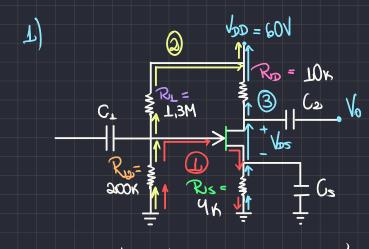
Provou Q => Nome: Victor 1

RA: 2090910

Nome: Victor Henrique de Moura Netto RA: 2090910



- sabendo que :

$$V_{GS(0H)} = -4V$$

$$T_{DSS} = 4mA$$

- encontrando al currente IL al partir da malha (2): 200x IL + 1,3 M Is + 60 = 0 →

$$L, 5 \cdot L0^6 I_L = -60^{-3} \Rightarrow I_L = -40 \cdot L0^{-6} = -40 \mu A$$

- realizando a malha (1) e isolando Is:

- como
$$Is = I_p : \left(I_p = \frac{8 - \sqrt{as}}{4\kappa}\right)$$

- substituindo ID e encontrando seu valor:

$$T_{D} = I_{DSS} \left(L - \frac{V_{QS}}{V_{QS}(oH)} \right)^{2} - \frac{8 - V_{QS}}{Y_{IK}} = I_{DSS} \left(L - \frac{V_{QS}}{V_{QS}(oH)} \right) - \frac{8 - V_{QS}}{Y_{IK}} = \frac{1}{1} \left(L + \frac{V_{QS}}{V_{QS}(oH)} \right)^{2} - \frac{1}{1} \left(L + \frac{V_{QS}}{V_{QS}} \right)^{2} - \frac{1}{1$$

$$I_D = \frac{8 - V_{95}}{4K} - D$$
 $I_S = \frac{8 + 1}{4K} = \frac{2}{100} \frac{15 \text{ m/A}}{4K}$

- por fim, para encontrar a malha 3:

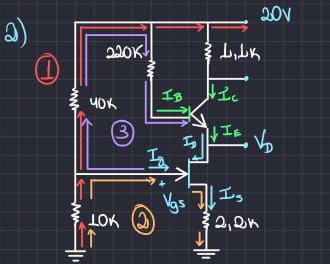
$$-4\kappa (2,25 \cdot 10^{-3}) - \sqrt{25} - 10\kappa (2,25 \cdot 10^{-3}) + 60 = 0 + 2$$

$$-9-V_{DS}-22,5+60=0-7(V_{DS}=28,5V)$$

$$I_{D} = 2,25mA$$

$$V_{QS} = -LV$$

$$V_{DS} = 28,5V$$



- fazendo a malha @ pava isolar Is:

$$10KI_{\perp} + V_{qs} + 2j2KI_{s} = 0 + 2j2KI_{s} = -V_{qs} - 10KI_{\perp} + 2j2K$$

$$I_{s} = \frac{-V_{qs} - 10KI_{\perp}}{2j2K}$$

- agora, now mather D, e soubendo que $I_L = I_D = I_3$:

Let $L_L = L_D = 0$ $L_L = -20$ $L_L = -2$

$$T_{D} = -\frac{V_{QS} - 10K(-0, 4m)}{2,2K} \rightarrow T_{D} = \frac{4 - V_{QS}}{2,2K}$$

$$I_{D} = I_{DSS} \left(1 - \frac{V_{0S}}{V_{0S}(0)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \right) \rightarrow \frac{U - V_{0S}}{2 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 8m \left(1 + \frac{V_{0S}}{4} \right)^{2} \rightarrow 4 - V_{0S} = 17,6 \left(1 + \frac{V_{0S}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{V_{0S}^{2}}{16} \right) \rightarrow 4 - V_{0S} = 17,6 \left(1 + \frac{V_{0S}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{V_{0S}^{2}}{16} \right) \rightarrow 4 - V_{0S} = 17,6 + 8,8V_{0S} + 1,1V_{0S}^{2} \rightarrow 1,1V_{0S}^{2} + 9,8V_{0S} + 13,6 = 0 \rightarrow 1$$

$$V_{0S} = 17,6 + 8,8V_{0S} + 1,1V_{0S}^{2} \rightarrow 1,1V_{0S}^{2} + 9,8V_{0S} + 13,6 = 0 \rightarrow 1$$

$$V_{0S} = 17,6 + 8,8V_{0S} + 1,1V_{0S}^{2} \rightarrow 1,1V_{0S}^{2} \rightarrow 1,2V_{0S}^{2} \rightarrow$$

