugin Output

tcp/0

193362 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 22.04 LTS / 23.10 : klibc vulnerabilities (USN-6736-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 22.04 LTS / 23.10 host has packages installed that are affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-6736-1 advisory. - inftrees.c in zlib 1.2.8 might allow context-dependent attackers to have unspecified impact by leveraging improper pointer arithmetic. (CVE-2016-9840) - inffast.c in zlib 1.2.8 might allow context-dependent attackers to have unspecified impact by leveraging improper pointer arithmetic. (CVE-2016-9841) - zlib before 1.2.12 allows memory corruption when deflating (i.e., when compressing) if the input has many distant matches. (CVE-2018-25032) - zlib through 1.2.12 has a heap-based buffer over-read or buffer overflow in inflate in inflate.c via a large gzip header extra field. NOTE: only applications that call inflateGetHeader are affected. Some common applications bundle the affected zlib source code but may be unable to call inflateGetHeader (e.g., see the nodejs/node reference). (CVE-2022-37434) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6736-1 Solution Update the affected klibc-utils, libklibc and / or libklibc-dev packages. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 8.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-9840
CVE CVE-2016-9841
CVE CVE-2018-25032
CVE CVE-2022-37434
XREF USN:6736-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/04/16, Modified: 2024/04/16

Plugin Output

tcp/0

194950 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS : GNU C Library vulnerabilities (USN-6762-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS host has packages installed that are affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-6762-1 advisory.

- nscd in the GNU C Library (aka glibc or libc6) before version 2.20 does not correctly compute the size of an internal buffer when processing netgroup requests, possibly leading to an nscd daemon crash or code execution as the user running nscd. (CVE-2014-9984)
- end_pattern (called from internal_fnmatch) in the GNU C Library (aka glibc or libc6) before 2.22 might allow context-dependent attackers to cause a denial of service (application crash), as demonstrated by use of the fnmatch library function with the **(!() pattern. NOTE: this is not the same as CVE-2015-8984; also, some Linux distributions have fixed CVE-2015-8984 but have not fixed this additional fnmatch issue. (CVE-2015-20109)
- stdlib/canonicalize.c in the GNU C Library (aka glibc or libc6) 2.27 and earlier, when processing very long pathname arguments to the realpath function, could encounter an integer overflow on 32-bit architectures, leading to a stack-based buffer overflow and, potentially, arbitrary code execution.

(CVE-2018-11236)

- A flaw was found in glibc. An off-by-one buffer overflow and underflow in getcwd() may lead to memory corruption when the size of the buffer is exactly 1. A local attacker who can control the input buffer and size passed to getcwd() in a setuid program could use this flaw to potentially execute arbitrary code and escalate their privileges on the system. (CVE-2021-3999)
- The iconv() function in the GNU C Library versions 2.39 and older may overflow the output buffer passed to it by up to 4 bytes when converting strings to the ISO-2022-CN-EXT character set, which may be used to crash an application or overwrite a neighbouring variable. (CVE-2024-2961)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6762-1
Solution
Update the affected packages.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

9.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2014-9984	
CVE	CVE-2015-20109	
CVE	CVE-2018-11236	
CVE	CVE-2021-3999	
CVE	CVE-2024-2961	
XREF	USN:6762-1	

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/05/02, Modified: 2024/05/02

Plugin Output

tcp/0

83760 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2614-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2614-1 advisory. - include/net/netfilter/nf conntrack extend.h in the netfilter subsystem in the Linux kernel before 3.14.5 uses an insufficiently large data type for certain extension data, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and OOPS) via outbound network traffic that triggers extension loading, as demonstrated by configuring a PPTP tunnel in a NAT environment. (CVE-2014-9715) - Xen 3.3.x through 4.5.x and the Linux kernel through 3.19.1 do not properly restrict access to PCI command registers, which might allow local guest OS users to cause a denial of service (non-maskable interrupt and host crash) by disabling the (1) memory or (2) I/O decoding for a PCI Express device and then accessing the device, which triggers an Unsupported Request (UR) response. (CVE-2015-2150) - arch/x86/kernel/entry 64.S in the Linux kernel before 3.19.2 does not prevent the TS COMPAT flag from reaching a user-mode task, which might allow local users to bypass the seccomp or audit protection mechanism via a crafted application that uses the (1) fork or (2) close system call, as demonstrated by an attack against seccomp before 3.16. (CVE-2015-2830) - The __driver_rfc4106_decrypt function in arch/x86/crypto/aesni-intel_glue.c in the Linux kernel before 3.19.3 does not properly determine the memory locations used for encrypted data, which allows contextdependent attackers to cause a denial of service (buffer overflow and system crash) or possibly execute arbitrary code by triggering a crypto API call, as demonstrated by use of a libkcapi test program with an AF ALG(aead) socket. (CVE-2015-3331) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2614-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor High

10.0.2.9

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.5

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

9.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	73014
BID	73699
BID	73953
BID	74235
CVE	CVE-2014-9715
CVE	CVE-2015-2150
CVE	CVE-2015-2830
CVE	CVE-2015-3331
XREF	USN:2614-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/05/21, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

90400 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2946-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2946-1 advisory. - drivers/infiniband/hw/cxgb3/iwch cm.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5 does not properly identify error conditions, which allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (use- afterfree) via crafted packets. (CVE-2015-8812) - The evm_verify_hmac function in security/integrity/evm/evm_main.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5 does not properly copy data, which makes it easier for local users to forge MAC values via a timing side-channel attack. (CVE-2016-2085) - The Linux kernel before 4.5 allows local users to bypass file-descriptor limits and cause a denial of service (memory consumption) by leveraging incorrect tracking of descriptor ownership and sending each descriptor over a UNIX socket before closing it. NOTE: this vulnerability exists because of an incorrect fix for CVE-2013-4312. (CVE-2016-2550) - fs/pipe.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5 does not limit the amount of unread data in pipes, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) by creating many pipes with non-default sizes. (CVE-2016-2847) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2946-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor Critical CVSS v3.0 Base Score 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2015-8812
CVE	CVE-2016-2085
CVE	CVE-2016-2550
CVE	CVE-2016-2847
XREF	USN:2946-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/07, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

91425 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2989-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2989-1 advisory.

- The OZWPAN driver in the Linux kernel through 4.0.5 relies on an untrusted length field during packet parsing, which allows remote attackers to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory or cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds read and system crash) via a crafted packet. (CVE-2015-4004)
- Race condition in arch/x86/mm/tlb.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4.1 allows local users to gain privileges by triggering access to a paging structure by a different CPU. (CVE-2016-2069)
- The atl2_probe function in drivers/net/ethernet/atheros/atlx/atl2.c in the Linux kernel through 4.5.2 incorrectly enables scatter/gather I/O, which allows remote attackers to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory by reading packet data. (CVE-2016-2117)
- The gtco_probe function in drivers/input/tablet/gtco.c in the Linux kernel through 4.5.2 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via a crafted endpoints value in a USB device descriptor. (CVE-2016-2187)
- The arch_pick_mmap_layout function in arch/x86/mm/mmap.c in the Linux kernel through 4.5.2 does not properly randomize the legacy base address, which makes it easier for local users to defeat the intended restrictions on the ADDR_NO_RANDOMIZE flag, and bypass the ASLR protection mechanism for a setuid or setgid program, by disabling stack-consumption resource limits. (CVE-2016-3672)
- Double free vulnerability in drivers/net/usb/cdc_ncm.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact by inserting a USB device with an invalid USB descriptor. (CVE-2016-3951)
- The usbip_recv_xbuff function in drivers/usb/usbip/usbip_common.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.3 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds write) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted length value in a USB/IP packet. (CVE-2016-3955)
- The llc_cmsg_rcv function in net/llc/af_llc.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.5 does not initialize a certain data structure, which allows attackers to obtain sensitive information from kernel stack memory by reading a message. (CVE-2016-4485)
- The rtnl_fill_link_ifmap function in net/core/rtnetlink.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.5 does not initialize a certain data structure, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel stack memory by reading a Netlink message. (CVE-2016-4486)
- fs/pnode.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.4 does not properly traverse a mount propagation tree in a certain case involving a slave mount, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and OOPS) via a crafted series of mount system calls. (CVE-2016-4581)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

7.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.8 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE-2015-4004
CVE-2016-2069
CVE-2016-2117
CVE-2016-2187
CVE-2016-3672
CVE-2016-3951
CVE-2016-3955
CVE-2016-4485
CVE-2016-4486
CVE-2016-4581
USN:2989-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/06/01, Modified: 2024/01/09

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tcp/0

101928 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3360-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3360-1 advisory.

- The ethtool_get_wol function in net/core/ethtool.c in the Linux kernel through 4.7, as used in Android before 2016-08-05 on Nexus 5 and 7 (2013) devices, does not initialize a certain data structure, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information via a crafted application, aka Android internal bug 28803952 and Qualcomm internal bug CR570754. (CVE-2014-9900)
- The ioresources_init function in kernel/resource.c in the Linux kernel through 4.7, as used in Android before 2016-08-05 on Nexus 6 and 7 (2013) devices, uses weak permissions for /proc/iomem, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information by reading this file, aka Android internal bug 28814213 and Qualcomm internal bug CR786116. NOTE: the permissions may be intentional in most non-Android contexts.

(CVE-2015-8944)

- arch/arm64/kernel/perf_event.c in the Linux kernel before 4.1 on arm64 platforms allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (invalid pointer dereference) via vectors involving events that are mishandled during a span of multiple HW PMUs. (CVE-2015-8955)
- Double free vulnerability in the sg_common_write function in drivers/scsi/sg.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (memory corruption and system crash) by detaching a device during an SG_IO ioctl call. (CVE-2015-8962)
- Race condition in kernel/events/core.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (use-after-free) by leveraging incorrect handling of an swevent data structure during a CPU unplug operation. (CVE-2015-8963)
- The tty_set_termios_ldisc function in drivers/tty/tty_ldisc.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5 allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory by reading a tty data structure. (CVE-2015-8964)
- arch/arm/kernel/sys_oabi-compat.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4 allows local users to gain privileges via a crafted (1) F_OFD_GETLK, (2) F_OFD_SETLK, or (3) F_OFD_SETLKW command in an fcntl64 system call. (CVE-2015-8966)
- arch/arm64/kernel/sys.c in the Linux kernel before 4.0 allows local users to bypass the strict page permissions protection mechanism and modify the system-call table, and consequently gain privileges, by leveraging write access. (CVE-2015-8967)
- The sg implementation in the Linux kernel through 4.9 does not properly restrict write operations in situations where the KERNEL_DS option is set, which allows local users to read or write to arbitrary kernel memory locations or cause a denial of service (use-after-free) by leveraging access to a /dev/sg device, related to block/bsg.c and drivers/scsi/sg.c. NOTE: this vulnerability exists because of an incomplete fix for CVE-2016-9576. (CVE-2016-10088)
- sound/core/timer.c in the Linux kernel before 4.11.5 is vulnerable to a data race in the ALSA /dev/snd/timer driver resulting in local users being able to read information belonging to other users, i.e., uninitialized memory contents may be disclosed when a read and an ioctl happen at the same time.

(CVE-2017-1000380)

- The vmw_gb_surface_define_ioctl function in drivers/gpu/drm/vmwgfx/vmwgfx_surface.c in the Linux kernel through 4.10.7 does not validate certain levels data, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system hang) via a crafted ioctl call for a /dev/dri/renderD* device. (CVE-2017-7346)
- The NFSv2 and NFSv3 server implementations in the Linux kernel through 4.10.13 lack certain checks for the end of a buffer, which allows remote attackers to trigger pointer-arithmetic errors or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted requests, related to fs/nfsd/nfs3xdr.c and fs/nfsd/nfsxdr.c. (CVE-2017-7895)
- The edge_bulk_in_callback function in drivers/usb/serial/io_ti.c in the Linux kernel before 4.10.4 allows local users to obtain sensitive information (in the dmesg ringbuffer and syslog) from uninitialized kernel memory by using a crafted USB device (posing as an io_ti USB serial device) to trigger an integer underflow. (CVE-2017-8924)
- The omninet_open function in drivers/usb/serial/omninet.c in the Linux kernel before 4.10.4 allows local users to cause a denial of service (tty exhaustion) by leveraging reference count mishandling. (CVE-2017-8925)
- The vmw_gb_surface_define_ioctl function (accessible via DRM_IOCTL_VMW_GB_SURFACE_CREATE) in drivers/gpu/drm/vmwgfx/vmwgfx_surface.c in the Linux kernel through 4.11.4 defines a backup_handle variable but does not give it an initial value. If one attempts to create a GB surface, with a previously allocated DMA buffer to be used as a backup buffer, the backup_handle variable does not get written to and is then later returned to user space, allowing local users to obtain sensitive information from uninitialized kernel memory via a crafted ioctl call. (CVE-2017-9605)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3360-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Critical
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2014-9900
CVE	CVE-2015-8944
CVE	CVE-2015-8955
CVE	CVE-2015-8962
CVE	CVE-2015-8963
CVE	CVE-2015-8964
CVE	CVE-2015-8966
CVE	CVE-2015-8967
CVE	CVE-2016-10088
CVE	CVE-2017-1000380
CVE	CVE-2017-7346
CVE	CVE-2017-7895
CVE	CVE-2017-8924
CVE	CVE-2017-8925
CVE	CVE-2017-9605
XREF	USN:3360-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/07/24, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

107003 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3583-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3583-1 advisory.

- A elevation of privilege vulnerability in the Upstream Linux file system. Product: Android. Versions: Android kernel. Android ID: A-36817013. (CVE-2017-0750)
- Use-after-free vulnerability in the snd_pcm_info function in the ALSA subsystem in the Linux kernel allows attackers to gain privileges via unspecified vectors. (CVE-2017-0861)
- The Linux Kernel 2.6.32 and later are affected by a denial of service, by flooding the diagnostic port 0x80 an exception can be triggered leading to a kernel panic. (CVE-2017-1000407)
- A security flaw was discovered in the nl80211_set_rekey_data() function in net/wireless/nl80211.c in the Linux kernel through 4.13.3. This function does not check whether the required attributes are present in a Netlink request. This request can be issued by a user with the CAP_NET_ADMIN capability and may result in a NULL pointer dereference and system crash. (CVE-2017-12153)
- The bio_map_user_iov and bio_unmap_user functions in block/bio.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.8 do unbalanced refcounting when a SCSI I/O vector has small consecutive buffers belonging to the same page.

The bio_add_pc_page function merges them into one, but the page reference is never dropped. This causes a memory leak and possible system lockup (exploitable against the host OS by a guest OS user, if a SCSI disk is passed through to a virtual machine) due to an out-of-memory condition. (CVE-2017-12190)

- The keyctl_read_key function in security/keys/keyctl.c in the Key Management subcomponent in the Linux kernel before 4.13.5 does not properly consider that a key may be possessed but negatively instantiated, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (OOPS and system crash) via a crafted KEYCTL_READ operation. (CVE-2017-12192)
- An integer overflow in the qla2x00_sysfs_write_optrom_ctl function in drivers/scsi/qla2xxx/qla_attr.c in the Linux kernel through 4.12.10 allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory corruption and system crash) by leveraging root access. (CVE-2017-14051)
- The move_pages system call in mm/migrate.c in the Linux kernel before 4.12.9 doesn't check the effective uid of the target process, enabling a local attacker to learn the memory layout of a setuid executable despite ASLR. (CVE-2017-14140)
- The atyfb_ioctl function in drivers/video/fbdev/aty/atyfb_base.c in the Linux kernel through 4.12.10 does not initialize a certain data structure, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel stack memory by reading locations associated with padding bytes. (CVE-2017-14156)
- The iscsi_if_rx function in drivers/scsi/scsi_transport_iscsi.c in the Linux kernel through 4.13.2 allows local users to cause a denial of service (panic) by leveraging incorrect length validation.

 (CVE-2017-14489)
- The tower_probe function in drivers/usb/misc/legousbtower.c in the Linux kernel before 4.8.1 allows local users (who are physically proximate for inserting a crafted USB device) to gain privileges by leveraging a write-what-where condition that occurs after a race condition and a NULL pointer dereference.

(CVE-2017-15102)

- The sctp_do_peeloff function in net/sctp/socket.c in the Linux kernel before 4.14 does not check whether the intended netns is used in a peel-off action, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (use-after-free and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted system calls. (CVE-2017-15115)
- security/keys/keyctl.c in the Linux kernel before 4.11.5 does not consider the case of a NULL payload in conjunction with a nonzero length value, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and OOPS) via a crafted add_key or keyctl system call, a different vulnerability than CVE-2017-12192. (CVE-2017-15274)
- The bnep_add_connection function in net/bluetooth/bnep/core.c in the Linux kernel before 3.19 does not ensure that an l2cap socket is available, which allows local users to gain privileges via a crafted application. (CVE-2017-15868)
- The usb_serial_console_disconnect function in drivers/usb/serial/console.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.8 allows local users to cause a denial of service (use-after-free and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device, related to disconnection and failed setup. (CVE-2017-16525)
- net/netfilter/xt_osf.c in the Linux kernel through 4.14.4 does not require the CAP_NET_ADMIN capability for add_callback and remove_callback operations, which allows local users to bypass intended access restrictions because the xt_osf_fingers data structure is shared across all net namespaces. (CVE-2017-17450)
- The HMAC implementation (crypto/hmac.c) in the Linux kernel before 4.14.8 does not validate that the underlying cryptographic hash algorithm is unkeyed, allowing a local attacker able to use the AF_ALG-based hash interface (CONFIG_CRYPTO_USER_API_HASH) and the SHA-3 hash algorithm (CONFIG_CRYPTO_SHA3) to cause a kernel stack buffer overflow by executing a crafted sequence of system calls that encounter a missing SHA-3 initialization. (CVE-2017-17806)
- The tcpmss_mangle_packet function in net/netfilter/xt_TCPMSS.c in the Linux kernel before 4.11, and 4.9.x before 4.9.36, allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (use-after-free and memory corruption) or possibly have unspecified other impact by leveraging the presence of xt_TCPMSS in an iptables action. (CVE-2017-18017)
- The do_shmat function in ipc/shm.c in the Linux kernel through 4.9.12 does not restrict the address calculated by a certain rounding operation, which allows local users to map page zero, and consequently bypass a protection mechanism that exists for the mmap system call, by making crafted shmget and shmat system calls in a privileged context. (CVE-2017-5669)
- Systems with microprocessors utilizing speculative execution and indirect branch prediction may allow unauthorized disclosure of information to an attacker with local user access via a side-channel analysis of the data cache. (CVE-2017-5754)
- The ip6_find_1stfragopt function in net/ipv6/output_core.c in the Linux kernel through 4.12.3 allows local users to cause a denial of service (integer overflow and infinite loop) by leveraging the ability to open a raw socket. (CVE-2017-7542)
- The mm subsystem in the Linux kernel through 3.2 does not properly enforce the CONFIG_STRICT_DEVMEM protection mechanism, which allows local users to read or write to kernel memory locations in the first megabyte (and bypass slab-allocation access restrictions) via an application that opens the /dev/mem file, related to arch/x86/mm/init.c and drivers/char/mem.c. (CVE-2017-7889)

- The dccp_disconnect function in net/dccp/proto.c in the Linux kernel through 4.14.3 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (use-after-free) via an AF_UNSPEC connect system call during the DCCP_LISTEN state. (CVE-2017-8824)
- In the Linux kernel through 4.14.13, the rds_cmsg_atomic function in net/rds/rdma.c mishandles cases where page pinning fails or an invalid address is supplied, leading to an rds_atomic_free_op NULL pointer dereference. (CVE-2018-5333)
- In the Linux kernel through 4.14.13, drivers/block/loop.c mishandles lo_release serialization, which allows attackers to cause a denial of service (__lock_acquire use-after-free) or possibly have unspecified other impact. (CVE-2018-5344)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3583-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Critical
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
9.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
8.1
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
8.7 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)
STIG Severity

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116			1003

CVE	CVE-2017-0750	
CVE	CVE-2017-0861	
CVE	CVE-2017-1000407	
CVE	CVE-2017-12153	
CVE	CVE-2017-12190	
CVE	CVE-2017-12192	
CVE	CVE-2017-14051	
CVE	CVE-2017-14140	
CVE	CVE-2017-14156	
CVE	CVE-2017-14489	
CVE	CVE-2017-15102	
CVE	CVE-2017-15115	
CVE	CVE-2017-15274	
CVE	CVE-2017-15868	
CVE	CVE-2017-16525	
CVE	CVE-2017-17450	
CVE	CVE-2017-17806	
CVE	CVE-2017-18017	
CVE	CVE-2017-5669	
CVE	CVE-2017-5754	
CVE	CVE-2017-7542	
CVE	CVE-2017-7889	
CVE	CVE-2017-8824	
CVE	CVE-2018-5333	
CVE	CVE-2018-5344	
XREF	USN:3583-1	
XREF	IAVA:2018-A-0019	

Exploitable With

Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/26, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

108843 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3620-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3620-1 advisory.

- In android for MSM, Firefox OS for MSM, QRD Android, with all Android releases from CAF using the Linux kernel, a buffer overread is observed in nl80211_set_station when user space application sends attribute NL80211_ATTR_LOCAL_MESH_POWER_MODE with data of size less than 4 bytes (CVE-2017-11089)
- In /drivers/isdn/i4l/isdn_net.c: A user-controlled buffer is copied into a local buffer of constant size using strcpy without a length check which can cause a buffer overflow. This affects the Linux kernel 4.9-stable tree, 4.12-stable tree, 3.18-stable tree, and 4.4-stable tree. (CVE-2017-12762)
- net/netfilter/nfnetlink_cthelper.c in the Linux kernel through 4.14.4 does not require the CAP_NET_ADMIN capability for new, get, and del operations, which allows local users to bypass intended access restrictions because the nfnl_cthelper_list data structure is shared across all net namespaces.

 (CVE-2017-17448)
- The KVM implementation in the Linux kernel through 4.14.7 allows attackers to obtain potentially sensitive information from kernel memory, aka a write_mmio stack-based out-of-bounds read, related to arch/x86/kvm/x86.c and include/trace/events/kvm.h. (CVE-2017-17741)
- The Salsa20 encryption algorithm in the Linux kernel before 4.14.8 does not correctly handle zero-length inputs, allowing a local attacker able to use the AF_ALG-based skcipher interface (CONFIG_CRYPTO_USER_API_SKCIPHER) to cause a denial of service (uninitialized-memory free and kernel crash) or have unspecified other impact by executing a crafted sequence of system calls that use the blkcipher_walk API. Both the generic implementation (crypto/salsa20_generic.c) and x86 implementation (arch/x86/crypto/salsa20_glue.c) of Salsa20 were vulnerable. (CVE-2017-17805)
- The KEYS subsystem in the Linux kernel before 4.14.6 omitted an access-control check when adding a key to the current task's default request-key keyring via the request_key() system call, allowing a local user to use a sequence of crafted system calls to add keys to a keyring with only Search permission (not Write permission) to that keyring, related to construct_get_dest_keyring() in security/keys/request_key.c. (CVE-2017-17807)
- Linux Linux kernel version at least v4.8 onwards, probably well before contains a Insufficient input validation vulnerability in bnx2x network card driver that can result in DoS: Network card firmware assertion takes card off-line. This attack appear to be exploitable via An attacker on a must pass a very large, specially crafted packet to the bnx2x card. This can be done from an untrusted guest VM.. (CVE-2018-1000026)
- In the Linux kernel through 3.2, the rds_message_alloc_sgs() function does not validate a value that is used during DMA page allocation, leading to a heap-based out-of-bounds write (related to the rds rdma extra size function in net/rds/rdma.c). (CVE-2018-5332)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See	Δ	lsc
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https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3620-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2017-11089
CVE	CVE-2017-12762
CVE	CVE-2017-17448
CVE	CVE-2017-17741
CVE	CVE-2017-17805
CVE	CVE-2017-17807
CVE	CVE-2018-1000026
CVE	CVE-2018-5332
XREF	USN:3620-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/04/05, Modified: 2024/01/09

Ρl	ugin	Outp	ut

tcp/0

112113 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3754-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3754-1 advisory.

- The ext4_fill_super function in fs/ext4/super.c in the Linux kernel through 4.9.8 does not properly validate meta block groups, which allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (out- of-bounds read and system crash) via a crafted ext4 image. (CVE-2016-10208)
- The acpi_ns_terminate() function in drivers/acpi/acpica/nsutils.c in the Linux kernel before 4.12 does not flush the operand cache and causes a kernel stack dump, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory and bypass the KASLR protection mechanism (in the kernel through 4.9) via a crafted ACPI table. (CVE-2017-11472)
- Buffer overflow in the mp_override_legacy_irq() function in arch/x86/kernel/acpi/boot.c in the Linux kernel through 3.2 allows local users to gain privileges via a crafted ACPI table. (CVE-2017-11473)
- The sg_ioctl function in drivers/scsi/sg.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.4 allows local users to obtain sensitive information from uninitialized kernel heap-memory locations via an SG_GET_REQUEST_TABLE ioctl call for /dev/sg0. (CVE-2017-14991)
- net/packet/af_packet.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.6 allows local users to gain privileges via crafted system calls that trigger mishandling of packet_fanout data structures, because of a race condition (involving fanout_add and packet_do_bind) that leads to a use-after-free, a different vulnerability than CVE-2017-6346. (CVE-2017-15649)
- drivers/uwb/uwbd.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.6 allows local users to cause a denial of service (general protection fault and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16526)
- sound/usb/mixer.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.8 allows local users to cause a denial of service (snd_usb_mixer_interrupt use-after-free and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16527)
- The snd_usb_create_streams function in sound/usb/card.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.6 allows local users to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds read and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16529)
- drivers/usb/core/config.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.6 allows local users to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds read and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device, related to the USB_DT_INTERFACE_ASSOCIATION descriptor. (CVE-2017-16531)
- The get_endpoints function in drivers/usb/misc/usbtest.c in the Linux kernel through 4.13.11 allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16532)
- The usbhid_parse function in drivers/hid/usbhid/hid-core.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.8 allows local users to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds read and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16533)

- The usb_get_bos_descriptor function in drivers/usb/core/config.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.10 allows local users to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds read and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16535)
- The cx231xx_usb_probe function in drivers/media/usb/cx231xx/cx231xx-cards.c in the Linux kernel through 4.13.11 allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16536)
- The imon_probe function in drivers/media/rc/imon.c in the Linux kernel through 4.13.11 allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16537)
- drivers/media/usb/dvb-usb-v2/Imedm04.c in the Linux kernel through 4.13.11 allows local users to cause a denial of service (general protection fault and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device, related to a missing warm-start check and incorrect attach timing (dm04_lme2510_frontend_attach versus dm04_lme2510_tuner). (CVE-2017-16538)
- The parse_hid_report_descriptor function in drivers/input/tablet/gtco.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.11 allows local users to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds read and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16643)
- The hdpvr_probe function in drivers/media/usb/hdpvr/hdpvr-core.c in the Linux kernel through 4.13.11 allows local users to cause a denial of service (improper error handling and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16644)
- The ims_pcu_get_cdc_union_desc function in drivers/input/misc/ims-pcu.c in the Linux kernel through 4.13.11 allows local users to cause a denial of service (ims_pcu_parse_cdc_data out-of-bounds read and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16645)
- The qmi_wwan_bind function in drivers/net/usb/qmi_wwan.c in the Linux kernel through 4.13.11 allows local users to cause a denial of service (divide-by-zero error and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16650)
- The vhci_hcd driver in the Linux Kernel before version 4.14.8 and 4.4.114 allows allows local attackers to disclose kernel memory addresses. Successful exploitation requires that a USB device is attached over IP. (CVE-2017-16911)
- The get_pipe() function (drivers/usb/usbip/stub_rx.c) in the Linux Kernel before version 4.14.8, 4.9.71, and 4.4.114 allows attackers to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds read) via a specially crafted USB over IP packet. (CVE-2017-16912)
- The stub_recv_cmd_submit() function (drivers/usb/usbip/stub_rx.c) in the Linux Kernel before version 4.14.8, 4.9.71, and 4.4.114 when handling CMD_SUBMIT packets allows attackers to cause a denial of service (arbitrary memory allocation) via a specially crafted USB over IP packet. (CVE-2017-16913)
- The stub_send_ret_submit() function (drivers/usb/usbip/stub_tx.c) in the Linux Kernel before version 4.14.8, 4.9.71, 4.1.49, and 4.4.107 allows attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference) via a specially crafted USB over IP packet. (CVE-2017-16914)
- The usb_destroy_configuration function in drivers/usb/core/config.c in the USB core subsystem in the Linux kernel through 4.14.5 does not consider the maximum number of configurations and interfaces before attempting to release resources, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds write access) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-17558)
- The perf_cpu_time_max_percent_handler function in kernel/events/core.c in the Linux kernel before 4.11 allows local users to cause a denial of service (integer overflow) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a large value, as demonstrated by an incorrect sample-rate calculation. (CVE-2017-18255)

- In the Linux kernel before 4.13.5, a local user could create keyrings for other users via keyctl commands, setting unwanted defaults or causing a denial of service. (CVE-2017-18270)
- The load_segment_descriptor implementation in arch/x86/kvm/emulate.c in the Linux kernel before 4.9.5 improperly emulates a MOV SS, NULL selector instruction, which allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (guest OS crash) or gain guest OS privileges via a crafted application. (CVE-2017-2583)
- arch/x86/kvm/emulate.c in the Linux kernel through 4.9.3 allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory or cause a denial of service (use-after-free) via a crafted application that leverages instruction emulation for fxrstor, fxsave, sgdt, and sidt. (CVE-2017-2584)
- The ping_unhash function in net/ipv4/ping.c in the Linux kernel through 4.10.8 is too late in obtaining a certain lock and consequently cannot ensure that disconnect function calls are safe, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (panic) by leveraging access to the protocol value of IPPROTO_ICMP in a socket system call. (CVE-2017-2671)
- The klsi_105_get_line_state function in drivers/usb/serial/kl5kusb105.c in the Linux kernel before 4.9.5 places uninitialized heap-memory contents into a log entry upon a failure to read the line status, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information by reading the log. (CVE-2017-5549)
- The ip6gre_err function in net/ipv6/ip6_gre.c in the Linux kernel allows remote attackers to have unspecified impact via vectors involving GRE flags in an IPv6 packet, which trigger an out-of-bounds access. (CVE-2017-5897)
- The LLC subsystem in the Linux kernel before 4.9.13 does not ensure that a certain destructor exists in required circumstances, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (BUG_ON) or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted system calls. (CVE-2017-6345)
- The hashbin_delete function in net/irda/irqueue.c in the Linux kernel before 4.9.13 improperly manages lock dropping, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (deadlock) via crafted operations on IrDA devices. (CVE-2017-6348)
- A flaw was found in the Linux kernel before version 4.12 in the way the KVM module processed the trap flag(TF) bit in EFLAGS during emulation of the syscall instruction, which leads to a debug exception(#DB) being raised in the guest stack. A user/process inside a guest could use this flaw to potentially escalate their privileges inside the guest. Linux guests are not affected by this. (CVE-2017-7518)
- The NFSv2/NFSv3 server in the nfsd subsystem in the Linux kernel through 4.10.11 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash) via a long RPC reply, related to net/sunrpc/svc.c, fs/nfsd/nfs3xdr.c, and fs/nfsd/nfsxdr.c. (CVE-2017-7645)
- The saa7164_bus_get function in drivers/media/pci/saa7164/saa7164-bus.c in the Linux kernel through 4.11.5 allows local users to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds array access) or possibly have unspecified other impact by changing a certain sequence-number value, aka a double fetch vulnerability. (CVE-2017-8831)
- The snd_msnd_interrupt function in sound/isa/msnd/msnd_pinnacle.c in the Linux kernel through 4.11.7 allows local users to cause a denial of service (over-boundary access) or possibly have unspecified other impact by changing the value of a message queue head pointer between two kernel reads of that value, aka a double fetch vulnerability. (CVE-2017-9984)
- The snd_msndmidi_input_read function in sound/isa/msnd/msnd_midi.c in the Linux kernel through 4.11.7 allows local users to cause a denial of service (over-boundary access) or possibly have unspecified other impact by changing the value of a message queue head pointer between two kernel reads of that value, aka a double fetch vulnerability. (CVE-2017-9985)
- Linux Kernel version 3.18 to 4.16 incorrectly handles an SG_IO ioctl on /dev/sg0 with dxfer_direction=SG_DXFER_FROM_DEV and an empty 6-byte cmdp. This may lead to copying up to 1000

kernel heap pages to the userspace. This has been fixed upstream in https://github.com/torvalds/linux/commit/a45b599ad808c3c982fdcdc12b0b8611c2f92824 already. The problem has limited scope, as users don't usually have permissions to access SCSI devices. On the other hand, e.g. the Nero user manual suggests doing `chmod o+r+w /dev/sg*` to make the devices accessible. NOTE: third parties dispute the relevance of this report, noting that the requirement for an attacker to have both the CAP_SYS_ADMIN and CAP_SYS_RAWIO capabilities makes it virtually impossible to exploit. (CVE-2018-1000204)

- drivers/scsi/libsas/sas_scsi_host.c in the Linux kernel before 4.16 allows local users to cause a denial of service (ata qc leak) by triggering certain failure conditions. NOTE: a third party disputes the relevance of this report because the failure can only occur for physically proximate attackers who unplug SAS Host Bus Adapter cables (CVE-2018-10021)
- The kernel_wait4 function in kernel/exit.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13, when an unspecified architecture and compiler is used, might allow local users to cause a denial of service by triggering an attempted use of the -INT_MIN value. (CVE-2018-10087)
- The kill_something_info function in kernel/signal.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13, when an unspecified architecture and compiler is used, might allow local users to cause a denial of service via an INT_MIN argument. (CVE-2018-10124)
- The xfs_bmap_extents_to_btree function in fs/xfs/libxfs/xfs_bmap.c in the Linux kernel through 4.16.3 allows local users to cause a denial of service (xfs_bmapi_write NULL pointer dereference) via a crafted xfs image. (CVE-2018-10323)
- The do_get_mempolicy function in mm/mempolicy.c in the Linux kernel before 4.12.9 allows local users to cause a denial of service (use-after-free) or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted system calls. (CVE-2018-10675)
- Linux kernel ext4 filesystem is vulnerable to an out-of-bound access in the ext4_ext_drop_refs() function when operating on a crafted ext4 filesystem image. (CVE-2018-10877)
- A flaw was found in the Linux kernel's ext4 filesystem. A local user can cause an out-of-bound access in ext4_get_group_info function, a denial of service, and a system crash by mounting and operating on a crafted ext4 filesystem image. (CVE-2018-10881)
- The ext4_iget function in fs/ext4/inode.c in the Linux kernel through 4.15.15 mishandles the case of a root directory with a zero i_links_count, which allows attackers to cause a denial of service (ext4_process_freed_data NULL pointer dereference and OOPS) via a crafted ext4 image. (CVE-2018-1092)
- The ext4_valid_block_bitmap function in fs/ext4/balloc.c in the Linux kernel through 4.15.15 allows attackers to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds read and system crash) via a crafted ext4 image because balloc.c and ialloc.c do not validate bitmap block numbers. (CVE-2018-1093)
- The cdrom_ioctl_media_changed function in drivers/cdrom/cdrom.c in the Linux kernel before 4.16.6 allows local attackers to use a incorrect bounds check in the CDROM driver CDROM_MEDIA_CHANGED ioctl to read out kernel memory. (CVE-2018-10940)
- In the ea_get function in fs/jfs/xattr.c in the Linux kernel through 4.17.1, a memory corruption bug in JFS can be triggered by calling setxattr twice with two different extended attribute names on the same file. This vulnerability can be triggered by an unprivileged user with the ability to create files and execute programs. A kmalloc call is incorrect, leading to slab-out-of-bounds in jfs_xattr.

