

□ Show $\underbrace{\max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_p}{\|x\|_p} \right\}}_{\text{LHS}} = \underbrace{\max_{\|x\|_p=1} \left\{ \|Ax\|_p \right\}}_{\text{RHS}}$

Step 1: $\text{RHS} \leq \text{LHS}$

$$\max_{\|x\|_p=1} \left\{ \|Ax\|_p \right\} = \max_{\|x\|_p=1} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_p}{\|x\|_p} \right\} \leq \max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_p}{\|x\|_p} \right\}$$

↑
because for all x in the set $\|x\|_p=1$

"such that"

Let $S_1 := \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : \|x\|_p = 1\}$
 $S_2 := \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : x \neq 0\}$
 "defined"

Logic:

$$S_1 \subset S_2 \Rightarrow \max_{x \in S_1} \{f(x)\} \leq \max_{x \in S_2} \{f(x)\}$$

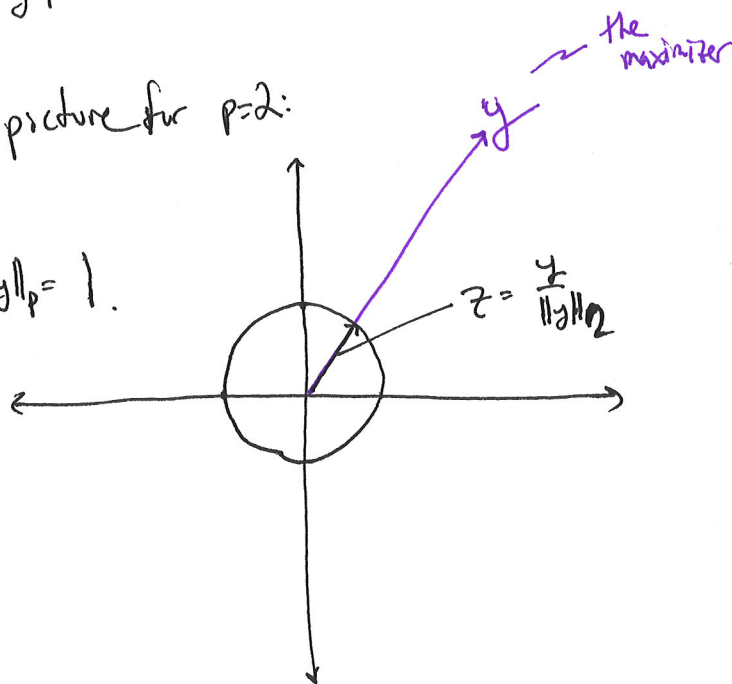
Step 2: $\text{LHS} \leq \text{RHS}$

Let $y = \arg \max_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_p}{\|x\|_p} \right\}$.

This is equivalent to saying $\frac{\|Ay\|_p}{\|y\|_p} = \max_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_p}{\|x\|_p} \right\}$.

Now let $z = \frac{y}{\|y\|_p}$. Here's a picture for $p=2$:

Note that $\|z\|_p = \left\| \frac{y}{\|y\|_p} \right\|_p = \frac{1}{\|y\|_p} \cdot \|y\|_p = 1$.



1 (cont.)

We have

$$\text{LHS} = \max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_p}{\|x\|_p} \right\} = \frac{\|Ay\|_p}{\|y\|_p} = \frac{\|A(\|y\|_p \cdot z)\|_p}{\|(\|y\|_p \cdot z)\|_p} = \frac{\|y\|_p}{\|y\|_p} \cdot \frac{\|Az\|_p}{\|z\|_p} \dots$$

$y = \|y\|_p \cdot z$

$$\dots = \frac{\|Az\|_p}{\|z\|_p} \leq \max_{\substack{x \in \mathbb{R}^n: \|x\|_p=1 \\ S_2}} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_p}{\|x\|_p} \right\} = \max_{\substack{x \in \mathbb{R}^n: \|x\|_p=1 \\ \text{b/c denominator} = 1 \forall x \text{ in } S_2}} \left\{ \|Ax\|_p \right\}$$

$z \in S_2$, so by same argument as above

$$f(z) \leq \max_{x \in S_2} \{f(x)\}$$

2

a)

$$\|x\|_2 = \sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \dots + x_n^2}$$

Let $k = \arg \max_{i \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\}} |x_i|$ so that $\|x\|_\infty = |x_k|$.

$$\text{Then } \|x\|_2 = \sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \dots + x_n^2} \leq \sqrt{x_k^2 + x_k^2 + \dots + x_k^2} = \sqrt{n(x_k)^2} = \sqrt{n} \cdot |x_k| = \sqrt{n} \cdot \|x\|_\infty \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Also, } \|x\|_2 = \sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \dots + x_n^2} \geq \sqrt{x_k^2} = |x_k| = \|x\|_\infty \quad (2)$$

Put (1) and (2) together to get

$$\|x\|_\infty \leq \|x\|_2 \leq \sqrt{n} \|x\|_\infty$$

2b

$$\|A\|_\infty = \max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_\infty}{\|x\|_\infty} \right\} \leq \max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_2}{\|x\|_\infty} \right\} \leq \max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_2}{\frac{\|x\|_2}{T_n}} \right\} \dots$$

From (a), $\|Ax\|_\infty \leq \|Ax\|_2$

From (a),
 $\|x\|_\infty \geq \frac{\|x\|_2}{T_n}$

Note: making the denominator smaller makes the overall quantity larger.

$$= \max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{T_n \|Ax\|_2}{\|x\|_2} \right\} = T_n \max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_2}{\|x\|_2} \right\}$$

$$= T_n \|A\|_2,$$

so $\|A\|_\infty \leq T_n \|A\|_2.$

For the first inequality,

$$\frac{\|A\|_2}{T_n} = \frac{1}{T_n} \max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_2}{\|x\|_2} \right\} = \max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_2}{T_n \|x\|_2} \right\} \leq \max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{T_n \|Ax\|_\infty}{T_n \|x\|_2} \right\} \dots$$

$$\leq \max_{x \neq 0} \left\{ \frac{\|Ax\|_\infty}{\|x\|_\infty} \right\} = \|A\|_\infty, \quad \text{so} \quad \frac{\|A\|_2}{T_n} \leq \|A\|_\infty.$$

$\|x\|_\infty \leq \|x\|_2$ by (a)

$\|Ax\|_2 \leq T_n \|Ax\|_\infty$
 by part (a)