

PYTHON ASSIGNMENT 18

1. Create a zoo.py file first. Define the hours() function, which prints the string `'Open 9-5 daily'`.

Then, use the interactive interpreter to import the zoo module and call its hours() function.

2. In the interactive interpreter, import the zoo module as menagerie and call its hours() function.

3. Using the interpreter, explicitly import and call the hours() function from zoo.

4. Import the hours() function as info and call it.

5. Create a plain dictionary with the key-value pairs `'a': 1`, `'b': 2`, and `'c': 3`, and print it out.

6. Make an OrderedDict called fancy from the same pairs listed in 5 and print it. Did it print in the same order as plain?

7. Make a default dictionary called dict_of_lists and pass it the argument list. Make the list

`dict_of_lists['a']` and append the value `'something'` for `a` to it in one assignment. Print

`dict_of_lists['a']`.

SOLUTIONS

```
# 1. Create zoo.py and define the hours() function
```

```
# zoo.py
```

```
def hours():
```

```
    print('Open 9-5 daily')
```

2. Import zoo module and call its hours() function

```
import zoo
```

```
zoo.hours()
```

3. Explicitly import and call the hours() function from zoo

```
from zoo import hours
```

```
hours()
```

4. Import the hours() function as info and call it

```
from zoo import hours as info
```

```
info()
```

5. Create a plain dictionary and print it

```
plain_dict = {'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3}
```

```
print(plain_dict)
```

6. Make an OrderedDict called fancy and print it

```
from collections import OrderedDict
```

```
fancy_dict = OrderedDict([('a', 1), ('b', 2), ('c', 3)])
```

```
print(fancy_dict)
```

7. Make a default dictionary called dict_of_lists

```
from collections import defaultdict
```

```
dict_of_lists = defaultdict(list)
```

Append the value 'something for a' to dict_of_lists['a'] in one assignment

```
dict_of_lists['a'].append('something for a')
```

```
print(dict_of_lists['a'])
```

Note: Save the **zoo.py** file with the **hours()** function definition before running the code. The use of **OrderedDict** in 6 ensures that the order of items is maintained, unlike a regular dictionary.