(CVE-2018-12233)

- An issue was discovered in fs/xfs/libxfs/xfs_attr_leaf.c in the Linux kernel through 4.17.3. An OOPS may occur for a corrupted xfs image after xfs da shrink inode() is called with a NULL bp. (CVE-2018-13094)
- The inode_init_owner function in fs/inode.c in the Linux kernel through 3.16 allows local users to create files with an unintended group ownership, in a scenario where a directory is SGID to a certain group and is

writable by a user who is not a member of that group. Here, the non-member can trigger creation of a plain file whose group ownership is that group. The intended behavior was that the non-member can trigger creation of a directory (but not a plain file) whose group ownership is that group. The non-member can escalate privileges by making the plain file executable and SGID. (CVE-2018-13405)

- An integer overflow in the uvesafb_setcmap function in drivers/video/fbdev/uvesafb.c in the Linux kernel before 4.17.4 could result in local attackers being able to crash the kernel or potentially elevate privileges because kmalloc_array is not used. (CVE-2018-13406)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also			
https://ubuntu	https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3754-1		
Solution			
301011011			
Update the aff	fected kernel package.		
Risk Factor			
High			
CVSS v3.0 Bas	se Score		
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/A	AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)		
CVSS v3.0 Ten	nporal Score		
8.8 (CVSS:3.0/E	E:P/RL:O/RC:C)		
VPR Score			
7.4			
CVSS v2.0 Bas	se Score		
7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)			
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score			
5.9 (CVSS2#E:I	POC/RL:OF/RC:C)		
References			
CVE	CVE-2016-10208		
CVE	CVE-2017-11472		
CVE	CVE-2017-11473		
CVE	CVE-2017-14991		

CVE	CVE-2017-15649
CVE	CVE-2017-16526
CVE	CVE-2017-16527
CVE	CVE-2017-16529
CVE	CVE-2017-16531
CVE	CVE-2017-16532
CVE	CVE-2017-16533
CVE	CVE-2017-16535
CVE	CVE-2017-16536
CVE	CVE-2017-16537
CVE	CVE-2017-16538
CVE	CVE-2017-16643
CVE	CVE-2017-16644
CVE	CVE-2017-16645
CVE	CVE-2017-16650
CVE	CVE-2017-16911
CVE	CVE-2017-16912
CVE	CVE-2017-16913
CVE	CVE-2017-16914
CVE	CVE-2017-17558
CVE	CVE-2017-18255
CVE	CVE-2017-18270
CVE	CVE-2017-2583
CVE	CVE-2017-2584
CVE	CVE-2017-2671
CVE	CVE-2017-5549
CVE	CVE-2017-5897
CVE	CVE-2017-6345
CVE	CVE-2017-6348
CVE	CVE-2017-7518
CVE	CVE-2017-7645
CVE	CVE-2017-8831
CVE	CVE-2017-9984
CVE	CVE-2017-9985
CVE	CVE-2018-1000204
CVE	CVE-2018-10021
CVE	CVE-2018-10087
CVE	CVE-2018-10124
CVE	CVE-2018-10323
CVE	CVE-2018-10675
CVE	CVE-2018-10877
CVE	CVE-2018-10881
CVE	CVE-2018-1092

CVE	CVE-2018-1093
CVE	CVE-2018-10940
CVE	CVE-2018-12233
CVE	CVE-2018-13094
CVE	CVE-2018-13405
CVE	CVE-2018-13406
XREF	USN:3754-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/08/24, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

85801 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2734-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2734-1 advisory.
- Integer overflow in the sg_start_req function in drivers/scsi/sg.c in the Linux kernel 2.6.x through 4.x before 4.1 allows local users to cause a denial of service or possibly have unspecified other impact via a large iov_count value in a write request. (CVE-2015-5707)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2734-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.6 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2015-5707 XREF USN:2734-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/09/04, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

96980 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3188-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3188-1 advisory.
- The sctp_sf_ootb function in net/sctp/sm_statefuns.c in the Linux kernel before 4.8.8 lacks chunk-length checking for the first chunk, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds slab access) or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted SCTP data. (CVE-2016-9555)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3188-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Critical
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
7.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-9555 XREF USN:3188-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

125851 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: glib2.0 vulnerability (USN-4014-2)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security-related patches. Description USN-4014-1 fixed a vulnerability in GLib. This update provides the corresponding update for Ubuntu 12.04 ESM and Ubuntu 14.04 ESM. Original advisory details: It was discovered that GLib incorrectly handled certain files. An attacker could possibly use this issue to access sensitive information. Note that Tenable Network Security has extracted the preceding description block directly from the Ubuntu security advisory. Tenable has attempted to automatically clean and format it as much as possible without introducing additional issues. See Also https://usn.ubuntu.com/4014-2/ Solution Update the affected libglib2.0-0, libglib2.0-bin and / or libglib2.0-dev packages. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 6.7 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2019-12450 XREF USN:4014-2

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/06/12, Modified: 2024/05/16

Plugin Output

tcp/0

33850 - Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection

Synopsis

The operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the Unix operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

Solution

Upgrade to a version of the Unix operating system that is currently supported.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0502 XREF IAVA:0001-A-0648

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/08/08, Modified: 2024/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Ubuntu 14.04 support ended on $2019 \cdot 04 \cdot 30$ (end of maintenance) / $2024 \cdot 04 \cdot 30$ (end of extended security maintenance).

Upgrade to Ubuntu 23.04 / LTS 22.04 / LTS 20.04 .

For more information, see : https://wiki.ubuntu.com/Releases

125855 - phpMyAdmin prior to 4.8.6 SQLi vulnerablity (PMASA-2019-3)

Synopsis The remote web server hosts a PHP application that is affected by SQLi vulnerability. Description According to its self-reported version number, the phpMyAdmin application hosted on the remote web server is prior to 4.8.6. It is, therefore, affected by a SQL injection (SQLi) vulnerability that exists in designer feature of phpMyAdmin. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to inject or manipulate SQL queries in the back-end database, resulting in the disclosure or manipulation of arbitrary data. Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?c9d7fc8c Solution Upgrade to phpMyAdmin version 4.8.6 or later. Alternatively, apply the patches referenced in the vendor advisories. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 5.9 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 108617

CVE CVE-2019-11768

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/06/13, Modified: 2024/06/04

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

42424 - CGI Generic SQL Injection (blind)

Synopsis

A CGI application hosted on the remote web server is potentially prone to SQL injection attack.

Description

By sending specially crafted parameters to one or more CGI scripts hosted on the remote web server, Nessus was able to get a very different response, which suggests that it may have been able to modify the behavior of the application and directly access the underlying database.

An attacker may be able to exploit this issue to bypass authentication, read confidential data, modify the remote database, or even take control of the remote operating system.

See Also

http://www.securiteam.com/securityreviews/5DP0N1P76E.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?ed792cf5

http://www.nessus.org/u?11ab1866

Solution

Modify the affected CGI scripts so that they properly escape arguments.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

8.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

References

XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:77
XREF	CWE:89
XREF	CWE:91
XREF	CWE:203
XREF	CWE:643
XREF	CWE:713
XREF	CWE:722

```
XREF CWE:727
XREF CWE:801
XREF CWE:810
XREF CWE:928
XREF CWE:929
```

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/06, Modified: 2024/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Using the GET HTTP method, Nessus found that:

+ The following resources may be vulnerable to blind SQL injection:

+ The 'js_frame' parameter of the /phpmyadmin/phpmyadmin.css.php CGI:

/phpmyadmin/phpmyadmin.css.php?token=69830204c8eac460ae41291389c9868c&no cache=4334846010&server=1&js_frame=rightzz69830204c8eac460ae41291389c9868c&nocache=4334846010&server=1&js_frame=rightyy

+ The 'q' parameter of the /drupal/ CGI:

/drupal/?form_id=user_login_block&destination=node&form_build_id=form-d8LdjYn0RUGOTOJVGyqs1cbfT5q2VZRXrV9DuvGs4YA&pass=&op=Log%20in&name=&q=rss.xmlzzuser_login_block&destination=node&form_build_id=form-d8LdjYn0RUGOTOJVGyqs1cbfT5q2VZRXrV9DuvGs4YA&pass=&op=Log%20in&name=&q=rss.xmlyy

Using the POST HTTP method, Nessus found that:

+ The following resources may be vulnerable to blind SQL injection:

+ The 'password' parameter of the /payroll_app.php CGI:

/payroll_app.php [user=&s=OK&password='+or+'1'='1]
```

78515 - Drupal Database Abstraction API SQLi

Synopsis

The remote web server is running a PHP application that is affected by a SQL injection vulnerability.

Description

The remote web server is running a version of Drupal that is affected by a SQL injection vulnerability due to a flaw in the Drupal database abstraction API, which allows a remote attacker to use specially crafted requests that can result in arbitrary SQL execution. This may lead to privilege escalation, arbitrary PHP execution, or remote code execution.

See Also

https://www.drupal.org/SA-CORE-2014-005

https://www.drupal.org/project/drupal/releases/7.32

Solution

Upgrade to version 7.32 or later.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

7.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.2 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	70595
CVE	CVE-2014-3704
XREF	EDB-ID:34984
XREF	EDB-ID:34992
XREF	EDB-ID:34993
XREF	EDB-ID:35150

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/16, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Nessus was able to exploit the issue using the following request :
POST /drupal/?q=node&destination=node HTTP/1.1
Host: 10.0.2.9
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1, utf-8; q=0.9, *; q=0.1
Accept-Language: en
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Connection: Keep-Alive
Content-Length: 117
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Pragma: no-cache
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
name[0;SELECT
+@@version; \#] = 0; \&name [0] = nessus \& pass = nessus \& test2 = test \& form\_build\_id = \& form\_id = user\_login\_block \& op = Login\_block & op = L
This produced the following truncated output (limited to 5 lines) :
 ----- snip
>Warning</em>: mb_strlen() expects parameter 1 to be string, array given in <em
 class="placeholder">drupal_strlen()</em> (line <em class="placeholder">441</em> of <em
 class="placeholder">/var/www/html/drupal/includes/unicode.inc</em>).
<em class="placeholder">Warning</em>: addcslashes() expects parameter 1 to be string,
 array given in <em class="placeholder">DatabaseConnection-&gt;escapeLike()</em> (line <em
 class="placeholder">965</em> of <em class="placeholder">/var/www/html/drupal/includes/database/
database.inc</em>).
Sorry, too many failed login attempts from your IP address. This IP address is temporarily
 blocked. Try again later or <a href="/drupal/?q=user/password">request a new password</a>.
</div>
 [...]
 ----- snip -----
```

146799 - Linux Sudo Privilege Escalation (Out-of-bounds Write)

Synopsis
The remote Linux distribution host is missing a security-related update.
Description
Sudo before 1.9.5p2 has a Heap-based Buffer Overflow, allowing privilege escalation to root via 'sudoedit -s and a command-line argument that ends with a single backslash character.
See Also
https://www.sudo.ws/alerts/unescape_overflow.html
Solution
n/a.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
9.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)
References
CVE CVE-2021-3156 XREF CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/04/27

Exploitable With
CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)
Plugin Information
Published: 2021/02/24, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output

tcp/0

66585 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.13 Information Disclosure

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is potentially affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is prior to 5.4.13. It is, therefore, potentially affected by an information disclosure vulnerability. The 5.4.12 fix for CVE-2013-1635 / CVE-2013-1643 was incomplete and an error still exists in the files 'ext/soap/php_xml.c' and 'ext/libxml/ libxml.c' related to handling external entities. This error could cause PHP to parse remote XML documents defined by an attacker and could allow access to arbitraryfiles.

Note that this plugin does not attempt to exploit the vulnerability, but instead relies only on PHP's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?7c770707

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.13

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.13 or later.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	58224
BID	58766
BID	62373
CVE	CVE-2013-1635
CVE	CVE-2013-1643
CVE	CVE-2013-1824

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/05/24, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

67260 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.17 Buffer Overflow

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is potentially affected by a buffer overflow vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is a version prior to 5.4.17. It is, therefore, potentially affected by a buffer overflow error that exists in the function '_pdo_pgsql_error' in the file 'ext/pdo_pgsql_driver.c'.

Note that this plugin does not attempt to exploit this vulnerability, but instead, relies only on PHP's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=64949

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.17

Solution

Apply the vendor patch or upgrade to PHP version 5.4.17 or later.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

9.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/12, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

69401 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.19 Multiple Vulnerabilities

VPR Score

5.9

Synopsis The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is a version prior to 5.4.19. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities: - A heap corruption error exists in numerous functions in the file 'ext/xml/xml.c'. (CVE-2013-4113 / Bug #65236) - An error exists related to certificate validation, the 'subjectAltName' field and certificates containing NULL bytes. This error can allow spoofing attacks. (CVE-2013-4248) Note that this plugin does not attempt to exploit these vulnerabilities, but instead relies only on PHP's selfreported version number. See Also https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=65236 http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.18 Solution Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.19 or later. Note the 5.4.18 release contains an uninitialized memory read bug and a compile error that prevent proper operation. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 61128 BID 61776

CVE CVE-2013-4113 CVE CVE-2013-4248

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/08/21, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

71427 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.23 OpenSSL openssl x509 parse() Memory Corruption

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is potentially affected by a memory corruption vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is a version prior to 5.4.23. It is, therefore, potentially affected by a memory corruption flaw in the way the openssl_x509_parse() function of the PHP OpenSSL extension parsed X.509 certificates. A remote attacker could use this flaw to provide a malicious, self-signed certificate or a certificate signed by a trusted authority to a PHP application using the aforementioned function. This could cause the application to crash or possibly allow the attacker to execute arbitrary code with the privileges of the user running the PHP interpreter.

Note that this plugin does not attempt to exploit the vulnerability, but instead relies only on PHP's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.23

https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2013/Dec/96

https://bugzilla.redhat.com/show_bug.cgi?id=1036830

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.23 or later.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 64225

CVE CVE-2013-6420

XREF EDB-ID:30395

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/12/14, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

73862 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.28 FPM Unix Socket Insecure Permission Escalation

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is potentially affected by a permission escalation vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is a version prior to 5.4.28. It is, therefore, potentially affected by a permission escalation vulnerability.

A flaw exists within the FastCGI Process Manager (FPM) when setting permissions for a Unix socket. This could allow a remote attacker to gain elevated privileges after gaining access to the socket.

Note that this plugin has not attempted to exploit this issue, but instead relied only on PHP's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.28

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67060

http://www.nessus.org/u?a7b8dfdd

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.28 or later.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 67118

CVE CVE-2014-0185

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/05/05, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

76281 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.30 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server is running a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is a version prior to 5.4.30. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- Boundary checking errors exist related to the Fileinfo extension, Composite Document Format (CDF) handling and the functions 'cdf_read_short_sector', 'cdf_check_stream_offset', 'cdf_count_chain', and 'cdf_read_property_info'. (CVE-2014-0207, CVE-2014-3479, CVE-2014-3480, CVE-2014-3487)
- A pascal string size handling error exists related to the Fileinfo extension and the function 'mconvert'. (CVE-2014-3478)
- A type-confusion error exists related to the Standard PHP Library (SPL) extension and the function 'unserialize'. (CVE-2014-3515)
- An error exists related to configuration scripts and temporary file handling that could allow insecure file usage. (CVE-2014-3981)
- A heap-based buffer overflow error exists related to the function 'dns_get_record' that could allow execution of arbitrary code. (CVE-2014-4049)
- A type-confusion error exists related to the function 'php_print_info' that could allow disclosure of sensitive information. (CVE-2014-4721)
- An out-of-bounds read error exists in the timelib_meridian_with_check() function due to a failure to properly check string ends. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service condition or to disclose memory contents.
- An out-of-bounds read error exists in the date_parse_from_format() function due to a failure in the date parsing routines to properly check string ends. A remote attacker can exploit this to cause a denial of service condition or to disclose memory contents.
- An error exists related to unserialization and 'SplFileObject' handling that could allow denial of service attacks. (Bug #67072)
- A double free error exists related to the Intl extension and the method 'Locale::parseLocale' having unspecified impact. (Bug #67349)
- A buffer overflow error exists related to the Intl extension and the functions 'locale_get_display_name' and 'uloc_getDisplayName' having unspecified impact.
 (Bug #67397)

Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit these issues, but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.30

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67072 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67326 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67349 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67390 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67397 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67410 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67411 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67412 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67413 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67432 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67492 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67498 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67253 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67251 https://seclists.org/oss-sec/2014/q3/29 https://www.sektioneins.de/en/blog/14-07-04-phpinfo-infoleak.html Solution Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.30 or later. Risk Factor High **VPR** Score 5.9 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C) References BID 67837 BID 68007 BID 68120 BID 68237 BID 68238

BID	68239
BID	68241
BID	68243
BID	68423
BID	68550
CVE	CVE-2014-0207
CVE	CVE-2014-3478
CVE	CVE-2014-3479
CVE	CVE-2014-3480
CVE	CVE-2014-3487
CVE	CVE-2014-3515
CVE	CVE-2014-3981
CVE	CVE-2014-4049
CVE	CVE-2014-4721

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/06/27, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

78545 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.34 Multiple Vulnerabilities

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

Synopsis The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is prior to 5.4.34. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities: - A buffer overflow error exists in the function 'mkgmtime' that can allow application crashes or arbitrary code execution. (CVE-2014-3668) - An integer overflow error exists in the function 'unserialize' that can allow denial of service attacks. Note that this only affects 32-bit instances. (CVE-2014-3669) - A heap corruption error exists in the function 'exif thumbnail' that can allow application crashes or arbitrary code execution. (CVE-2014-3670) - An input-validation error exists in the cURL extension's file 'ext/curl/interface.c' and NULL option handling that can allow information disclosure. (Bug #68089) Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.34 Solution Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.34 or later. Risk Factor High **VPR Score** 6.7 CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 70611 BID 70665 BID 70666

CVE CVE-2014-3668
CVE CVE-2014-3669
CVE CVE-2014-3670

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/17, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

80330 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.36 'process nested data' RCE

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by a remote code execution vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is prior to 5.4.36. It is, therefore, affected by a use-after-free error in the 'process_nested_data' function within 'ext/standard/ var_unserializer.re' due to improper handling of duplicate keys within the serialized properties of an object. A remote attacker, using a specially crafted call to the 'unserialize' method, can exploit this flaw to execute arbitrary code on the system.

Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.36

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=68594

http://www.nessus.org/u?88c4ed71

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.36 or later.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

6.6

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 71791

CVF CVF-2014-8142

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/01/02, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

81080 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.37 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is prior to 5.4.37. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities:

- The CGI component has an out-of-bounds read flaw in file 'cgi_main.c' when nmap is used to process an invalid file that begins with a hash character (#) but lacks a newline character. A remote attacker, using a specially crafted PHP file, can exploit this vulnerability to disclose memory contents, cause a denial of service, or possibly execute code. (CVE-2014-9427)
- A use-after-free memory error exists in the function 'process_nested_data' within 'var_unserializer.re' due to the improper handling of duplicate numerical keys within the serialized properties of an object. A remote attacker, using a crafted unserialize method call, can exploit this vulnerability to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-0231)
- A flaw exists in function 'exif_process_unicode' within 'exif.c' that allows freeing an uninitialized pointer. A remote attacker, using specially crafted EXIF data in a JPEG image, can exploit this to cause a denial of service or to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-0232)

Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.37 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=68618

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=68710

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=68799

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.37 or later.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	71833
BID	72505
BID	72539
BID	72541
CVE	CVE-2014-9427
CVE	CVE-2014-9652
CVE	CVE-2015-0231
CVE	CVE-2015-0232

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/01/29, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

85298 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.44 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

According to its banner, the version of PHP running on the remote web server is 5.4.x prior to 5.4.44. It is, therefore, affected by multiple vulnerabilities:

- Multiple use-after-free vulnerabilities exist in the SPL component, due to improper handling of a specially crafted serialized object. An unauthenticated, remote attack can exploit this, via vectors involving ArrayObject, splObjectStorage and SplDoublyLinkedList to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-6831)
- A use-after-free vulnerability exists in ext/spl/spl_array.c due to improper handling of a specially crafted serialized data. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this via specially crafted serialized data that triggers misuse of an array field to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-6832)
- A directory traversal vulnerability exists in the PharData class, due to improper implementation of the exctractTo function. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this via a crafted ZIP archive entry to write to arbitrary files. (CVE-2015-6833)
- The openssl_random_pseudo_bytes() function in file openssl.c does not generate sufficiently random numbers.

An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to defeat cryptographic protection mechanisms. (CVE-2015-8867)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?24db51f6 Solution Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.44 or later. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

6.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

3.6

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	76735	
BID	76737	
BID	76739	
BID	87481	
CVE	CVE-2015-6831	
CVE	CVE-2015-6832	
CVE	CVE-2015-6833	
CVE	CVE-2015-8867	

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/11, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

85885 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.45 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP running on the remote web server is 5.4.x prior to 5.4.45. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- A directory traversal vulnerability in the ZipArchive::extractTo function in ext/zip/php_zip.c could allow a remote attacker to create arbitrary empty directories via a crafted ZIP archive.

(CVE-2014-9767)

- Multiple use-after-free memory errors exist related to the unserialize() function. A remote attacker can exploit these errors to execute arbitrary code.

(CVE-2015-6834)

- A use-after-free memory error exists related to the php_var_unserialize() function. A remote attacker, using a crafted serialize string, can exploit this to execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2015-6835)
- A type confusion error exists related to the serialize_function_call() function due to improper validation of the headers field. A remote attacker can exploit this to have unspecified impact. (CVE-2015-6836)
- Multiple flaws exist in the XSLTProcessor class due to improper validation of input from the libxslt library. A remote attacker can exploit the flaws to have an unspecified impact. (CVE-2015-6837, CVE-2015-6838)
- A flaw exists in the php_zip_extract_file() function in file php_zip.c due to improper sanitization of user-supplied input. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to create arbitrary directories outside of the restricted path.

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also	
http://php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.45	
Solution	
Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.45 or later.	
Risk Factor	
High	
CVSS v3.0 Base Score	
7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)	

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	76644
BID	76649
BID	76652
BID	76733
BID	76734
BID	76738
CVE	CVE-2014-9767
CVE	CVE-2015-6834
CVE	CVE-2015-6835
CVE	CVE-2015-6836
CVE	CVE-2015-6837
CVE	CVE-2015-6838

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/09/10, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

142591 - PHP < 7.3.24 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis
The version of PHP running on the remote web server is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.
Description
According to its self-reported version number, the version of PHP running on the remote web server is prior to 7.3.24. It is, therefore affected by multiple vulnerabilities
See Also
https://www.php.net/ChangeLog-7.php#7.3.24
Solution
Upgrade to PHP version 7.3.24 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)
STIG Severity
References
XREF IAVA:2020-A-0510-S
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/11/06, Modified: 2024/06/04
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www

42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

VPR Score

5.1

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

PΙ	ugin	Out	put

tcp/631/www

192219 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 22.04 LTS / 23.10 : Vim vulnerability (USN-6698-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 22.04 LTS / 23.10 host has packages installed that are affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-6698-1 advisory.
- Vim before 9.0.2142 has a stack-based buffer overflow because did_set_langmap in map.c calls sprintf to write to the error buffer that is passed down to the option callback functions. (CVE-2024-22667)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6698-1
Solution
Update the affected packages.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.8 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:S/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.3 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2024-22667 XREF USN:6698-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/03/18, Modified: 2024/03/18

Plugin Output

tcp/0

190713 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 23.10 : LibTIFF vulnerabilities (USN-6644-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 23.10 host has packages installed that are affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-6644-1 advisory.
- A segment fault (SEGV) flaw was found in libtiff that could be triggered by passing a crafted tiff file to the TIFFReadRGBATileExt() API. This flaw allows a remote attacker to cause a heap-buffer overflow, leading to a denial of service. (CVE-2023-52356)
- An issue was found in the tiffcp utility distributed by the libtiff package where a crafted TIFF file on processing may cause a heap-based buffer overflow leads to an application crash. (CVE-2023-6228)
- An out-of-memory flaw was found in libtiff. Passing a crafted tiff file to TIFFOpen() API may allow a remote attacker to cause a denial of service via a craft input with size smaller than 379 KB.
(CVE-2023-6277)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6644-1
Solution
Update the affected packages.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.1 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2023-6228
CVE CVE-2023-6277
CVE CVE-2023-52356
XREF USN:6644-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/02/19, Modified: 2024/02/19

Plugin Output

tcp/0

193082 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS : Bind vulnerabilities (USN-6723-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS host has packages installed that are affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-6723-1 advisory. - Certain DNSSEC aspects of the DNS protocol (in RFC 4033, 4034, 4035, 6840, and related RFCs) allow remote attackers to cause a denial of service (CPU consumption) via one or more DNSSEC responses, aka the KeyTrap issue. One of the concerns is that, when there is a zone with many DNSKEY and RRSIG records, the protocol specification implies that an algorithm must evaluate all combinations of DNSKEY and RRSIG records. (CVE-2023-50387) - The Closest Encloser Proof aspect of the DNS protocol (in RFC 5155 when RFC 9276 guidance is skipped) allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (CPU consumption for SHA-1 computations) via DNSSEC responses in a random subdomain attack, aka the NSEC3 issue. The RFC 5155 specification implies that an algorithm must perform thousands of iterations of a hash function in certain situations. (CVE-2023-50868) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6723-1 Solution Update the affected packages. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

10.0.2.9

VPR Score

5.1

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2023-50387
CVE CVE-2023-50868
XREF IAVA:2024-A-0103
XREF USN:6723-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/04/09, Modified: 2024/04/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

191794 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS : libxml2 vulnerability (USN-6658-2)

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS host has packages installed that are affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-6658-2 advisory. - An issue was discovered in libxml2 before 2.11.7 and 2.12.x before 2.12.5. When using the XML Reader interface with DTD validation and XInclude expansion enabled, processing crafted XML documents can lead to an xmlValidatePopElement use-after-free, (CVE-2024-25062) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6658-2 Solution Update the affected packages. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/U:N/S:U/C:N/:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) VPR Score 4.4 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/:N/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 6.1 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)	Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS host has packages installed that are affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-6658-2 advisory. - An issue was discovered in libxml2 before 2.11.7 and 2.12.x before 2.12.5. When using the XML Reader interface with DTO validation and XInclude expansion enabled, processing crafted XML documents can lead to an xml/ValidatePopElement use-after-free. (CVE-2024-25062) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6658-2 Solution Update the affected packages. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.4 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score	The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
vulnerability as referenced in the USN-6658-2 advisory. - An issue was discovered in libxml2 before 2.11.7 and 2.12.x before 2.12.5. When using the XML Reader interface with DTD validation and XInclude expansion enabled, processing crafted XML documents can lead to an xmlValidiatePopElement use-after-free. (CVE-2024-25062) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6658-2 Solution Update the affected packages. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) VPR Score 4.4 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score	Description
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CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score	VPR Score
7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score	4.4
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score	CVSS v2.0 Base Score
·	7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)
6.1 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)	CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
	6.1 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2024-25062

XREF IAVA:2024-A-0067

XREF USN:6658-2

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/03/11, Modified: 2024/03/11

Plugin Output

tcp/0

109650 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3641-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
The remote obunta host is missing one of more security apaates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3641-1 advisory.
- The Linux Kernel version 3.18 contains a dangerous feature vulnerability in modify_user_hw_breakpoint() that can result in crash and possibly memory corruption. This attack appear to be exploitable via local code execution and the ability to use ptrace. This vulnerability appears to have been fixed in git commit f67b15037a7a50c57f72e69a6d59941ad90a0f0f. (CVE-2018-1000199)
- kernel KVM before versions kernel 4.16, kernel 4.16-rc7, kernel 4.17-rc1, kernel 4.17-rc2 and kernel 4.17-rc3 is vulnerable to a flaw in the way the Linux kernel's KVM hypervisor handled exceptions delivered after a stack switch operation via Mov SS or Pop SS instructions. During the stack switch operation, the processor did not deliver interrupts and exceptions, rather they are delivered once the first instruction after the stack switch is executed. An unprivileged KVM guest user could use this flaw to crash the guest or, potentially, escalate their privileges in the guest. (CVE-2018-1087)
- A statement in the System Programming Guide of the Intel 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manual (SDM) was mishandled in the development of some or all operating-system kernels, resulting in unexpected behavior for #DB exceptions that are deferred by MOV SS or POP SS, as demonstrated by (for example) privilege escalation in Windows, macOS, some Xen configurations, or FreeBSD, or a Linux kernel crash. The MOV to SS and POP SS instructions inhibit interrupts (including NMIs), data breakpoints, and single step trap exceptions until the instruction boundary following the next instruction (SDM Vol. 3A;
section 6.8.3). (The inhibited data breakpoints are those on memory accessed by the MOV to SS or POP to SS instruction itself.) Note that debug exceptions are not inhibited by the interrupt enable (EFLAGS.IF) system flag (SDM Vol. 3A; section 2.3). If the instruction following the MOV to SS or POP to SS instruction is an instruction like SYSCALL, SYSENTER, INT 3, etc. that transfers control to the operating system at CPL $<$ 3, the debug exception is delivered after the transfer to CPL $<$ 3 is complete. OS kernels may not expect this order of events and may therefore experience unexpected behavior when it occurs. (CVE-2018-8897)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3641-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor

10.0.2.9

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

9.5

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2018-1000199
CVE CVE-2018-1087
CVE CVE-2018-8897
XREF USN:3641-1

Exploitable With

Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/05/09, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

99197 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3256-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3256-1 advisory.
- The packet_set_ring function in net/packet/af_packet.c in the Linux kernel through 4.10.6 does not properly validate certain block-size data, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (integer signedness error and out-of-bounds write), or gain privileges (if the CAP_NET_RAW capability is held), via crafted system calls. (CVE-2017-7308)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3256-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
9.6
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)
10 0 2 0

References

CVE CVE-2017-7308 XREF USN:3256-1

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/04/05, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

84318 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel regression (USN-2643-2)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2643-2 advisory. Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2643-2 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor High **VPR** Score 9.7 References CVE CVE-2015-1328 XRFF USN:2643-2 Plugin Information Published: 2015/06/22, Modified: 2024/01/09 Plugin Output tcp/0

74214 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2226-1)

Description

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2226-1 advisory.

- drivers/vhost/net.c in the Linux kernel before 3.13.10, when mergeable buffers are disabled, does not properly validate packet lengths, which allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (memory corruption and host OS crash) or possibly gain privileges on the host OS via crafted packets, related to the handle rx and get rx bufs functions. (CVE-2014-0077)
- The raw_cmd_copyin function in drivers/block/floppy.c in the Linux kernel through 3.14.3 does not properly handle error conditions during processing of an FDRAWCMD ioctl call, which allows local users to trigger kfree operations and gain privileges by leveraging write access to a /dev/fd device. (CVE-2014-1737)
- The raw cmd copyout function in drivers/block/floppy.c in the Linux kernel through 3.14.3 does not properly restrict access to certain pointers during processing of an FDRAWCMD ioctl call, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel heap memory by leveraging write access to a /dev/fd device. (CVE-2014-1738)
- The netback driver in Xen, when using certain Linux versions that do not allow sleeping in softing context, allows local guest administrators to cause a denial of service (scheduling while atomic error and host crash) via a malformed packet, which causes a mutex to be taken when trying to disable the interface. (CVE-2014-2580)
- Integer overflow in the ping init sock function in net/ipv4/ping.c in the Linux kernel through 3.14.1 allows local users to cause a denial of service (use-after-free and system crash) or possibly gain privileges via a crafted application that leverages an improperly managed reference counter. (CVE-2014-2851)
- The vfs da3 fixhashnath function in fs/yfs/yfs da htree c in the vfs implementation in the Linux kernel

before 3.14.2 does not properly compare btree hash values, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (filesystem corruption, and OOPS or panic) via operations on directories that have hash collisions, as demonstrated by rmdir operations. (CVE-2014-7283)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2226-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	66678
BID	66779
BID	67300
BID	67302
CVE	CVE-2014-0077
CVE	CVE-2014-1737
CVE	CVE-2014-1738
CVE	CVE-2014-2580
CVE	CVE-2014-2851
CVE	CVE-2014-7283
XREF	USN:2226-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/05/28, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

77237 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2318-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2318-1 advisory.
- The do_remount function in fs/namespace.c in the Linux kernel through 3.16.1 does not maintain the MNT_LOCK_READONLY bit across a remount of a bind mount, which allows local users to bypass an intended read-only restriction and defeat certain sandbox protection mechanisms via a mount -o remount command within a user namespace. (CVE-2014-5206)
- fs/namespace.c in the Linux kernel through 3.16.1 does not properly restrict clearing MNT_NODEV, MNT_NOSUID, and MNT_NOEXEC and changing MNT_ATIME_MASK during a remount of a bind mount, which allows local users to gain privileges, interfere with backups and auditing on systems that had atime enabled, or cause a denial of service (excessive filesystem updating) on systems that had atime disabled via a mount
-o remount command within a user namespace. (CVE-2014-5207)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2318-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.3 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 69214 BID 69216

CVE CVE-2014-5206
CVE CVE-2014-5207
XREF USN:2318-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/08/18, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

77492 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2337-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2337-1 advisory.

- The ioapic_deliver function in virt/kvm/ioapic.c in the Linux kernel through 3.14.1 does not properly validate the kvm_irq_delivery_to_apic return value, which allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (host OS crash) via a crafted entry in the redirection table of an I/O APIC. NOTE: the affected code was moved to the ioapic_service function before the vulnerability was announced. (CVE-2014-0155)
- The Netlink implementation in the Linux kernel through 3.14.1 does not provide a mechanism for authorizing socket operations based on the opener of a socket, which allows local users to bypass intended access restrictions and modify network configurations by using a Netlink socket for the (1) stdout or (2) stderr of a setuid program. (CVE-2014-0181)
- Array index error in the aio_read_events_ring function in fs/aio.c in the Linux kernel through 3.15.1 allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory via a large head value. (CVE-2014-0206)
- The capabilities implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.14.8 does not properly consider that namespaces are inapplicable to inodes, which allows local users to bypass intended chmod restrictions by first creating a user namespace, as demonstrated by setting the setgid bit on a file with group ownership of root. (CVE-2014-4014)
- The rd_build_device_space function in drivers/target/target_core_rd.c in the Linux kernel before 3.14 does not properly initialize a certain data structure, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from ramdisk mcp memory by leveraging access to a SCSI initiator. (CVE-2014-4027)
- mm/shmem.c in the Linux kernel through 3.15.1 does not properly implement the interaction between range notification and hole punching, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (i_mutex hold) by using the mmap system call to access a hole, as demonstrated by interfering with intended shmem activity by blocking completion of (1) an MADV_REMOVE madvise call or (2) an FALLOC_FL_PUNCH_HOLE fallocate call.

(CVE-2014-4171)

- arch/x86/kernel/entry_32.S in the Linux kernel through 3.15.1 on 32-bit x86 platforms, when syscall auditing is enabled and the sep CPU feature flag is set, allows local users to cause a denial of service (OOPS and system crash) via an invalid syscall number, as demonstrated by number 1000. (CVE-2014-4508)
- Race condition in the tlv handler functionality in the snd_ctl_elem_user_tlv function in sound/core/control.c in the ALSA control implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.15.2 allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory by leveraging /dev/snd/controlCX access.

(CVE-2014-4652)

- sound/core/control.c in the ALSA control implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.15.2 does not ensure possession of a read/write lock, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (use-after-free) and obtain sensitive information from kernel memory by leveraging /dev/snd/controlCX access.

(CVE-2014-4653)

- The snd_ctl_elem_add function in sound/core/control.c in the ALSA control implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.15.2 does not check authorization for SNDRV_CTL_IOCTL_ELEM_REPLACE commands, which allows local users to remove kernel controls and cause a denial of service (use-after-free and system crash) by leveraging /dev/snd/controlCX access for an ioctl call. (CVE-2014-4654)
- The snd_ctl_elem_add function in sound/core/control.c in the ALSA control implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.15.2 does not properly maintain the user_ctl_count value, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (integer overflow and limit bypass) by leveraging /dev/snd/controlCX access for a large number of SNDRV_CTL_IOCTL_ELEM_REPLACE ioctl calls. (CVE-2014-4655)
- Multiple integer overflows in sound/core/control.c in the ALSA control implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.15.2 allow local users to cause a denial of service by leveraging /dev/snd/controlCX access, related to (1) index values in the snd_ctl_add function and (2) numid values in the snd_ctl_remove_numid_conflict function. (CVE-2014-4656)
- The sctp_association_free function in net/sctp/associola.c in the Linux kernel before 3.15.2 does not properly manage a certain backlog value, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (socket outage) via a crafted SCTP packet. (CVE-2014-4667)
- The mountpoint_last function in fs/namei.c in the Linux kernel before 3.15.8 does not properly maintain a certain reference count during attempts to use the umount system call in conjunction with a symlink, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory consumption or use-after-free) or possibly have unspecified other impact via the umount program. (CVE-2014-5045)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2337-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
8.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

References	
BID	66688
BID	67034
BID	67985
BID	67988
BID	68126
BID	68157
BID	68162
BID	68163
BID	68164
BID	68170
BID	68176
BID	68224
BID	68862
CVE	CVE-2014-0155
CVE	CVE-2014-0181
CVE	CVE-2014-0206
CVE	CVE-2014-4014
CVE	CVE-2014-4027
CVE	CVE-2014-4171
CVE	CVE-2014-4508
CVE	CVE-2014-4652
CVE	CVE-2014-4653
CVE	CVE-2014-4654
CVE	CVE-2014-4655
CVE	CVE-2014-4656
CVE	CVE-2014-4667
CVE	CVE-2014-5045
XREF	USN:2337-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/09/03, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

77821 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2359-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2359-1 advisory. - The kvm iommu map pages function in virt/kvm/iommu.c in the Linux kernel through 3.16.1 miscalculates the number of pages during the handling of a mapping failure, which allows guest OS users to (1) cause a denial of service (host OS memory corruption) or possibly have unspecified other impact by triggering a large gfn value or (2) cause a denial of service (host OS memory consumption) by triggering a small gfn value that leads to permanently pinned pages. (CVE-2014-3601) - The sctp_assoc_update function in net/sctp/associola.c in the Linux kernel through 3.15.8, when SCTP authentication is enabled, allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and OOPS) by starting to establish an association between two endpoints immediately after an exchange of INIT and INIT ACK chunks to establish an earlier association between these endpoints in the opposite direction. (CVE-2014-5077) - Stack consumption vulnerability in the parse rock ridge inode internal function in fs/isofs/rock.c in the Linux kernel through 3.16.1 allows local users to cause a denial of service (uncontrolled recursion, and system crash or reboot) via a crafted iso9660 image with a CL entry referring to a directory entry that has a CL entry. (CVE-2014-5471) - The parse rock ridge inode internal function in fs/isofs/rock.c in the Linux kernel through 3.16.1 allows local users to cause a denial of service (unkillable mount process) via a crafted iso9660 image with a selfreferential CL entry. (CVE-2014-5472) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2359-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package.

CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.8

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	68881
BID	69396
BID	69428
BID	69489
CVE	CVE-2014-3601
CVE	CVE-2014-5077
CVE	CVE-2014-5471
CVE	CVE-2014-5472
XREF	USN:2359-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/09/24, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

78259 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2379-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2379-1 advisory.

- Multiple stack-based buffer overflows in the magicmouse_raw_event function in drivers/hid/hid-magicmouse.c in the Magic Mouse HID driver in the Linux kernel through 3.16.3 allow physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash) or possibly execute arbitrary code via a crafted device that provides a large amount of (1) EHCl or (2) XHCl data associated with an event. (CVE-2014-3181)
- The report_fixup functions in the HID subsystem in the Linux kernel before 3.16.2 might allow physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds write) via a crafted device that provides a small report descriptor, related to (1) drivers/hid/hid-cherry.c, (2) drivers/hid/hid-kye.c, (3) drivers/hid/hid-lg.c, (4) drivers/hid/hid-monterey.c, (5) drivers/hid/hid-petalynx.c, and (6) drivers/hid/hid-sunplus.c. (CVE-2014-3184)
- Multiple buffer overflows in the command_port_read_callback function in drivers/usb/serial/whiteheat.c in the Whiteheat USB Serial Driver in the Linux kernel before 3.16.2 allow physically proximate attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory corruption and system crash) via a crafted device that provides a large amount of (1) EHCI or (2) XHCI data associated with a bulk response. (CVE-2014-3185)
- Buffer overflow in the picolcd_raw_event function in devices/hid/hid-picolcd_core.c in the PicoLCD HID device driver in the Linux kernel through 3.16.3, as used in Android on Nexus 7 devices, allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash) or possibly execute arbitrary code via a crafted device that sends a large report. (CVE-2014-3186)
- The assoc_array_gc function in the associative-array implementation in lib/assoc_array.c in the Linux kernel before 3.16.3 does not properly implement garbage collection, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via multiple keyctl newring operations followed by a keyctl timeout operation. (CVE-2014-3631)
- The __udf_read_inode function in fs/udf/inode.c in the Linux kernel through 3.16.3 does not restrict the amount of ICB indirection, which allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (infinite loop or stack consumption) via a UDF filesystem with a crafted inode. (CVE-2014-6410)
- Buffer overflow in net/ceph/auth_x.c in Ceph, as used in the Linux kernel before 3.16.3, allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory corruption and panic) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a long unencrypted auth ticket. (CVE-2014-6416)
- net/ceph/auth_x.c in Ceph, as used in the Linux kernel before 3.16.3, does not properly consider the possibility of kmalloc failure, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a long unencrypted auth ticket. (CVE-2014-6417)
- net/ceph/auth_x.c in Ceph, as used in the Linux kernel before 3.16.3, does not properly validate auth replies, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted data from the IP address of a Ceph Monitor. (CVE-2014-6418)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

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https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2379-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

8.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	69763
BID	69768
BID	69779
BID	69781
BID	69799
BID	69805
BID	70095
CVE	CVE-2014-3181
CVE	CVE-2014-3184
CVE	CVE-2014-3185
CVE	CVE-2014-3186

CVE	CVE-2014-3631
CVE	CVE-2014-6410
CVE	CVE-2014-6416
CVE	CVE-2014-6417
CVE	CVE-2014-6418
XREF	USN:2379-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/11, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

80032 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2446-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2446-1 advisory.

- The SCTP implementation in the Linux kernel through 3.17.2 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash) via a malformed ASCONF chunk, related to net/sctp/sm_make_chunk.c and net/sctp/sm_statefuns.c. (CVE-2014-3673)
- The sctp_assoc_lookup_asconf_ack function in net/sctp/associola.c in the SCTP implementation in the Linux kernel through 3.17.2 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (panic) via duplicate ASCONF chunks that trigger an incorrect uncork within the side-effect interpreter. (CVE-2014-3687)
- The SCTP implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.17.4 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) by triggering a large number of chunks in an association's output queue, as demonstrated by ASCONF probes, related to net/sctp/inqueue.c and net/sctp/sm_statefuns.c. (CVE-2014-3688)
- kernel/trace/trace_syscalls.c in the Linux kernel through 3.17.2 does not properly handle private syscall numbers during use of the perf subsystem, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (out-of- bounds read and OOPS) or bypass the ASLR protection mechanism via a crafted application. (CVE-2014-7825)
- kernel/trace/trace_syscalls.c in the Linux kernel through 3.17.2 does not properly handle private syscall numbers during use of the ftrace subsystem, which allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (invalid pointer dereference) via a crafted application. (CVE-2014-7826)
- The paravirt_ops_setup function in arch/x86/kernel/kvm.c in the Linux kernel through 3.18 uses an improper paravirt_enabled setting for KVM guest kernels, which makes it easier for guest OS users to bypass the ASLR protection mechanism via a crafted application that reads a 16-bit value. (CVE-2014-8134)
- The kvm_iommu_map_pages function in virt/kvm/iommu.c in the Linux kernel through 3.17.2 miscalculates the number of pages during the handling of a mapping failure, which allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (host OS page unpinning) or possibly have unspecified other impact by leveraging guest OS privileges. NOTE: this vulnerability exists because of an incorrect fix for CVE-2014-3601. (CVE-2014-8369)
- The do_double_fault function in arch/x86/kernel/traps.c in the Linux kernel through 3.17.4 does not properly handle faults associated with the Stack Segment (SS) segment register, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (panic) via a modify_ldt system call, as demonstrated by sigreturn_32 in the linux-clock-tests test suite. (CVE-2014-9090)
- arch/x86/kernel/entry_64.S in the Linux kernel before 3.17.5 does not properly handle faults associated with the Stack Segment (SS) segment register, which allows local users to gain privileges by triggering an IRET instruction that leads to access to a GS Base address from the wrong space. (CVE-2014-9322)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

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https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2446-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

8.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	70749
BID	70766
BID	70768
BID	70883
BID	70971
BID	70972
BID	71250
CVE	CVE-2014-3673
CVE	CVE-2014-3687
CVE	CVE-2014-3688
CVE	CVE-2014-7825
CVE	CVE-2014-7826
CVE	CVE-2014-8134

CVE CVE-2014-8369
CVE CVE-2014-9090
CVE CVE-2014-9322
XREF USN:2446-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/12/15, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

80513 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2466-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2466-1 advisory. - The sctp process param function in net/sctp/sm make chunk.c in the SCTP implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.17.4, when ASCONF is used, allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via a malformed INIT chunk. (CVE-2014-7841) - Race condition in arch/x86/kvm/x86.c in the Linux kernel before 3.17.4 allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (guest OS crash) via a crafted application that performs an MMIO transaction or a PIO transaction to trigger a guest userspace emulation error report, a similar issue to CVE-2010-5313. (CVE-2014-7842) - The __clear_user function in arch/arm64/lib/clear_user.S in the Linux kernel before 3.17.4 on the ARM64 platform allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) by reading one byte beyond a /dev/ zero page boundary. (CVE-2014-7843) - Stack-based buffer overflow in the ttusbdecfe dvbs disegc send master cmd function in drivers/media/ usb/ttusb-dec/ttusbdecfe.c in the Linux kernel before 3.17.4 allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) or possibly gain privileges via a large message length in an ioctl call. (CVE-2014-8884) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2466-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0.2.9

123

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.8

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.8 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	71078	
BID	71081	
BID	71082	
BID	71097	
CVE	CVE-2014-7841	
CVE	CVE-2014-7842	
CVE	CVE-2014-7843	
CVE	CVE-2014-8884	
XREF	USN:2466-1	

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/01/14, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

82071 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2544-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2544-1 advisory.

- The Crypto API in the Linux kernel before 3.18.5 allows local users to load arbitrary kernel modules via a bind system call for an AF_ALG socket with a module name in the salg_name field, a different vulnerability than CVE-2014-9644. (CVE-2013-7421)
- The implementation of certain splice_write file operations in the Linux kernel before 3.16 does not enforce a restriction on the maximum size of a single file, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted splice system call, as demonstrated by use of a file descriptor associated with an ext4 filesystem. (CVE-2014-7822)
- The Crypto API in the Linux kernel before 3.18.5 allows local users to load arbitrary kernel modules via a bind system call for an AF_ALG socket with a parenthesized module template expression in the salg_name field, as demonstrated by the vfat(aes) expression, a different vulnerability than CVE-2013-7421. (CVE-2014-9644)
- The UDF filesystem implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.18.2 does not validate certain lengths, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (buffer over-read and system crash) via a crafted filesystem image, related to fs/udf/inode.c and fs/udf/symlink.c. (CVE-2014-9728)
- The udf_read_inode function in fs/udf/inode.c in the Linux kernel before 3.18.2 does not ensure a certain data-structure size consistency, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) via a crafted UDF filesystem image. (CVE-2014-9729)
- The udf_pc_to_char function in fs/udf/symlink.c in the Linux kernel before 3.18.2 relies on component lengths that are unused, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) via a crafted UDF filesystem image. (CVE-2014-9730)
- The UDF filesystem implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.18.2 does not ensure that space is available for storing a symlink target's name along with a trailing \0 character, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information via a crafted filesystem image, related to fs/udf/symlink.c and fs/udf/unicode.c. (CVE-2014-9731)
- The XFS implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.15 improperly uses an old size value during remote attribute replacement, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (transaction overrun and data corruption) or possibly gain privileges by leveraging XFS filesystem access. (CVE-2015-0274)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2544-1

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Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.0

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	72320
BID	72322
BID	73156
CVE	CVE-2013-7421
CVE	CVE-2014-7822
CVE	CVE-2014-9644
CVE	CVE-2014-9728
CVE	CVE-2014-9729
CVE	CVE-2014-9730
CVE	CVE-2014-9731
CVE	CVE-2015-0274
XREF	USN:2544-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/03/25, Modified: 2024/01/09

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tcp/0

82662 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2563-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2563-1 advisory. - Use-after-free vulnerability in the sctp assoc update function in net/sctp/associola.c in the Linux kernel before 3.18.8 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (slab corruption and panic) or possibly have unspecified other impact by triggering an INIT collision that leads to improper handling of shared-key data. (CVE-2015-1421) - The IPv4 implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.18.8 does not properly consider the length of the Read-Copy Update (RCU) grace period for redirecting lookups in the absence of caching, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory consumption or system crash) via a flood of packets. (CVE-2015-1465) - The stack randomization feature in the Linux kernel before 3.19.1 on 64-bit platforms uses incorrect data types for the results of bitwise left-shift operations, which makes it easier for attackers to bypass the ASLR protection mechanism by predicting the address of the top of the stack, related to the randomize stack top function in fs/binfmt elf.c and the stack maxrandom size function in arch/x86/mm/ mmap.c. (CVE-2015-1593) - net/llc/sysctl net llc.c in the Linux kernel before 3.19 uses an incorrect data type in a sysctl table, which allows local users to obtain potentially sensitive information from kernel memory or possibly have unspecified other impact by accessing a sysctl entry. (CVE-2015-2041) - net/rds/sysctl.c in the Linux kernel before 3.19 uses an incorrect data type in a sysctl table, which allows local users to obtain potentially sensitive information from kernel memory or possibly have unspecified other impact by accessing a sysctl entry. (CVE-2015-2042) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2563-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor Critical

10.0.2.9

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.8 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	72356
BID	72435
CVE	CVE-2015-1421
CVE	CVE-2015-1465
CVE	CVE-2015-1593
CVE	CVE-2015-2041
CVE	CVE-2015-2042
XREF	USN:2563-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/04/09, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

83179 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2588-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2588-1 advisory.
- Stack-based buffer overflow in the get_matching_model_microcode function in arch/x86/kernel/cpu/microcode/intel_early.c in the Linux kernel before 4.0 allows context-dependent attackers to gain privileges by constructing a crafted microcode header and leveraging root privileges for write access to the initrd. (CVE-2015-2666)
- The ndisc_router_discovery function in net/ipv6/ndisc.c in the Neighbor Discovery (ND) protocol implementation in the IPv6 stack in the Linux kernel before 3.19.6 allows remote attackers to reconfigure a hop-limit setting via a small hop_limit value in a Router Advertisement (RA) message. (CVE-2015-2922)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2588-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

130

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 73183 BID 74315

CVE CVE-2015-2666
CVE CVE-2015-2922
XREF USN:2588-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/05/01, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

84121 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2634-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2634-1 advisory. - The ping unhash function in net/ipv4/ping.c in the Linux kernel before 4.0.3 does not initialize a certain list data structure during an unhash operation, which allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (use-after-free and system crash) by leveraging the ability to make a SOCK DGRAM socket system call for the IPPROTO ICMP or IPPROTO ICMPV6 protocol, and then making a connect system call after a disconnect. (CVE-2015-3636) - Array index error in the tcm_vhost_make_tpg function in drivers/vhost/scsi.c in the Linux kernel before 4.0 might allow guest OS users to cause a denial of service (memory corruption) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted VHOST_SCSI_SET_ENDPOINT ioctl call. NOTE: the affected function was renamed to vhost scsi make tpg before the vulnerability was announced. (CVE-2015-4036) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2634-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score

10.0.2.9

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2015-3636
CVE CVE-2015-4036
XREF USN:2634-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/06/11, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

84982 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2681-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2681-1 advisory. - The (1) pipe read and (2) pipe write implementations in fs/pipe.c in the Linux kernel before 3.16 do not properly consider the side effects of failed __copy_to_user_inatomic and __copy_from_user_inatomic calls, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) or possibly gain privileges via a crafted application, aka an I/O vector array overrun. (CVE-2015-1805) - The kvm_apic_has_events function in arch/x86/kvm/lapic.h in the Linux kernel through 4.1.3 allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact by leveraging /dev/kvm access for an ioctl call. (CVE-2015-4692) - The bpf int jit compile function in arch/x86/net/bpf jit comp.c in the Linux kernel before 4.0.6 allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) by creating a packet filter and then loading crafted BPF instructions that trigger late convergence by the |IT compiler. (CVE-2015-4700) - The (1) udp recvmsg and (2) udpv6 recvmsg functions in the Linux kernel before 4.0.6 do not properly consider vielding a processor, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (system hang) via incorrect checksums within a UDP packet flood. (CVE-2015-5364) - The (1) udp_recvmsg and (2) udpv6_recvmsg functions in the Linux kernel before 4.0.6 provide inappropriate -EAGAIN return values, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (EPOLLET epoll application read outage) via an incorrect checksum in a UDP packet, a different vulnerability than CVE-2015-5364. (CVE-2015-5366) - Use-after-free vulnerability in the path_openat function in fs/namei.c in the Linux kernel 3.x and 4.x before 4.0.4 allows local users to cause a denial of service or possibly have unspecified other impact via O_TMPFILE filesystem operations that leverage a duplicate cleanup operation. (CVE-2015-5706) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2681-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package.

10.0.2.9

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

9.2

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	74951
CVE	CVE-2015-1805
CVE	CVE-2015-4692
CVE	CVE-2015-4700
CVE	CVE-2015-5364
CVE	CVE-2015-5366
CVE	CVE-2015-5706
XREF	USN:2681-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/07/24, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

85076 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2688-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2688-1 advisory.

- Memory leak in the __key_link_end function in security/keys/keyring.c in the Linux kernel before 4.1.4 allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) via many add_key system calls that refer to existing keys. (CVE-2015-1333)
- arch/x86/entry/entry_64.S in the Linux kernel before 4.1.6 on the x86_64 platform improperly relies on espfix64 during nested NMI processing, which allows local users to gain privileges by triggering an NMI within a certain instruction window. (CVE-2015-3290)
- arch/x86/entry/entry_64.S in the Linux kernel before 4.1.6 on the x86_64 platform does not properly determine when nested NMI processing is occurring, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (skipped NMI) by modifying the rsp register, issuing a syscall instruction, and triggering an NMI. (CVE-2015-3291)
- arch/x86/entry/entry_64.S in the Linux kernel before 4.1.6 on the x86_64 platform mishandles IRET faults in processing NMIs that occurred during userspace execution, which might allow local users to gain privileges by triggering an NMI. (CVE-2015-5157)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

ee Also	
ttps://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2688-1	
olution	
lpdate the affected kernel package.	
isk Factor	
ligh	
VSS v3.0 Base Score	
.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)	
VSS v3.0 Temporal Score	
.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)	

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2015-1333
CVE	CVE-2015-3290
CVE	CVE-2015-3291
CVE	CVE-2015-5157
XREF	USN:2688-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/07/29, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

85158 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2700-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2700-1 advisory.

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2700-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

6.7

References

CVE	CVE-2015-3290
CVE	CVE-2015-3291
CVE	CVE-2015-5157
XREF	USN:2700-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/07/31, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

86467 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2776-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2776-1 advisory.

- GNOME NetworkManager allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (IPv6 traffic disruption) via a crafted MTU value in an IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) message, a different vulnerability than CVE-2015-8215. (CVE-2015-0272)
- The virtnet_probe function in drivers/net/virtio_net.c in the Linux kernel before 4.2 attempts to support a FRAGLIST feature without proper memory allocation, which allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (buffer overflow and memory corruption) via a crafted sequence of fragmented packets. (CVE-2015-5156)
- The __rds_conn_create function in net/rds/connection.c in the Linux kernel through 4.2.3 allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact by using a socket that was not properly bound. (CVE-2015-6937)
- Multiple race conditions in the Advanced Union Filesystem (aufs) aufs3-mmap.patch and aufs4-mmap.patch patches for the Linux kernel 3.x and 4.x allow local users to cause a denial of service (use-after-free and BUG) or possibly gain privileges via a (1) madvise or (2) msync system call, related to mm/madvise.c and mm/msync.c. (CVE-2015-7312)

madvise.c and mm/msync.c. (CVE-2015-7312)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2776-1
Solution
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.4 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2015-0272
CVE	CVE-2015-5156
CVE	CVE-2015-6937
CVE	CVE-2015-7312
XREF	USN:2776-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/20, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

87531 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2848-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2848-1 advisory.

- Xen, when used on a system providing PV backends, allows local guest OS administrators to cause a denial of service (host OS crash) or gain privileges by writing to memory shared between the frontend and backend, aka a double fetch vulnerability. (CVE-2015-8550)
- The PCI backend driver in Xen, when running on an x86 system and using Linux 3.1.x through 4.3.x as the driver domain, allows local guest administrators to hit BUG conditions and cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and host OS crash) by leveraging a system with access to a passed-through MSI or MSI-X capable physical PCI device and a crafted sequence of XEN_PCI_OP_* operations, aka Linux pciback missing sanity checks. (CVE-2015-8551)
- The PCI backend driver in Xen, when running on an x86 system and using Linux 3.1.x through 4.3.x as the driver domain, allows local guest administrators to generate a continuous stream of WARN messages and cause a denial of service (disk consumption) by leveraging a system with access to a passed-through MSI or MSI-X capable physical PCI device and XEN_PCI_OP_enable_msi operations, aka Linux pciback missing sanity checks. (CVE-2015-8552)
- kernel/ptrace.c in the Linux kernel through 4.4.1 mishandles uid and gid mappings, which allows local users to gain privileges by establishing a user namespace, waiting for a root process to enter that namespace with an unsafe uid or gid, and then using the ptrace system call. NOTE: the vendor states there is no kernel bug here. (CVE-2015-8709)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2848-1
Calastina
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
8.2 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:H/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.1 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2015-8550
CVE	CVE-2015-8551
CVE	CVE-2015-8552
CVE	CVE-2015-8709
XREF	USN:2848-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/12/21, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

88895 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2907-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2907-1 advisory.

- The keyctl_read_key function in security/keys/keyctl.c in the Linux kernel before 4.3.4 does not properly use a semaphore, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted application that leverages a race condition between keyctl_revoke and keyctl_read calls. (CVE-2015-7550)
- The networking implementation in the Linux kernel through 4.3.3, as used in Android and other products, does not validate protocol identifiers for certain protocol families, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL function pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly gain privileges by leveraging CLONE_NEWUSER support to execute a crafted SOCK_RAW application. (CVE-2015-8543)
- The (1) pptp_bind and (2) pptp_connect functions in drivers/net/ppp/pptp.c in the Linux kernel through 4.3.3 do not verify an address length, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory and bypass the KASLR protection mechanism via a crafted application. (CVE-2015-8569)
- The sco_sock_bind function in net/bluetooth/sco.c in the Linux kernel before 4.3.4 does not verify an address length, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory and bypass the KASLR protection mechanism via a crafted application. (CVE-2015-8575)
- The fuse_fill_write_pages function in fs/fuse/file.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4 allows local users to cause a denial of service (infinite loop) via a writev system call that triggers a zero length for the first segment of an iov. (CVE-2015-8785)
- The overlayfs implementation in the Linux kernel through 4.5.2 does not properly maintain POSIX ACL xattr data, which allows local users to gain privileges by leveraging a group-writable setgid directory. (CVE-2016-1575)
- The overlayfs implementation in the Linux kernel through 4.5.2 does not properly restrict the mount namespace, which allows local users to gain privileges by mounting an overlayfs filesystem on top of a FUSE filesystem, and then executing a crafted setuid program. (CVE-2016-1576)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2907-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

CVSS v3.0	Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:	0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0	emporal Score
7.0 (CVSS:	0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score	
6.7	
CVSS v2.0	Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2	AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0	emporal Score
	emporal Score E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)
5.6 (CVSS2	
5.6 (CVSS2	
5.6 (CVSS2 Reference	E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)
5.6 (CVSS2 Reference CVE	E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C) CVE-2015-7550
5.6 (CVSS2 Reference CVE CVE CVE	E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C) CVE-2015-7550 CVE-2015-8543
S.6 (CVSS2 Reference CVE CVE CVE CVE	E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C) CVE-2015-7550 CVE-2015-8543 CVE-2015-8569
5.6 (CVSS2 Reference CVE CVE CVE CVE CVE	E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C) CVE-2015-7550 CVE-2015-8543 CVE-2015-8569 CVE-2015-8575
Reference CVE	E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C) CVE-2015-7550 CVE-2015-8543 CVE-2015-8569 CVE-2015-8575 CVE-2015-8785
	E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C) CVE-2015-7550 CVE-2015-8543 CVE-2015-8569 CVE-2015-8575 CVE-2015-8785 CVE-2016-1575

10.0.2.9

Plugin Output

tcp/0

89932 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2929-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2929-1 advisory.

- The Linux kernel before 4.4.1 allows local users to bypass file-descriptor limits and cause a denial of service (memory consumption) by sending each descriptor over a UNIX socket before closing it, related to net/unix/af_unix.c and net/unix/garbage.c. (CVE-2013-4312)
- The clie_5_attach function in drivers/usb/serial/visor.c in the Linux kernel through 4.4.1 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact by inserting a USB device that lacks a bulk-out endpoint.

(CVE-2015-7566)

- The usbvision driver in the Linux kernel package 3.10.0-123.20.1.el7 through 3.10.0-229.14.1.el7 in Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 7.1 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (panic) via a nonzero bInterfaceNumber value in a USB device descriptor. (CVE-2015-7833)
- Race condition in the tty_ioctl function in drivers/tty/tty_io.c in the Linux kernel through 4.4.1 allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory or cause a denial of service (use-after- free and system crash) by making a TIOCGETD ioctl call during processing of a TIOCSETD ioctl call. (CVE-2016-0723)
- Double free vulnerability in the snd_usbmidi_create function in sound/usb/midi.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (panic) or possibly have unspecified other impact via vectors involving an invalid USB descriptor. (CVE-2016-2384)
- The snd_seq_ioctl_remove_events function in sound/core/seq/seq_clientmgr.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4.1 does not verify FIFO assignment before proceeding with FIFO clearing, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and OOPS) via a crafted ioctl call. (CVE-2016-2543)
- Race condition in the queue_delete function in sound/core/seq/seq_queue.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4.1 allows local users to cause a denial of service (use-after-free and system crash) by making an ioctl call at a certain time. (CVE-2016-2544)
- The snd_timer_interrupt function in sound/core/timer.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4.1 does not properly maintain a certain linked list, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (race condition and system crash) via a crafted local call. (CVE-2016-2545)
- sound/core/timer.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4.1 uses an incorrect type of mutex, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (race condition, use-after-free, and system crash) via a crafted ioctl call. (CVE-2016-2546)
- sound/core/timer.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4.1 employs a locking approach that does not consider slave timer instances, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (race condition, use-after- free, and system crash) via a crafted local call. (CVE-2016-2547)

- sound/core/timer.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4.1 retains certain linked lists after a close or stop action, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) via a crafted local call, related to the (1) snd_timer_close and (2) _snd_timer_stop functions. (CVE-2016-2548)
- sound/core/hrtimer.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4.1 does not prevent recursive callback access, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (deadlock) via a crafted loctl call. (CVE-2016-2549)
- The treo_attach function in drivers/usb/serial/visor.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact by inserting a USB device that lacks a (1) bulk-in or (2) interrupt-in endpoint. (CVE-2016-2782)
- The netfilter subsystem in the Linux kernel through 4.5.2 does not validate certain offset fields, which allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (heap memory corruption) via an IPT_SO_SET_REPLACE setsockopt call. (CVE-2016-3134)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2929-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
8.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
8.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2013-4312
CVE	CVE-2015-7566
CVE	CVE-2015-7833
CVE	CVE-2016-0723
CVE	CVE-2016-2384
CVE	CVE-2016-2543
CVE	CVE-2016-2544
CVE	CVE-2016-2545
CVE	CVE-2016-2546
CVE	CVE-2016-2547
CVE	CVE-2016-2548
CVE	CVE-2016-2549
CVE	CVE-2016-2782
CVE	CVE-2016-3134
XREF	USN:2929-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/03/15, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

91088 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2968-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2968-1 advisory.

- The aiptek_probe function in drivers/input/tablet/aiptek.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via a crafted USB device that lacks endpoints. (CVE-2015-7515)
- Integer overflow in the aio_setup_single_vector function in fs/aio.c in the Linux kernel 4.0 allows local users to cause a denial of service or possibly have unspecified other impact via a large AIO iovec. NOTE: this vulnerability exists because of a CVE-2012-6701 regression. (CVE-2015-8830)
- The (1) pipe_read and (2) pipe_write implementations in fs/pipe.c in a certain Linux kernel backport in the linux package before 3.2.73-2+deb7u3 on Debian wheezy and the kernel package before 3.10.0-229.26.2 on Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 7.1 do not properly consider the side effects of failed
- __copy_to_user_inatomic and __copy_from_user_inatomic calls, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) or possibly gain privileges via a crafted application, aka an I/O vector array overrun. NOTE: this vulnerability exists because of an incorrect fix for CVE-2015-1805. (CVE-2016-0774)
- The LIST_POISON feature in include/linux/poison.h in the Linux kernel before 4.3, as used in Android 6.0.1 before 2016-03-01, does not properly consider the relationship to the mmap_min_addr value, which makes it easier for attackers to bypass a poison-pointer protection mechanism by triggering the use of an uninitialized list entry, aka Android internal bug 26186802, a different vulnerability than CVE-2015-3636. (CVE-2016-0821)
- The create_fixed_stream_quirk function in sound/usb/quirks.c in the snd-usb-audio driver in the Linux kernel before 4.5.1 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference or double free, and system crash) via a crafted endpoints value in a USB device descriptor. (CVE-2016-2184)
- The ati_remote2_probe function in drivers/input/misc/ati_remote2.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.1 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via a crafted endpoints value in a USB device descriptor. (CVE-2016-2185)
- The powermate_probe function in drivers/input/misc/powermate.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.1 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via a crafted endpoints value in a USB device descriptor. (CVE-2016-2186)
- The iowarrior_probe function in drivers/usb/misc/iowarrior.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.1 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via a crafted endpoints value in a USB device descriptor. (CVE-2016-2188)
- The mct_u232_msr_to_state function in drivers/usb/serial/mct_u232.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.1 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via a crafted USB device without two interrupt-in endpoint descriptors. (CVE-2016-3136)

- drivers/usb/serial/cypress_m8.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.1 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via a USB device without both an interrupt-in and an interrupt-out endpoint descriptor, related to the cypress_generic_port_probe and cypress_open functions. (CVE-2016-3137)
- The acm_probe function in drivers/usb/class/cdc-acm.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.1 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via a USB device without both a control and a data endpoint descriptor. (CVE-2016-3138)
- The digi_port_init function in drivers/usb/serial/digi_acceleport.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.1 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via a crafted endpoints value in a USB device descriptor. (CVE-2016-3140)
- The IPv4 implementation in the Linux kernel before 4.5.2 mishandles destruction of device objects, which allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (host OS networking outage) by arranging for a large number of IP addresses. (CVE-2016-3156)
- The __switch_to function in arch/x86/kernel/process_64.c in the Linux kernel does not properly context-switch IOPL on 64-bit PV Xen guests, which allows local guest OS users to gain privileges, cause a denial of service (guest OS crash), or obtain sensitive information by leveraging I/O port access. (CVE-2016-3157)
- The ims_pcu_parse_cdc_data function in drivers/input/misc/ims-pcu.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.1 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash) via a USB device without both a master and a slave interface. (CVE-2016-3689)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2968-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2015-7515
CVE	CVE-2015-8830
CVE	CVE-2016-0774
CVE	CVE-2016-0821
CVE	CVE-2016-2184
CVE	CVE-2016-2185
CVE	CVE-2016-2186
CVE	CVE-2016-2188
CVE	CVE-2016-3136
CVE	CVE-2016-3137
CVE	CVE-2016-3138
CVE	CVE-2016-3140
CVE	CVE-2016-3156
CVE	CVE-2016-3157
CVE	CVE-2016-3689
XREF	USN:2968-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/05/12, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

91880 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3018-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3018-1 advisory.

- The proc_connectinfo function in drivers/usb/core/devio.c in the Linux kernel through 4.6 does not initialize a certain data structure, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel stack memory via a crafted USBDEVFS CONNECTINFO ioctl call. (CVE-2016-4482)
- The InfiniBand (aka IB) stack in the Linux kernel before 4.5.3 incorrectly relies on the write system call, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (kernel memory write operation) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a uAPI interface. (CVE-2016-4565)
- The snd_timer_user_params function in sound/core/timer.c in the Linux kernel through 4.6 does not initialize a certain data structure, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel stack memory via crafted use of the ALSA timer interface. (CVE-2016-4569)
- sound/core/timer.c in the Linux kernel through 4.6 does not initialize certain r1 data structures, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel stack memory via crafted use of the ALSA timer interface, related to the (1) snd_timer_user_ccallback and (2) snd_timer_user_tinterrupt functions. (CVE-2016-4578)
- The x25_negotiate_facilities function in net/x25/x25_facilities.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.5 does not properly initialize a certain data structure, which allows attackers to obtain sensitive information from kernel stack memory via an X.25 Call Request. (CVE-2016-4580)
- The get_rock_ridge_filename function in fs/isofs/rock.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.5 mishandles NM (aka alternate name) entries containing \0 characters, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted isofs filesystem. (CVE-2016-4913)
- The compat IPT_SO_SET_REPLACE and IP6T_SO_SET_REPLACE setsockopt implementations in the netfilter subsystem in the Linux kernel before 4.6.3 allow local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) by leveraging in-container root access to provide a crafted offset value that triggers an unintended decrement. (CVE-2016-4997)
- The IPT_SO_SET_REPLACE setsockopt implementation in the netfilter subsystem in the Linux kernel before 4.6 allows local users to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds read) or possibly obtain sensitive information from kernel heap memory by leveraging in-container root access to provide a crafted offset value that leads to crossing a ruleset blob boundary. (CVE-2016-4998)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3018-1

Solution
Update
Risk Fac
High

the affected kernel package.

ctor

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

9.0

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2016-4482
CVE	CVE-2016-4565
CVE	CVE-2016-4569
CVE	CVE-2016-4578
CVE	CVE-2016-4580
CVE	CVE-2016-4913
CVE	CVE-2016-4997
CVE	CVE-2016-4998
XREF	USN:3018-1

Exploitable With

Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/06/28, Modified: 2024/01/09

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tcp/0

93218 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3071-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3071-1 advisory. - The rds inc info copy function in net/rds/recv.c in the Linux kernel through 4.6.3 does not initialize a certain structure member, which allows remote attackers to obtain sensitive information from kernel stack memory by reading an RDS message. (CVE-2016-5244) - net/ipv4/tcp_input.c in the Linux kernel before 4.7 does not properly determine the rate of challenge ACK segments, which makes it easier for remote attackers to hijack TCP sessions via a blind in-window attack. (CVE-2016-5696) - Race condition in the vop_ioctl function in drivers/misc/mic/vop/vop_vringh.c in the MIC VOP driver in the Linux kernel before 4.6.1 allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory or cause a denial of service (memory corruption and system crash) by changing a certain header, aka a double fetch vulnerability. (CVE-2016-5728) - The start thread function in arch/powerpc/kernel/process.c in the Linux kernel through 4.6.3 on powerpc platforms mishandles transactional state, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (invalid process state or TM Bad Thing exception, and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact by starting and suspending a transaction before an exec system call. (CVE-2016-5828) - Multiple heap-based buffer overflows in the hiddev_ioctl_usage function in drivers/hid/usbhid/hiddev.c in the Linux kernel through 4.6.3 allow local users to cause a denial of service or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted (1) HIDIOCGUSAGES or (2) HIDIOCSUSAGES ioctl call. (CVE-2016-5829) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3071-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor

154

High

10.0.2.9

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2016-5244
CVE	CVE-2016-5696
CVE	CVE-2016-5728
CVE	CVE-2016-5828
CVE	CVE-2016-5829
XREF	USN:3071-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/08/30, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

93602 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3083-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3083-1 advisory.
- net/sctp/sm_sideeffect.c in the Linux kernel before 4.3 does not properly manage the relationship between a lock and a socket, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (deadlock) via a crafted sctp_accept call. (CVE-2015-8767)
- The IPv6 stack in the Linux kernel before 4.3.3 mishandles options data, which allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (use-after-free and system crash) via a crafted sendmsg system call. (CVE-2016-3841)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3083-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2015-8767
CVE CVE-2016-3841
XREF USN:3083-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/09/20, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

94731 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3127-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3127-1 advisory.