 $Vgs^2 + 8,909 Vgs + 12,364 = 0$

$$V_{gs} = \frac{-8,909 \pm \sqrt{[8,909^{2} - 4(12,364)]}}{2} + V_{gs} = -1,721$$

$$V_{gs} = \frac{-8,909 \pm 5,469}{2} \Rightarrow V_{gs} = -1,721$$

- substituined o vaulor de Vgs em ID:

$$ID = \frac{4 - Vgs}{2000} - D ID = \frac{4 + 1.720}{2000} = \frac{2000}{2000}$$

por fim, encontrando Vo:

$$T_{D} = T_{e} = \frac{1}{2.6 \cdot 10^{-3}} = 32,1 \mu A$$

$$(\beta + 1) = \frac{1}{81}$$

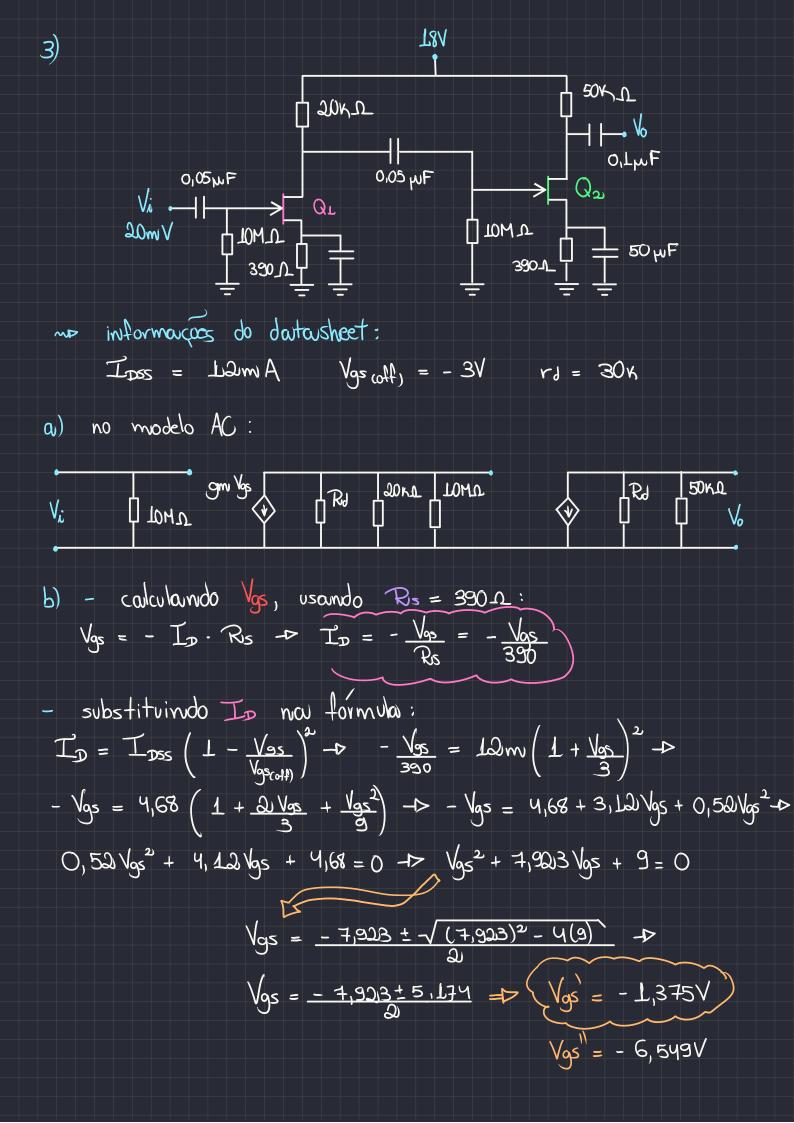
$$\sqrt{5} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{2.6 \cdot 10^{-3}}{81} = 32,1 \mu A$$

$$V_D = V_B - V_{BE} \rightarrow V_D = [200 - (2120 \cdot 110^3 \cdot 32, 11 \cdot 110^{-6})] - 0,7 \rightarrow$$

$$V_{D} = 12,938 - 0,7 - V_{D} = 12,238 V$$

$$I_D = 2,6 \text{miA}$$

$$\sqrt{V_D} = 12,238 \text{V}$$



- calculando o valor de gm:

$$g_{m} = \frac{\partial \cdot I_{DSS}}{|V_{QS}(_{OH})|} \left(L - \frac{V_{QS}}{|V_{QS}(_{OH})|} \right) = \frac{\partial \cdot I_{Dm}}{|I-3I|} \left(L - \frac{(-L_{,}375)}{-3} \right) + D$$
 $g_{m} = 8 \, \text{mi} \left(0.542 \right) + D \left(g_{m} = 4.336 \, \text{ms} \right)$

- por fim, calculando os gamhos:

$$A_{V_{\perp}} = -g_{m} (R_{d} //20K // 10M) - D$$
 $A_{V_{\perp}} = -4,336m (111,986K) - D$
 $A_{V_{\perp}} = -5L,97L$

 $Av_{2} = -g_{W}(RJ//50K) - D$ $Av_{2} = -4,336w(L8,75K) - D$ $Av_{2} = -8L,3$

 $A_{VT} = A_{VL} \cdot A_{VD} \rightarrow A_{VT} = 4,225 \text{ K}$

$$\Re e = \left(\frac{30K \cdot 20K}{50K}\right) = D$$

30K · 50K = 18,75KD