



Manually running a workflow

In this article

Configuring a workflow to run manually

Running a workflow

Running a workflow using the REST API

When a workflow is configured to run on the workflow_dispatch event, you can run the workflow using the Actions tab on GitHub, GitHub CLI, or the REST API.

GitHub CLI Web browser

Note: GitHub-hosted runners are not currently supported on GitHub Enterprise Server. You can see more information about planned future support on the <u>GitHub public roadmap</u>.

Configuring a workflow to run manually &

To run a workflow manually, the workflow must be configured to run on the workflow dispatch event.

To trigger the workflow_dispatch event, your workflow must be in the default branch. For more information about configuring the workflow_dispatch event, see "Events that trigger workflows."

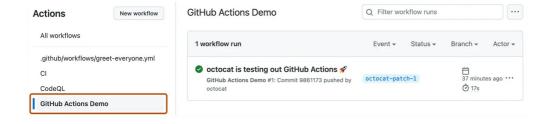
Write access to the repository is required to perform these steps.

Running a workflow &

- 1 On your GitHub Enterprise Server instance, navigate to the main page of the repository.
- 2 Under your repository name, click Actions.



3 In the left sidebar, click the name of the workflow you want to run.



4 Above the list of workflow runs, click the **Run workflow** button.

Note: To see the **Run workflow** button, your workflow file must use the workflow_dispatch event trigger. Only workflow files that use the workflow_dispatch event trigger will have the option to run the workflow manually using the **Run workflow** button. For more information about configuring the workflow_dispatch event, see "Events that trigger workflows."

Browser Tests prowser-test.yml					
12,809 workflow runs	Event ▼	Status 🕶	Branch ▼	Actor ▼	
This workflow has a workflow_dispatch event trigger.			Run workflow 🔻		
▼ repo sync Browser Tests #18928: Pull request #24112 opened by Octomerger	repo-sync	repo-sync		∺ 38 minutes ago · · · ǧ 3m 24s	

- 5 Select the **Branch** dropdown menu and click a branch to run the workflow on.
- **6** If the workflow requires input, fill in the fields.
- Click Run workflow.

To learn more about GitHub CLI, see "About GitHub CLI."

To run a workflow, use the workflow run subcommand. Replace the workflow parameter with either the name, ID, or file name of the workflow you want to run. For example, "Link Checker", 1234567, or "link-check-test.yml". If you don't specify a workflow, GitHub CLI returns an interactive menu for you to choose a workflow.

```
gh workflow run WORKFLOW
```

If your workflow accepts inputs, GitHub CLI will prompt you to enter them. Alternatively, you can use -f or -F to add an input in key=value format. Use -F to read from a file.

```
gh workflow run greet.yml -f name=mona -f greeting=hello -F data=@myfile.txt
```

You can also pass inputs as JSON by using standard input.

```
echo '{"name":"mona", "greeting":"hello"}' | gh workflow run greet.yml --json
```

To run a workflow on a branch other than the repository's default branch, use the --ref flag.

```
gh workflow run WORKFLOW --ref BRANCH
```

To view the progress of the workflow run, use the run watch subcommand and select the run from the interactive list.

Running a workflow using the REST API &

When using the REST API, you configure the inputs and ref as request body parameters. If the inputs are omitted, the default values defined in the workflow file are used.

Note: You can define up to 10 inputs for a workflow_dispatch event.

For more information about using the REST API, see the "Actions."

Legal

© 2023 GitHub, Inc. <u>Terms</u> <u>Privacy</u> <u>Status</u> <u>Pricing</u> <u>Expert services</u> <u>Blog</u>