

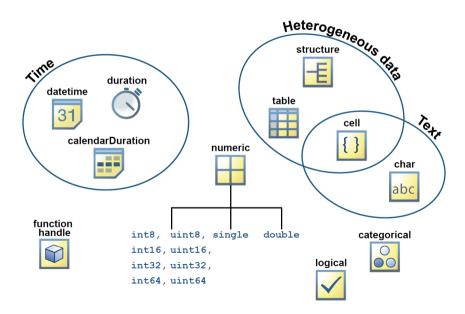
Tables

MATLAB® Programming Techniques

Duy NGUYEN Engineering Development Group



What are MATLAB data types?





■ Table are used to store heterogeneous data



Number	Price	Fruit	Quality	Date
7	3.14	apple	good	Jan 19
6	1.41	orange	bad	Mar 13
2	6.66	banana	great	Oct 21
0	1.23	pear	bad	Jun 23
-3	4.20	aardvark	meh	Dec 25
5	0.99	guava	great	Jul 03

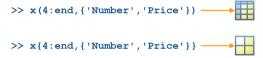














- Table are used to store **heterogeneous data**
- Each column has a unique name



Number	Price	Fruit	Quality	Date
7	3.14	apple	good	Jan 19
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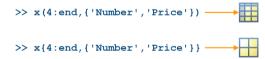














- Table are used to store **heterogeneous data**
- Each column has a unique name
- Columns can be of different data types



Number	Price	Fruit	Quality	Date
7	3.14	apple	good	Jan 19
6	1.41	orange	bad	Mar 13
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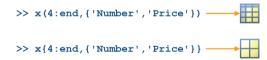














- Table are used to store heterogeneous data
- Each column has a unique name
- Columns can be of different data types
- All column elements need to be of a single type



Number	Price	Fruit	Quality	Date
7	3.14	apple	good	Jan 19
6	1.41	orange	bad	Mar 13
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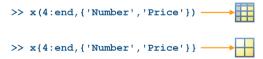














- Table are used to store heterogeneous data
- Each column has a unique name
- Columns can be of different data types
- All column elements need to be of a single type
- Elements can be accessed by column names



Number	Price	Fruit	Quality	Date
7	3.14	apple	good	Jan 19
6	1.41	orange	bad	Mar 13
2	6.66	banana	great	Oct 21
0	1.23	pear	bad	Jun 23
-3	4.20	aardvark	meh	Dec 25
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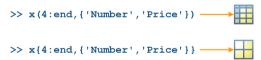














How do I create a table?

mytable = readtable('filename.xls')



How do I create a table?

- mytable = readtable('filename.xls')
- patients = table(Age, Gender, Height, Weight, Smoker, 'RowNames', LastName)

oatients =					
	Age	Gender	Height	Weight	Smoker
Smith	38	'Male'	71	176	true
Johnson	43	'Male'	69	163	false
Williams	38	'Female'	64	131	false
Jones	40	'Female'	67	133	false
Brown	49	'Female'	64	119	false
Davis	46	'Female'	68	142	false
Miller	33	'Female'	64	142	true
Wilson	40	'Male'	68	180	false
Moore	28	'Male'	68	183	false
Taylor	31	'Female'	66	132	false
Anderson	45	'Female'	68	128	false
Thomas	42	'Female'	66	137	false
Jackson	25	'Male'	71	174	false



patients(3,4)

patients =					
	Age	Gender	Height	Weight	Smoker
Smith	38	'Male'	71	176	true
Johnson	43	'Male'	69	163	false
Williams	38	'Female'	64	131	false
Jones	40	'Female'	67	133	false
Brown	49	'Female'	64	119	false
Davis	46	'Female'	68	142	false
Miller	33	'Female'	64	142	true
Wilson	40	'Male'	68	180	false
Moore	28	'Male'	68	183	false
Taylor	31	'Female'	66	132	false
Anderson	45	'Female'	68	128	false
Thomas	42	'Female'	66	137	false
Jackson	25	'Male'	71	174	false



