



Basics of JAVA

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Compiler VS Interpreter



Compiled

1. Develop Source Code

MyClass.java

```
public class MyClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println("Hello World");  
    }  
}
```

2. Compile

▶ javac MyClass.java

MyClass.class

3. Run

▶ java MyClass

Hello World

Interpreted

1. Develop Source Code

main.py

```
def print_message():  
    print("Hello World")  
  
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    print_message()
```

2. Run

▶ python main.py

Hello World

Code

main.py

```
def print_message():  
    print("Hello World")  
  
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    print_message()
```

Human Readable
Source Code



Machine Code

```
01101000 10111100 10000001  
01100100 01011100 00010111  
00001010 00001110 11111010  
10110001 01101000 10111100  
10000001 01100100 01011100  
00010111 00001010 00001110  
11111010 10110001 10110001
```

Machine Readable
Machine Code



Compiler

main.pyc

```
Hello World
1 0 LOAD_NAME      0 (dig)
3 LOAD_NAME      1 (print)
6 LOAD_CONST     0 ('Hello World')
--> 12 CALL_FUNCTION 1 (1 positional, 0 keyword)
15 PRINT_EXPR
16 LOAD_CONST          1 (None)
19 RETURN_VALUE
```

Intermediary
Byte Code



Interpreter



Python VM

Machine Code

```
01101000 10111100 10000001
01100100 01011100 00010111
00001010 00001110 11111010
10110001 01101000 10111100
10000001 01100100 01011100
00010111 00001010 00001110
11111010 10110001 10110001
```

Machine Readable
Machine Code

Compiled



C

C++

Interpreted




Basics of Application



Libraries: Libraries, often referred to as software libraries or simply libs, are collections of pre-written code and functions that can be reused in various programs.

Modules: Modules are individual files containing Python code. They allow you to organize your code into reusable components.

Packages: In many programming languages, packages are a way to group related modules together. For example, in Python, you have packages like NumPy for numerical computing and Pandas for data manipulation.



SDK

Collection of software tools, libraries, and documentation that developers use to create applications for a specific software platform, framework.

SDK helps software developers build their programs faster and better, without starting everything from scratch.

SDKs are vital for developers because they streamline the development process, reduce the need to write code from scratch, and ensure that applications are compatible with the target platform



JDK (Java Development Kit)



JDK is a software package provided by Oracle (and other organizations like OpenJDK) that includes tools and binaries necessary for developing, compiling, and running Java applications.

It includes the Java compiler (javac), the Java Virtual Machine (java), libraries, and various development tools like javap for disassembling class files.

JDK is primarily used for Java application development





Java Development Kit (JDK)

Develop

jdb

javadoc

Build

javac

jar

Run

JRE

(Java Runtime Environment)

java

```
ls jdk-13.0.2/bin
```

```
jaotc      javadoc    jdeprscan  jinfo      jps        jstatd     rmiregistry
jar         javap      jdeps      jjs        jrunscript keytool     serialver
jarsigner  jcmd       jfr        jlink      jshell     pack200    unpack200
java       jconsole  jhsdb      jmap       jstack     rmic
javac      jdb        jimage.    jmod       jstat      rmid
```

Build Process



Develop



Compile



Package



Document

▶ `javac MyClass.java`

▶ `jar cf MyClass.jar ..`

▶ `javadoc MyClass.java`

Package



META-INF/MANIFEST.MF

```
Manifest-Version: 1.0
Created-By: 1.8.0_242 (Private Build)
Main-Class: MyClass
```

Java Archive (JAR) Web Archive (WAR)

```
▶ jar cf MyApp.jar MyClass.class Service1.class Service2.class ...
```

```
MyApp.jar
```

```
▶ java -jar MyApp.jar
```

```
Hello World
```