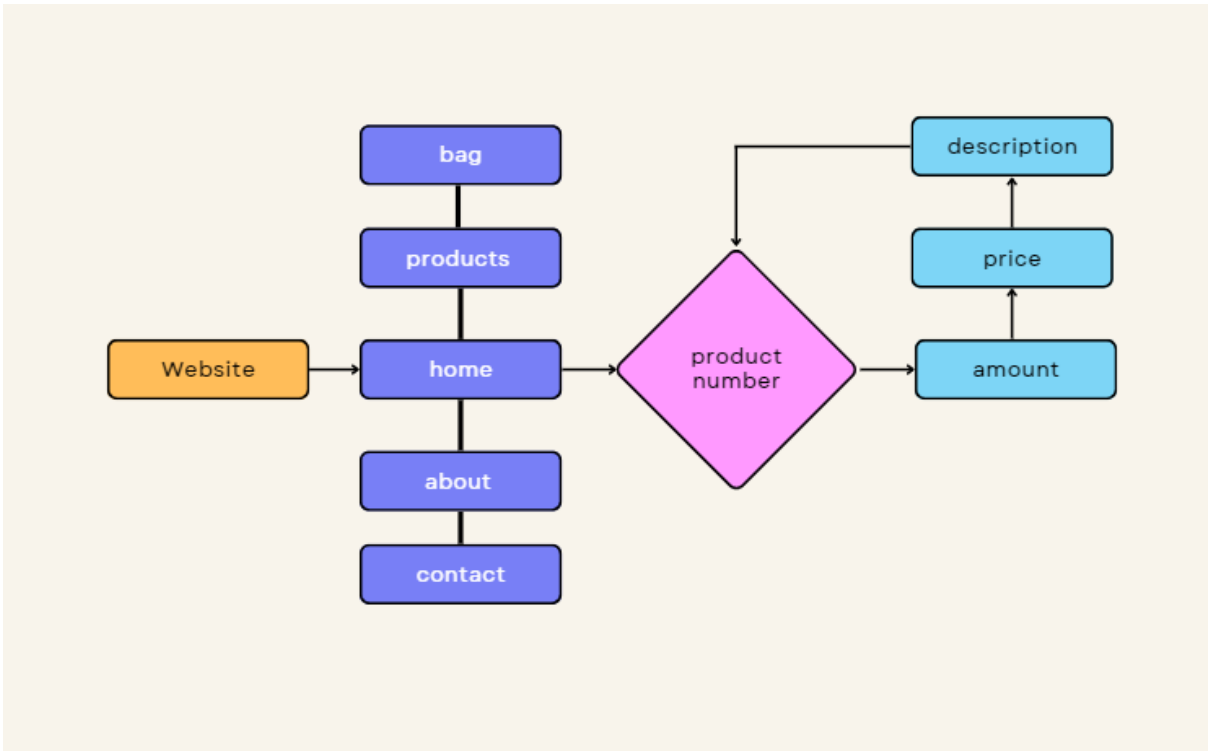


Criterion B: Record of Tasks
deadline 24/02

TASK NUMBER	DATE	PLANNED ACTION	PLANNED OUTCOME	TIME ESTIMATE DATE	TARGET COMPLETION DATE	CRITERION
1	November 2022	Writing Criterion A first version	Making the first version of criterion A	1 day	The 2nd of November, 2022	A
1	November 2022	Client: Flávia Pires	How I will help her? I will help her by creating a website do assist her selling its products. Products name: Site Livre de dor. How your product demonstrate complexity: CSS, HTML, Java Scripy	1h	The 8th of November, 2022	A
2	December 2022	Interview with the client	First Interview with the client outlining problem description, discussing possible solutions and defining what she wanted me to do. - Front Page - Login Page - Products Page	1h 30min	The 23th of December, 2022	A
3	January 2022	Writing Criterion A final version	Making the final version of criterion A	1 day	The 15th of, January 2023	A
4	January 2023	Proposed Solution choice	After client feedback, a meeting was held to decide the proposed solution	1h 15min	The 31st of January, 2023	A