- patients(3,4)
- patients('Williams', 'Weight')

p	atients =					
		Age	Gender	Height	Weight	Smoker
	Smith	38	'Male'	71	176	true
	Johnson	43	'Male'	69	163	false
	Williams	38	'Female'	64	131	false
	Jones	40	'Female'	67	133	false
	Brown	49	'Female'	64	119	false
	Davis	46	'Female'	68	142	false
	Miller	33	'Female'	64	142	true
	Wilson	40	'Male'	68	180	false
	Moore	28	'Male'	68	183	false
	Taylor	31	'Female'	66	132	false
	Anderson	45	'Female'	68	128	false
	Thomas	42	'Female'	66	137	false
	Jackson	25	'Male'	71	174	false



■ patients.Height

patients =					
	Age	Gender	Height	Weight	Smoker
Smith	38	'Male'	71	176	true
Johnson	43	'Male'	69	163	false
Williams	38	'Female'	64	131	false
Jones	40	'Female'	67	133	false
Brown	49	'Female'	64	119	false
Davis	46	'Female'	68	142	false
Miller	33	'Female'	64	142	true
Wilson	40	'Male'	68	180	false
Moore	28	'Male'	68	183	false
Taylor	31	'Female'	66	132	false
Anderson	45	'Female'	68	128	false
Thomas	42	'Female'	66	137	false
Jackson	25	'Male'	71	174	false



```
rows = {'Williams', 'Brown'}
patients(rows, :)
```

patients = Gender Height Weight Smoker Age Smith 38 'Male' 71 176 true 43 163 Johnson 'Male' 69 false Williams 38 false 'Female' 64 131 67 133 false Jones 40 'Female' Brown 49 'Female' 64 119 false Davis 68 142 false 46 'Female' Miller 33 'Female' 142 64 true Wilson 40 68 180 'Male' false 28 68 183 Moore 'Male' false Taylor 31 'Female' 66 132 false Anderson 45 'Female' 68 128 false Thomas 42 'Female' 66 137 false 25 'Male' 174 false Jackson 71



How do I change variable names?

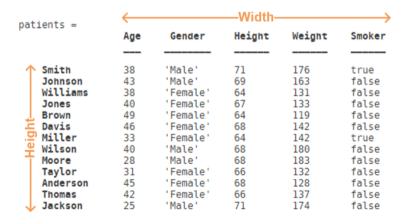
patients.Properties.VariableNames{'Gender'} = 'Sex'

patients =					
	Age	Sex	Height	Weight	Smoker
Smith	38	'Male'	71	176	true
Johnson	43	'Male'	69	163	false
Williams	38	'Female'	64	131	false
Jones	40	'Female'	67	133	false
Brown	49	'Female'	64	119	false
Davis	46	'Female'	68	142	false
Miller	33	'Female'	64	142	true
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Taylor	31	'Female'	66	132	false
Anderson	45	'Female'	68	128	false
Thomas	42	'Female'	66	137	false
Jackson	25	'Male'	71	174	false
			•		



How do I get the size of a table?

- size(patients)
- height(patients)
- width(patients)





How do I sort rows?

■ sortrows(patients, 'Age')

	Age	Sex	Height	Weight
Jackson	25	'Male'	71	174
Hall	25	'Male'	70	189
Young	25	'Female'	63	114
Hill	25	'Female'	64	138
James	25	'Male'	66	186
Alexander	25	'Male'	69	171
Garcia	27	'Female'	69	131
Moore	28	'Male'	68	183
Walker	28	'Female'	65	123
Cooper	28	'Female'	65	127
Cox	28	'Female'	66	111
Jenkins	28	'Male'	69	189
Rivera	29	'Female'	63	130



How do I sort rows?

■ sortrows(patients, {'Age', 'Weight'}, {'ascend', 'descend'})

	Age	Sex	Height	Weight
Hall	25	'Male'	70	189
James	25	'Male'	66	186
Jackson	25	'Male'	71	174
Alexander	25	'Male'	69	171
Hill	25	'Female'	64	138
Young	25	'Female'	63	114
Garcia	27	'Female'	69	131
Jenkins	28	'Male'	69	189
Moore	28	'Male'	68	183
Cooper	28	'Female'	65	127
Walker	28	'Female'	65	123
Cox	28	'Female'	66	111
Howard	29	'Female'	68	134



Use categorical arrays for discrete values

- patients.Sex = categorical(patients.Sex)
- Get weight of male patients under the age of 30:

ans	=	Weight
	Moore	183
	Jackson	174
	Hall	189
	James	186
	Jenkins	189
	Alexander	171



