Ex No: 2 Date: 06/02/24

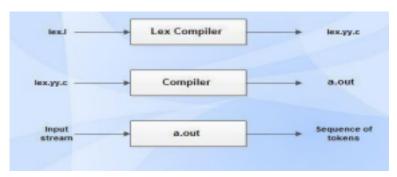
IMPLEMENT A LEXICAL ANALYZER TO COUNT THE NUMBER OF WORDS USING LEX TOOL

AIM:

To implement the program to count the number of words in a string using LEX tool.

STUDY:

Lex is a tool in lexical analysis phase to recognize tokens using regular expression. Lex tool itself is a lex compiler.



- lex.l is an a input file written in a language which describes the generation of lexical analyzer. The lex compiler transforms lex.l to a C program known as lex.yy.c.
- lex.yy.c is compiled by the C compiler to a file called a.out.
- The output of C compiler is the working lexical analyzer which takes stream of input characters and produces a stream of tokens.
- yylval is a global variable which is shared by lexical analyzer and parser to return the name and an attribute value of token.
- The attribute value can be numeric code, pointer to symbol table or nothing.
- Another tool for lexical analyzer generation is Flex.

STRUCTURE OF LEX PROGRAMS:

Lex program will be in following form

declarations

%%

translation rules

%%

auxiliary functions

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ALGORITHM: • Declare necessary header files and variables in the beginning.

- Define rules in the form of regular expressions to identify words and newline characters.
 - Increment a counter each time a word is matched.
 - Reset the counter when encountering a newline character and print the count.
 - Implement the main function to initiate lexical analysis and return 0.

```
PROGRAM: %{
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int i = 0;
%}
/* Rules Section*/
%%
([a-zA-Z0-9])* {i++;} /* Rule for counting
number of words*/
"\n" {printf("%d\n", i); i = 0;}
%%
int yywrap(void){}
int main()
// The function that starts the analysis
yylex();
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
[root@fedora student]# vi 307_exp2.1
[root@fedora student]# lex 307_exp2.1
[root@fedora student]# cc lex.yy.c
[root@fedora student]#./a.out
My name is vicky
7
```

RESULT: To implement the program to count the number of words in a string using LEX tool.