- The snd_compress_check_input function in sound/core/compress_offload.c in the ALSA subsystem in the Linux kernel before 3.17 does not properly check for an integer overflow, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (insufficient memory allocation) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted SNDRV_COMPRESS_SET_PARAMS ioctl call. (CVE-2014-9904)
- mm/memory.c in the Linux kernel before 4.1.4 mishandles anonymous pages, which allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (page tainting) via a crafted application that triggers writing to page zero. (CVE-2015-3288)
- Xen and the Linux kernel through 4.5.x do not properly suppress hugetlbfs support in x86 PV guests, which allows local PV guest OS users to cause a denial of service (guest OS crash) by attempting to access a hugetlbfs mapped area. (CVE-2016-3961)
- The proc_keys_show function in security/keys/proc.c in the Linux kernel through 4.8.2, when the GNU Compiler Collection (gcc) stack protector is enabled, uses an incorrect buffer size for certain timeout data, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (stack memory corruption and panic) by reading the / proc/keys file. (CVE-2016-7042)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3127-1
Solution
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2014-9904
CVE	CVE-2015-3288
CVE	CVE-2016-3961
CVE	CVE-2016-7042
XREF	USN:3127-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/11/11, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

95430 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3145-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3145-1 advisory.
- The arcmsr_iop_message_xfer function in drivers/scsi/arcmsr/arcmsr_hba.c in the Linux kernel through 4.8.2 does not restrict a certain length field, which allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (heap-based buffer overflow) via an ARCMSR_MESSAGE_WRITE_WQBUFFER control code. (CVE-2016-7425)
- Stack-based buffer overflow in the brcmf_cfg80211_start_ap function in drivers/net/wireless/broadcom/brcm80211/brcmfmac/cfg80211.c in the Linux kernel before 4.7.5 allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a long SSID Information Element in a command to a Netlink socket. (CVE-2016-8658)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3145-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-7425 CVE CVE-2016-8658 XREF USN:3145-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/12/01, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

96437 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3168-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3168-1 advisory. - arch/x86/kvm/emulate.c in the Linux kernel before 4.8.12 does not properly initialize Code Segment (CS) in certain error cases, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel stack memory via a crafted application. (CVE-2016-9756) - The sock setsockopt function in net/core/sock.c in the Linux kernel before 4.8.14 mishandles negative values of sk_sndbuf and sk_rcvbuf, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory corruption and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact by leveraging the CAP_NET_ADMIN capability for a crafted setsockopt system call with the (1) SO_SNDBUFFORCE or (2) SO_RCVBUFFORCE option. (CVE-2016-9793) - Race condition in the snd pcm period elapsed function in sound/core/pcm lib.c in the ALSA subsystem in the Linux kernel before 4.7 allows local users to cause a denial of service (use-after-free) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted SNDRV_PCM_TRIGGER_START command. (CVE-2016-9794) - Race condition in the netlink dump function in net/netlink/af netlink.c in the Linux kernel before 4.6.3 allows local users to cause a denial of service (double free) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted application that makes sendmsg system calls, leading to a free operation associated with a new dump that started earlier than anticipated. (CVE-2016-9806) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3168-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

10.0.2.9

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

7.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.0 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2016-9756
CVE	CVE-2016-9793
CVE	CVE-2016-9794
CVE	CVE-2016-9806
XREF	USN:3168-1

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/01/12, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

97320 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3207-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3207-1 advisory. - Use-after-free vulnerability in the disk seqf stop function in block/genhd.c in the Linux kernel before 4.7.1 allows local users to gain privileges by leveraging the execution of a certain stop operation even if the corresponding start operation had failed. (CVE-2016-7910) - Race condition in the get_task_ioprio function in block/ioprio.c in the Linux kernel before 4.6.6 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (use-after-free) via a crafted ioprio_get system call. (CVE-2016-7911) - The dccp_rcv_state_process function in net/dccp/input.c in the Linux kernel through 4.9.11 mishandles DCCP PKT REQUEST packet data structures in the LISTEN state, which allows local users to obtain root privileges or cause a denial of service (double free) via an application that makes an IPV6 RECVPKTINFO setsockopt system call. (CVE-2017-6074) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3207-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

10.0.2.9

VPR Score

9.0

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

9.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.1 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-7910
CVE CVE-2016-7911
CVE CVE-2017-6074
XREF USN:3207-1

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/02/22, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

101152 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3343-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3343-1 advisory.

- The regulator_ena_gpio_free function in drivers/regulator/core.c in the Linux kernel before 3.19 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (use-after-free) via a crafted application. (CVE-2014-9940)
- Linux drivers/char/lp.c Out-of-Bounds Write. Due to a missing bounds check, and the fact that parport_ptr integer is static, a 'secure boot' kernel command line adversary (can happen due to bootloader vulns, e.g. Google Nexus 6's CVE-2016-10277, where due to a vulnerability the adversary has partial control over the command line) can overflow the parport_nr array in the following code, by appending many (>LP_NO) 'lp=none' arguments to the command line. (CVE-2017-1000363)
- The vmw_surface_define_ioctl function in drivers/gpu/drm/vmwgfx/vmwgfx_surface.c in the Linux kernel through 4.10.6 does not validate addition of certain levels data, which allows local users to trigger an integer overflow and out-of-bounds write, and cause a denial of service (system hang or crash) or possibly gain privileges, via a crafted ioctl call for a /dev/dri/renderD* device. (CVE-2017-7294)
- The inet_csk_clone_lock function in net/ipv4/inet_connection_sock.c in the Linux kernel through 4.10.15 allows attackers to cause a denial of service (double free) or possibly have unspecified other impact by leveraging use of the accept system call. (CVE-2017-8890)
- The IPv6 fragmentation implementation in the Linux kernel through 4.11.1 does not consider that the nexthdr field may be associated with an invalid option, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds read and BUG) or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted socket and send system calls. (CVE-2017-9074)
- The sctp_v6_create_accept_sk function in net/sctp/ipv6.c in the Linux kernel through 4.11.1 mishandles inheritance, which allows local users to cause a denial of service or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted system calls, a related issue to CVE-2017-8890. (CVE-2017-9075)
- The dccp_v6_request_recv_sock function in net/dccp/ipv6.c in the Linux kernel through 4.11.1 mishandles inheritance, which allows local users to cause a denial of service or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted system calls, a related issue to CVE-2017-8890. (CVE-2017-9076)
- The tcp_v6_syn_recv_sock function in net/ipv6/tcp_ipv6.c in the Linux kernel through 4.11.1 mishandles inheritance, which allows local users to cause a denial of service or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted system calls, a related issue to CVE-2017-8890. (CVE-2017-9077)
- The __ip6_append_data function in net/ipv6/ip6_output.c in the Linux kernel through 4.11.3 is too late in checking whether an overwrite of an skb data structure may occur, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) via crafted system calls. (CVE-2017-9242)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See	Also	

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3343-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2014-9940
CVE	CVE-2017-1000363
CVE	CVE-2017-7294
CVE	CVE-2017-8890
CVE	CVE-2017-9074
CVE	CVE-2017-9075
CVE	CVE-2017-9076
CVE	CVE-2017-9077
CVE	CVE-2017-9242
XREF	USN:3343-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/06/30, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output	Р	lugin	Outp	ut
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tcp/0

102261 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3381-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3381-1 advisory.

- An information disclosure vulnerability in kernel components including the ION subsystem, Binder, USB driver and networking subsystem could enable a local malicious application to access data outside of its permission levels. This issue is rated as Moderate because it first requires compromising a privileged process. Product: Android. Versions: Kernel-3.10, Kernel-3.18. Android ID: A-31651010. (CVE-2016-8405)
- The Linux Kernel imposes a size restriction on the arguments and environmental strings passed through RLIMIT_STACK/RLIM_INFINITY (1/4 of the size), but does not take the argument and environment pointers into account, which allows attackers to bypass this limitation. This affects Linux Kernel versions 4.11.5 and earlier. It appears that this feature was introduced in the Linux Kernel version 2.6.23.

(CVE-2017-1000365)

- A flaw was found in the Linux kernel's handling of clearing SELinux attributes on /proc/pid/attr files before 4.9.10. An empty (null) write to this file can crash the system by causing the system to attempt to access unmapped kernel memory. (CVE-2017-2618)
- In the Linux kernel before version 4.12, Kerberos 5 tickets decoded when using the RXRPC keys incorrectly assumes the size of a field. This could lead to the size-remaining variable wrapping and the data pointer going over the end of the buffer. This could possibly lead to memory corruption and possible privilege escalation. (CVE-2017-7482)

escalation. (CVE-2017-7482)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3381-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-8405
CVE CVE-2017-1000365
CVE CVE-2017-2618
CVE CVE-2017-7482
XREF USN:3381-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/08/08, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

102422 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3386-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3386-1 advisory.

- Linux kernel: heap out-of-bounds in AF_PACKET sockets. This new issue is analogous to previously disclosed CVE-2016-8655. In both cases, a socket option that changes socket state may race with safety checks in packet_set_ring. Previously with PACKET_VERSION. This time with PACKET_RESERVE. The solution is similar:

lock the socket for the update. This issue may be exploitable, we did not investigate further. As this issue affects PF_PACKET sockets, it requires CAP_NET_RAW in the process namespace. But note that with user namespaces enabled, any process can create a namespace in which it has CAP_NET_RAW. (CVE-2017-1000111)

- Linux kernel: Exploitable memory corruption due to UFO to non-UFO path switch. When building a UFO packet with MSG_MORE __ip_append_data() calls ip_ufo_append_data() to append. However in between two send() calls, the append path can be switched from UFO to non-UFO one, which leads to a memory corruption. In case UFO packet lengths exceeds MTU, copy = maxfraglen - skb->len becomes negative on the non-UFO path and the branch to allocate new skb is taken. This triggers fragmentation and computation of fraggap = skb_prev->len - maxfraglen. Fraggap can exceed MTU, causing copy = datalen - transhdrlen - fraggap to become negative. Subsequently skb_copy_and_csum_bits() writes out-of-bounds. A similar issue is present in IPv6 code. The bug was introduced in e89e9cf539a2 ([IPv4/IPv6]: UFO Scattergather approach) on Oct 18 2005. (CVE-2017-1000112)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

·	
See Also	
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3386-1	
Solution	
Update the affected kernel package.	
Risk Factor	
High	
CVSS v3.0 Base Score	
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)	
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score	

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

9.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2017-1000111
CVE CVE-2017-1000112
XREF USN:3386-1

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/08/11, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

102820 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3406-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3406-1 advisory.

- The assoc_array_insert_into_terminal_node function in lib/assoc_array.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.3 does not check whether a slot is a leaf, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory or cause a denial of service (invalid pointer dereference and out-of-bounds read) via an application that uses associative-array data structures, as demonstrated by the keyutils test suite. (CVE-2016-7914)
- The vmw_surface_define_ioctl function in drivers/gpu/drm/vmwgfx/vmwgfx_surface.c in the Linux kernel through 4.10.5 does not check for a zero value of certain levels data, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (ZERO_SIZE_PTR dereference, and GPF and possibly panic) via a crafted ioctl call for a /dev/dri/renderD* device. (CVE-2017-7261)
- The cp_report_fixup function in drivers/hid/hid-cypress.c in the Linux kernel 3.2 and 4.x before 4.9.4 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (integer underflow) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted HID report. (CVE-2017-7273)
- The ipxitf_ioctl function in net/ipx/af_ipx.c in the Linux kernel through 4.11.1 mishandles reference counts, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (use-after-free) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a failed SIOCGIFADDR ioctl call for an IPX interface. (CVE-2017-7487)
- fs/ext4/inode.c in the Linux kernel before 4.6.2, when ext4 data=ordered mode is used, mishandles a needs- flushing-before-commit list, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from other users'

files in opportunistic circumstances by waiting for a hardware reset, creating a new file, making write system calls, and reading this file. (CVE-2017-7495)

- Incorrect error handling in the set_mempolicy and mbind compat syscalls in mm/mempolicy.c in the Linux kernel through 4.10.9 allows local users to obtain sensitive information from uninitialized stack data by triggering failure of a certain bitmap operation. (CVE-2017-7616)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

reported version number.	,	
See Also		
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3406-1		
Solution		
Update the affected kernel package.		
Risk Factor		

H	1	i	g	h

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2016-7914
CVE	CVE-2017-7261
CVE	CVE-2017-7273
CVE	CVE-2017-7487
CVE	CVE-2017-7495
CVE	CVE-2017-7616
XREF	USN:3406-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/08/29, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

103326 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3422-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3422-1 advisory.

- The aio_mount function in fs/aio.c in the Linux kernel before 4.7.7 does not properly restrict execute access, which makes it easier for local users to bypass intended SELinux W^X policy restrictions, and consequently gain privileges, via an io_setup system call. (CVE-2016-10044)
- Race condition in the L2TPv3 IP Encapsulation feature in the Linux kernel before 4.8.14 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (use-after-free) by making multiple bind system calls without properly ascertaining whether a socket has the SOCK_ZAPPED status, related to net/l2tp/l2tp_ip.c and net/l2tp/l2tp_ip6.c. (CVE-2016-10200)
- The filesystem implementation in the Linux kernel through 4.8.2 preserves the setgid bit during a setxattr call, which allows local users to gain group privileges by leveraging the existence of a setgid program with restrictions on execute permissions. (CVE-2016-7097)
- The mpi_powm function in lib/mpi/mpi-pow.c in the Linux kernel through 4.8.11 does not ensure that memory is allocated for limb data, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (stack memory corruption and panic) via an add_key system call for an RSA key with a zero exponent. (CVE-2016-8650)
- drivers/vfio/pci/vfio_pci.c in the Linux kernel through 4.8.11 allows local users to bypass integer overflow checks, and cause a denial of service (memory corruption) or have unspecified other impact, by leveraging access to a vfio PCI device file for a VFIO_DEVICE_SET_IRQS ioctl call, aka a state machine confusion bug. (CVE-2016-9083)
- drivers/vfio/pci/vfio_pci_intrs.c in the Linux kernel through 4.8.11 misuses the kzalloc function, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (integer overflow) or have unspecified other impact by leveraging access to a vfio PCI device file. (CVE-2016-9084)
- The __get_user_asm_ex macro in arch/x86/include/asm/uaccess.h in the Linux kernel before 4.7.5 does not initialize a certain integer variable, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel stack memory by triggering failure of a get_user_ex call. (CVE-2016-9178)
- The cgroup offline implementation in the Linux kernel through 4.8.11 mishandles certain drain operations, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system hang) by leveraging access to a container environment for executing a crafted application, as demonstrated by trinity. (CVE-2016-9191)
- It was discovered in the Linux kernel before 4.11-rc8 that root can gain direct access to an internal keyring, such as '.dns_resolver' in RHEL-7 or '.builtin_trusted_keys' upstream, by joining it as its session keyring. This allows root to bypass module signature verification by adding a new public key of its own devising to the keyring. (CVE-2016-9604)
- The ring_buffer_resize function in kernel/trace/ring_buffer.c in the profiling subsystem in the Linux kernel before 4.6.1 mishandles certain integer calculations, which allows local users to gain privileges by writing to the /sys/kernel/debug/tracing/buffer_size_kb file. (CVE-2016-9754)

- The native Bluetooth stack in the Linux Kernel (BlueZ), starting at the Linux kernel version 2.6.32 and up to and including 4.13.1, are vulnerable to a stack overflow vulnerability in the processing of L2CAP configuration responses resulting in Remote code execution in kernel space. (CVE-2017-1000251)
- The ipv4_pktinfo_prepare function in net/ipv4/ip_sockglue.c in the Linux kernel through 4.9.9 allows attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash) via (1) an application that makes crafted system calls or possibly (2) IPv4 traffic with invalid IP options. (CVE-2017-5970)
- The tcp_splice_read function in net/ipv4/tcp.c in the Linux kernel before 4.9.11 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (infinite loop and soft lockup) via vectors involving a TCP packet with the URG flag. (CVE-2017-6214)
- Race condition in net/packet/af_packet.c in the Linux kernel before 4.9.13 allows local users to cause a denial of service (use-after-free) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a multithreaded application that makes PACKET_FANOUT setsockopt system calls. (CVE-2017-6346)
- The keyring_search_aux function in security/keys/keyring.c in the Linux kernel through 3.14.79 allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and OOPS) via a request_key system call for the dead type. (CVE-2017-6951)
- The sg_ioctl function in drivers/scsi/sg.c in the Linux kernel through 4.10.4 allows local users to cause a denial of service (stack-based buffer overflow) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a large command size in an SG_NEXT_CMD_LEN ioctl call, leading to out-of-bounds write access in the sg_write function. (CVE-2017-7187)
- The KEYS subsystem in the Linux kernel before 4.10.13 allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) via a series of KEY_REQKEY_DEFL_THREAD_KEYRING keyctl_set_reqkey_keyring calls. (CVE-2017-7472)
- The brcmf_cfg80211_mgmt_tx function in drivers/net/wireless/broadcom/brcm80211/brcmfmac/cfg80211.c in the Linux kernel before 4.12.3 allows local users to cause a denial of service (buffer overflow and system crash) or possibly gain privileges via a crafted NL80211_CMD_FRAME Netlink packet. (CVE-2017-7541)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also	
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3422-1	
Solution	
Update the affected kernel package.	
Risk Factor	
High	
CVSS v3.0 Base Score	
8.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:A/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)	

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

8.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.7 (CVSS2#AV:A/AC:L/Au:S/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.0 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2016-10044
CVE	CVE-2016-10200
CVE	CVE-2016-7097
CVE	CVE-2016-8650
CVE	CVE-2016-9083
CVE	CVE-2016-9084
CVE	CVE-2016-9178
CVE	CVE-2016-9191
CVE	CVE-2016-9604
CVE	CVE-2016-9754
CVE	CVE-2017-1000251
CVE	CVE-2017-5970
CVE	CVE-2017-6214
CVE	CVE-2017-6346
CVE	CVE-2017-6951
CVE	CVE-2017-7187
CVE	CVE-2017-7472
CVE	CVE-2017-7541
XREF	USN:3422-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/09/19, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

104322 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3470-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3470-1 advisory.

- The tipc_msg_build function in net/tipc/msg.c in the Linux kernel through 4.8.11 does not validate the relationship between the minimum fragment length and the maximum packet size, which allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (heap-based buffer overflow) by leveraging the CAP_NET_ADMIN capability. (CVE-2016-8632)
- Race condition in fs/timerfd.c in the Linux kernel before 4.10.15 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (list corruption or use-after-free) via simultaneous file-descriptor operations that leverage improper might_cancel queueing. (CVE-2017-10661)
- The sanity_check_raw_super function in fs/f2fs/super.c in the Linux kernel before 4.11.1 does not validate the segment count, which allows local users to gain privileges via unspecified vectors. (CVE-2017-10662)
- The sanity_check_ckpt function in fs/f2fs/super.c in the Linux kernel before 4.12.4 does not validate the blkoff and segno arrays, which allows local users to gain privileges via unspecified vectors. (CVE-2017-10663)
- The make_response function in drivers/block/xen-blkback/blkback.c in the Linux kernel before 4.11.8 allows guest OS users to obtain sensitive information from host OS (or other guest OS) kernel memory by leveraging the copying of uninitialized padding fields in Xen block-interface response structures, aka XSA-216. (CVE-2017-10911)
- The mq_notify function in the Linux kernel through 4.11.9 does not set the sock pointer to NULL upon entry into the retry logic. During a user-space close of a Netlink socket, it allows attackers to cause a denial of service (use-after-free) or possibly have unspecified other impact. (CVE-2017-11176)
- The XFS_IS_REALTIME_INODE macro in fs/xfs/xfs_linux.h in the Linux kernel before 4.13.2 does not verify that a filesystem has a realtime device, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and OOPS) via vectors related to setting an RHINHERIT flag on a directory.

(CVE-2017-14340)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3470-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Facto	r
High	
CVSS v3.0	Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:	3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0	Temporal Score
7.5 (CVSS:	3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score	
9.2	
CVSS v2.0	Base Score
7.6 (CVSS2	#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0	Temporal Score
6.6 (CVSS2	P#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)
Reference	S
CVE	CVE-2016-8632
CVE	CVE-2017-10661
CVE	CVE-2017-10662
CVE	CVE-2017-10663
CVE	CVE-2017-10911
CVE	CVE-2017-11176
CVE	CVE-2017-14340
XREF	USN:3470-1
DI : 1 C	

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/01, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

105106 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3510-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3510-1 advisory.

- The Linux Kernel versions 2.6.38 through 4.14 have a problematic use of pmd mkdirty() in the touch pmd() function inside the THP implementation. touch pmd() can be reached by get user pages(). In such case, the pmd will become dirty. This scenario breaks the new can follow write pmd()'s logic - pmd can become dirty without going through a COW cycle. This bug is not as severe as the original Dirty cow because an ext4 file (or any other regular file) cannot be mapped using THP. Nevertheless, it does allow us to overwrite read-only huge pages. For example, the zero huge page and sealed shmem files can be overwritten (since their mapping can be populated using THP). Note that after the first write page-fault to the zero page, it will be replaced with a new fresh (and zeroed) thp. (CVE-2017-1000405)
- The XFRM dump policy implementation in net/xfrm/xfrm user.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.11 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (use-after-free) via a crafted SO_RCVBUF setsockopt system call in conjunction with XFRM_MSG_GETPOLICY Netlink messages. (CVE-2017-16939)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-

reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3510-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 8.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2017-1000405
CVE CVE-2017-16939
XREF USN:3510-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/12/08, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

110050 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3655-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3655-1 advisory.

- The xen_biovec_phys_mergeable function in drivers/xen/biomerge.c in Xen might allow local OS guest users to corrupt block device data streams and consequently obtain sensitive memory information, cause a denial of service, or gain host OS privileges by leveraging incorrect block IO merge-ability calculation. (CVE-2017-12134)
- An elevation of privilege vulnerability in the Upstream kernel bluez. Product: Android. Versions: Android kernel. Android ID: A-63527053. (CVE-2017-13220)
- A information disclosure vulnerability in the Upstream kernel encrypted-keys. Product: Android. Versions: Android kernel. Android ID: A-70526974. (CVE-2017-13305)
- The __netlink_deliver_tap_skb function in net/netlink/af_netlink.c in the Linux kernel through 4.14.4, when CONFIG_NLMON is enabled, does not restrict observations of Netlink messages to a single net namespace, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information by leveraging the CAP_NET_ADMIN capability to sniff an nlmon interface for all Netlink activity on the system. (CVE-2017-17449)
- drivers/input/serio/i8042.c in the Linux kernel before 4.12.4 allows attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact because the port->exists value can change after it is validated. (CVE-2017-18079)
- The dm_get_from_kobject function in drivers/md/dm.c in the Linux kernel before 4.14.3 allow local users to cause a denial of service (BUG) by leveraging a race condition with __dm_destroy during creation and removal of DM devices. (CVE-2017-18203)
- The ocfs2_setattr function in fs/ocfs2/file.c in the Linux kernel before 4.14.2 allows local users to cause a denial of service (deadlock) via DIO requests. (CVE-2017-18204)
- The madvise_willneed function in mm/madvise.c in the Linux kernel before 4.14.4 allows local users to cause a denial of service (infinite loop) by triggering use of MADVISE_WILLNEED for a DAX mapping. (CVE-2017-18208)
- The __munlock_pagevec function in mm/mlock.c in the Linux kernel before 4.11.4 allows local users to cause a denial of service (NR_MLOCK accounting corruption) via crafted use of mlockall and munlockall system calls. (CVE-2017-18221)
- Systems with microprocessors utilizing speculative execution and speculative execution of memory reads before the addresses of all prior memory writes are known may allow unauthorized disclosure of information to an attacker with local user access via a side-channel analysis, aka Speculative Store Bypass (SSB), Variant 4. (CVE-2018-3639)
- Incorrect buffer length handling in the ncp_read_kernel function in fs/ncpfs/ncplib_kernel.c in the Linux kernel through 4.15.11, and in drivers/staging/ncpfs/ncplib_kernel.c in the Linux kernel 4.16-rc through 4.16-rc6, could be exploited by malicious NCPFS servers to crash the kernel or execute code.

(CVE-2018-8822)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3655-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

8.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2017-18203 CVE CVE-2017-18204 CVE CVE-2017-18208
CVE-2017-18221

CVE CVE-2018-3639 CVE CVE-2018-8822 XREF USN:3655-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/05/23, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

110474 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3674-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3674-1 advisory.

- An information disclosure vulnerability in the kernel UVC driver could enable a local malicious application to access data outside of its permission levels. This issue is rated as Moderate because it first requires compromising a privileged process. Product: Android. Versions: Kernel-3.10, Kernel-3.18.

Android ID: A-33300353. (CVE-2017-0627)

- A flaw was found in the Linux 4.x kernel's implementation of 32-bit syscall interface for bridging. This allowed a privileged user to arbitrarily write to a limited range of kernel memory. (CVE-2018-1068)
- A NULL pointer dereference was found in the net/rds/rdma.c __rds_rdma_map() function in the Linux kernel before 4.14.7 allowing local attackers to cause a system panic and a denial-of-service, related to RDS_GET_MR and RDS_GET_MR_FOR_DEST. (CVE-2018-7492)
- The udl_fb_mmap function in drivers/gpu/drm/udl/udl_fb.c at the Linux kernel version 3.4 and up to and including 4.15 has an integer-overflow vulnerability allowing local users with access to the udldrmfb driver to obtain full read and write permissions on kernel physical pages, resulting in a code execution in kernel space. (CVE-2018-8781)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3674-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2017-0627
CVE	CVE-2018-1068
CVE	CVE-2018-7492
CVE	CVE-2018-8781
XREF	USN:3674-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/06/12, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

110900 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3698-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3698-1 advisory.

- The prepare_vmcs02 function in arch/x86/kvm/vmx.c in the Linux kernel through 4.13.3 does not ensure that the CR8-load exiting and CR8-store exiting L0 vmcs02 controls exist in cases where L1 omits the use TPR shadow vmcs12 control, which allows KVM L2 guest OS users to obtain read and write access to the hardware CR8 register. (CVE-2017-12154)
- The assoc_array_insert_into_terminal_node function in lib/assoc_array.c in the Linux kernel before 4.13.11 mishandles node splitting, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and panic) via a crafted application, as demonstrated by the keyring key type, and key addition and link creation operations. (CVE-2017-12193)
- Race condition in the ALSA subsystem in the Linux kernel before 4.13.8 allows local users to cause a denial of service (use-after-free) or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted /dev/snd/seq ioctl calls, related to sound/core/seq/seq_clientmgr.c and sound/core/seq/seq_ports.c. (CVE-2017-15265)
- Linux kernel before version 4.16-rc7 is vulnerable to a null pointer dereference in dccp_write_xmit() function in net/dccp/output.c in that allows a local user to cause a denial of service by a number of certain crafted system calls. (CVE-2018-1130)
- System software utilizing Lazy FP state restore technique on systems using Intel Core-based microprocessors may potentially allow a local process to infer data from another process through a speculative execution side channel. (CVE-2018-3665)
- The acpi_smbus_hc_add function in drivers/acpi/sbshc.c in the Linux kernel through 4.14.15 allows local users to obtain sensitive address information by reading dmesg data from an SBS HC printk call. (CVE-2018-5750)
- In the Linux Kernel before version 4.15.8, 4.14.25, 4.9.87, 4.4.121, 4.1.51, and 3.2.102, an error in the _sctp_make_chunk() function (net/sctp/sm_make_chunk.c) when handling SCTP packets length can be exploited to cause a kernel crash. (CVE-2018-5803)
- The futex_requeue function in kernel/futex.c in the Linux kernel before 4.14.15 might allow attackers to cause a denial of service (integer overflow) or possibly have unspecified other impact by triggering a negative wake or requeue value. (CVE-2018-6927)
- An issue was discovered in the fd_locked_ioctl function in drivers/block/floppy.c in the Linux kernel through 4.15.7. The floppy driver will copy a kernel pointer to user memory in response to the FDGETPRM ioctl. An attacker can send the FDGETPRM ioctl and use the obtained kernel pointer to discover the location of kernel code and data and bypass kernel security protections such as KASLR. (CVE-2018-7755)
- Memory leak in the sas_smp_get_phy_events function in drivers/scsi/libsas/sas_expander.c in the Linux kernel through 4.15.7 allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) via many read accesses to files in the /sys/class/sas_phy directory, as demonstrated by the /sys/class/sas_phy/phy-1:0:12/invalid_dword_count file. (CVE-2018-7757)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3698-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2017-12154
CVE	CVE-2017-12193
CVE	CVE-2017-15265
CVE	CVE-2018-1130
CVE	CVE-2018-3665
CVE	CVE-2018-5750
CVE	CVE-2018-5803
CVE	CVE-2018-6927
CVE	CVE-2018-7755
CVE	CVE-2018-7757
XREF	USN:3698-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/07/03, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

117869 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3775-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3775-1 advisory.

- A security flaw was found in the chap_server_compute_md5() function in the ISCSI target code in the Linux kernel in a way an authentication request from an ISCSI initiator is processed. An unauthenticated remote attacker can cause a stack buffer overflow and smash up to 17 bytes of the stack. The attack requires the iSCSI target to be enabled on the victim host. Depending on how the target's code was built (i.e.

depending on a compiler, compile flags and hardware architecture) an attack may lead to a system crash and thus to a denial-of-service or possibly to a non-authorized access to data exported by an iSCSI target.

Due to the nature of the flaw, privilege escalation cannot be fully ruled out, although we believe it is highly unlikely. Kernel versions 4.18.x, 4.14.x and 3.10.x are believed to be vulnerable. (CVE-2018-14633)

- An integer overflow flaw was found in the Linux kernel's create_elf_tables() function. An unprivileged local user with access to SUID (or otherwise privileged) binary could use this flaw to escalate their privileges on the system. Kernel versions 2.6.x, 3.10.x and 4.14.x are believed to be vulnerable.

(CVE-2018-14634)

- The spectre_v2_select_mitigation function in arch/x86/kernel/cpu/bugs.c in the Linux kernel before 4.18.1 does not always fill RSB upon a context switch, which makes it easier for attackers to conduct userspace-userspace spectreRSB attacks. (CVE-2018-15572)
- arch/x86/kernel/paravirt.c in the Linux kernel before 4.18.1 mishandles certain indirect calls, which makes it easier for attackers to conduct Spectre-v2 attacks against paravirtual guests. (CVE-2018-15594)
- Memory leak in the irda_bind function in net/irda/af_irda.c and later in drivers/staging/irda/net/af_irda.c in the Linux kernel before 4.17 allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) by repeatedly binding an AF_IRDA socket. (CVE-2018-6554)
- The irda_setsockopt function in net/irda/af_irda.c and later in drivers/staging/irda/net/af_irda.c in the Linux kernel before 4.17 allows local users to cause a denial of service (ias_object use-after-free and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via an AF_IRDA socket. (CVE-2018-6555)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3775-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

High		
CVSS v3.0 I	Paco Scoro	
CV33 V3.0 I	pase score	
7.8 (CVSS:3	.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)	
CVSS v3.0	Temporal Score	
7.0 (CVSS:3	.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)	
VPR Score		
7.4		
CVSS v2.0 I	Paca Scara	
CV33 VZ.U I	Jase Score	
8.3 (CVSS2‡	#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:C)	
CVSS v2.0	Temporal Score	
6.5 (CVSS2‡	#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)	
References		
CVE	CVE-2018-14633	
CVE	CVE-2018-14634	
CVE	CVE-2018-15572	
CVE	CVE-2018-15594	
CVE	CVE-2018-6554	
CVE	CVE-2018-6555	
XREF	USN:3775-1	

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

118329 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3798-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3798-1 advisory.

- The KEYS subsystem in the Linux kernel before 4.4 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (BUG) via crafted keyctl commands that negatively instantiate a key, related to security/keys/encrypted-keys/encrypted.c, security/keys/trusted.c, and security/keys/user_defined.c.

(CVE-2015-8539)

- The xc2028_set_config function in drivers/media/tuners/tuner-xc2028.c in the Linux kernel before 4.6 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (use-after-free) via vectors involving omission of the firmware name from a certain data structure. (CVE-2016-7913)
- A elevation of privilege vulnerability in the Upstream kernel scsi driver. Product: Android. Versions: Android kernel. Android ID: A-35644812. (CVE-2017-0794)
- The KEYS subsystem in the Linux kernel through 4.13.7 mishandles use of add_key for a key that already exists but is uninstantiated, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted system call. (CVE-2017-15299)
- In fs/ocfs2/cluster/nodemanager.c in the Linux kernel before 4.15, local users can cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and BUG) because a required mutex is not used. (CVE-2017-18216)
- In the Linux kernel 4.12, 3.10, 2.6 and possibly earlier versions a race condition vulnerability exists in the sound system, this can lead to a deadlock and denial of service condition. (CVE-2018-1000004)
- The Linux kernel 4.15 has a Buffer Overflow via an SNDRV_SEQ_IOCTL_SET_CLIENT_POOL ioctl write operation to /dev/snd/seq by a local user. (CVE-2018-7566)
- In nfc_llcp_build_sdreq_tlv of llcp_commands.c, there is a possible out of bounds write due to a missing bounds check. This could lead to local escalation of privilege with System execution privileges needed. User interaction is not needed for exploitation. Product: Android. Versions: Android kernel. Android ID: A-73083945. (CVE-2018-9518)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3798-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Facto	r	
High		
CVSS v3.0	Base Score	
7.8 (CVSS:	3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)	
CVSS v3.0	Temporal Score	
7.0 (CVSS:	3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)	
VPR Score		
5.9		
CVSS v2.0	Base Score	
9.3 (CVSS2	2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)	
CVSS v2.0	Temporal Score	
7.3 (CVSS2	#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)	
Reference	S S	
CVE	CVE-2015-8539	
CVE	CVE-2016-7913	
CVE	CVE-2017-0794	
CVE	CVE-2017-15299	
CVE	CVE-2017-18216	
CVE	CVE-2018-1000004	
CVE	CVE-2018-7566	
CVE	CVE-2018-9518	
XREF	USN:3798-1	

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/23, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

118973 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3822-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3822-1 advisory.

- arch/x86/kvm/vmx.c in the Linux kernel through 4.9 mismanages the #BP and #OF exceptions, which allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (guest OS crash) by declining to handle an exception thrown by an L2 guest. (CVE-2016-9588)
- An elevation of privilege vulnerability in the kernel scsi driver. Product: Android. Versions: Android kernel. Android ID A-65023233. (CVE-2017-13168)
- The usbnet_generic_cdc_bind function in drivers/net/usb/cdc_ether.c in the Linux kernel through 4.13.11 allows local users to cause a denial of service (divide-by-zero error and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. (CVE-2017-16649)
- An issue was discovered in the Linux kernel before 4.18.6. An information leak in cdrom_ioctl_drive_status in drivers/cdrom/cdrom.c could be used by local attackers to read kernel memory because a cast from unsigned long to int interferes with bounds checking. This is similar to CVE-2018-10940. (CVE-2018-16658)
- In the hidp_process_report in bluetooth, there is an integer overflow. This could lead to an out of bounds write with no additional execution privileges needed. User interaction is not needed for exploitation. Product: Android Versions: Android kernel Android ID: A-65853588 References: Upstream kernel.

(CVE-2018-9363)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3822-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 8.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

7.3 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2016-9588
CVE	CVE-2017-13168
CVE	CVE-2017-16649
CVE	CVE-2018-16658
CVE	CVE-2018-9363
XREF	USN:3822-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/11/15, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

119832 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3849-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3849-1 advisory.

- The KEYS subsystem in the Linux kernel before 3.18 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via vectors involving a NULL value for a certain match field, related to the keyring search iterator function in keyring.c. (CVE-2017-2647)
- It was found that the raw midi kernel driver does not protect against concurrent access which leads to a double realloc (double free) in snd_rawmidi_input_params() and snd_rawmidi_output_status() which are part of snd_rawmidi_ioctl() handler in rawmidi.c file. A malicious local attacker could possibly use this for privilege escalation. (CVE-2018-10902)
- An issue was discovered in the Linux kernel through 4.17.3. An Integer Overflow in kernel/time/posix-timers.c in the POSIX timer code is caused by the way the overrun accounting works. Depending on interval and expiry time values, the overrun can be larger than INT_MAX, but the accounting is int based. This basically makes the accounting values, which are visible to user space via timer_getoverrun(2) and siginfo::si_overrun, random. For example, a local user can cause a denial of service (signed integer overflow) via crafted mmap, futex, timer_create, and timer_settime system calls. (CVE-2018-12896)
- drivers/infiniband/core/ucma.c in the Linux kernel through 4.17.11 allows ucma_leave_multicast to access a certain data structure after a cleanup step in ucma_process_join, which allows attackers to cause a denial of service (use-after-free). (CVE-2018-14734)
- An issue was discovered in yurex_read in drivers/usb/misc/yurex.c in the Linux kernel before 4.17.7. Local attackers could use user access read/writes with incorrect bounds checking in the yurex USB driver to crash the kernel or potentially escalate privileges. (CVE-2018-16276)
- drivers/tty/n_tty.c in the Linux kernel before 4.14.11 allows local attackers (who are able to access pseudo terminals) to hang/block further usage of any pseudo terminal devices due to an EXTPROC versus ICANON confusion in TIOCINQ. (CVE-2018-18386)
- In the Linux kernel before 4.17, a local attacker able to set attributes on an xfs filesystem could make this filesystem non-operational until the next mount by triggering an unchecked error condition during an xfs attribute change, because xfs_attr_shortform_addname in fs/xfs/libxfs/xfs_attr.c mishandles ATTR_REPLACE operations with conversion of an attr from short to long form. (CVE-2018-18690)
- An issue was discovered in the Linux kernel through 4.19. An information leak in cdrom_ioctl_select_disc in drivers/cdrom/cdrom.c could be used by local attackers to read kernel memory because a cast from unsigned long to int interferes with bounds checking. This is similar to CVE-2018-10940 and CVE-2018-16658. (CVE-2018-18710)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3849-1

Sol	luti	on

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2017-2647
CVE	CVE-2018-10902
CVE	CVE-2018-12896
CVE	CVE-2018-14734
CVE	CVE-2018-16276
CVE	CVE-2018-18386
CVE	CVE-2018-18690
CVE	CVE-2018-18710
XREF	USN:3849-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/12/21, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

121598 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3880-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3880-1 advisory. - The Linux kernel before version 4.11 is vulnerable to a NULL pointer dereference in fs/cifs/ cifsencrypt.c:setup ntlmv2 rsp() that allows an attacker controlling a CIFS server to kernel panic a client that has this server mounted, because an empty TargetInfo field in an NTLMSSP setup negotiation response is mishandled during session recovery. (CVE-2018-1066) - An issue was discovered in the proc_pid_stack function in fs/proc/base.c in the Linux kernel through 4.18.11. It does not ensure that only root may inspect the kernel stack of an arbitrary task, allowing a local attacker to exploit racy stack unwinding and leak kernel task stack contents. (CVE-2018-17972) - Since Linux kernel version 3.2, the mremap() syscall performs TLB flushes after dropping pagetable locks. If a syscall such as ftruncate() removes entries from the pagetables of a task that is in the middle of mremap(), a stale TLB entry can remain for a short time that permits access to a physical page after it has been released back to the page allocator and reused. This is fixed in the following kernel versions: 4.9.135, 4.14.78, 4.18.16, 4.19. (CVE-2018-18281) - In sk_clone_lock of sock.c, there is a possible memory corruption due to type confusion. This could lead to local escalation of privilege with no additional execution privileges needed. User interaction is not needed for exploitation. Product: Android. Versions: Android kernel. Android ID: A-113509306. References: Upstream kernel. (CVE-2018-9568) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3880-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor High

10.0.2.9

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2018-1066
CVE CVE-2018-17972
CVE CVE-2018-18281
CVE CVE-2018-9568
XREF USN:3880-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/02/05, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

123682 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3933-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3933-1 advisory.

