

Searching for packages

In this article

- About searching for packages
- Searching within a user's or organization's packages
- Filtering by package visibility

You can search for packages on GitHub Enterprise Server and narrow the results using search qualifiers.

Who can use this feature

Anyone can search for packages they have access to.

About searching for packages

You can search for packages globally across all of GitHub Enterprise Server, or search for packages within a particular organization. For more information, see "[About searching on GitHub](#)."

You can only search for packages on GitHub Enterprise Server, not GitHub.com, even if GitHub Connect is enabled.

Tips:

- This article contains links to example searches on the GitHub.com website, but you can use the same search filters with GitHub Enterprise Server. In the linked example searches, replace `github.com` with the hostname for your GitHub Enterprise Server instance.
- For a list of search syntaxes that you can add to any search qualifier to further improve your results, see "[Understanding the search syntax](#)".
- Use quotations around multi-word search terms. For example, if you want to search for issues with the label "In progress," you'd search for `label:"in progress"`. Search is not case sensitive.

Searching within a user's or organization's packages

To find packages owned by a certain user or organization, use the `user` or `org` qualifier.

Qualifier	Example
<code>user: USERNAME</code>	<code>user:codertocat</code> matches packages owned by <code>@codertocat</code>
<code>org: ORGNAME</code>	<code>org:github</code> matches packages owned by the GitHub organization

Filtering by package visibility

To filter your search by whether a package is public or private, use the `is` qualifier.

Qualifier	Example
<code>is:public</code>	is:public angular matches public packages that contain the word "angular"
<code>is:private</code>	is:private php matches private packages that contain the word "php"

Legal