Functional and logic programming - written exam -

Important:

- 1. Subjects are graded as follows: of 1p; A 1.5p; B 2.5p; C 2.5p; D 2.5p.
- 2. Prolog problems will be resolved using SWI Prolog. The following are required: (1) explanation of the code and of the reasoning behind it; (2) recursive model that solves the problem, for all the predicates used; (3) specification of every predicate (parameters and their meaning, flow model, type of the predicate deterministic/non-deterministic).
- 3. Lisp problems will be resolved using Common Lisp. The following are required: (1) explanation of the code and of the reasoning behind it; (2) recursive model that solves the problem, for each function used; (3) specification of every function (parameters and their meaning).

A. Given the following PROLOG predicate definition **f(integer, integer)**, with the flow model (i, o):

```
f(0, 0):-!.

f(I,Y):-J is I-1, \underline{f(J,V)}, V>1, !, K is I-2, Y is K.

f(I,Y):-J is I-1, \underline{f(J,V)}, Y is V+1.
```

Rewrite the definition in order to avoid the recursive call $\underline{\mathbf{f(J,V)}}$ in both clauses. Do NOT redefine the predicate. Justify your answer.

B. Given a nonlinear list containing both numerical and non-numerical atoms, write a Lisp program that builds a list with the elements from the initial list, from positions k to k (counting from left to right, considering all elements regardless of level), in reverse order. For example, for the list (A B 12 (5 D (A F (10 B) D (5 F) 1)) C 9) and k = 3 the result is (9 F B A 12).

C. Write a PROLOG program that generates the list of all subsets with at least N elements such that the value of sum of all elements from each subset is divisible with 3, from a list of integers. Write the mathematical models and flow models for the predicates used. For example, for the list L=[2,3,4] and $N=1 \Rightarrow [[3],[2,4],[2,3,4]]$ (not necessarily in this order).

D. Given a nonlinear list, write a Lisp function to replace all even numerical values with their natural successor. **A MAP function shall be used. Example** for the list (1 s 4 (2 f (7))) the result is (1 s 5 (3 f (7))).