- The Linux kernel version 3.3-rc1 and later is affected by a vulnerability lies in the processing of incoming L2CAP commands - ConfigRequest, and ConfigResponse messages. This info leak is a result of uninitialized stack variables that may be returned to an attacker in their uninitialized state. By manipulating the code flows that precede the handling of these configuration messages, an attacker can also gain some control over which data will be held in the uninitialized stack variables. This can allow him to bypass KASLR, and stack canaries protection - as both pointers and stack canaries may be leaked in this manner. Combining this vulnerability (for example) with the previously disclosed RCE vulnerability in L2CAP configuration parsing (CVE-2017-1000251) may allow an attacker to exploit the RCE against kernels which were built with the above mitigations. These are the specifics of this vulnerability: In the function l2cap_parse_conf_rsp and in the function l2cap_parse_conf_req the following variable is declared without initialization: struct l2cap_conf_efs efs; In addition, when parsing input configuration parameters in both of these functions, the switch case for handling EFS elements may skip the memcpy call that will write to the efs variable: ... case L2CAP_CONF_EFS: if (olen == sizeof(efs)) memcpy(&efs, (void

*)val, olen); ... The olen in the above if is attacker controlled, and regardless of that if, in both of these functions the efs variable would eventually be added to the outgoing configuration request that is being built: I2cap_add_conf_opt(&ptr, L2CAP_CONF_EFS, sizeof(efs), (unsigned long) &efs); So by sending a configuration request, or response, that contains an L2CAP_CONF_EFS element, but with an element length that is not sizeof(efs) - the memcpy to the uninitialized efs variable can be avoided, and the uninitialized variable would be returned to the attacker (16 bytes). (CVE-2017-1000410)

- In change_port_settings in drivers/usb/serial/io_ti.c in the Linux kernel before 4.11.3, local users could cause a denial of service by division-by-zero in the serial device layer by trying to set very high baud rates. (CVE-2017-18360)
- In the Linux kernel through 4.19.6, a local user could exploit a use-after-free in the ALSA driver by supplying a malicious USB Sound device (with zero interfaces) that is mishandled in usb_audio_probe in sound/usb/card.c. (CVE-2018-19824)
- A heap address information leak while using L2CAP_GET_CONF_OPT was discovered in the Linux kernel before 5.1-rc1. (CVE-2019-3459)
- A heap data infoleak in multiple locations including L2CAP_PARSE_CONF_RSP was found in the Linux kernel before 5.1-rc1. (CVE-2019-3460)
- In the Linux kernel before 4.20.8, kvm_ioctl_create_device in virt/kvm/kvm_main.c mishandles reference counting because of a race condition, leading to a use-after-free. (CVE-2019-6974)
- The KVM implementation in the Linux kernel through 4.20.5 has an Information Leak. (CVE-2019-7222)
- In the Linux kernel before 4.20.14, expand_downwards in mm/mmap.c lacks a check for the mmap minimum address, which makes it easier for attackers to exploit kernel NULL pointer dereferences on non-SMAP platforms. This is related to a capability check for the wrong task. (CVE-2019-9213)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3933-1

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

8.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2017-1000410
CVE	CVE-2017-18360
CVE	CVE-2018-19824
CVE	CVE-2019-3459
CVE	CVE-2019-3460
CVE	CVE-2019-6974
CVE	CVE-2019-7222
CVE	CVE-2019-9213
XREF	USN:3933-1

Exploitable With
Metasploit (true)
Plugin Information
Published: 2019/04/03, Modified: 2024/01/09
Plugin Output
tcp/0

192221 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-6699-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-6699-1 advisory. - An issue was discovered in arch/x86/kvm/vmx/nested.c in the Linux kernel before 6.2.8. nVMX on x86 64 lacks consistency checks for CR0 and CR4. (CVE-2023-30456) - A use-after-free vulnerability in the Linux kernel's net/sched: sch_gfq component can be exploited to achieve local privilege escalation. When the plug qdisc is used as a class of the qfq qdisc, sending network packets triggers use-after-free in qfq_dequeue() due to the incorrect .peek handler of sch_plug and lack of error checking in agg_dequeue(). We recommend upgrading past commit 8fc134fee27f2263988ae38920bc03da416b03d8. (CVE-2023-4921) - A race condition was found in the Linux kernel's scsi device driver in lpfc unregister fcf rescan() function. This can result in a null pointer dereference issue, possibly leading to a kernel panic or denial of service issue. (CVE-2024-24855) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6699-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

10.0.2.9

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:S/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2023-4921
CVE CVE-2023-30456
CVE CVE-2024-24855
XREF USN:6699-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/03/18, Modified: 2024/03/18

Plugin Output

tcp/0

76386 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2274-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2274-1 advisory.
- The Linux kernel before 3.15.4 on Intel processors does not properly restrict use of a non-canonical value for the saved RIP address in the case of a system call that does not use IRET, which allows local users to leverage a race condition and gain privileges, or cause a denial of service (double fault), via a crafted application that makes ptrace and fork system calls. (CVE-2014-4699)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2274-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
8.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
8.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
8.4
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.7 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 68411

CVE CVE-2014-4699 XREF USN:2274-1

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/07/06, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

77199 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2314-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2314-1 advisory.
- kernel/auditsc.c in the Linux kernel through 3.14.5, when CONFIG_AUDITSYSCALL is enabled with certain syscall rules, allows local users to obtain potentially sensitive single-bit values from kernel memory or cause a denial of service (OOPS) via a large value of a syscall number. (CVE-2014-3917)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2314-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.2
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
3.3 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
2.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:ND)

References

BID 67699

CVE CVE-2014-3917 XREF USN:2314-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/08/14, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

81774 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2528-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2528-1 advisory.
- The InfiniBand (IB) implementation in the Linux kernel package before 2.6.32-504.12.2 on Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 6 does not properly restrict use of User Verbs for registration of memory regions, which allows local users to access arbitrary physical memory locations, and consequently cause a denial of service (system crash) or gain privileges, by leveraging permissions on a uverbs device under /dev/infiniband/. (CVE-2014-8159)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2528-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.1 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 73060

CVE CVE-2014-8159 XREF USN:2528-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/03/12, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

83259 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2598-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2598-1 advisory.
- Race condition in the prepare_binprm function in fs/exec.c in the Linux kernel before 3.19.6 allows local users to gain privileges by executing a setuid program at a time instant when a chown to root is in progress, and the ownership is changed but the setuid bit is not yet stripped. (CVE-2015-3339)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2598-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
4.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2015-3339 XREF USN:2598-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/05/06, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

83811 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2620-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2620-1 advisory.
- A certain backport in the TCP Fast Open implementation for the Linux kernel before 3.18 does not properly maintain a count value, which allow local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) via the Fast Open feature, as demonstrated by visiting the chrome://flags/#enable-tcp-fast-open URL when using certain 3.10.x through 3.16.x kernel builds, including longterm-maintenance releases and ckt (aka Canonical Kernel Team) builds. (CVE-2015-3332)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2620-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 74232

CVE CVE-2015-3332 XREF USN:2620-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/05/26, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

84210 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2643-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2643-1 advisory.
- The overlayfs implementation in the linux (aka Linux kernel) package before 3.19.0-21.21 in Ubuntu through 15.04 does not properly check permissions for file creation in the upper filesystem directory, which allows local users to obtain root access by leveraging a configuration in which overlayfs is permitted in an arbitrary mount namespace. (CVE-2015-1328)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2643-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
9.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)
10.0.2.0

References

CVE CVE-2015-1328 XREF USN:2643-1

Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/06/16, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

86295 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2761-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2761-1 advisory.
- Race condition in the IPC object implementation in the Linux kernel through 4.2.3 allows local users to gain privileges by triggering an ipc_addid call that leads to uid and gid comparisons against uninitialized data, related to msg.c, shm.c, and util.c. (CVE-2015-7613)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2761-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

CVE CVE-2015-7613 XREF USN:2761-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/06, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

88010 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2870-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2870-1 advisory.
- The join_session_keyring function in security/keys/process_keys.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4.1 mishandles object references in a certain error case, which allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (integer overflow and use-after-free) via crafted keyctl commands. (CVE-2016-0728)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2870-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
9.6
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

CVE CVE-2016-0728 XREF USN:2870-1

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/01/20, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

91181 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2975-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2975-1 advisory.
- Integer overflow in lib/asn1_decoder.c in the Linux kernel before 4.6 allows local users to gain privileges via crafted ASN.1 data. (CVE-2016-0758)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2975-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

CVE CVE-2016-0758 XREF USN:2975-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/05/17, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

91561 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2999-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2999-1 advisory.
- The ecryptfs_privileged_open function in fs/ecryptfs/kthread.c in the Linux kernel before 4.6.3 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (stack memory consumption) via vectors involving crafted mmap calls for /proc pathnames, leading to recursive pagefault handling. (CVE-2016-1583)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2999-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

CVE CVE-2016-1583 XREF USN:2999-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/06/10, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

92313 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3034-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3034-1 advisory.
- The trace_writeback_dirty_page implementation in include/trace/events/writeback.h in the Linux kernel before 4.4 improperly interacts with mm/migrate.c, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact by triggering a certain page move. (CVE-2016-3070)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3034-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.6 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
10 0 2 9

CVE CVE-2016-3070 XREF USN:3034-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/07/15, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

94153 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3105-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3105-1 advisory.
- Race condition in mm/gup.c in the Linux kernel 2.x through 4.x before 4.8.3 allows local users to gain privileges by leveraging incorrect handling of a copy-on-write (COW) feature to write to a read-only memory mapping, as exploited in the wild in October 2016, aka Dirty COW. (CVE-2016-5195)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3105-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
9.8
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2016-5195 XREF USN:3105-1

XREF IAVA:2016-A-0306-S

XREF CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/03/24

Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/10/20, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

95566 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3149-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3149-1 advisory.
- Race condition in net/packet/af_packet.c in the Linux kernel through 4.8.12 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (use-after-free) by leveraging the CAP_NET_RAW capability to change a socket version, related to the packet_set_ring and packet_setsockopt functions. (CVE-2016-8655)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3149-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
9.6
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

CVE CVE-2016-8655 XREF USN:3149-1

Exploitable With

Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/12/06, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

97603 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3219-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3219-1 advisory.
- Race condition in drivers/tty/n_hdlc.c in the Linux kernel through 4.10.1 allows local users to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (double free) by setting the HDLC line discipline. (CVE-2017-2636)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3219-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.1 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

CVE CVE-2017-2636 XREF USN:3219-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/03/08, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

99098 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3250-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3250-1 advisory.
- The xfrm_replay_verify_len function in net/xfrm/xfrm_user.c in the Linux kernel through 4.10.6 does not validate certain size data after an XFRM_MSG_NEWAE update, which allows local users to obtain root privileges or cause a denial of service (heap-based out-of-bounds access) by leveraging the CAP_NET_ADMIN capability, as demonstrated during a Pwn2Own competition at CanSecWest 2017 for the Ubuntu 16.10 linux- image-* package 4.8.0.41.52. (CVE-2017-7184)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3250-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.9
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2017-7184 XREF USN:3250-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/03/30, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

100933 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3335-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3335-1 advisory. - An issue was discovered in the size of the stack guard page on Linux, specifically a 4k stack guard page is not sufficiently large and can be jumped over (the stack guard page is bypassed), this affects Linux Kernel versions 4.11.5 and earlier (the stackguard page was introduced in 2010). (CVE-2017-1000364) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3335-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 7.4 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 6.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 5.1 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

CVE CVE-2017-1000364

XREF USN:3335-1

Exploitable With

Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/06/20, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

125135 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: samba vulnerability (USN-3976-2)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security-related patch. Description USN-3976-1 fixed a vulnerability in Samba. This update provides the corresponding update for Ubuntu 12.04 ESM and Ubuntu 14.04 ESM. Original advisory details: Isaac Boukris and Andrew Bartlett discovered that Samba incorrectly checked S4U2Self packets. In certain environments, a remote attacker could possibly use this issue to escalate privileges. Note that Tenable Network Security has extracted the preceding description block directly from the Ubuntu security advisory. Tenable has attempted to automatically clean and format it as much as possible without introducing additional issues. See Also https://usn.ubuntu.com/3976-2/ Solution Update the affected samba package. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 5.9 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 6.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2018-16860 XREF USN:3976-2

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/05/15, Modified: 2024/05/22

Plugin Output

tcp/0

125475 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : samba vulnerability (USN-3976-4)

Published: 2019/05/28, Modified: 2023/01/17

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security-related patch.
Description
USN-3976-1 fixed a vulnerability in Samba. The update introduced a regression causing Samba to occasionally crash. This update fixes the problem.
Original advisory details :
Isaac Boukris and Andrew Bartlett discovered that Samba incorrectly checked S4U2Self packets. In certain environments, a remote attacker could possibly use this issue to escalate privileges.
Note that Tenable Network Security has extracted the preceding description block directly from the Ubuntu security advisory. Tenable has attempted to automatically clean and format it as much as possible without introducing additional issues.
See Also
https://usn.ubuntu.com/3976-4/
Solution
Update the affected samba package.
Risk Factor
High
References
XREF USN:3976-4
Plugin Information

40984 - Browsable Web Directories

tcp/80/www

Synopsis
Some directories on the remote web server are browsable.
Description
Description
Multiple Nessus plugins identified directories on the web server that are browsable.
See Also
http://www.nessus.org/u?0a35179e
Solution
Make sure that browsable directories do not leak confidential information or give access to sensitive resources. Additionally, use access restrictions or disable directory indexing for any that do.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/09/15, Modified: 2021/01/19
Plugin Output

47831 - CGI Generic XSS (comprehensive test)

Synopsis

The remote web server is prone to cross-site scripting attacks.

Description

The remote web server hosts CGI scripts that fail to adequately sanitize request strings of malicious JavaScript. By leveraging this issue, an attacker may be able to cause arbitrary HTML and script code to be executed in a user's browser within the security context of the affected site. These XSS are likely to be 'non-persistent' or 'reflected'.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cross_site_scripting#Non-persistent

http://www.nessus.org/u?ea9a0369

http://projects.webappsec.org/w/page/13246920/Cross%20Site%20Scripting

Solution

Restrict access to the vulnerable application. Contact the vendor for a patch or upgrade.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF	CWE:20	
XREF	CWE:74	
XREF	CWE:79	
XREF	CWE:80	
XREF	CWE:81	
XREF	CWE:83	
XREF	CWE:84	
XREF	CWE:85	
XREF	CWE:86	
XREF	CWE:87	
XREF	CWE:116	
XREF	CWE:442	
XREF	CWE:692	

```
XREF
             CWE:712
XREF
             CWE:722
XREF
             CWE:725
XREF
             CWE:751
XREF
             CWE:801
XREF
             CWE:811
XREF
             CWE:928
             CWE:931
XREF
```

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/07/26, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Using the POST HTTP method, Nessus found that :

+ The following resources may be vulnerable to cross-site scripting (comprehensive test) :

+ The 'user' parameter of the /payroll_app.php CGI :

/payroll_app.php [password=&s=OK&user=<%00script>alert(219);</script%00>
]
```

50686 - IP Forwarding Enabled

Plugin Information

10.0.2.9

Synopsis The remote host has IP forwarding enabled. Description The remote host has IP forwarding enabled. An attacker can exploit this to route packets through the host and potentially bypass some firewalls / routers / NAC filtering. Unless the remote host is a router, it is recommended that you disable IP forwarding. Solution On Linux, you can disable IP forwarding by doing: echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward On Windows, set the key 'IPEnableRouter' to 0 under HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\Tcpip\Parameters On Mac OS X, you can disable IP forwarding by executing the command: sysctl -w net.inet.ip.forwarding=0 For other systems, check with your vendor. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:A/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:C/C:L/I:L/A:L) **VPR** Score 4.0 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.8 (CVSS2#AV:A/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P) References CVF CVE-1999-0511

243

Published: 2010/11/23, Modified: 2023/10/17

Plugin Output

tcp/0

138561 - MySQL Denial of Service (Jul 2020 CPU)

Synopsis The remote database server is affected by a denial of service vulnerability. Description The version of MySQL running on the remote host is 5.7.29 and prior or 8.0.19 and prior. It is, therefore, affected by a vulnerability, as noted in the July 2020 Critical Patch Update advisory: A Vulnerability in the MySQL Server product of Oracle MySQL (component: Server: Replication). Supported versions that are affected are 5.7.29 and prior and 8.0.19 and prior. Easily exploitable vulnerability allows high privileged attacker with network access via multiple protocols to compromise MySQL Server. Successful attacks of this vulnerability can result in unauthorized ability to cause a hang or frequently repeatable crash (complete DOS) of MySQL Server. Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?dc7b9bd1 Solution Refer to the vendor advisory. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 4.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:H/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.3 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score** 3.6 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:N/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2020-14567 XREF IAVA:2020-A-0321-S

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/07/16, Modified: 2023/11/01

Plugin Output

tcp/0

192685 - Node.js Module node-tar < 6.2.1 DoS

Synopsis A module in the Node.js JavaScript run-time environment is affected by a denial of service vulnerability. Description In the nodejs module node-tar prior to version 6.2.1, there is no validation of the number of folders created while unpacking a file. As a result, an attacker can use a malicious file to exhaust the CPU and memory on the host and crash the nodejs client. Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?0b8d8923 Solution Upgrade to node-tar version 6.2.1 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 4.4 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C) STIG Severity

CVE CVE-2024-28863 XREF IAVB:2024-B-0027

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/03/29, Modified: 2024/06/06

Plugin Output

tcp/0

64993 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.12 Information Disclosure

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is potentially affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is prior to 5.4.12. It is, therefore, potentially affected by an information disclosure in the file 'ext/soap/php_xml.c' related to parsing SOAP 'wsdl' files and external entities that could cause PHP to parse remote XML documents defined by an attacker. This could allow access to arbitrary files. (CVE-2013-1824)

Note that this plugin does not attempt to exploit the vulnerabilities but, instead relies only on PHP's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.12

http://www.nessus.org/u?2dcf53bd

http://www.nessus.org/u?889595b1

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.12 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

1.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 62373

CVE CVE-2013-1824

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/03/04, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

66843 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.16 Multiple Vulnerabilities

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

Synopsis The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is prior to 5.4.16. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities: - An error exists in the mimetype detection of 'mp3' files that could lead to a denial of service. (Bug #64830) - An error exists in the function 'php_quot_print_encode' in the file 'ext/standard/quot print.c' that could allow a heap-based buffer overflow when attempting to parse certain strings. (Bug #64879) - An integer overflow error exists related to the value of 'JEWISH_SDN_MAX' in the file 'ext/calendar/jewish.c' that could allow denial of service attacks. (Bug #64895) Note that this plugin does not attempt to exploit these vulnerabilities, but instead relies only on PHP's selfreported version number. See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?60cbc5f0 http://www.nessus.org/u?8456482e http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.16 Solution Apply the vendor patch or upgrade to PHP version 5.4.16 or later. Risk Factor Medium **VPR Score** 3.6 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

BID	60411
BID	60728
BID	60731
CVE	CVE 2012

CVE CVE-2013-2110
CVE CVE-2013-4635
CVE CVE-2013-4636

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/06/07, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

71927 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.24 Multiple Vulnerabilities

References

64018

CVF-2013-6712

BID

CVF

Synopsis The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities. Description According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is a version prior to 5.4.24. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities: - A heap-based buffer overflow error exists in the file 'ext/date/lib/parse iso intervals.c' related to handling DateInterval objects that could allow denial of service attacks. (CVE-2013-6712) - An integer overflow error exists in the function 'exif_process_IFD_TAG' in the file 'ext/exif/exif.c' that could allow denial of service attacks or arbitrary memory reads. (Bug #65873) Note that this plugin does not attempt to exploit the vulnerabilities, but instead relies only on PHP's selfreported version number. See Also http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.24 Solution Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.24 or later. Risk Factor Medium **VPR** Score 4.4 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/01/13, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

72881 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.26 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is potentially affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is a version prior to 5.4.26. It is, therefore, potentially affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- An error exists related to the Fileinfo extension and the bundled libraagic library that could allow denial of service attacks. (CVE-2014-1943)
- An error exists related to the Fileinfo extension and the process of analyzing Portable Executable (PE) format files that could allow denial of service attacks or possibly arbitrary code execution. (CVE-2014-2270)

Note that this plugin does not attempt to exploit the vulnerabilities, but instead relies only on PHP's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.26

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.26 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

3.6

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 65596 BID 66002

CVE CVE-2014-1943

CVE CVE-2014-2270

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/03/07, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

73338 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.27 awk Magic Parsing BEGIN DoS

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is potentially affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is a version prior to 5.4.27. It is, therefore, potentially affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

A flaw exists in the awk script detector within magic/Magdir/commands where multiple wildcards with unlimited repetitions are used. This could allow a context dependent attacker to cause a denial of service with a specially crafted ASCII file.

Note that this plugin has not attempted to exploit this issue, but instead relied only on PHP's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.27

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.27 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

4.2

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 66406

CVE CVE-2013-7345

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/04/04, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

74291 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.29 'src/cdf.c' Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is a version prior to 5.4.29. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- A flaw exists with the 'cdf unpack summary info()'

function within 'src/cdf.c' where multiple file_printf calls occur when handling specially crafted CDF files. This could allow a context dependent attacker to crash the web application using PHP. (CVE-2014-0237)

- A flaw exists with the 'cdf_read_property_info()'

function within 'src/cdf.c' where an infinite loop occurs when handling specially crafted CDF files. This could allow a context dependent attacker to crash the web application using PHP. (CVE-2014-0238)

- An out-of-bounds read exists in printf. (Bug #67249)

Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit these issues, but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.29

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67327

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67328

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.29 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

3.6

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	67759
BID	67765
BID	69271

CVE CVE-2014-0237 CVE CVE-2014-0238

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/06/03, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

77402 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.32 Multiple Vulnerabilities

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities.

Description

According to its banner, the remote web server is running a version of PHP 5.4.x prior to 5.4.32. It is, therefore, affected by the following vulnerabilities :

- LibGD contains a NULL pointer dereference flaw in its 'gdImageCreateFromXpm' function in the 'gdxpm.c' file

By using a specially crafted color mapping, a remote attacker could cause a denial of service. (CVE-2014-2497)

- The original upstream patch for CVE-2013-7345 did not provide a complete solution. It is, therefore, still possible for a remote attacker to deploy a specially crafted input file to cause excessive resources to be used when trying to detect the file type using awk regular expression rules. This can cause a denial of service. (CVE-2014-3538)
- An integer overflow flaw exists in the 'cdf.c' file. By using a specially crafted CDF file, a remote attacker could cause a denial of service. (CVE-2014-3587)
- There are multiple buffer overflow flaws in the 'dns.c'

file related to the 'dns get record' and 'dn expand'

functions. By using a specially crafted DNS record, a remote attacker could exploit these to cause a denial of service or execute arbitrary code. (CVE-2014-3597)

- A flaw exists in the 'spl_dllist.c' file that may lead to a use-after-free condition in the SPL component when iterating over an object. An attacker could utilize this to cause a denial of service. (CVE-2014-4670)
- A flaw exists in the 'spl_array.c' file that may lead to a use-after-free condition in the SPL component when handling the modification of objects while sorting. An attacker could utilize this to cause a denial of service. (CVE-2014-4698)
- There exist multiple flaws in the GD component within the 'gd_ctx.c' file where user-supplied input is not properly validated to ensure that pathnames lack %00 sequences. By using specially crafted input, a remote attacker could overwrite arbitrary files.

(CVE-2014-5120)

Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit these issues, but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.32

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67730

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67538

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67539

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67717

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67705 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67716 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=66901 https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=67715

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.32 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

66233

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID

BID	66406
BID	68348
BID	68511
BID	68513
BID	69322
BID	69325
BID	69375
CVE	CVE-2014-2497
CVE	CVE-2014-3538
CVE	CVE-2014-3587
CVE	CVE-2014-3597
CVE	CVE-2014-4670
CVE	CVE-2014-4698
CVE	CVE-2014-5120

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/08/27, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output	Р	lugin	Outp	ut
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tcp/80/www

79246 - PHP 5.4.x < 5.4.35 'donote' DoS

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x installed on the remote host is prior to 5.4.35. It is, therefore, affected by an out-of-bounds read error in the function 'donote' within the file 'ext/fileinfo/ libmagic/readelf.c' that could allow application crashes.

Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.35

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=68283

http://www.nessus.org/u?6f0615b4

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.35 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

3.6

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 70807

CVE CVE-2014-3710

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/11/14, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

152853 - PHP < 7.3.28 Email Header Injection

Synopsis

The version of PHP running on the remote web server is affected by an email header injection vulnerability.

Description

According to its self-reported version number, the version of PHP running on the remote web server is prior to 7.3.28.

It is, therefore affected by an email header injection vulnerability, due to a failure to properly handle CR-LF sequences in header fields. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this, by inserting line feed characters into email headers, to gain full control of email header content.

See Also

https://www.php.net/ChangeLog-7.php#7.3.28

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 7.3.28 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/08/26, Modified: 2024/06/04

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

46803 - PHP expose_php Information Disclosure

Synopsis

The configuration of PHP on the remote host allows disclosure of sensitive information.

Description

The PHP install on the remote server is configured in a way that allows disclosure of potentially sensitive information to an attacker through a special URL. Such a URL triggers an Easter egg built into PHP itself.

Other such Easter eggs likely exist, but Nessus has not checked for them.

See Also

https://www.0php.com/php_easter_egg.php

https://seclists.org/webappsec/2004/q4/324

Solution

In the PHP configuration file, php.ini, set the value for 'expose_php' to 'Off' to disable this behavior. Restart the web server daemon to put this change into effect.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/06/03, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

57608 - SMB Signing not required

Synopsis

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

Description

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx

http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723

https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea

Solution

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2022/10/05

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

187315 - SSH Terrapin Prefix Truncation Weakness (CVE-2023-48795)

Synopsis The remote SSH server is vulnerable to a mitm prefix truncation attack. Description The remote SSH server is vulnerable to a man-in-the-middle prefix truncation weakness known as Terrapin. This can allow a remote, man-in-the-middle attacker to bypass integrity checks and downgrade the connection's security. Note that this plugin only checks for remote SSH servers that support either ChaCha20-Poly1305 or CBC with Encrypt-then-MAC and do not support the strict key exchange countermeasures. It does not check for vulnerable software versions. See Also https://terrapin-attack.com/ Solution Contact the vendor for an update with the strict key exchange countermeasures or disable the affected algorithms. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 6.1 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:C/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

10.0.2.9

4.2 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2023-48795

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/12/27, Modified: 2024/01/29

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

90317 - SSH Weak Algorithms Supported

Synopsis The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak encryption algorithms or no algorithm at all. Description Nessus has detected that the remote SSH server is configured to use the Arcfour stream cipher or no cipher at all. RFC 4253 advises against using Arcfour due to an issue with weak keys. See Also https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4253#section-6.3 Solution Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to remove the weak ciphers. Risk Factor Medium

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/04, Modified: 2016/12/14

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

45411 - SSL Certificate with Wrong Hostname

Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service is for a different host.

Description

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute of the SSL certificate presented for this service is for a different machine.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2020/04/27

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

```
The identities known by Nessus are:

10.0.2.9
127.0.0.1
172.17.0.1
::1
['ipv6': ::1]['scope': host]['prefixlen': 128]
['ipv6': fe80::42:5dff:feb4:5086]['scope': link]['prefixlen': 64]
['ipv6': fe80::6417:fcff:fe53:af9b]['scope': link]['prefixlen': 64]
['ipv6': fe80::a00:27ff:fe0e:2bcc]['scope': link]['prefixlen': 64]
fe80::42:5dff:feb4:5086
fe80::6417:fcff:fe53:af9b
fe80::a00:27ff:fe0e:2bcc
metasploitable3-ub1404
10.0.2.9