5	Feburary 2023	Product Update	Showed a draaft of an ideia for the site, adjusted what she wanted to change	50min	The 15th of Feburary, 2023	B
6	Feburary 2023	Palette color decided	Following the brand identity of the brand the green pallet was decided	30min	The 16th of Feburary, 2023	B
7	Feburary 2023	Searching and planning how I would do the website	Improving and learning my website code abilities and the step by step	1day	The 22th of Feburary, 2023	C
8	March 2023				The 16th f March, 2023	C

Design overview



Design

index.html


```
1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html lang="en">
3  <head>
4      <meta charset="UTF-8">
5      <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
6      <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
7      <title>Document</title>
8      <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
9  </head>
10 <body>
11     <nav>
12         <ul>
13             <li>
14                 <a href="login/login.html">Login</a>
15             </li>
16             <li>
17                 <a href="product.html">Produtos</a>
18             </li>
19         </ul>
20     </nav>
21     <main>
22         <h1>
23             Livres de dor
24         </h1>
25         <p>Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit.
26         Adipisci eligendi dolores numquam.</p>
27     </main>
28 </body>
29 </html>
```

login.html

```
1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html lang="en">
3  <head>
4      <meta charset="UTF-8">
5      <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
6      <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
7      <title>Document</title>
8      <link rel="stylesheet" href= ".login.css">
9  </head>
10 <body>
11
12 <!-- The Modal -->
13 <div id="id01" class="modal">
14     <span onclick="document.getElementById('id01').style.display='none'"
15     class="close" title="Close Modal">&times;</span>
16
17     <!-- Modal Content -->
18     <form class="modal-content animate" action="/action_page.php">
19         <div class="imgcontainer">
20             
21         </div>
22
23         <div class="container">
24             <label for="uname"><b>Username</b></label>
25             <input type="text" placeholder="Enter Username" name="uname" required>
26
27             <label for="psw"><b>Password</b></label>
28
29             <input type="password" placeholder="Enter Password" name="psw" required>
30
31             <button type="submit">Login</button>
32             <label>
33                 <input type="checkbox" checked="checked" name="remember"> Remember me
34             </label>
35             <div class="container" style="background-color: #f1f1f1">
36                 <button type="button" onclick="document.getElementById('id01').style.display='none'"
37                 class="cancelbtn">Cancel</button>
38                 <span class="psw">Forgot <a href="#">password?</a></span>
39             </div>
40         </form>
41     </div>
42 </body>
```

login.css

```
1  /* Bordered form */
2  ∨ form {
3      border: 3px solid ■ #f1f1f1;
4  }
5
6  /* Full-width inputs */
7  ∨ input[type=text], input[type=password] {
8      width: 100%;
9      padding: 12px 20px;
10     margin: 8px 0;
11     display: inline-block;
12     border: 1px solid ■ #ccc;
13     box-sizing: border-box;
14 }
15
16 /* Set a style for all buttons */
17 ∨ button {
18     background-color: ■ #04AA6D;
19     color: ■ rgb(93, 181, 122);
20     padding: 14px 20px;
21     margin: 8px 0;
22     border: none;
23     cursor: pointer;
24     width: 100%;
25 }
26
27 /* Add a hover effect for buttons */
```

```
28     button:hover {
29         |     opacity: 0.8;
30     }
31
32     /* Extra style for the cancel button (red) */
33     .cancelbtn {
34         |     width: auto;|
35         |     padding: 10px 18px;
36         |     background-color:  #eb1506;
37     }
38
39     /* Center the avatar image inside this container */
40     .imgcontainer {
41         |     text-align: center;
42         |     margin: 24px 0 12px 0;
43     }
44
45     /* Avatar image */
46     img.avatar {
47         |     width: 40%;
48         |     border-radius: 50%;
49     }
50
51     /* Add padding to containers */
52     .container {
53         |     padding: 16px;
54     }
```

description index.html:

The code above is an HTML document that contains a web page's structure and content. HTML code is a set of instructions that instructs the web browser on how to display the page to the user.

The first line of code, `!DOCTYPE html>`, specifies the HTML version used by the document. HTML5 is used in this case. The following line, `html lang="en">`, specifies the document's language as English. The head section contains metadata about the page, such as the character set, Internet Explorer compatibility, viewport size, and page title. The meta tags are used to provide information about the document that is not visible on the page.

