

Using query parameters to create a pull request

Use query parameters to create custom URLs to open pull requests with pre-populated fields.

You can use query parameters to open pull requests. Query parameters are optional parts of a URL you can customize to share a specific web page view, such as search filter results or a pull request template on GitHub. To create your own query parameters, you must match the key and value pair.

Tip: You can also create pull request templates that open with default labels, assignees, and an pull request title. For more information, see "[Using templates to encourage useful issues and pull requests](#)."

You must have the proper permissions for any action to use the equivalent query parameter. For example, you must have permission to add a label to a pull request to use the `labels` query parameter. For more information, see "[Repository roles for an organization](#)."

If you create an invalid URL using query parameters, or if you don't have the proper permissions, the URL will return a `404 Not Found` error page. If you create a URL that exceeds the server limit, the URL will return a `414 URI Too Long` error page.

Query parameter	Example
<code>quick_pull</code>	<div> <code>https://github.com/octo-org/octo-repo/compare/main...my-branch?quick_pull=1</code> </div> <p>creates a pull request that compares the base branch <code>main</code> and head branch <code>my-branch</code>. The <code>quick_pull=1</code> query brings you directly to the "Open a pull request" page.</p>
<code>title</code>	<div> <code>https://github.com/octo-org/octo-repo/compare/main...my-branch?quick_pull=1&labels=bug&title=Bug+fix+report</code> </div> <p>creates a pull request with the label "bug" and title "Bug fix."</p>
<code>body</code>	<div> <code>https://github.com/octo-org/octo-repo/compare/main...my-branch?quick_pull=1&title=Bug+fix&body=Describe+the+fix.</code> </div> <p>creates a pull request with the title "Bug fix" and the comment "Describe the fix" in the pull request body.</p>
<code>labels</code>	<div> <code>https://github.com/octo-org/octo-repo/compare/main...my-branch?quick_pull=1&labels=help+wanted,bug</code> </div> <p>creates a pull request with the labels "help wanted" and "bug".</p>
<code>milestone</code>	<div> <code>https://github.com/octo-org/octo-</code> </div>

milestone

`https://github.com/octo-org/octo-repo/compare/main...my-branch?quick_pull=1&milestone=testing+milestones` creates a pull request with the milestone "testing milestones."

assignees

`https://github.com/octo-org/octo-repo/compare/main...my-branch?quick_pull=1&assignees=octocat` creates a pull request and assigns it to @octocat.

projects

`https://github.com/octo-org/octo-repo/compare/main...my-branch?quick_pull=1&title=Bug+fix&projects=octo-org/1` creates a pull request with the title "Bug fix" and adds it to the organization's project board 1.

template

`https://github.com/octo-org/octo-repo/compare/main...my-branch?quick_pull=1&template=issue_template.md` creates a pull request with a template in the pull request body. The `template` query parameter works with templates stored in a `PULL_REQUEST_TEMPLATE` subdirectory within the root, `docs/` or `.github/` directory in a repository. For more information, see "[Using templates to encourage useful issues and pull requests](#)."

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