The Common Name in the certificate is:
```

57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

58751 - SSL/TLS Protocol Initialization Vector Implementation Information Disclosure Vulnerability (BEAST)

Synopsis

It may be possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

Description

A vulnerability exists in SSL 3.0 and TLS 1.0 that could allow information disclosure if an attacker intercepts encrypted traffic served from an affected system.

TLS 1.1, TLS 1.2, and all cipher suites that do not use CBC mode are not affected.

This plugin tries to establish an SSL/TLS remote connection using an affected SSL version and cipher suite and then solicits return data.

If returned application data is not fragmented with an empty or one-byte record, it is likely vulnerable.

OpenSSL uses empty fragments as a countermeasure unless the 'SSL_OP_DONT_INSERT_EMPTY_FRAGMENTS' option is specified when OpenSSL is initialized.

Microsoft implemented one-byte fragments as a countermeasure, and the setting can be controlled via the registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\SCHANNEL\SendExtraRecord.

Therefore, if multiple applications use the same SSL/TLS implementation, some may be vulnerable while others may not be, depending on whether or not a countermeasure has been enabled.

Note that this plugin detects the vulnerability in the SSLv3/TLSv1 protocol implemented in the server. It does not detect the BEAST attack where it exploits the vulnerability at HTTPS client-side (i.e., Internet browser). The detection at server-side does not necessarily mean your server is vulnerable to the BEAST attack, because the attack exploits the vulnerability at the client-side, and both SSL/TLS clients and servers can independently employ the split record countermeasure.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2011/09/23/chromeandbeast.html

https://vnhacker.blogspot.com/2011/09/beast.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?649b81c1

http://www.nessus.org/u?84775fd6

https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/kaushal/2012/01/20/fixing-the-beast/

Solution

Configure SSL/TLS servers to only use TLS 1.1 or TLS 1.2 if supported.

Configure SSL/TLS servers to only support cipher suites that do not use block ciphers. Apply patches if available.

Note that additional configuration may be required after the installation of the MS12-006 security update in order to enable the split-record countermeasure. See Microsoft KB2643584 for details.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

VPR Score

2.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

ı

References

BID 49778

CVE CVE-2011-3389

XREF CERT:864643

XREF MSFT:MS12-006

XREF IAVB:2012-B-0006

XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2019-0547

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/04/16, Modified: 2022/12/05

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

157288 - TLS Version 1.1 Deprecated Protocol

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1. TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites. Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

See Also

https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8996

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/04/04, Modified: 2024/05/14

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

200307 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 22.04 LTS / 23.10 / 24.04 LTS : LibTIFF vulnerability (USN-6827-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 22.04 LTS / 23.10 / 24.04 LTS host has packages installed that are affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-6827-1 advisory. It was discovered that LibTIFF incorrectly handled memory when performing certain cropping operations, leading to a heap buffer overflow. An attacker could use this issue to cause a denial of service, or possibly execute arbitrary code. Tenable has extracted the preceding description block directly from the Ubuntu security advisory. Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6827-1 Solution Update the affected packages. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 3.6 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2023-3164 XREF USN:6827-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/06/11, Modified: 2024/06/11

Plugin Output

tcp/0

190598 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 22.04 LTS / 23.10 : shadow vulnerability (USN-6640-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS / 20.04 LTS / 22.04 LTS / 23.10 host has packages installed that are affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-6640-1 advisory.
- A flaw was found in shadow-utils. When asking for a new password, shadow-utils asks the password twice. If the password fails on the second attempt, shadow-utils fails in cleaning the buffer used to store the first entry. This may allow an attacker with enough access to retrieve the password from the memory.
(CVE-2023-4641)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6640-1
Solution
Update the affected packages.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.6 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:S/C:C/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.4 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2023-4641 XREF USN:6640-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/02/15, Modified: 2024/02/15

Plugin Output

tcp/0

192577 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS : PAM vulnerability (USN-6588-2)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS host has packages installed that are affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN- $6588-2$ advisory.
- linux-pam (aka Linux PAM) before 1.6.0 allows attackers to cause a denial of service (blocked login process) via mkfifo because the openat call (for protect_dir) lacks O_DIRECTORY. (CVE-2024-22365)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6588-2
Solution
Update the affected packages.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.6 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:S/C:N/I:N/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2024-22365 XREF USN:6588-2

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/03/26, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/0

191736 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS : ncurses vulnerability (USN-6684-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS / 16.04 LTS / 18.04 LTS host has packages installed that are affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-6684-1 advisory.
- NCurse v6.4-20230418 was discovered to contain a segmentation fault via the component _nc_wrap_entry().
(CVE-2023-50495)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6684-1
Solution
Update the affected packages.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.8 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2023-50495 XREF USN:6684-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/03/08, Modified: 2024/03/08

Plugin Output

tcp/0

83332 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel regression (USN-2598-2)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2598-2 advisory.

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2598-2

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

Medium

References

BID 74243

XREF USN:2598-2

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/05/11, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

112017 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel regressions (USN-3741-3)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3741-3 advisory.

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3741-3

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

5.2

References

CVE	CVE-2018-3620
CVE	CVE-2018-3646
CVE	CVE-2018-5390
CVE	CVE-2018-5391
XREF	USN:3741-3

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/08/20, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

74360 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2240-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2240-1 advisory. - Use-after-free vulnerability in the nfqnl zcopy function in net/netfilter/nfnetlink queue core.c in the Linux kernel through 3.13.6 allows attackers to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory by leveraging the absence of a certain orphaning operation. NOTE: the affected code was moved to the skb zerocopy function in net/core/skbuff.c before the vulnerability was announced. (CVE-2014-2568) - The try_to_unmap_cluster function in mm/rmap.c in the Linux kernel before 3.14.3 does not properly consider which pages must be locked, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) by triggering a memory-usage pattern that requires removal of page-table mappings. (CVE-2014-3122) - The futex_requeue function in kernel/futex.c in the Linux kernel through 3.14.5 does not ensure that calls have two different futex addresses, which allows local users to gain privileges via a crafted FUTEX REOUEUE command that facilitates unsafe waiter modification. (CVE-2014-3153) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2240-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

9.7

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.3 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 66348

CVE CVE-2014-2568
CVE CVE-2014-3122
CVE CVE-2014-3153
XREF USN:2240-1

XREF CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/06/15

Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/06/06, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

76569 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2290-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2290-1 advisory.

- The media_device_enum_entities function in drivers/media/media-device.c in the Linux kernel before 3.14.6 does not initialize a certain data structure, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory by leveraging /dev/media0 read access for a MEDIA_IOC_ENUM_ENTITIES ioctl call. (CVE-2014-1739)
- The (1) BPF_S_ANC_NLATTR and (2) BPF_S_ANC_NLATTR_NEST extension implementations in the sk_run_filter function in net/core/filter.c in the Linux kernel through 3.14.3 do not check whether a certain length value is sufficiently large, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (integer underflow and system crash) via crafted BPF instructions. NOTE: the affected code was moved to the __skb_get_nlattr and skb get nlattr nest functions before the vulnerability was announced. (CVE-2014-3144)
- The BPF_S_ANC_NLATTR_NEST extension implementation in the sk_run_filter function in net/core/filter.c in the Linux kernel through 3.14.3 uses the reverse order in a certain subtraction, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (over-read and system crash) via crafted BPF instructions. NOTE: the affected code was moved to the __skb_get_nlattr_nest function before the vulnerability was announced. (CVE-2014-3145)
- The Linux kernel through 3.14.5 does not properly consider the presence of hugetlb entries, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory corruption or system crash) by accessing certain memory locations, as demonstrated by triggering a race condition via numa_maps read operations during hugepage migration, related to fs/proc/task mmu.c and mm/mempolicy.c. (CVE-2014-3940)
- Integer overflow in the LZ4 algorithm implementation, as used in Yann Collet LZ4 before r118 and in the lz4_uncompress function in lib/lz4/lz4_decompress.c in the Linux kernel before 3.15.2, on 32-bit platforms might allow context-dependent attackers to cause a denial of service (memory corruption) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted Literal Run that would be improperly handled by programs not complying with an API limitation, a different vulnerability than CVE-2014-4715. (CVE-2014-4611)
- The PPPoL2TP feature in net/l2tp/l2tp_ppp.c in the Linux kernel through 3.15.6 allows local users to gain privileges by leveraging data-structure differences between an l2tp socket and an inet socket. (CVE-2014-4943)
- The net_get_random_once implementation in net/core/utils.c in the Linux kernel 3.13.x and 3.14.x before 3.14.5 on certain Intel processors does not perform the intended slow-path operation to initialize random seeds, which makes it easier for remote attackers to spoof or disrupt IP communication by leveraging the predictability of TCP sequence numbers, TCP and UDP port numbers, and IP ID values. (CVE-2014-7284)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

ee Also	

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

8.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.0 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	67309
BID	67321
BID	67786
BID	68048
BID	68214
BID	68218
BID	68683
CVE	CVE-2014-1739
CVE	CVE-2014-3144
CVE	CVE-2014-3145
CVE	CVE-2014-3940
CVE	CVE-2014-4611
CVE	CVE-2014-4943
CVE	CVE-2014-7284
XREF	USN:2290-1

Exploitable With
CANVAS (true)
Plugin Information
Published: 2014/07/17, Modified: 2024/01/09
Plugin Output
tcp/0

78765 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2395-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2395-1 advisory.

- Array index error in the logi_dj_raw_event function in drivers/hid/hid-logitech-dj.c in the Linux kernel before 3.16.2 allows physically proximate attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (invalid kfree) via a crafted device that provides a malformed REPORT_TYPE_NOTIF_DEVICE_UNPAIRED value.

(CVE-2014-3182)

- The WRMSR processing functionality in the KVM subsystem in the Linux kernel through 3.17.2 does not properly handle the writing of a non-canonical address to a model-specific register, which allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (host OS crash) by leveraging guest OS privileges, related to the wrmsr_interception function in arch/x86/kvm/svm.c and the handle_wrmsr function in arch/x86/kvm/vmx.c.

(CVE-2014-3610)

Risk Factor

- Race condition in the __kvm_migrate_pit_timer function in arch/x86/kvm/i8254.c in the KVM subsystem in the Linux kernel through 3.17.2 allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (host OS crash) by leveraging incorrect PIT emulation. (CVE-2014-3611)
- arch/x86/kvm/vmx.c in the KVM subsystem in the Linux kernel through 3.17.2 does not have an exit handler for the INVVPID instruction, which allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (guest OS crash) via a crafted application. (CVE-2014-3646)
- arch/x86/kvm/emulate.c in the KVM subsystem in the Linux kernel through 3.17.2 does not properly perform RIP changes, which allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (guest OS crash) via a crafted application. (CVE-2014-3647)
- The SMB2_tcon function in fs/cifs/smb2pdu.c in the Linux kernel before 3.16.3 allows remote CIFS servers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and client system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact by deleting the IPC\$ share during resolution of DFS referrals. (CVE-2014-7145)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2395-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package.

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	69867
BID	70742
BID	70743
BID	70745
BID	70748
CVE	CVE-2014-3182
CVE	CVE-2014-3610
CVE	CVE-2014-3611
CVE	CVE-2014-3646
CVE	CVE-2014-3647
CVE	CVE-2014-7145
XREF	USN:2395-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/31, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

79435 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2420-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2420-1 advisory. - arch/x86/kvm/vmx.c in the KVM subsystem in the Linux kernel before 3.17.2 on Intel processors does not ensure that the value in the CR4 control register remains the same after a VM entry, which allows host OS users to kill arbitrary processes or cause a denial of service (system disruption) by leveraging /dev/kvm access, as demonstrated by PR_SET_TSC prctl calls within a modified copy of QEMU. (CVE-2014-3690) - Multiple integer overflows in the lzo1x_decompress_safe function in lib/lzo/lzo1x_decompress_safe.c in the LZO decompressor in the Linux kernel before 3.15.2 allow context-dependent attackers to cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via a crafted Literal Run. NOTE: the author of the LZO algorithms says the Linux kernel is *not* affected; media hype. (CVE-2014-4608) - The pivot root implementation in fs/namespace.c in the Linux kernel through 3.17 does not properly interact with certain locations of a chroot directory, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (mount-tree loop) via . (dot) values in both arguments to the pivot root system call. (CVE-2014-7970) - The do_umount function in fs/namespace.c in the Linux kernel through 3.17 does not require the CAP SYS ADMIN capability for do remount sb calls that change the root filesystem to read-only, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (loss of writability) by making certain unshare system calls, clearing the / MNT LOCKED flag, and making an MNT FORCE umount system call. (CVE-2014-7975) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2420-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor High

10.0.2.9

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

5.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	68214
BID	70314
BID	70319
BID	70691
CVE	CVE-2014-3690
CVE	CVE-2014-4608
CVE	CVE-2014-7970
CVE	CVE-2014-7975
XREF	USN:2420-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/11/25, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

81569 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2516-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2516-1 advisory.

- arch/x86/kernel/tls.c in the Thread Local Storage (TLS) implementation in the Linux kernel through 3.18.1 allows local users to bypass the espfix protection mechanism, and consequently makes it easier for local users to bypass the ASLR protection mechanism, via a crafted application that makes a set_thread_area system call and later reads a 16-bit value. (CVE-2014-8133)
- net/netfilter/nf_conntrack_proto_generic.c in the Linux kernel before 3.18 generates incorrect conntrack entries during handling of certain iptables rule sets for the SCTP, DCCP, GRE, and UDP-Lite protocols, which allows remote attackers to bypass intended access restrictions via packets with disallowed port numbers. (CVE-2014-8160)
- The d_walk function in fs/dcache.c in the Linux kernel through 3.17.2 does not properly maintain the semantics of rename_lock, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (deadlock and system hang) via a crafted application. (CVE-2014-8559)
- The Linux kernel through 3.17.4 does not properly restrict dropping of supplemental group memberships in certain namespace scenarios, which allows local users to bypass intended file permissions by leveraging a POSIX ACL containing an entry for the group category that is more restrictive than the entry for the other category, aka a negative groups issue, related to kernel/groups.c, kernel/uid16.c, and kernel/user_namespace.c. (CVE-2014-8989)
- The __switch_to function in arch/x86/kernel/process_64.c in the Linux kernel through 3.18.1 does not ensure that Thread Local Storage (TLS) descriptors are loaded before proceeding with other steps, which makes it easier for local users to bypass the ASLR protection mechanism via a crafted application that reads a TLS base address. (CVE-2014-9419)
- The rock_continue function in fs/isofs/rock.c in the Linux kernel through 3.18.1 does not restrict the number of Rock Ridge continuation entries, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (infinite loop, and system crash or hang) via a crafted iso9660 image. (CVE-2014-9420)
- The batadv_frag_merge_packets function in net/batman-adv/fragmentation.c in the B.A.T.M.A.N. implementation in the Linux kernel through 3.18.1 uses an incorrect length field during a calculation of an amount of memory, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (mesh-node system crash) via fragmented packets. (CVE-2014-9428)
- Race condition in the key_gc_unused_keys function in security/keys/gc.c in the Linux kernel through 3.18.2 allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory corruption or panic) or possibly have unspecified other impact via keyctl commands that trigger access to a key structure member during garbage collection of a key. (CVE-2014-9529)
- The parse_rock_ridge_inode_internal function in fs/isofs/rock.c in the Linux kernel before 3.18.2 does not validate a length value in the Extensions Reference (ER) System Use Field, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory via a crafted iso9660 image. (CVE-2014-9584)

- The vdso_addr function in arch/x86/vdso/vma.c in the Linux kernel through 3.18.2 does not properly choose memory locations for the vDSO area, which makes it easier for local users to bypass the ASLR protection mechanism by guessing a location at the end of a PMD. (CVE-2014-9585)
- Off-by-one error in the ecryptfs_decode_from_filename function in fs/ecryptfs/crypto.c in the eCryptfs subsystem in the Linux kernel before 3.18.2 allows local users to cause a denial of service (buffer overflow and system crash) or possibly gain privileges via a crafted filename. (CVE-2014-9683)
- The em_sysenter function in arch/x86/kvm/emulate.c in the Linux kernel before 3.18.5, when the guest OS lacks SYSENTER MSR initialization, allows guest OS users to gain guest OS privileges or cause a denial of service (guest OS crash) by triggering use of a 16-bit code segment for emulation of a SYSENTER instruction. (CVE-2015-0239)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2516-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)
References
BID 70854

BID	71154
BID	71684
BID	71717
BID	71794
BID	71847
BID	71880
BID	71883
BID	71990
BID	72061
BID	72643
BID	72842
CVE	CVE-2014-8133
CVE	CVE-2014-8160
CVE	CVE-2014-8559
CVE	CVE-2014-8989
CVE	CVE-2014-9419
CVE	CVE-2014-9420
CVE	CVE-2014-9428
CVE	CVE-2014-9529
CVE	CVE-2014-9584
CVE	CVE-2014-9585
CVE	CVE-2014-9683
CVE	CVE-2015-0239
XREF	USN:2516-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/02/27, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

84614 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2663-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2663-1 advisory. - The Btrfs implementation in the Linux kernel before 3.19 does not ensure that the visible xattr state is consistent with a requested replacement, which allows local users to bypass intended ACL settings and gain privileges via standard filesystem operations (1) during an xattr-replacement time window, related to a race condition, or (2) after an xattr-replacement attempt that fails because the data does not fit. (CVE-2014-9710) - Race condition in the handle to path function in fs/fhandle.c in the Linux kernel through 3.19.1 allows local users to bypass intended size restrictions and trigger read operations on additional memory locations by changing the handle bytes value of a file handle during the execution of this function. (CVE-2015-1420) - Integer signedness error in the oz hcd get desc cnf function in drivers/staging/ozwpan/ozhcd.c in the OZWPAN driver in the Linux kernel through 4.0.5 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash) or possibly execute arbitrary code via a crafted packet. (CVE-2015-4001) - drivers/staging/ozwpan/ozusbsvc1.c in the OZWPAN driver in the Linux kernel through 4.0.5 does not ensure that certain length values are sufficiently large, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash or large loop) or possibly execute arbitrary code via a crafted packet, related to the (1) oz usb rx and (2) oz usb handle ep data functions. (CVE-2015-4002) - The oz usb handle ep data function in drivers/staging/ozwpan/ozusbsvc1.c in the OZWPAN driver in the Linux kernel through 4.0.5 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (divide-by-zero error and system crash) via a crafted packet. (CVE-2015-4003) - The udf read inode function in fs/udf/inode.c in the Linux kernel before 3.19.1 does not validate certain length values, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (incorrect data representation or integer overflow, and OOPS) via a crafted UDF filesystem. (CVE-2015-4167) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2663-1

305

Solution

Risk Factor

10.0.2.9

Update the affected kernel package.

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.2 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

9.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID	73308
CVE	CVE-2014-9710
CVE	CVE-2015-1420
CVE	CVE-2015-4001
CVE	CVE-2015-4002
CVE	CVE-2015-4003
CVE	CVE-2015-4167
XREF	USN:2663-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/07/08, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

86190 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2748-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2748-1 advisory.
- The get_bitmap_file function in drivers/md/md.c in the Linux kernel before 4.1.6 does not initialize a certain bitmap data structure, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory via a GET_BITMAP_FILE ioctl call. (CVE-2015-5697)
- The vhost_dev_ioctl function in drivers/vhost/vhost.c in the Linux kernel before 4.1.5 allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory consumption) via a VHOST_SET_LOG_FD ioctl call that triggers permanent file-descriptor allocation. (CVE-2015-6252)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2748-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2015-5697
CVE CVE-2015-6252
XREF USN:2748-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/09/29, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

86785 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2794-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2794-1 advisory.
- The prepend_path function in fs/dcache.c in the Linux kernel before 4.2.4 does not properly handle rename actions inside a bind mount, which allows local users to bypass an intended container protection mechanism by renaming a directory, related to a double-chroot attack. (CVE-2015-2925)
- drivers/usb/serial/whiteheat.c in the Linux kernel before 4.2.4 allows physically proximate attackers to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and OOPS) or possibly have unspecified other impact via a crafted USB device. NOTE: this ID was incorrectly used for an Apache Cordova issue that has the correct ID of CVE-2015-8320. (CVE-2015-5257)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2794-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
6.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:P/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
6.7
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2015-2925
CVE CVE-2015-5257
XREF USN:2794-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/11/06, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

87169 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2823-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2823-1 advisory.
- The sctp_init function in net/sctp/protocol.c in the Linux kernel before 4.2.3 has an incorrect sequence of protocol-initialization steps, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (panic or memory corruption) by creating SCTP sockets before all of the steps have finished. (CVE-2015-5283)
- The key_gc_unused_keys function in security/keys/gc.c in the Linux kernel through 4.2.6 allows local users to cause a denial of service (OOPS) via crafted keyctl commands. (CVE-2015-7872)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2823-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.7 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2015-5283
CVE CVE-2015-7872
XREF USN:2823-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/12/02, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

88519 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2887-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2887-1 advisory.

- Use-after-free vulnerability in net/unix/af_unix.c in the Linux kernel before 4.3.3 allows local users to bypass intended AF_UNIX socket permissions or cause a denial of service (panic) via crafted epoll_ctl calls. (CVE-2013-7446)
- arch/x86/kvm/x86.c in the Linux kernel before 4.4 does not reset the PIT counter values during state restoration, which allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (divide-by-zero error and host OS crash) via a zero value, related to the kvm_vm_ioctl_set_pit and kvm_vm_ioctl_set_pit2 functions. (CVE-2015-7513)
- Race condition in the rds_sendmsg function in net/rds/sendmsg.c in the Linux kernel before 4.3.3 allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact by using a socket that was not properly bound. NOTE: this vulnerability exists because of an incomplete fix for CVE-2015-6937. (CVE-2015-7990)
- fs/btrfs/inode.c in the Linux kernel before 4.3.3 mishandles compressed inline extents, which allows local users to obtain sensitive pre-truncation information from a file via a clone action. (CVE-2015-8374)

Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2887-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

5.0

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2013-7446
CVE	CVE-2015-7513
CVE	CVE-2015-7990
CVE	CVE-2015-8374
XREF	USN:2887-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/02/02, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

92862 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3052-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3052-1 advisory.
- The key_reject_and_link function in security/keys/key.c in the Linux kernel through 4.6.3 does not ensure that a certain data structure is initialized, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) via vectors involving a crafted keyctl request2 command. (CVE-2016-4470)
- The tipc_nl_compat_link_dump function in net/tipc/netlink_compat.c in the Linux kernel through 4.6.3 does not properly copy a certain string, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel stack memory by reading a Netlink message. (CVE-2016-5243)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3052-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-4470
CVE CVE-2016-5243
XREF USN:3052-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/08/11, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

93954 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3098-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3098-1 advisory.

- Race condition in the audit_log_single_execve_arg function in kernel/auditsc.c in the Linux kernel through 4.7 allows local users to bypass intended character-set restrictions or disrupt system-call auditing by changing a certain string, aka a double fetch vulnerability. (CVE-2016-6136)
- Race condition in the ioctl_send_fib function in drivers/scsi/aacraid/commctrl.c in the Linux kernel through 4.7 allows local users to cause a denial of service (out-of-bounds access or system crash) by changing a certain size value, aka a double fetch vulnerability. (CVE-2016-6480)
- The tcp_check_send_head function in include/net/tcp.h in the Linux kernel before 4.7.5 does not properly maintain certain SACK state after a failed data copy, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (tcp_xmit_retransmit_queue use-after-free and system crash) via a crafted SACK option. (CVE-2016-6828)
- The IP stack in the Linux kernel through 4.8.2 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (stack consumption and panic) or possibly have unspecified other impact by triggering use of the GRO path for large crafted packets, as demonstrated by packets that contain only VLAN headers, a related issue to CVE-2016-8666. (CVE-2016-7039)

CVE-2010-8000. (CVE-2010-7059)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3098-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
4.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
4.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

4.4

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

1.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.5 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2016-6136
CVE	CVE-2016-6480
CVE	CVE-2016-6828
CVE	CVE-2016-7039
XREF	USN:3098-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/10/11, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

95993 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3160-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3160-1 advisory.
- fs/namespace.c in the Linux kernel before 4.9 does not restrict how many mounts may exist in a mount namespace, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (memory consumption and deadlock) via MS_BIND mount system calls, as demonstrated by a loop that triggers exponential growth in the number of mounts. (CVE-2016-6213)
- Race condition in the environ_read function in fs/proc/base.c in the Linux kernel before 4.5.4 allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory by reading a /proc/*/environ file during a process-setup time interval in which environment-variable copying is incomplete. (CVE-2016-7916)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3160-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.7 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-6213
CVE CVE-2016-7916
XREF USN:3160-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/12/21, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

103780 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3445-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3445-1 advisory. - drivers/firewire/net.c in the Linux kernel before 4.8.7, in certain unusual hardware configurations, allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via crafted fragmented packets. (CVE-2016-8633) - The tcp_disconnect function in net/ipv4/tcp.c in the Linux kernel before 4.12 allows local users to cause a denial of service (__tcp_select_window divide-by-zero error and system crash) by triggering a disconnect within a certain tcp_recvmsg code path. (CVE-2017-14106) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3445-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 6.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:P/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 5.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 6.7 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 6.2 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-8633
CVE CVE-2017-14106
XREF USN:3445-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/10/11, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

106272 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3542-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3542-1 advisory.
- Systems with microprocessors utilizing speculative execution and indirect branch prediction may allow unauthorized disclosure of information to an attacker with local user access via a side-channel analysis.
(CVE-2017-5715)
- Systems with microprocessors utilizing speculative execution and branch prediction may allow unauthorized disclosure of information to an attacker with local user access via a side-channel analysis. (CVE-2017-5753)
Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3542-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
8.4
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.7 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.1 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2017-5715 CVE CVE-2017-5753 XREF USN:3542-1 XREF IAVA:2018-A-0020

Exploitable With

CANVAS (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/01/23, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

111753 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-3742-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-3742-1 advisory. - The timer create syscall implementation in kernel/time/posix-timers.c in the Linux kernel before 4.14.8 doesn't properly validate the sigevent->sigev notify field, which leads to out-of-bounds access in the show timer function (called when /proc/\$PID/timers is read). This allows userspace applications to read arbitrary kernel memory (on a kernel built with CONFIG POSIX TIMERS and CONFIG CHECKPOINT RESTORE). (CVE-2017-18344) - Systems with microprocessors utilizing speculative execution and address translations may allow unauthorized disclosure of information residing in the L1 data cache to an attacker with local user access via a terminal page fault and a side-channel analysis. (CVE-2018-3620) - Systems with microprocessors utilizing speculative execution and address translations may allow unauthorized disclosure of information residing in the L1 data cache to an attacker with local user access with guest OS privilege via a terminal page fault and a side-channel analysis. (CVE-2018-3646) - Linux kernel versions 4.9+ can be forced to make very expensive calls to tcp_collapse_ofo_queue() and tcp prune of queue() for every incoming packet which can lead to a denial of service. (CVE-2018-5390) - The Linux kernel, versions 3.9+, is vulnerable to a denial of service attack with low rates of specially modified packets targeting IP fragment re-assembly. An attacker may cause a denial of service condition by sending specially crafted IP fragments. Various vulnerabilities in IP fragmentation have been discovered and fixed over the years. The current vulnerability (CVE-2018-5391) became exploitable in the Linux kernel with the increase of the IP fragment reassembly queue size. (CVE-2018-5391) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3742-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor

10.0.2.9

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.6

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.7 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.1 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2017-18344
CVE	CVE-2018-3620
CVE	CVE-2018-3646
CVE	CVE-2018-5390
CVE	CVE-2018-5391
XREF	USN:3742-1

Exploitable With

CANVAS (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/08/15, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

81646 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities regression (USN-2516-3)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2516-3 advisory.

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2516-3

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

6.7

References

BID	70854
BID	71154
BID	71684
BID	71717
BID	71794
BID	71847
BID	71880
BID	71883
BID	71990
BID	72061
BID	72643
BID	72842
CVE	CVE-2014-8133
CVE	CVE-2014-8160
CVE	CVE-2014-8559

CVE	CVE-2014-8989
CVE	CVE-2014-9419
CVE	CVE-2014-9420
CVE	CVE-2014-9428
CVE	CVE-2014-9529
CVE	CVE-2014-9584
CVE	CVE-2014-9585
CVE	CVE-2014-9683
CVE	CVE-2015-0239
XREF	USN:2516-3

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/03/05, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

85509 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2716-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2716-1 advisory. - Race condition in net/sctp/socket.c in the Linux kernel before 4.1.2 allows local users to cause a denial of service (list corruption and panic) via a rapid series of system calls related to sockets, as demonstrated by setsockopt calls. (CVE-2015-3212) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2716-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score** 3.6 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2015-3212 XREF USN:2716-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/18, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

86811 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-2801-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2801-1 advisory.
- The KVM subsystem in the Linux kernel through 4.2.6, and Xen 4.3.x through 4.6.x, allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (host OS panic or hang) by triggering many #AC (aka Alignment Check) exceptions, related to svm.c and vmx.c. (CVE-2015-5307)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2801-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
4.4
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2015-5307 XREF USN:2801-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/11/10, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

99655 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3264-1)

Synopsis

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The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3264-1 advisory.
- Race condition in the sctp_wait_for_sndbuf function in net/sctp/socket.c in the Linux kernel before 4.9.11 allows local users to cause a denial of service (assertion failure and panic) via a multithreaded application that peels off an association in a certain buffer-full state. (CVE-2017-5986)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3264-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
High
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
3.6
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
7.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2017-5986 XREF USN:3264-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/04/25, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

100251 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3290-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3290-1 advisory. - The TCP stack in the Linux kernel before 4.8.10 mishandles skb truncation, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (system crash) via a crafted application that makes sendto system calls, related to net/ipv4/tcp ipv4.c and net/ipv6/tcp ipv6.c. (CVE-2016-8645) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3290-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score** 3.6 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.6 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2016-8645 XREF USN:3290-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/05/17, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

105727 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3524-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3524-1 advisory. - Systems with microprocessors utilizing speculative execution and indirect branch prediction may allow unauthorized disclosure of information to an attacker with local user access via a side-channel analysis of the data cache. (CVE-2017-5754) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3524-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:N/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score** 8.1 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.7 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 4.1 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2017-5754 XREF USN:3524-1

XREF IAVA:2018-A-0019

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/01/10, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

107293 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3594-1)

Synopsis
The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.
Description
The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3594-1 advisory.
- Systems with microprocessors utilizing speculative execution and indirect branch prediction may allow unauthorized disclosure of information to an attacker with local user access via a side-channel analysis.
(CVE-2017-5715)
Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.
See Also
https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3594-1
Solution
Update the affected kernel package.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
5.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
7.6
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
1.9 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
1.7 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

STIG Severity

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References

CVE CVE-2017-5715 XREF USN:3594-1

XREF IAVA:2018-A-0020

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/03/12, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

122813 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-3908-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-3908-1 advisory. - In PolicyKit (aka polkit) 0.115, the start time protection mechanism can be bypassed because fork() is not atomic, and therefore authorization decisions are improperly cached. This is related to lack of uid checking in polkitbackend/polkitbackendinteractiveauthority.c. (CVE-2019-6133) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-3908-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 6.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 5.8 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score** 6.7 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.4 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.3 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2019-6133 XREF USN:3908-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/03/13, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

190818 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerability (USN-6645-1)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-6645-1 advisory. - A memory leak problem was found in ctnetlink create conntrack in net/netfilter/nf conntrack netlink.c in the Linux Kernel. This issue may allow a local attacker with CAP NET ADMIN privileges to cause a denial of service (DoS) attack due to a refcount overflow. (CVE-2023-7192) Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-6645-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 4.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:H/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 3.9 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score** 4.4 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:M/C:N/I:N/A:C) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE CVE-2023-7192 XREF USN:6645-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2024/02/20, Modified: 2024/02/20

Plugin Output

tcp/0

81590 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerability regression (USN-2516-2)

Synopsis

The remote Ubuntu host is missing a security update.

Description

The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by a vulnerability as referenced in the USN-2516-2 advisory.

Note that Nessus has not tested for this issue but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2516-2

Solution

Update the affected kernel package.

Risk Factor

Medium

VPR Score

6.7

References

BID	70854
BID	71154
BID	71684
BID	71717
BID	71794
BID	71847
BID	71880
BID	71883
BID	71990
BID	72061
BID	72643
BID	72842
CVE	CVE-2014-8133
CVE	CVE-2014-8160
CVE	CVE-2014-8559

CVE	CVE-2014-8989
CVE	CVE-2014-9419
CVE	CVE-2014-9420
CVE	CVE-2014-9428
CVE	CVE-2014-9529
CVE	CVE-2014-9584
CVE	CVE-2014-9585
CVE	CVE-2014-9683
CVE	CVE-2015-0239
XREF	USN:2516-2

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/03/02, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

125145 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS : linux vulnerabilities (USN-3983-1) (MDSUM/RIDL) (MFBDS/RIDL/ZombieLoad) (MLPDS/RIDL) (MSBDS/Fallout)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security-related patches. Description Ke Sun, Henrique Kawakami, Kekai Hu, Rodrigo Branco, Giorgi Maisuradze, Dan Horea Lutas, Andrei Lutas, Volodymyr Pikhur, Stephan van Schaik, Alyssa Milburn, Sebastian Osterlund, Pietro Frigo, Kaveh Razavi, Herbert Bos, Cristiano Giuffrida, Moritz Lipp, Michael Schwarz, and Daniel Gruss discovered that memory previously stored in microarchitectural fill buffers of an Intel CPU core may be exposed to a malicious process that is executing on the same CPU core. A local attacker could use this to expose sensitive information. (CVE-2018-12130) Brandon Falk, Ke Sun, Henrique Kawakami, Kekai Hu, Rodrigo Branco, Stephan van Schaik, Alyssa Milburn, Sebastian Osterlund, Pietro Frigo, Kaveh Razavi, Herbert Bos, and Cristiano Giuffrida discovered that memory previously stored in microarchitectural load ports of an Intel CPU core may be exposed to a malicious process that is executing on the same CPU core. A local attacker could use this to expose sensitive information. (CVE-2018-12127) Ke Sun, Henrique Kawakami, Kekai Hu, Rodrigo Branco, Marina Minkin, Daniel Moghimi, Moritz Lipp, Michael Schwarz, Jo Van Bulck, Daniel Genkin, Daniel Gruss, Berk Sunar, Frank Piessens, and Yuval Yarom discovered that memory previously stored in microarchitectural store buffers of an Intel CPU core may be exposed to a malicious process that is executing on the same CPU core. A local attacker could use this to expose sensitive information. (CVE-2018-12126) Ke Sun, Henrique Kawakami, Kekai Hu, Rodrigo Branco, Volodrmyr Pikhur, Moritz Lipp, Michael Schwarz, Daniel Gruss, Stephan van Schaik, Alyssa Milburn, Sebastian Osterlund, Pietro Frigo, Kaveh Razavi, Herbert Bos, and Cristiano Giuffrida discovered that uncacheable memory previously stored in microarchitectural buffers of an Intel CPU core may be exposed to a malicious process that is executing on the same CPU core. A local attacker could use this to expose sensitive information. (CVE-2019-11091). Note that Tenable Network Security has extracted the preceding description block directly from the Ubuntu security advisory. Tenable has attempted to automatically clean and format it as much as possible without introducing additional issues. See Also https://usn.ubuntu.com/3983-1/ Solution Update the affected packages. Risk Factor

10.0.2.9

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:H/PR:L/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.0

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.7 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:M/Au:N/C:C/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE-2018-12126
CVE-2018-12127
CVE-2018-12130
CVE-2019-11091
USN:3983-1

XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2019-0547
XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2019-0324

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/05/15, Modified: 2024/05/28

Plugin Output

tcp/0

57640 - Web Application Information Disclosure

Synopsis

The remote web application discloses path information.

Description

At least one web application hosted on the remote web server discloses the physical path to its directories when a malformed request is sent to it.

Leaking this kind of information may help an attacker fine-tune attacks against the application and its backend.

Solution

Filter error messages containing path information.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/25, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
The request GET /drupal/?pass=%00ftcigl HTTP/1.1
Host: 10.0.2.9
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.9,*;q=0.1
Accept-Language: en
Connection: Keep-Alive
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Pragma: no-cache
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
produces the following path information :
<h2 class="element-invisible">Error message</h2>
<111>
<em class="placeholder">Warning</em>: Illegal string offset 'field'
in <em class="placeholder">DatabaseCondition-&gt;__clone()</em> (line <e
m class="placeholder">1817</em> of <em class="placeholder">/var/www/html
/drupal/includes/database/query.inc</em>).
<em class="placeholder">Warning</em>: Illegal string offset 'f [...]
```

```
The request GET /drupal/?form_build_id=%00ftcigl HTTP/1.1
Host: 10.0.2.9
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.9,*;q=0.1
Accept-Language: en
Connection: Keep-Alive
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Pragma: no-cache
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
produces the following path information :
<h2 class="element-invisible">Error message</h2>
<l
<em class="placeholder">Warning</em>: Illegal string offset 'field'
in <em class="placeholder">DatabaseCondition-&gt;__clone()</em> (line <e
m class="placeholder">1817</em> of <em class="placeholder">/var/www/html
/drupal/includes/database/query.inc</em>).
<em class="placeholder">Warning</em>: Illegal string offset 'f [...]
The request POST /drupal/ HTTP/1.1
Host: 10.0.2.9
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1, utf-8; q=0.9, *; q=0.1
Accept-Language: en
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Connection: Keep-Alive
Content-Length: 147
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Pragma: no-cache
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
destination=node&form_build_id=form-d8LdjYn0RUG0TOJvGyqs1cbfT5g2VZRXrV9DuvGs4YA&q=rss.xml&pass
```

85582 - Web Application Potentially Vulnerable to Clickjacking

Synopsis

The remote web server may fail to mitigate a class of web application vulnerabilities.

Description

The remote web server does not set an X-Frame-Options response header or a Content-Security-Policy 'frame-ancestors' response header in all content responses. This could potentially expose the site to a clickjacking or UI redress attack, in which an attacker can trick a user into clicking an area of the vulnerable page that is different than what the user perceives the page to be. This can result in a user performing fraudulent or malicious transactions.

X-Frame-Options has been proposed by Microsoft as a way to mitigate clickjacking attacks and is currently supported by all major browser vendors.

Content-Security-Policy (CSP) has been proposed by the W3C Web Application Security Working Group, with increasing support among all major browser vendors, as a way to mitigate clickjacking and other attacks. The 'frame-ancestors' policy directive restricts which sources can embed the protected resource.

Note that while the X-Frame-Options and Content-Security-Policy response headers are not the only mitigations for clickjacking, they are currently the most reliable methods that can be detected through automation. Therefore, this plugin may produce false positives if other mitigation strategies (e.g., frame-busting JavaScript) are deployed or if the page does not perform any security-sensitive transactions.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?399b1f56

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Clickjacking_Defense_Cheat_Sheet

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clickjacking

Solution

Return the X-Frame-Options or Content-Security-Policy (with the 'frame-ancestors' directive) HTTP header with the page's response.

This prevents the page's content from being rendered by another site when using the frame or iframe HTML tags.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:693

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/22, Modified: 2017/05/16

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

Risk Factor

Low

VPR Score

4.2

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-1999-0524

XREF CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2024/05/03

Plugin Output

icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is 1 second.

76791 - PHP 5.4 x < 5.4.31 CLI Server 'header' Dos

Synopsis

The remote web server uses a version of PHP that is affected by a denial of service vulnerability.

Description

According to its banner, the version of PHP 5.4.x in use on the remote web server is a version prior to 5.4.31. It is, therefore, affected by a denial of service vulnerability that affects the built-in command line development server.

The function 'sapi_cli_server_send_headers' in the file 'sapi/cli/php_cli_server.c' contains an error that does not properly handle an empty 'header' parameter and could allow denial of service attacks.

Note that this issue affects only the built-in command line development server.

Further note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit this issue, but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number.

See Also

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.31

https://bugs.php.net/bug.php?id=66830

Solution

Upgrade to PHP version 5.4.31 or later.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)

Plugin Information

Published: 2014/07/25, Modified: 2024/05/31

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

70658 - SSH Server CBC Mode Ciphers Enabled

Synopsis

The SSH server is configured to use Cipher Block Chaining.

Description

The SSH server is configured to support Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) encryption. This may allow an attacker to recover the plaintext message from the ciphertext.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server and does not check for vulnerable software versions.

Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable CBC mode cipher encryption, and enable CTR or GCM cipher mode encryption.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

VPR Score

3.6

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 32319

CVE CVE-2008-5161

XREF CERT:958563

XRFF CWF:200

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2023/10/27

PΙ	ugin	Out	put

tcp/22/ssh

153953 - SSH Weak Key Exchange Algorithms Enabled

Synopsis The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak key exchange algorithms. Description The remote SSH server is configured to allow key exchange algorithms which are considered weak. This is based on the IETF draft document Key Exchange (KEX) Method Updates and Recommendations for Secure Shell (SSH) RFC9142. Section 4 lists guidance on key exchange algorithms that SHOULD NOT and MUST NOT be enabled. This includes: diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1 diffie-hellman-group1-sha1 gss-gex-sha1-* gss-group1-sha1-* gss-group14-sha1-* rsa1024-sha1 Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions. See Also https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc9142 Solution Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable the weak algorithms. Risk Factor Low CVSS v3.0 Base Score 3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) Plugin Information

10.0.2.9

Published: 2021/10/13, Modified: 2024/03/22

Plugin Output	Р	lugin	Outp	ut
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tcp/22/ssh

71049 - SSH Weak MAC Algorithms Enabled

Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

Description

The remote SSH server is configured to allow either MD5 or 96-bit MAC algorithms, both of which are considered weak.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.

Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/11/22, Modified: 2016/12/14

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

87466 - Ubuntu 14.04 LTS: Linux kernel vulnerabilities (USN-2841-1)

Synopsis The remote Ubuntu host is missing one or more security updates. Description The remote Ubuntu 14.04 LTS host has a package installed that is affected by multiple vulnerabilities as referenced in the USN-2841-1 advisory. - The slhc init function in drivers/net/slip/slhc.c in the Linux kernel through 4.2.3 does not ensure that certain slot numbers are valid, which allows local users to cause a denial of service (NULL pointer dereference and system crash) via a crafted PPPIOCSMAXCID ioctl call. (CVE-2015-7799) - The dgnc_mgmt_ioctl function in drivers/staging/dgnc/dgnc_mgmt.c in the Linux kernel through 4.3.3 does not initialize a certain structure member, which allows local users to obtain sensitive information from kernel memory via a crafted application. (CVE-2015-7885) - The KVM subsystem in the Linux kernel through 4.2.6, and Xen 4.3.x through 4.6.x, allows guest OS users to cause a denial of service (host OS panic or hang) by triggering many #DB (aka Debug) exceptions, related to svm.c. (CVE-2015-8104) Note that Nessus has not tested for these issues but has instead relied only on the application's selfreported version number. See Also https://ubuntu.com/security/notices/USN-2841-1 Solution Update the affected kernel package. Risk Factor low CVSS v3.0 Base Score 2.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:H/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 2.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR Score**

10.0.2.9

4.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.1 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.6 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

CVE	CVE-2015-7799
CVE	CVE-2015-7885
CVE	CVE-2015-8104
XREF	USN:2841-1

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/12/17, Modified: 2024/01/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

42057 - Web Server Allows Password Auto-Completion

Synopsis

The 'autocomplete' attribute is not disabled on password fields.

Description

The remote web server contains at least one HTML form field that has an input of type 'password' where 'autocomplete' is not set to 'off'.

While this does not represent a risk to this web server per se, it does mean that users who use the affected forms may have their credentials saved in their browsers, which could in turn lead to a loss of confidentiality if any of them use a shared host or if their machine is compromised at some point.