The external style is linked using the link tag. Add the CSS file to the HTML document. This file contains the CSS rules that will be used to style the page. The page's visible content is located in the body section. The page's main heading is included in the header section. The navigation section contains a list of links to other pages. The `ul` tag specifies an unordered list, while the `li` tags specify list items. The `a` tag is used to create links to other pages. The main section contains the page's main content. In this instance, it includes a paragraph of placeholder text.

In conclusion, the code above is a basic HTML document that defines the structure and content of a web page. Metadata, external stylesheets, headings, navigation links, and main content are all included. HTML code is an essential component of web development because it allows developers to create visually appealing and interactive web pages that anyone with an internet connection can access.

description login.html:

The code above is an HTML document that includes a modal window with a form for user authentication. The HTML code is a set of instructions that instructs the web browser how to display the page to the user. The first line of code, `!DOCTYPE html>`, specifies the HTML version used by the document. HTML5 is used in this instance. The following line, `html lang="en">`, specifies the document's language as English.

The head section contains metadata about the page, such as the character set, Internet Explorer compatibility, viewport size, and page title. The meta tags are used to provide additional information about the document that is not displayed on the page. The link tag is used to link the external login.css file to the HTML document. This file contains the CSS rules that will be applied to the page to style the login form. The page's visible content is located in the body section. The `div` tag with the `id="id01"` attribute specifies the modal window that will be displayed when the user clicks on the login link. When the user clicks on the `span` tag with `class="close,"` the modal window is closed.

The login form is contained within the `form` tag with the `class="modal-content animate"`. The `img` tag with `class="avatar"` displays the avatar image. The label tags with `for="uname"` and `for="psw"` are used to provide labels for the username and password fields, respectively. The username and password fields are created by `input` tags with `type="text"`

and type="password," respectively. The button tag with type="submit" is used to submit the form and login the user. The label tag with the name="remember" is used to create a checkbox for remembering the user's login credentials. The div tag with the class="container" attribute contains the buttons for canceling the login and resetting the password.

Finally, the code above is an HTML document that contains a form for user authentication through the use of a modal window. HTML code is an essential component of web development because it allows developers to create visually appealing and interactive web pages that anyone with an internet connection can access. The login form is a common feature on many websites, and this code shows how to implement it with HTML and CSS.

login.css

The code provided is a CSS code block that styles a user authentication form. The code gives the form a visually appealing design and makes it user-friendly. The CSS code is divided into sections, each with its own function. To distinguish the form from other elements on the page, the first section adds a 3px solid border around it. The second section defines the width and padding of the input fields, as well as the border that surrounds them. This makes the input fields visually consistent and easy to identify.

The third section defines the appearance of all buttons on the form. It makes the buttons stand out on the page by giving them a background color of #04AA6D and a text color of rgb(93, 181, 122). The padding and margin of the button are set to 14px 20px and 8px 0, respectively, to ensure that the buttons are large enough to be clicked without taking up too much space on the page. The border is set to none, resulting in a borderless button, and the cursor is set to pointer, resulting in a hand when hovering over the button.

The fourth section gives the buttons a hover effect. When a user hovers over a button, its opacity is set to 0.8, making it barely visible.

The fifth section specifies the appearance of the cancel button. It changes the width of the cancel button to auto, which adjusts the width based on the content of the button. The button padding is set to 10px 18px, and the background color is set to #eb1506, giving the cancel button a red color.

The sixth section positions the avatar image in the container and configures the margins and text alignment.

The seventh section specifies the appearance of the avatar image. It makes the avatar image circular by increasing the width to 40% and adding a border-radius of 50%.

The eighth section adds padding to containers, allowing the content inside to be separated from the container edges.

The ninth section styles the "Forgot password" text, which is floated to the right of the form with 16px padding on top.

Finally, the final section employs media queries to alter the form's appearance on extremely small screens. If the screen size is less than or equal to 300px, the "Forgot password" text is displayed as a block element, and the width of the cancel button is set to 100% to fill the entire width of the form. This keeps the form visually appealing and user-friendly even on small screens.