Deleting a repository

You can delete any repository or fork if you're either an organization owner or have admin permissions for the repository or fork. Deleting a forked repository does not delete the upstream repository.

Only members with owner privileges for an organization or admin privileges for a repository can delete an organization repository. If **Allow members to delete or transfer repositories for this organization** has been disabled, only organization owners can delete organization repositories. For more information, see "Repository roles for an organization."
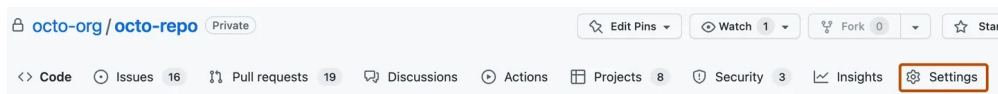
Deleting a public repository will not delete any forks of the repository.

> **Warnings**:
>
> - Deleting a repository will **permanently** delete release attachments and team permissions. This action **cannot** be undone.
> - Deleting a private or internal repository will delete all forks of the repository.

Some deleted repositories can be restored within 90 days of deletion. For more information, see "Restoring a deleted repository."

1. On GitHub.com, navigate to the main page of the repository.

2. Under your repository name, click ⚙ **Settings**. If you cannot see the "Settings" tab, select the ··· dropdown menu, then click **Settings**.

3. Scroll down to the "Danger Zone" section and click **Delete this repository**.

4. Click **I want to delete this repository**.

5. Read the warnings and click **I have read and understand these effects**.

6. To verify that you're deleting the correct repository, in the text box, type the name of the repository you want to delete.

7. Click **Delete this repository**.

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