Solution

Add the attribute 'autocomplete=off' to these fields to prevent browsers from caching credentials.

Risk Factor

Low

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/07, Modified: 2023/07/17

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Page : /drupal/
Destination Page: /drupal/?q=node&destination=node

Page : /payroll_app.php
Destination Page: /payroll_app.php

Page : /phpmyadmin/
Destination Page: /phpmyadmin/index.php

Page : /phpmyadmin/url.php
Destination Page: /phpmyadmin/index.php

Page : /phpmyadmin/index.php

Destination Page: /phpmyadmin/index.php
```

26194 - Web Server Transmits Cleartext Credentials

Synopsis

The remote web server might transmit credentials in cleartext.

Description

The remote web server contains several HTML form fields containing an input of type 'password' which transmit their information to a remote web server in cleartext.

An attacker eavesdropping the traffic between web browser and server may obtain logins and passwords of valid users.

Solution

Make sure that every sensitive form transmits content over HTTPS.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

XREF	CWE:522
XREF	CWE:523
XREF	CWE:718
XREF	CWE:724
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:930

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/09/28, Modified: 2016/11/29

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

18261 - Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure

Synopsis

The name of the Linux distribution running on the remote host was found in the banner of the web server.

Description

Nessus was able to extract the banner of the Apache web server and determine which Linux distribution the remote host is running.

Solution

If you do not wish to display this information, edit 'httpd.conf' and set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' and restart Apache.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/05/15, Modified: 2022/03/21

Plugin Output

tcp/0

The Linux distribution detected was : - Ubuntu 14.04 (trusty)

141394 - Apache HTTP Server Installed (Linux)

Synopsis
The remote host has Apache HTTP Server software installed.
Description
Apache HTTP Server is installed on the remote Linux host.
See Also
https://httpd.apache.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0530
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/10/12, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

142640 - Apache HTTP Server Site Enumeration

Synopsis
The remote host is hosting websites using Apache HTTP Server.
Description
Domain names and IP addresses from Apache HTTP Server configuration file were retrieved from the remote host. Apache HTTP Server is a webserver environment written in C. Note: Only Linux- and Unix-based hosts are currently supported by this plugin.
See Also
https://httpd.apache.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/11/09, Modified: 2024/05/20
Plugin Output
tcp/0

48204 - Apache HTTP Server Version

tcp/80/www

Synopsis It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote Apache HTTP server. Description The remote host is running the Apache HTTP Server, an open source web server. It was possible to read the version number from the banner. See Also https://httpd.apache.org/ Solution n/a Risk Factor None References **XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0530 Plugin Information Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2023/08/17 Plugin Output

34098 - BIOS Info (SSH)

Synopsis
BIOS info could be read.
Description
Using SMBIOS and UEFI, it was possible to get BIOS info.
Solution
N/A
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2008/09/08, Modified: 2024/02/12
Plugin Output
tcp/0

39519 - Backported Security Patch Detection (FTP)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote FTP server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
tcp/21/ftp

39520 - Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote SSH server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh

39521 - Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote HTTP server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www

47830 - CGI Generic Injectable Parameter

Synopsis

Some CGIs are candidate for extended injection tests.

Description

Nessus was able to to inject innocuous strings into CGI parameters and read them back in the HTTP response.

The affected parameters are candidates for extended injection tests like cross-site scripting attacks.

This is not a weakness per se, the main purpose of this test is to speed up other scripts. The results may be useful for a human pen-tester.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF

CWE:86

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/07/26, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Using the GET HTTP method, Nessus found that:

+ The following resources may be vulnerable to injectable parameter:

+ The 'db' parameter of the /phpmyadmin/index.php CGI:

/phpmyadmin/index.php?db=%00ftcig1

+ The 'lang' parameter of the /phpmyadmin/index.php CGI:

/phpmyadmin/index.php?lang=ftcig1

+ The 'table' parameter of the /phpmyadmin/index.php CGI:

/phpmyadmin/index.php?table=%00ftcig1

+ The 'pma_username' parameter of the /phpmyadmin/index.php CGI:

/phpmyadmin/index.php?pma_username=%00ftcig1

+ The 'db' parameter of the /phpmyadmin/index.php CGI:
```

```
/phpmyadmin/index.php?db=%00ftcigl&lang=&token=69830204c8eac460ae4129138
9c9868c&table=&server=1&pma_username=&pma_password=
+ The 'lang' parameter of the /phpmyadmin/index.php CGI:
/phpmyadmin/index.php?db=&lang=ftcigl&token=69830204c8eac460ae41291389c9
868c&table=&server=1&pma_username=&pma_password=
+ The 'table' parameter of the /phpmyadmin/index.php CGI:
/phpmyadmin/index.php?db=&lang=&token=69830204c8eac460ae41291389c9868c&t
able=%00ftcigl&server=1&pma_username=&pma_password=
+ The 'pma_username' parameter of the /phpmyadmin/index.php CGI :
/phpmyadmin/index.php?db=&lang=&token=69830204c8eac460ae41291389c9868c&t
able=&server=1&pma_username=%00ftcig1&pma_password=
+ The 'destination' parameter of the /drupal/ CGI:
/drupal/?destination=%00ftcigl
+ The 'form_build_id' parameter of the /drupal/ CGI:
/drupal/?form_build_id=%00ftcigl
+ The 'q' parameter of the /drupal/ CGI :
/drupal/?q=%00ftcigl
+ The 'pass' parameter of the /drupal/ CGI :
/drupal/?pass=%00ftcigl
+ The 'op' parameter of the /drupal/ CGI :
/drupal/?op=%00ftcigl
+ The 'name' parameter of the /drupal/ CGI :
/drupal/?name=%00ftcigl
+ The 'form_id' parameter of the /drupal/ CGI :
/drupal/?form_id=%00ftcigl
+ The 'q' parameter of the /\text{drupal}/ CGI :
/drupal/?destination=node&form_build_id=form-d8LdjYn0RUG0TOJvGyqs1cbfT5g
2VZRXrV9DuvGs4YA&q=%00ftciql&pass=&op=Log%20in&name=&form_id=user_login_
Clicking directly on these URLs should exhibit the issue :
(you will probably nee [...]
```

33817 - CGI Generic Tests Load Estimation (all tests)

Synopsis

Load estimation for web application tests.

Description

This script computes the maximum number of requests that would be done by the generic web tests, depending on miscellaneous options. It does not perform any test by itself.

The results can be used to estimate the duration of these tests, or the complexity of additional manual tests.

Note that the script does not try to compute this duration based on external factors such as the network and web servers loads.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/26, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

Here are the estimated number one method only (GET of Single / Some Pairs / Al	or POST) :			ons]		
on site request forgery	:	S=13	SP=13	AP=37	SC=2	AC=58
SQL injection AC=5180	:	S=700	SP=700	AP=2016	SC=0	
unseen parameters AC=6475	:	S=875	SP=875	AP=2520	SC=0	
local file inclusion AC=740	:	S=100	SP=100	AP=288	SC=0	
web code injection AC=185	:	S=25	SP=25	AP=72	SC=0	
XML injection AC=185	:	S=25	SP=25	AP=72	SC=0	
format string AC=370	:	S=50	SP=50	AP=144	SC=0	
script injection	:	S=13	SP=13	AP=37	SC=2	AC=58
cross-site scripting (comp AC=3145	prehensive test):	S=425	SP=425	AP=1224	SC=0	

injectable parameter AC=370	: S=50	SP=50	AP=144	SC=0
cross-site scripting (extended patterns) AC=348	: S=78	SP=78	AP=222	SC=12
directory traversal (write access) AC=370	: S=50	SP=50	AP=144	SC=0
SSI injection AC=555	: S=75	SP=75	AP=216	SC=0
header injection AC=116	: S=26	SP=26	AP=74	SC=4
HTML injection AC=290	: S=65	SP=65	AP=185	SC=10
directory traversal AC=5365	: S=725	SP=725	AP=2088	SC=0
arbitrary command execution (time based) AC=1110	: S=150	SP=150	AP=432	SC=0
persistent XSS [.]			

39470 - CGI Generic Tests Timeout

Synopsis

Some generic CGI attacks ran out of time.

Description

Some generic CGI tests ran out of time during the scan. The results may be incomplete.

Solution

Consider increasing the 'maximum run time (minutes)' preference for the 'Web Applications Settings' in order to prevent the CGI scanning from timing out. Less ambitious options could also be used, such as:

- Test more that one parameter at a time per form :

'Test all combinations of parameters' is much slower than 'Test random pairs of parameters' or 'Test all pairs of parameters (slow)'.

- 'Stop after one flaw is found per web server (fastest)' under 'Do not stop after the first flaw is found per web page' is quicker than 'Look for all flaws (slowest)'.
- In the Settings/Advanced menu, try reducing the value for 'Max number of concurrent TCP sessions per host' or 'Max simultaneous checks per host'.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/06/19, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
The following tests timed out without finding any flaw:

- SQL injection
- directory traversal (extended test)
- uncontrolled redirection
- local file inclusion
- blind SQL injection (time based)
- arbitrary command execution
- directory traversal
- cross-site scripting (extended patterns)

The following tests were interrupted and did not report all possible flaws:
- cross-site scripting (comprehensive test)
- blind SQL injection
```

200242 - Chef Infra Client Installed (Unix)

Synopsis
Chef Infra Client is installed on the remote Unix host.
Description
Chef Infra Client is installed on the remote Unix host.
See Also
https://community.chef.io/downloads/tools/infra-client
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2024/06/10, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2024/06/20

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:14.04 -> Canonical Ubuntu Linux

Following application CPE's matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.4.7 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.4.99 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:chef:chef:13.8.5 -> Chef cpe:/a:docker:docker:18.06.1-ce -> Docker cpe:/a:drupal:drupal:7.5 -> Drupal cpe:/a:drupal:drupal:7.5 -> Drupal cpe:/a:eclipse:jetty:8.1.7 -> Eclipse Jetty cpe:/a:gnupg:libgcrypt:1.5.3 -> Gnupg Libgcrypt cpe:/a:haxx:curl:7.35.0 -> Haxx Curl cpe:/a:haxx:curl:7.35.0 -> Haxx libcurl cpe:/a:mysql:mysql -> MySQL MySQL cpe:/a:mysql:mysql:5.5.62-Oubuntu0.14.04.1_ -> MySQL MySQL cpe:/a:nodejs:node.js:4.9.1 -> Nodejs Node.js
```

```
cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:6.6 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH
cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:6.6.1p1 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH
cpe:/a:openssl:openssl:1.0.0 -> OpenSSL Project OpenSSL
cpe:/a:openssl:openssl:1.0.1d -> OpenSSL Project OpenSSL
cpe:/a:openssl:openssl:1.0.1f -> OpenSSL Project OpenSSL
cpe:/a:openssl:openssl:1.0.2n -> OpenSSL Project OpenSSL
cpe:/a:openssl:openssl:1.0.2n -> OpenSSL Project OpenSSL
cpe:/a:php:php:5.4.5 -> PHP PHP
cpe:/a:phpmyadmin:phpmyadmin:3.5.8 -> phpMYAdmin
cpe:/a:samba:samba -> Samba Samba
cpe:/a:samba:samba:4.3.11 -> Samba Samba
cpe:/a:samba:samba:4.3.11 -> Samba Samba
cpe:/a:sqlite:sqlite -> SQLite
cpe:/a:tukaani:xz:5.1.1al -> Tukaani XZ
cpe:/a:tukaani:xz:5.2.3 -> Tukaani XZ
cpe:/a:vim:vim:7.4 -> Vim
cpe:/a:vmware:open_vm_tools:9.4.0 -> VMware Open VM Tools
x-cpe:/a:java:jre:6.0.41.41
```

182774 - Curl Installed (Linux / Unix)

Synopsis
Curl is installed on the remote Linux / Unix host.
Description
Curl (also known as curl and cURL) is installed on the remote Linux / Unix host.
Additional information:
- More paths will be searched and the timeout for the search will be increased if 'Perform thorough tests' setting is enabled.
- The plugin timeout can be set to a custom value other than the plugin's default of 30 minutes via the 'timeout.182774' scanner setting in Nessus 8.15.1 or later.
Please see https://docs.tenable.com/nessus/Content/SettingsAdvanced.htm#Custom for more information.
See Also
https://curl.se/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2023/10/09, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

55472 - Device Hostname

Synopsis

It was possible to determine the remote system hostname.

Description

This plugin reports a device's hostname collected via SSH or WMI.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/06/30, Modified: 2024/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Hostname: metasploitable3-ub1404 metasploitable3-ub1404 (hostname command)

54615 - Device Type

Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 100

159488 - Docker Installed (Linux)

Synopsis
Docker was detected on the remote host.
Description
A container virtualization suite is installed on the remote host.
See Also
https://www.docker.com/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2022/04/04, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

18638 - Drupal Software Detection

Synopsis
A content management system is running on the remote web server.
Description
Drupal, an open source content management system written in PHP, is running on the remote web server.
See Also
https://www.drupal.org/
Solution
Ensure that the use of this software aligns with your organization's security and acceptable use policies.
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0586
Plugin Information
Published: 2005/07/07, Modified: 2023/05/24
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www

194915 - Eclipse Jetty Web Server Detection

Synopsis
The Eclipse Jetty web server was detected on the remote host.
Description
The Eclipse Jetty web server was detected on the remote host.
See Also
https://eclipse.dev/jetty/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2024/05/02, Modified: 2024/05/20
Plugin Output
tcp/0

19689 - Embedded Web Server Detection

Synopsis
The remote web server is embedded.
Description
The remote web server cannot host user-supplied CGIs. CGI scanning will be disabled on this server.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2005/09/14, Modified: 2019/11/22
Plugin Output
tcp/631/www

25203 - Enumerate IPv4 Interfaces via SSH

Synopsis

Nessus was able to enumerate the IPv4 interfaces on the remote host.

Description

Nessus was able to enumerate the network interfaces configured with IPv4 addresses by connecting to the remote host via SSH using the supplied credentials.

Solution

Disable any unused IPv4 interfaces.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/05/11, Modified: 2024/02/05

Plugin Output

tcp/0

The following IPv4 addresses are set on the remote host :

- 172.17.0.1 (on interface docker0)
- 10.0.2.9 (on interface eth0) 127.0.0.1 (on interface lo)

25202 - Enumerate IPv6 Interfaces via SSH

Synopsis

Nessus was able to enumerate the IPv6 interfaces on the remote host.

Description

Nessus was able to enumerate the network interfaces configured with IPv6 addresses by connecting to the remote host via SSH using the supplied credentials.

Solution

Disable IPv6 if you are not actually using it. Otherwise, disable any unused IPv6 interfaces.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/05/11, Modified: 2022/02/23

Plugin Output

tcp/0

The following IPv6 interfaces are set on the remote host :

- fe80::42:5dff:feb4:5086 (on interface docker0)
- fe80::a00:27ff:fe0e:2bcc (on interface eth0)
- ::1 (on interface lo)
- fe80::6417:fcff:fe53:af9b (on interface veth48c6ba7)

33276 - Enumerate MAC Addresses via SSH

Synopsis
Nessus was able to enumerate MAC addresses on the remote host.
Description
Nessus was able to enumerate MAC addresses by connecting to the remote host via SSH with the supplied credentials.
Solution
Disable any unused interfaces.
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2008/06/30, Modified: 2022/12/20
Plugin Output
tcp/0

170170 - Enumerate the Network Interface configuration via SSH

Synopsis
Nessus was able to parse the Network Interface data on the remote host.
Description
Nessus was able to parse the Network Interface data on the remote host.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2023/01/19, Modified: 2023/11/17
Plugin Output
tcp/0

179200 - Enumerate the Network Routing configuration via SSH

Synopsis
Nessus was able to retrieve network routing information from the remote host.
Description
Nessus was able to retrieve network routing information the remote host.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2023/08/02, Modified: 2023/08/02
Plugin Output
tcp/0

168980 - Enumerate the PATH Variables

Synopsis
Enumerates the PATH variable of the current scan user.
Description
Enumerates the PATH variables of the current scan user.
Solution
Ensure that directories listed here are in line with corporate policy.
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Plugin Information Published: 2022/12/21, Modified: 2024/06/21

35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

Synopsis The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI. Description Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE. See Also https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13 Plugin Output

The following card manufacturers were identified :

08:00:27:0E:2B:CC : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

tcp/0

86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses

Synopsis
This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.
Description
This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13
Plugin Output
tcp/0

49704 - External URLs

Synopsis

Links to external sites were gathered.

Description

Nessus gathered HREF links to external sites by crawling the remote web server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/04, Modified: 2011/08/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
3 external URLs were gathered on this web server:
URL... - Seen on...

http://drupal.org - /drupal/
https://github.com/rapid7/metasploitable3/wiki - /drupal/
https://github.com/rapid7/metasploitable3/wiki/Tips-and-Tricks - /drupal/
```

49704 - External URLs

Synopsis

Links to external sites were gathered.

Description

Nessus gathered HREF links to external sites by crawling the remote web server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/04, Modified: 2011/08/19

Plugin Output

tcp/3500/www

```
4 external URLs were gathered on this web server:
URL... - Seen on...

http://api.rubyonrails.org/ - /
http://guides.rubyonrails.org/ - /
http://www.ruby-doc.org/core/ - /
http://www.ruby-doc.org/stdlib/ - /
```

10092 - FTP Server Detection

Synopsis

An FTP server is listening on a remote port.

Description

It is possible to obtain the banner of the remote FTP server by connecting to a remote port.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0943

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2023/08/17

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

```
The remote FTP banner is:

220 ProFTPD 1.3.5 Server (ProFTPD Default Installation) [10.0.2.9]
```

69826 - HTTP Cookie 'secure' Property Transport Mismatch

Synopsis

The remote web server sent out a cookie with a secure property that does not match the transport on which it was sent.

Description

The remote web server sends out cookies to clients with a 'secure'

property that does not match the transport, HTTP or HTTPS, over which they were received. This may occur in two forms :

- 1. The cookie is sent over HTTP, but has the 'secure' property set, indicating that it should only be sent over a secure, encrypted transport such as HTTPS. This should not happen.
- 2. The cookie is sent over HTTPS, but has no 'secure'

property set, indicating that it may be sent over both HTTP and HTTPS transports. This is common, but care should be taken to ensure that the 'secure' property not being set is deliberate.

See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6265
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2013/09/10, Modified: 2021/12/20
Plugin Output
tcp/631/www

43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

Description

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD

Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request.

As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

See Also

tcp/80/www

http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a

http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test_HTTP_Methods_(OTG-CONFIG-006) Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2022/04/11 Plugin Output

```
Based on the response to an OPTIONS request :
  - HTTP methods COPY DELETE GET HEAD LOCK MOVE OPTIONS POST PROPFIND
   PROPPATCH TRACE UNLOCK are allowed on :
   /uploads
  - HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS POST are allowed on :
   /drupal/misc
   /drupal/misc/farbtastic
    /drupal/misc/ui
    /drupal/misc/ui/images
    /icons
    /phpmyadmin/themes
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original/css
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original/img
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original/img/pmd
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original/jquery
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original/jquery/images
    /phpmyadmin/themes/pmahomme
    /phpmyadmin/themes/pmahomme/css
Based on tests of each method:
 - HTTP methods ACL BASELINE-CONTROL BCOPY BDELETE BMOVE BPROPFIND
   BPROPPATCH CHECKIN CHECKOUT COPY DEBUG DELETE GET HEAD INDEX
   LABEL LOCK MERGE MKACTIVITY MKCOL MKWORKSPACE MOVE NOTIFY OPTIONS
   ORDERPATCH PATCH POLL POST PROPFIND PROPPATCH PUT REPORT
   RPC IN DATA RPC OUT DATA SEARCH SUBSCRIBE UNCHECKOUT UNLOCK
   UNSUBSCRIBE UPDATE VERSION-CONTROL X-MS-ENUMATTS are allowed on :
   /cgi-bin
 - HTTP methods COPY DELETE GET HEAD MKCOL MKWORKSPACE MOVE NOTIFY
   OPTIONS ORDERPATCH PATCH POLL POST PROPFIND PROPPATCH PUT REPORT
   RPC_IN_DATA RPC_OUT_DATA SEARCH SUBSCRIBE UNCHECKOUT UNLOCK
   UNSUBSCRIBE UPDATE VERSION-CONTROL X-MS-ENUMATTS are allowed on :
    /uploads
  - HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS POST are allowed on :
    /chat
    /drupal
    /drupal/misc
    /drupal/misc/farbtastic
    /drupal/misc/ui
    /drupal/misc/ui/images
    /icons
    /phpmyadmin
    /phpmyadmin/themes
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original/css
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original/img
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original/img/pmd
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original/jquery
    /phpmyadmin/themes/original/jquery/images
    /phpmyadmin/themes/pmahomme
    /phpmyadmin/themes/pmahomme/css
  - Invalid/unknown HTTP methods are allowed on :
    /cgi-bin
```

43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

Description

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD

Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request.

As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

See Also

tcp/631/www

http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a

http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test_HTTP_Methods_(OTG-CONFIG-006) Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2022/04/11 Plugin Output

```
Based on the response to an OPTIONS request:

- HTTP methods HEAD OPTIONS POST PUT GET are allowed on:

/

Based on tests of each method:

- HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS POST are allowed on:

/
```

43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

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By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

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Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

See Also

Plugin Output

http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a

http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test_HTTP_Methods_(OTG-CONFIG-006)

Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2022/04/11

tcp/3500/www

```
Based on tests of each method:

- HTTP methods ACL BASELINE-CONTROL BCOPY BDELETE BMOVE BPROPFIND
BPROPPATCH CHECKIN CHECKOUT CONNECT COPY DEBUG DELETE GET HEAD
INDEX LABEL LOCK MERGE MKACTIVITY MKCOL MKWORKSPACE MOVE NOTIFY
OPTIONS ORDERPATCH PATCH POLL POST PROPFIND PROPPATCH PUT REPORT
RPC_IN_DATA RPC_OUT_DATA SEARCH SUBSCRIBE TRACE UNCHECKOUT UNLOCK
UNSUBSCRIBE UPDATE VERSION-CONTROL X-MS-ENUMATTS are allowed on:

//
//
//rails/info

Invalid/unknown HTTP methods are allowed on:
```

43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

Description

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD

Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request.

As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a

http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test_HTTP_Methods_(OTG-CONFIG-006)

Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/8080/www

```
Based on tests of each method:

- HTTP methods ACL BASELINE-CONTROL BCOPY BDELETE BMOVE BPROPFIND
BPROPPATCH CHECKIN CHECKOUT COPY DEBUG DELETE GET HEAD INDEX
LABEL LOCK MERGE MKACTIVITY MKCOL MKWORKSPACE MOVE NOTIFY OPTIONS
ORDERPATCH PATCH POLL POST PROPFIND PROPPATCH PUT REPORT
RPC_IN_DATA RPC_OUT_DATA SEARCH SUBSCRIBE TRACE UNCHECKOUT UNLOCK
UNSUBSCRIBE UPDATE VERSION-CONTROL X-MS-ENUMATTS are allowed on:

/
Invalid/unknown HTTP methods are allowed on:
```

Synopsis	
A web serve	r is running on the remote host.
Description	
This plugin a	ttempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.
Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
References	
XREF	IAVT:0001-T-0931
Plugin Inforr	mation
Published: 20	000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30
Plugin Outpu	ut
tcp/80/www	
The remote	web server type is :
Apache/2.4	.7 (Ubuntu)

Synopsis A web server is running on the remote host. Description This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server. Solution n/a Risk Factor None References XREF IAVT:0001-T-0931 Plugin Information Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30 Plugin Output tcp/631/www The remote web server type is : CUPS/1.7 IPP/2.1

Synopsis A web server is running on the remote host. Description This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server. Solution n/a Risk Factor None References **XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0931 Plugin Information Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30 Plugin Output tcp/3500/www The remote web server type is : WEBrick/1.3.1 (Ruby/2.3.8/2018-10-18)

Synopsis A web server is running on the remote host. Description This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server. Solution n/a Risk Factor None References XREF IAVT:0001-T-0931 Plugin Information Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30 Plugin Output tcp/8080/www The remote web server type is : Jetty(8.1.7.v20120910)

24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive is enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2024/02/26

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
HTTP/2 TLS Support: No
HTTP/2 Cleartext Support: No
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed: (Not implemented)
Headers:
 Date: Mon, 24 Jun 2024 00:54:30 GMT
 Server: Apache/2.4.7 (Ubuntu)
 Vary: Accept-Encoding
 Content-Length: 1346
 Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
 Connection: Keep-Alive
  Content-Type: text/html;charset=UTF-8
Response Body :
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 3.2 Final//EN">
<html>
<head>
 <title>Index of /</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>Index of /</h1>
```

```
<img src="/icons/blank.gif" alt="[ICO]"><a href="?C=N;O=D">Name/
a ><a href="?C=M;O=A">Last modified</a><a href="?C=S;O=A">Size</a><a href="?C=M;O=A">Last modified</a><a href="?C=M;O=A">Size</a><a href="?C=M;O=A">Size</a><t
 href="?C=D;O=A">Description</a>
     <hr>
<img src="/icons/folder.gif" alt="[DIR]"><< href="chat/">chat/</a></
td>2020-10-29 19:37  - *\td>\td>\td>\td>
<img src="/icons/folder.gif" alt="[DIR]"><a href="drupal/">drupal/</
<img src="/icons/unknown.gif" alt="[ ]"><a
href="payroll_app.php">payroll_app.php</a>2020-10-29 19:37 /td><td
align="right">1.7K 
<img src="/icons/folder.gif" alt="[DIR]"><<<
href="phpmyadmin/">phpmyadmin/</a>2013-04-08 12:06 
 -   
     <hr>
<address>Apache/2.4.7 (Ubuntu) Server at 10.0.2.9 Port 80</address>
</body></html>
```

24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive is enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2024/02/26

Plugin Output

tcp/3500/www

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
HTTP/2 TLS Support: No
HTTP/2 Cleartext Support: No
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed : GET, HEAD, POST, OPTIONS
Headers:
 X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
 X-Xss-Protection: 1; mode=block
 X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
 Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
 Etag: W/"b56dd5f9363ed0f7bd4d11c36d9471dd"
  Cache-Control: max-age=0, private, must-revalidate
  X-Request-Id: 8f65a16f-41bc-4848-b630-0f5d9ab32f77
 X-Runtime: 0.003967
 Server: WEBrick/1.3.1 (Ruby/2.3.8/2018-10-18)
 Date: Mon, 24 Jun 2024 00:54:30 GMT
  Content-Length: 14935
  Connection: Keep-Alive
Response Body :
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
```

```
<head>
    <title>Ruby on Rails: Welcome aboard</title>
   <style media="screen">
     body {
       margin: 0;
       margin-bottom: 25px;
       padding: 0;
       background-color: #f0f0f0;
       font-family: "Lucida Grande", "Bitstream Vera Sans", "Verdana";
       font-size: 13px;
       color: #333;
     h1 {
       font-size: 28px;
       color: #000;
     a {color: #03c}
     a:hover {
       background-color: #03c;
       color: white;
       text-decoration: none;
      #page {
       background-color: #f0f0f0;
       width: 750px;
       margin: 0;
       margin-left: auto;
       margin-right: auto;
      #content {
       float: left;
        background-color: white;
       border: 3px solid #aaa;
       border-top: none;
       padding: 25px;
       width: 500px;
      #sidebar {
       float: right;
       width: 175px;
      #footer {
       clear: both;
      #header, #about, #getting-started {
       padding-left: 75px;
       padding-right: 30px;
      #header {
       background-image: url(
t5Sr9aur16q0013Z9/DEoJh18gZQGAUxPHIyQHH7eioZ8bjnAFHZ0RndNxxRBhGcUbxoKIHBkTEcUYREIHIGpKQjUDS6 [...]
```

24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive is enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2024/02/26

Plugin Output

tcp/8080/www

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found

Protocol version: HTTP/1.1
HTTP/2 TLS Support: No
HTTP/2 Cleartext Support: No
SSL: no
Keep-Alive: no
Options allowed: (Not implemented)
Headers:

Date: Mon, 24 Jun 2024 00:54:30 GMT
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 795
Connection: close
Server: Jetty(8.1.7.v20120910)

Response Body:
```

171410 - IP Assignment Method Detection

Synopsis
Enumerates the IP address assignment method(static/dynamic).
Description
Enumerates the IP address assignment method(static/dynamic).
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2023/02/14, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

118237 - JAR File Detection for Linux/UNIX

Synopsis
Detected JAR files on the host.
Description
The host contains JAR files, Java Archive files.
Note that this plugin only detects JAR files in commonly used installation directories or a user specified search path.
See Also
https://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/technotes/guides/jar/jar.html
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2018/10/22, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

147817 - Java Detection and Identification (Linux / Unix)

Synopsis

Java is installed on the remote Linux / Unix host. Description One or more instances of Java are installed on the remote Linux / Unix host. This may include private JREs bundled with the Java Development Kit (JDK). Notes: - This plugin attempts to detect Oracle and non-Oracle JRE instances such as Zulu Java, Amazon Corretto, AdoptOpenJDK, IBM Java, etc - To discover instances of JRE that are not in PATH, or installed via a package manager, 'Perform thorough tests' setting must be enabled. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Java_(software_platform) Solution n/a Risk Factor None References **XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0690 Plugin Information Published: 2021/03/16, Modified: 2024/06/21 Plugin Output tcp/0

151883 - Libgcrypt Installed (Linux/UNIX)

Synopsis
Libgcrypt is installed on this host.
Description
Libgcrypt, a cryptography library, was found on the remote host.
See Also
https://gnupg.org/download/index.html
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2021/07/21, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

157358 - Linux Mounted Devices

Synopsis

Use system commands to obtain the list of mounted devices on the target machine at scan time.

Description

Report the mounted devices information on the target machine at scan time using the following commands.

/bin/df -h /bin/lsblk /bin/mount -l

This plugin only reports on the tools available on the system and omits any tool that did not return information when the command was ran.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/02/03, Modified: 2023/11/27

Plugin Output

tcp/0

193143 - Linux Time Zone Information

Synopsis
Nessus was able to collect and report time zone information from the remote host.
Description
Nessus was able to collect time zone information from the remote Linux host.
Solution
None
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2024/04/10, Modified: 2024/04/10
Plugin Output
tcp/0

95928 - Linux User List Enumeration

Synopsis
Nessus was able to enumerate local users and groups on the remote Linux host.
Description
Using the supplied credentials, Nessus was able to enumerate the local users and groups on the remote Linux host.
Solution
None
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2016/12/19, Modified: 2024/03/13
Plugin Output
tcp/0

42410 - Microsoft Windows NTLMSSP Authentication Request Remote Network Name Disclosure

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

Description

The remote host listens on tcp port 445 and replies to SMB requests.

By sending an NTLMSSP authentication request it is possible to obtain the name of the remote system and the name of its domain.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/06, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The following 2 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

METASPLOITABLE3-UB1404 = Computer name

METASPLOITABLE3-UB1404 = Workgroup / Domain name
```

17651 - Microsoft Windows SMB: Obtains the Password Policy

Synopsis

It is possible to retrieve the remote host's password policy using the supplied credentials.

Description

Using the supplied credentials it was possible to extract the password policy for the remote Windows host. The password policy must conform to the Informational System Policy.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/03/30, Modified: 2015/01/12

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The following password policy is defined on the remote host:

Minimum password len: 5
Password history len: 0
Maximum password age (d): No limit
Password must meet complexity requirements: Disabled
Minimum password age (d): 0
Forced logoff time (s): Not set
Locked account time (s): 1800
Time between failed logon (s): 1800
Number of invalid logon before locked out (s): 0
```

10859 - Microsoft Windows SMB LsaQueryInformationPolicy Function SID Enumeration

Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the host SID for the remote host.

Description

By emulating the call to LsaQueryInformationPolicy(), it was possible to obtain the host SID (Security Identifier).

The host SID can then be used to get the list of local users.

See Also

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb418944.aspx

Solution

You can prevent anonymous lookups of the host SID by setting the 'RestrictAnonymous' registry setting to an appropriate value.

Refer to the 'See also' section for guidance.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/02/13, Modified: 2024/01/31

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host SID value is : S-1-5-21-3430637069-1686740736-3619866930

The value of 'RestrictAnonymous' setting is : unknown

10785 - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.
Description
Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB to be enabled on the host.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2021/09/20
Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs

11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

A CIFS server is running on this port.

60119 - Microsoft Windows SMB Share Permissions Enumeration

Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate the permissions of remote network shares.

Description

By using the supplied credentials, Nessus was able to enumerate the permissions of network shares. User permissions are enumerated for each network share that has a list of access control entries (ACEs).

See Also

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb456988.aspx

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc783530.aspx

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/07/25, Modified: 2022/08/11

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
Share path : \\METASPLOITABLE3-UB1404\\print$
Local path : C:\var\lib\samba\printers
Comment : Printer Drivers
[*] Allow ACE for Everyone (S-1-1-0): 0x001f01ff
   FILE_GENERIC_READ: YES
   FILE_GENERIC_WRITE:
                             YES
   FILE_GENERIC_EXECUTE:
Share path : \\METASPLOITABLE3-UB1404\public
Local path : C:\var\www\html\
Comment : WWW
[*] Allow ACE for Everyone (S-1-1-0): 0x001f01ff
   FILE_GENERIC_READ: YES
   FILE_GENERIC_WRITE:
                             YES
   FILE GENERIC EXECUTE:
                             YES
Share path : \\METASPLOITABLE3-UB1404\IPC$
Local path : C:\tmp
Comment : IPC Service (metasploitable3-ub1404 server (Samba, Ubuntu))
[*] Allow ACE for Everyone (S-1-1-0): 0x001f01ff
   FILE_GENERIC_READ: YES
```

FILE_GENERIC_WRITE: YES FILE_GENERIC_EXECUTE: YES

10395 - Microsoft Windows SMB Shares Enumeration

Synopsis
It is possible to enumerate remote network shares.
Description
By connecting to the remote host, Nessus was able to enumerate the network share names.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2022/02/01
Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs

100871 - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.
Description
Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.
Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22
Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs

106716 - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain information about the dialects of SMB2 and SMB3 available on the remote host.
Description
Nessus was able to obtain the set of SMB2 and SMB3 dialects running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2018/02/09, Modified: 2020/03/11
Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs

50344 - Missing or Permissive Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors HTTP Response Header

Synopsis

The remote web server does not take steps to mitigate a class of web application vulnerabilities.

Description

The remote web server in some responses sets a permissive Content-Security-Policy (CSP) frame-ancestors response header or does not set one at all.

The CSP frame-ancestors header has been proposed by the W3C Web Application Security Working Group as a way to mitigate cross-site scripting and clickjacking attacks.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?55aa8f57

http://www.nessus.org/u?07cc2a06

https://content-security-policy.com/

https://www.w3.org/TR/CSP2/

Solution

Set a non-permissive Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors header for all requested resources.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/26, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

50344 - Missing or Permissive Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors HTTP Response Header

Synopsis

The remote web server does not take steps to mitigate a class of web application vulnerabilities.

Description

The remote web server in some responses sets a permissive Content-Security-Policy (CSP) frame-ancestors response header or does not set one at all.

The CSP frame-ancestors header has been proposed by the W3C Web Application Security Working Group as a way to mitigate cross-site scripting and clickjacking attacks.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?55aa8f57

http://www.nessus.org/u?07cc2a06

https://content-security-policy.com/

https://www.w3.org/TR/CSP2/

Solution

Set a non-permissive Content-Security-Policy frame-ancestors header for all requested resources.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/26, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/3500/www

50345 - Missing or Permissive X-Frame-Options HTTP Response Header

Synopsis

The remote web server does not take steps to mitigate a class of web application vulnerabilities.

Description

The remote web server in some responses sets a permissive X-Frame-Options response header or does not set one at all.

The X-Frame-Options header has been proposed by Microsoft as a way to mitigate clickjacking attacks and is currently supported by all major browser vendors

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Clickjacking http://www.nessus.org/u?399b1f56

Solution

Set a properly configured X-Frame-Options header for all requested resources.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/10/26, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

10719 - MySQL Server Detection

Synopsis

A database server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running MySQL, an open source database server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0802

Plugin Information

Published: 2001/08/13, Modified: 2022/10/12

Plugin Output

tcp/3306/mysql

The remote database access is restricted and configured to reject access from unauthorized IPs. Therefore it was not possible to extract its version number.

129468 - MySQL Server Installed (Linux)

Synopsis
MySQL Server is installed on the remote Linux host.
Description
MySQL Server is installed on the remote Linux host.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2019/09/30, Modified: 2023/10/27
Plugin Output
tcp/0

19506 - Nessus Scan Information

Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2024/06/04

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 10.7.4
Nessus build : 20055
Plugin feed version : 202406231231
Scanner edition used : Nessus Home
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : ubuntu1404-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
Scan name : ejer_2_tech__unidad_1_sprint_4
```

```
Scan policy used : Basic Network Scan
Scanner IP : 10.0.2.15
Port scanner(s) : netstat
Port range : 1-65535
Ping RTT : 150.271 ms
Thorough tests : yes
Experimental tests : no
Scan for Unpatched Vulnerabilities : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 0
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : no
Credentialed checks : yes, as 'vagrant' via ssh
Attempt Least Privilege : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin did not launch)
CGI scanning : enabled
Web application tests : enabled
Web app tests - Test mode : all_pairs
Web app tests - Try all HTTP methods : yes
Web app tests - Maximum run time : 10 minutes.
Web app tests - Stop at first flaw : param
Max hosts : 30
Max checks : 4
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Nessus Plugin Signature Checking : Enabled
Audit File Signature Checking : Disabled
Scan Start Date : 2024/6/24 2:49 CEST
Scan duration: 3415 sec
Scan for malware : no
```

64582 - Netstat Connection Information

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Synopsis
Nessus was able to parse the results of the 'netstat' command on the remote host.
Description
The remote host has listening ports or established connections that Nessus was able to extract from the results of the 'netstat' command.
Note: The output for this plugin can be very long, and is not shown by default. To display it, enable verbose reporting in scan settings.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2013/02/13, Modified: 2023/05/23

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

tcp/21/ftp

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

tcp/22/ssh

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output udp/68

Port 68/udp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output tcp/80/www

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports

Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH.