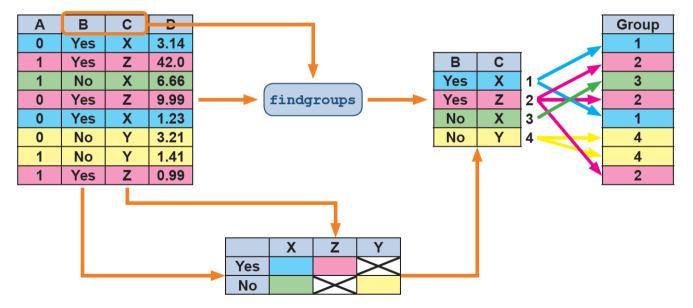
Use categorical arrays for discrete values

- patients.Sex = categorical(patients.Sex)
- Get weight of male patients under the age of 30: cond = (patients.Sex == 'Male') & (patients.Age < 30) patients(cond, 'Weight')

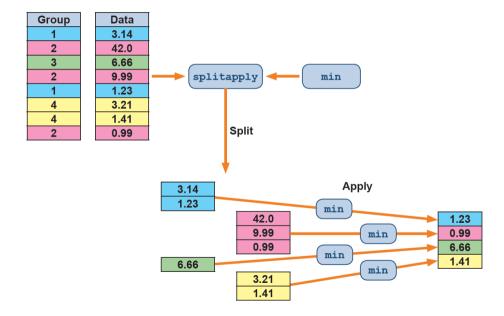
ans	=	Weight
	Moore Jackson Hall James Jenkins Alexander	183 174 189 186 189 171



How do I find unique groups of data?









■ Split patients by age and gender:

byAgeAndS Age	Sex =	AvgHeight	AvgWeight
25	Female	63.5	126
25	Male	69	180
27	Female	69	131
28	Female	65.333	120.33
28	Male	68.5	186
29	Female	65	128
30	Female	68.5	132.5
30	Male	67.5	184
31	Female	65.333	134.33
31	Male	72	178
32	Female	61.5	134
32	Male	68.5	187
33	Female	65.5	128.5



Split patients by age and gender:

```
T = patients(:, {'Age', 'Sex'})
[groups, byAgeAndSex] = findgroups(T)
```

■ Compute average height and weight:

byAgeAndSex =			
Age	Sex	AvgHeight	AvgWeight
25	Female	63.5	126
25	Male	69	180
27	Female	69	131
28	Female	65.333	120.33
28	Male	68.5	186
29	Female	65	128
30	Female	68.5	132.5
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Split patients by age and gender:

```
T = patients(:, {'Age', 'Sex'})
[groups, byAgeAndSex] = findgroups(T)
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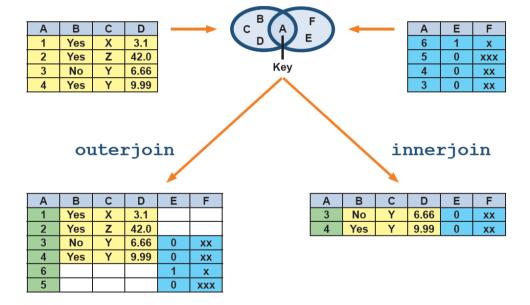
■ Compute average height and weight:

```
byAgeAndSex.AvgHeight = splitapply(@mean, patients.Height, groups)
byAgeAndSex.AvgWeight = splitapply(@mean, patients.Weight, groups)
```

yAgeAndS	ex =		
Age	Sex	AvgHeight	AvgWeight
25	Female	63.5	126
25	Male	69	180
27	Female	69	131
28	Female	65.333	120.33
28	Male	68.5	186
29	Female	65	128
30	Female	68.5	132.5
30	Male	67.5	184
31	Female	65.333	134.33
31	Male	72	178
32	Female	61.5	134
32	Male	68.5	187
33	Female	65.5	128.5



How do I merge tables?





What are the differences between outerjoin and innerjoin functions?

C = innerjoin(A, B)

C = outerjoin(A, B, 'MergeKeys', true)

C = outerjoin(A, B, 'MergeKeys', true, 'Type', 'Left')

C = outerjoin(A, B, 'MergeKeys', true, 'Type', 'Right')