Description

Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'.

See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin.

Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost.

See	Al	so
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https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Plugin Output

tcp/111

Port 111/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Plugin Output

udp/111

Port 111/udp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Plugin Output

udp/137

Port 137/udp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information

Plugin Output

udp/138

Port 138/udp was found to be open

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Plugin Output

tcp/139

None

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

tcp/445/cifs

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output tcp/631/www

Port 631/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Port 631/udp was found to be open

Plugin Output

udp/631

udp/851

10.0.2.9

Port 851/udp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output

454

Port 3306/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output tcp/3306/mysql

Port 3500/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output tcp/3500/www

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Port 5353/udp was found to be open

Plugin Output

udp/5353

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output

Port 6667/tcp was found to be open

tcp/6667

Port 6697/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output tcp/6697/irc

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output

Port 8067/tcp was found to be open

tcp/8067

Port 8080/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24 Plugin Output tcp/8080/www

Synopsis

Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH.

Description

Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'.

See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin.

Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Plugin Output

tcp/35177

Port 35177/tcp was found to be open

Synopsis

Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH.

Description

Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'.

See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin.

Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost.

See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Plugin Output

udp/37321

Port 37321/udp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Plugin Output

udp/37681

Port 37681/udp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Plugin Output

udp/41781

Port 41781/udp was found to be open

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information

Port 51785/udp was found to be open

Plugin Output

udp/51785

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'.

See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin.

Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost.

See Also	
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat	
Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
Plugin Information	
Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24	
Plugin Output	

Port 53673/udp was found to be open

udp/53673

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin. Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost. See Also https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat Solution n/a Risk Factor None

Plugin Output

udp/56955

Port 56955/udp was found to be open

Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

14272 - Netstat Portscanner (SSH)

Synopsis Remote open ports can be enumerated via SSH. Description Nessus was able to run 'netstat' on the remote host to enumerate the open ports. If 'netstat' is not available, the plugin will attempt to use 'ss'. See the section 'plugins options' about configuring this plugin.

Note: If the scan policy has WMI Netstat enabled, this plugin will run on Windows (using netstat.exe) in the event that the target being scanned is localhost.

See Also
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netstat

Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2004/08/15, Modified: 2024/04/24

Port 57308/tcp was found to be open

Plugin Output

tcp/57308

178771 - Node.js Installed (Linux / UNIX)

Synopsis
Node.js is installed on the remote Linux / UNIX host.
Description
Node.js is installed on the remote Linux / UNIX host.
See Also
https://nodejs.org
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2023/07/25, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

178772 - Node.js Modules Installed (Linux)

Synopsis
Nessus was able to enumerate one or more Node.js modules installed on the remote host.
Description
Nessus was able to enumerate one or more Node.js modules installed on the remote host. Note that 'Perform thorough tests' may be required for an in-depth search of all Node.js modules.
See Also
https://nodejs.org/api/modules.html
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2023/07/25, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

11936 - OS Identification

Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2024/06/19

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 3.13.0-24-generic on Ubuntu 14.04 Confidence level : 100 Method : LinuxDistribution

The remote host is running Linux Kernel 3.13.0-24-generic on Ubuntu 14.04

97993 - OS Identification and Installed Software Enumeration over SSH v2 (Using New SSH <u>Library)</u>

Synopsis

Information about the remote host can be disclosed via an authenticated session.

Description

Nessus was able to login to the remote host using SSH or local commands and extract the list of installed packages.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/05/30, Modified: 2024/03/19

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
It was possible to log into the remote host via SSH using 'password' authentication.

The output of "uname -a" is:
Linux metasploitable3-ub1404 3.13.0-24-generic #46-Ubuntu SMP Thu Apr 10 19:11:08 UTC 2014 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux

Local checks have been enabled for this host.
The remote Debian system is:
jessie/sid

This is a Ubuntu system

OS Security Patch Assessment is available for this host.
Runtime: 4.438953 seconds
```

117887 - OS Security Patch Assessment Available

tcp/0

Synopsis Nessus was able to log in to the remote host using the provided credentials and enumerate OS security patch levels. Description

Nessus was able to determine OS security patch levels by logging into the remote host and running commands to determine the version of the operating system and its components. The remote host was identified as an operating system or device that Nessus supports for patch and update assessment. The necessary information was obtained to perform these checks.

Solution		
n/a		
Risk Factor		
None		
References		
XREF	IAVB:0001-B-0516	
Plugin Informa	ation	
Published: 201	8/10/02, Modified: 2021/07/12	
Plugin Output		

181418 - OpenSSH Detection

Synopsis
An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.
Description
An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.
See Also
https://www.openssh.com/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2023/09/14, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh

168007 - OpenSSL Installed (Linux)

Synopsis
OpenSSL was detected on the remote Linux host.
Description
OpenSSL was detected on the remote Linux host.
The plugin timeout can be set to a custom value other than the plugin's default of 15 minutes via the 'timeout.168007' scanner setting in Nessus 8.15.1 or later.
Please see https://docs.tenable.com/nessus/Content/SettingsAdvanced.htm#Custom for more information.
See Also
https://openssl.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2022/11/21, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

48243 - PHP Version Detection

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain the version number of the remote PHP installation.
Description
Nessus was able to determine the version of PHP available on the remote web server.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0936
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/08/04, Modified: 2024/05/31
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www

66334 - Patch Report

Synopsis

The remote host is missing several patches.

Description

The remote host is missing one or more security patches. This plugin lists the newest version of each patch to install to make sure the remote host is up-to-date.

Note: Because the 'Show missing patches that have been superseded' setting in your scan policy depends on this plugin, it will always run and cannot be disabled.

Solution

Install the patches listed below.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/08, Modified: 2024/06/11

Plugin Output

tcp/0

45405 - Reachable IPv6 address

Synopsis

The remote host may be reachable from the Internet.

Description

Although this host was scanned through a private IPv4 or local scope IPv6 address, some network interfaces are configured with global scope IPv6 addresses. Depending on the configuration of the firewalls and routers, this host may be reachable from Internet.

Solution

Disable IPv6 if you do not actually using it.

Otherwise, disable any unused IPv6 interfaces and implement IP filtering if needed.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/02, Modified: 2012/08/07

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The following global addresss were gathered:

- ['ipv6': fe80::42:5dff:feb4:5086]['scope': link]['prefixlen': 64]

- ['ipv6': fe80::a00:27ff:fe0e:2bcc]['scope': link]['prefixlen': 64]

- ['ipv6': ::1]['scope': host]['prefixlen': 128]

- ['ipv6': fe80::6417:fcff:fe53:af9b]['scope': link]['prefixlen': 64]
```

10860 - SMB Use Host SID to Enumerate Local Users

Synopsis

Nessus was able to enumerate local users.

Description

Using the host security identifier (SID), Nessus was able to enumerate local users on the remote Windows system.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/02/13, Modified: 2023/02/28

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

- nobody (id 501, Guest account)
- chewbacca (id 1000)

Note that, in addition to the Administrator, Guest, and Kerberos accounts, Nessus has enumerated local users with IDs between 1000 and 1200. To use a different range, edit the scan policy and change the 'Enumerate Local Users: Start UID' and/or 'End UID' preferences under 'Assessment->Windows' and re-run the scan. Only UIDs between 1 and 2147483647 are allowed for this range.

174788 - SQLite Local Detection (Linux)

Synopsis
The remote Linux host has SQLite Database software installed.
Description
Version information for SQLite was retrieved from the remote host. SQLite is an embedded database written in C.
- To discover instances of SQLite that are not in PATH, or installed via a package manager, 'Perform thorough tests' setting must be enabled.
See Also
https://www.sqlite.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2023/04/26, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

70657 - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

Description

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2017/08/28

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
The server supports the following options for kex_algorithms :
 curve25519-sha256@libssh.org
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
 diffie-hellman-group1-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
 ecdh-sha2-nistp256
 ecdh-sha2-nistp384
 ecdh-sha2-nistp521
The server supports the following options for server\_host\_key\_algorithms:
  ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
 ssh-dss
 ssh-ed25519
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :
 3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes128-ctr
 aes128-gcm@openssh.com
  aes192-cbc
 aes192-ctr
 aes256-cbc
```

```
aes256-ctr
 aes256-gcm@openssh.com
 arcfour
 arcfour128
 arcfour256
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
  chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :
  3des-cbc
  aes128-cbc
  aes128-ctr
 aes128-gcm@openssh.com
 aes192-cbc
 aes192-ctr
 aes256-cbc
  aes256-ctr
  aes256-gcm@openssh.com
 arcfour
 arcfour128
  arcfour256
 blowfish-cbc
  cast128-cbc
  chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_client_to_server :
 hmac-md5-96
 hmac-md5-96-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-md5-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-ripemd160
  hmac-ripemd160-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-sha1-96
 hmac-sha1-96-etm@openssh.com
  hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com
  hmac-sha2-256
 hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-512
 hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128-etm@openssh.com
  umac-128@openssh.com
  umac-64-etm@openssh.com
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_server_to_client :
  hmac-md5
 hmac-md5-96
 hmac-md5-96-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-md5-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-ripemd160
  hmac-ripemd160-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-sha1-96
 hmac-sha1-96-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sh [...]
```

102094 - SSH Commands Require Privilege Escalation

Synopsis

This plugin reports the SSH commands that failed with a response indicating that privilege escalation is required to run them.

Description

This plugin reports the SSH commands that failed with a response indicating that privilege escalation is required to run them. Either privilege escalation credentials were not provided, or the command failed to run with the provided privilege escalation credentials.

NOTE: Due to limitations inherent to the majority of SSH servers, this plugin may falsely report failures for commands containing error output expected by sudo, such as 'incorrect password', 'not in the sudoers file', or 'not allowed to execute'.

Solution		
n/a		
Risk Factor		
None		
References		
XREF	IAVB:0001-B-0507	
Plugin Inform	nation	
Published: 20	017/08/01, Modified: 2020/09/22	
Plugin Outpu	ut	
tcp/0		

149334 - SSH Password Authentication Accepted

Synopsis
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
Description
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4252#section-8
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2021/05/07, Modified: 2021/05/07
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh

10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

Synopsis

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

Description

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol :

- 1.99
- 2.0

90707 - SSH SCP Protocol Detection

Synopsis
The remote host supports the SCP protocol over SSH.
Description
The remote host supports the Secure Copy (SCP) protocol over SSH.
See Also
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Secure_copy
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2016/04/26, Modified: 2023/11/27
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh

153588 - SSH SHA-1 HMAC Algorithms Enabled

10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

SSH supported authentication : publickey, password

Synopsis An SSH server is listening on this port. Description It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request. Solution n/a Risk Factor None References **XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0933 Plugin Information Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22 Plugin Output tcp/22/ssh SSH version: SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_6.6.1p1 Ubuntu-2ubuntu2.13

56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications.

Description

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

This port supports TLSv1.0/TLSv1.1/TLSv1.2.

45410 - SSL Certificate 'commonName' Mismatch

Synopsis

The 'commonName' (CN) attribute in the SSL certificate does not match the hostname.

Description

The service running on the remote host presents an SSL certificate for which the 'commonName' (CN) attribute does not match the hostname on which the service listens.

Solution

If the machine has several names, make sure that users connect to the service through the DNS hostname that matches the common name in the certificate.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/03, Modified: 2021/03/09

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

```
The host name known by Nessus is:

metasploitable3-ub1404

The Common Name in the certificate is:

ubuntu
```

10863 - SSL Certificate Information

Synopsis
This plugin displays the SSL certificate.
Description
This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03
Plugin Output
tcp/631/www

70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis The remote service supports the use of

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffced

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
Each group is reported per SSL Version.
SSL Version : TLSv12
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                                            Auth Encryption
                                                                                           MAC
                                                            RSA
                                                                    3DES-CBC(168)
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                0x00, 0x0A
                                               RSA
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                                KEX
                                                             Auth
                                                                                           MAC
   Name
                                Code
                                                                    Encryption
   AES128-SHA
                                0x00, 0x2F
                                                             RSA
                                                                     AES-CBC(128)
                                                RSA
   AES256-SHA
                                0x00, 0x35
                                                RSA
                                                             RSA AES-CBC(256)
  CAMELLIA128-SHA
                                0x00, 0x41
                                                                    Camellia-CBC(128)
                                                RSA
                                                             RSA
   CAMELLIA256-SHA
                                0x00, 0x84
                                                RSA
                                                             RSA
                                                                      Camellia-CBC(256)
 SHA1
```

RSA-AES128-SHA256 SHA256	0x00, 0x3C	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
RSA-AES256-SHA256 SHA256	0x00, 0x3D	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SSL Version : TLSv11 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)					
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)					
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA []			

156899 - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites

Synopsis

The remote host advertises discouraged SSL/TLS ciphers.

Description

The remote host has open SSL/TLS ports which advertise discouraged cipher suites. It is recommended to only enable support for the following cipher suites:

TLSv1.3:

- 0x13,0x01 TLS13 AES 128 GCM SHA256
- 0x13,0x02 TLS13_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- 0x13,0x03 TLS13 CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256

TLSv1.2:

- 0xC0,0x2B ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2F ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2C ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xC0,0x30 ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xCC,0xA9 ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0xCC,0xA8 ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305

This is the recommended configuration for the vast majority of services, as it is highly secure and compatible with nearly every client released in the last five (or more) years.

See Also

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server_Side_TLS

https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

Solution

Only enable support for recommened cipher suites.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/01/20, Modified: 2024/02/12

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

25240 - Samba Server Detection

Synopsis

An SMB server is running on the remote host.

Description

The remote host is running Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix.

See Also

https://www.samba.org/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2022/10/12

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host tries to hide its ${\tt SMB}$ server type by changing the MAC address and the LAN manager name.

However by sending several valid and invalid RPC requests it was possible to fingerprint the remote ${\tt SMB}$ server as Samba.

104887 - Samba Version

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the samba version from the remote operating system.

Description

Nessus was able to obtain the samba version from the remote operating by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB1 to be enabled on the host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote Samba Version is : Samba 4.3.11-Ubuntu

96982 - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

Synopsis

The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.

Description

The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, US-CERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.

See Also

https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and

http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4

http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8

http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3

Solution

Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

An FTP server is running on this port.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

An SSH server is running on this port.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

A web server is running on this port.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

A TLSv1 server answered on this port.

tcp/631/www

A web server is running on this port through TLSv1.

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/3306/mysql

A MySQL server is running on this port.

22964 - Service Detection

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/3500/www

A web server is running on this port.

22964 - Service Detection

Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2024/03/26

Plugin Output

tcp/8080/www

A web server is running on this port.

17975 - Service Detection (GET request)

10.0.2.9

Synopsis
The remote service could be identified.
Description
It was possible to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0935
Plugin Information
Published: 2005/04/06, Modified: 2021/10/27
Plugin Output
tcp/6697/irc
An IRC daemon is listening on this port.

507

22869 - Software Enumeration (SSH)

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Synopsis It was possible to enumerate installed software on the remote host via SSH. Description Nessus was able to list the software installed on the remote host by calling the appropriate command (e.g., 'rpm -qa' on RPM-based Linux distributions, qpkg, dpkg, etc.). Solution Remove any software that is not in compliance with your organization's acceptable use and security policies. Risk Factor None References XREF IAVT:0001-T-0502 Plugin Information Published: 2006/10/15, Modified: 2022/09/06

121010 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Detection

Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1.

TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites.

Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/01/08, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

110385 - Target Credential Issues by Authentication Protocol - Insufficient Privilege

Synopsis Nessus was able to log in to the remote host using the provided credentials. The provided credentials were not sufficient to complete all requested checks. Description Nessus was able to execute credentialed checks because it was possible to log in to the remote host using provided credentials, however the credentials were not sufficiently privileged to complete all requested checks. Solution n/a Risk Factor None References **XREF** IAVB:0001-B-0502 Plugin Information Published: 2018/06/06, Modified: 2024/03/25 Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

141118 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - Valid Credentials Provided

Synopsis

Valid credentials were provided for an available authentication protocol.

Description

Nessus was able to determine that valid credentials were provided for an authentication protocol available on the remote target because it was able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target using that authentication protocol at least once. Authentication was successful because the authentication protocol service was available remotely, the service was able to be identified, the authentication protocol was able to be negotiated successfully, and a set of credentials provided in the scan policy for that authentication protocol was accepted by the remote service. See plugin output for details, including protocol, port, and account.

Please note the following:

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
Plugin Information	
Published: 2020/10/15, Modified: 2024/03/25	
Plugin Output	
tcp/22/ssh	

56468 - Time of Last System Startup

Synopsis
The system has been started.
Description
Using the supplied credentials, Nessus was able to determine when the host was last started.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2011/10/12, Modified: 2018/06/19
Plugin Output
tcp/0

10287 - Traceroute Information

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain traceroute information.
Description
Makes a traceroute to the remote host.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2023/12/04
Plugin Output
udp/0

192709 - Tukaani XZ Utils Installed (Linux / Unix)

Synopsis
Tukaani XZ Utils is installed on the remote Linux / Unix host.
Description
Tukaani XZ Utils is installed on the remote Linux / Unix host.
XZ Utils consists of several components, including: - liblzma - xz
Additional information:
- More paths will be searched and the timeout for the search will be increased if 'Perform thorough tests' setting is enabled.
- The plugin timeout can be set to a custom value other than the plugin's default of 30 minutes via the 'timeout.182774' scanner setting in Nessus 8.15.1 or later.
Please see https://docs.tenable.com/nessus/Content/SettingsAdvanced.htm#Custom for more information.
See Also
https://xz.tukaani.org/xz-utils/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2024/03/29, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

110483 - Unix / Linux Running Processes Information

Synopsis
Uses /bin/ps auxww command to obtain the list of running processes on the target machine at scan time.
Description
Generated report details the running processes on the target machine at scan time.
This plugin is informative only and could be used for forensic investigation, malware detection, and to confirm that your system processes conform to your system policies.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2018/06/12, Modified: 2023/11/27
Plugin Output
tcp/0

152742 - Unix Software Discovery Commands Available

Synopsis Nessus was able to log in to the remote host using the provided credentials and is able to execute all commands used to find unmanaged software. Description Nessus was able to determine that it is possible for plugins to find and identify versions of software on the target host. Software that is not managed by the operating system is typically found and characterized using these commands. This was measured by running commands used by unmanaged software plugins and validating their output against expected results. Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2021/08/23, Modified: 2021/08/23 Plugin Output tcp/0

186361 - VMWare Tools or Open VM Tools Installed (Linux)

Synopsis
VMWare Tools or Open VM Tools were detected on the remote Linux host.
Description
VMWare Tools or Open VM Tools were detected on the remote Linux host.
See Also
https://kb.vmware.com/s/article/340
http://www.nessus.org/u?c0628155
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2023/11/28, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

189731 - Vim Installed (Linux)

ynopsis	
im is installed on the remote Linux host.	
escription	
im is installed on the remote Linux host.	
ee Also	
ttps://www.vim.org/	
olution	
/a	
isk Factor	
one	
lugin Information	
ublished: 2024/01/29, Modified: 2024/06/21	
lugin Output	
0/q	

135860 - WMI Not Available

tcp/445/cifs

Synopsis
WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.
Description
WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.
Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vunerabilities that exist on the remote host.
See Also
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2024/06/12
Plugin Output

85601 - Web Application Cookies Not Marked HttpOnly

Synopsis

HTTP session cookies might be vulnerable to cross-site scripting attacks.

Description

The remote web application sets various cookies throughout a user's unauthenticated and authenticated session. However, one or more of those cookies are not marked 'HttpOnly', meaning that a malicious client-side script, such as JavaScript, could read them. The HttpOnly flag is a security mechanism to protect against cross-site scripting attacks, which was proposed by Microsoft and initially implemented in Internet Explorer. All modern browsers now support it.

Note that this plugin detects all general cookies missing the HttpOnly cookie flag, whereas plugin 48432 (Web Application Session Cookies Not Marked HttpOnly) will only detect session cookies from an authenticated session missing the HttpOnly cookie flag.

See Also

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/HttpOnly

Solution

Each cookie should be carefully reviewed to determine if it contains sensitive data or is relied upon for a security decision.

If possible, add the 'HttpOnly' attribute to all session cookies and any cookies containing sensitive data.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF	CWE:20			
XREF	CWE:74			
XREF	CWE:79			
XREF	CWE:442			
XREF	CWE:629			
XREF	CWE:711			
XREF	CWE:712			
XREF	CWE:722			
XREF	CWE:725			
XREF	CWE:750			
XREF	CWE:751			
XREF	CWE:800			
XREF	CWE:801			

XREF	CWE:809
XREF	CWE:811
XREF	CWE:864
XREF	CWE:900
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:931
XREF	CWE:990

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/24, Modified: 2015/08/24

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

85601 - Web Application Cookies Not Marked HttpOnly

Synopsis

HTTP session cookies might be vulnerable to cross-site scripting attacks.

Description

The remote web application sets various cookies throughout a user's unauthenticated and authenticated session. However, one or more of those cookies are not marked 'HttpOnly', meaning that a malicious client-side script, such as JavaScript, could read them. The HttpOnly flag is a security mechanism to protect against cross-site scripting attacks, which was proposed by Microsoft and initially implemented in Internet Explorer. All modern browsers now support it.

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Risk Factor

None

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XREF	CWE:79		
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XREF	CWE:750		
XREF	CWE:751		
XREF	CWE:800		
XREF	CWE:801		

XREF	CWE:809
XREF	CWE:811
XREF	CWE:864
XREF	CWE:900
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:931
XREF	CWE:990

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/24, Modified: 2015/08/24

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

85601 - Web Application Cookies Not Marked HttpOnly

Synopsis

HTTP session cookies might be vulnerable to cross-site scripting attacks.

Description

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XREF	CWE:751		
XREF	CWE:800		
XREF	CWE:801		

XREF	CWE:809
XREF	CWE:811
XREF	CWE:864
XREF	CWE:900
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:931
XREF	CWE:990

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/24, Modified: 2015/08/24

Plugin Output

tcp/3500/www

85601 - Web Application Cookies Not Marked HttpOnly

Synopsis

HTTP session cookies might be vulnerable to cross-site scripting attacks.

Description

The remote web application sets various cookies throughout a user's unauthenticated and authenticated session. However, one or more of those cookies are not marked 'HttpOnly', meaning that a malicious client-side script, such as JavaScript, could read them. The HttpOnly flag is a security mechanism to protect against cross-site scripting attacks, which was proposed by Microsoft and initially implemented in Internet Explorer. All modern browsers now support it.

Note that this plugin detects all general cookies missing the HttpOnly cookie flag, whereas plugin 48432 (Web Application Session Cookies Not Marked HttpOnly) will only detect session cookies from an authenticated session missing the HttpOnly cookie flag.

See Also

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/HttpOnly

Solution

Each cookie should be carefully reviewed to determine if it contains sensitive data or is relied upon for a security decision.

If possible, add the 'HttpOnly' attribute to all session cookies and any cookies containing sensitive data.

Risk Factor

None

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XREF	CWE:20
XREF	CWE:74
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XREF	CWE:800
XREF	CWE:801

XREF	CWE:809
XREF	CWE:811
XREF	CWE:864
XREF	CWE:900
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:931
XREF	CWE:990

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/24, Modified: 2015/08/24

Plugin Output

tcp/8080/www

Synopsis

HTTP session cookies might be transmitted in cleartext.

Description

The remote web application sets various cookies throughout a user's unauthenticated and authenticated session. However, there are instances where the application is running over unencrypted HTTP or the cookies are not marked 'secure', meaning the browser could send them back over an unencrypted link under certain circumstances. As a result, it may be possible for a remote attacker to intercept these cookies.

Note that this plugin detects all general cookies missing the 'secure'

cookie flag, whereas plugin 49218 (Web Application Session Cookies Not Marked Secure) will only detect session cookies from an authenticated session missing the secure cookie flag.

See Also

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/SecureFlag

Solution

Each cookie should be carefully reviewed to determine if it contains sensitive data or is relied upon for a security decision.

If possible, ensure all communication occurs over an encrypted channel and add the 'secure' attribute to all session cookies or any cookies containing sensitive data.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF	CWE:522
XREF	CWE:718
XREF	CWE:724
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:930

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/24, Modified: 2015/08/24

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

Synopsis

HTTP session cookies might be transmitted in cleartext.

Description

The remote web application sets various cookies throughout a user's unauthenticated and authenticated session. However, there are instances where the application is running over unencrypted HTTP or the cookies are not marked 'secure', meaning the browser could send them back over an unencrypted link under certain circumstances. As a result, it may be possible for a remote attacker to intercept these cookies.

Note that this plugin detects all general cookies missing the 'secure'

cookie flag, whereas plugin 49218 (Web Application Session Cookies Not Marked Secure) will only detect session cookies from an authenticated session missing the secure cookie flag.

See Also

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/SecureFlag

Solution

Each cookie should be carefully reviewed to determine if it contains sensitive data or is relied upon for a security decision.

If possible, ensure all communication occurs over an encrypted channel and add the 'secure' attribute to all session cookies or any cookies containing sensitive data.

Risk Factor

None

References

CWE:522
CWE:718
CWE:724
CWE:928
CWE:930

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/24, Modified: 2015/08/24

Plugin Output

tcp/631/www

Synopsis

HTTP session cookies might be transmitted in cleartext.

Description

The remote web application sets various cookies throughout a user's unauthenticated and authenticated session. However, there are instances where the application is running over unencrypted HTTP or the cookies are not marked 'secure', meaning the browser could send them back over an unencrypted link under certain circumstances. As a result, it may be possible for a remote attacker to intercept these cookies.

Note that this plugin detects all general cookies missing the 'secure'

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See Also

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Solution

Each cookie should be carefully reviewed to determine if it contains sensitive data or is relied upon for a security decision.

If possible, ensure all communication occurs over an encrypted channel and add the 'secure' attribute to all session cookies or any cookies containing sensitive data.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF	CWE:522
XREF	CWE:718
XREF	CWE:724
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:930

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/24, Modified: 2015/08/24

Plugin Output

tcp/3500/www

Synopsis

HTTP session cookies might be transmitted in cleartext.

Description

The remote web application sets various cookies throughout a user's unauthenticated and authenticated session. However, there are instances where the application is running over unencrypted HTTP or the cookies are not marked 'secure', meaning the browser could send them back over an unencrypted link under certain circumstances. As a result, it may be possible for a remote attacker to intercept these cookies.

Note that this plugin detects all general cookies missing the 'secure'

cookie flag, whereas plugin 49218 (Web Application Session Cookies Not Marked Secure) will only detect session cookies from an authenticated session missing the secure cookie flag.

See Also

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/SecureFlag

Solution

Each cookie should be carefully reviewed to determine if it contains sensitive data or is relied upon for a security decision.

If possible, ensure all communication occurs over an encrypted channel and add the 'secure' attribute to all session cookies or any cookies containing sensitive data.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF (CWE:522
XREF (CWE:718
XREF (CWE:724
XREF (CWE:928
XREF (CWE:930

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/08/24, Modified: 2015/08/24

Plugin Output

tcp/8080/www

40773 - Web Application Potentially Sensitive CGI Parameter Detection

Synopsis

An application was found that may use CGI parameters to control sensitive information.

Description

According to their names, some CGI parameters may control sensitive data (e.g., ID, privileges, commands, prices, credit card data, etc.). In the course of using an application, these variables may disclose sensitive data or be prone to tampering that could result in privilege escalation. These parameters should be examined to determine what type of data is controlled and if it poses a security risk.

- ** This plugin only reports information that may be useful for auditors
- ** or pen-testers, not a real flaw.

Solution

Ensure sensitive data is not disclosed by CGI parameters. In addition, do not use CGI parameters to control access to resources or privileges.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/08/25, Modified: 2021/01/19

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Potentially sensitive parameters for CGI /payroll_app.php:

password: Possibly a clear or hashed password, vulnerable to sniffing or dictionary attack user: Potential horizontal privilege escalation - try another user ID

Potentially sensitive parameters for CGI /drupal/:

pass: Possibly a clear or hashed password, vulnerable to sniffing or dictionary attack
```

91815 - Web Application Sitemap

Synopsis

The remote web server hosts linkable content that can be crawled by Nessus.

Description

The remote web server contains linkable content that can be used to gather information about a target.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?5496c8d9

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/06/24, Modified: 2016/06/24

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following sitemap was created from crawling linkable content on the target host :

```
- http://10.0.2.9/
```

- http://10.0.2.9/chat/
- http://10.0.2.9/chat/index.php
- http://10.0.2.9/chat/style.css
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/ajax.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/arrow-asc.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/arrow-desc.png - http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/authorize.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/autocomplete.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/batch.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/collapse.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/configure.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/draggable.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/drupal.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/druplicon.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/farbtastic/
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/farbtastic/farbtastic.css
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/farbtastic/farbtastic.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/farbtastic/marker.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/farbtastic/mask.png

```
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/farbtastic/wheel.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/favicon.ico
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/feed.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/form.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/forum-icons.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/grippie.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/help.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/jquery.ba-bbq.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/jquery.cookie.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/jquery.form.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/jquery.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/jquery.once.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/machine-name.js
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/menu-collapsed-rtl.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/menu-collapsed.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/menu-expanded.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/menu-leaf.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/message-16-error.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/message-16-help.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/message-16-info.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupal/misc/message-16-ok.png
- http://10.0.2.9/drupa [...]
```

91815 - Web Application Sitemap

Synopsis

The remote web server hosts linkable content that can be crawled by Nessus.

Description

The remote web server contains linkable content that can be used to gather information about a target.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?5496c8d9

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2016/06/24, Modified: 2016/06/24

Plugin Output

tcp/3500/www

The following sitemap was created from crawling linkable content on the target host :

- http://10.0.2.9:3500/
- http://10.0.2.9:3500//
- http://10.0.2.9:3500/rails/info/properties
- http://10.0.2.9:3500/rails/info/routes

Attached is a copy of the sitemap file.

20108 - Web Server / Application favicon.ico Vendor Fingerprinting

Synopsis

The remote web server contains a graphic image that is prone to information disclosure.

Description

The 'favicon.ico' file found on the remote web server belongs to a popular web server. This may be used to fingerprint the web server.

Solution

Remove the 'favicon.ico' file or create a custom one for your site.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/28, Modified: 2020/06/12

Plugin Output

tcp/8080/www

11032 - Web Server Directory Enumeration

Synopsis

It is possible to enumerate directories on the web server.

Description

This plugin attempts to determine the presence of various common directories on the remote web server. By sending a request for a directory, the web server response code indicates if it is a valid directory or not.

See Also

http://projects.webappsec.org/w/page/13246953/Predictable%20Resource%20Location

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF

OWASP:OWASP-CM-006

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/26, Modified: 2024/06/07

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following directories were discovered: /cgi-bin, /icons, /uploads, /chat, /drupal, /phpmyadmin

While this is not, in and of itself, a bug, you should manually inspect these directories to ensure that they are in compliance with company security standards $\[\frac{1}{2} \]$

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See Also

http://projects.webappsec.org/w/page/13246953/Predictable%20Resource%20Location

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF

OWASP:OWASP-CM-006

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/26, Modified: 2024/06/07

Plugin Output

tcp/3500/www

```
The following directories were discovered: //
```

10662 - Web mirroring

Synopsis

Nessus can crawl the remote website.

Description

This plugin makes a mirror of the remote website(s) and extracts the list of CGIs that are used by the remote host.

It is suggested that you change the number of pages to mirror in the 'Options' section of the client.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2001/05/04, Modified: 2024/05/20

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

```
Webmirror performed 671 queries in 5s (134.0200 queries per second)
The following CGIs have been discovered:
+ CGI : /chat/index.php
 Methods : POST
 Argument : enter
  Value: Enter
 Argument : name
+ CGI : /drupal/
 Methods : GET, POST
 Argument : destination
  Value: node
 Argument : form_build_id
  Value: form-d8LdjYn0RUG0TOJvGyqs1cbfT5g2VZRXrV9DuvGs4YA
 Argument : form_id
  Value: user_login_block
 Argument : name
 Argument : op
  Value: Log in
 Argument : pass
 Argument : q
  Value: node/1
```

```
+ CGI : /payroll_app.php
 Methods : POST
  Argument : password
  Argument : s
  Value: OK
  Argument : user
+ CGI : /phpmyadmin/phpmyadmin.css.php
 Methods : GET
 Argument : js_frame
  Value: right
  Argument : nocache
  Value: 4334846010
  Argument : server
  Value: 1
  Argument : token
  Value: d98572319ef621d5fbbc8be5760c8ea4
+ CGI : /phpmyadmin/url.php
 Methods : GET
  Argument : token
  Value: d98572319ef621d5fbbc8be5760c8ea4
  Argument : url
  Value: http%3A%2F%2Fwww.phpmyadmin.net%2F
+ CGI : /phpmyadmin/index.php
 Methods : POST
  Argument : db
 Argument : lang
  Value: zh_TW
 Argument : pma_password
 Argument : pma_username
  Argument : server
  Value: 1
 Argument : table
 Argument : token
  Value: d98572319ef621d5fbbc8be5760c8ea4
Directory index found at /
Directory index found at /uploads/
Directory index found at /uploads/Uw3xGVES.htm/
Directory index found at /uploads/1M3AgSkp.htm/
Directory index found at /uploads/qia4cRbL.htm/
Directory index found at /uploads/zLvUAEZ1.htm/
Directory index found at /drupal/misc/
Directory index found at /phpmyadmin/themes/pmahomme/jquery/
Directory index found at /phpmyadmin/themes/pmahomme/
Directory index found at /phpmyadmin/themes/
Directory index found at /drupal/misc/farbtastic/
Directory index found at /drupal/misc/ui/
Directory index found at /phpmyadmin/themes/pmahomme/jquery/images/
Directory index found at /phpmyadmin/themes/pmahomme/css/
Directory index found at /phpmyadmin/themes/pmahomme/img/
Directory index fou [...]
```

24004 - WebDAV Directory Enumeration

Synopsis

Several directories on the remote host are DAV-enabled.

Description

WebDAV is an industry standard extension to the HTTP specification.

It adds a capability for authorized users to remotely add and manage the content of a web server.

If you do not use this extension, you should disable it.

Solution

Disable DAV support if you do not use it.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/11, Modified: 2011/03/14

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

The following directories are DAV enabled : - /uploads/ $\,$

10150 - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

Description

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The following 2 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

METASPLOITABLE3-UB1404 = Computer name

METASPLOITABLE3-UB1404 = Workgroup / Domain name
```

182848 - libcurl Installed (Linux / Unix)

Synopsis
libcurl is installed on the remote Linux / Unix host.
Description
libcurl is installed on the remote Linux / Unix host.
Additional information:
- More paths will be searched and the timeout for the search will be increased if 'Perform thorough tests' setting is enabled.
- The plugin timeout can be set to a custom value other than the plugin's default of 30 minutes via the 'timeout.182774' scanner setting in Nessus 8.15.1 or later.
Please see https://docs.tenable.com/nessus/Content/SettingsAdvanced.htm#Custom for more information.
See Also
https://curl.se/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2023/10/10, Modified: 2024/06/21
Plugin Output
tcp/0

17219 - phpMyAdmin Detection

Synopsis
The remote web server hosts a database management application written in PHP.
Description
The remote host is running phpMyAdmin, a web-based MySQL administration tool written in PHP.
See Also
https://www.phpmyadmin.net/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2005/02/25, Modified: 2022/06/01
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www