# Actividad 6

### A – Programme bayésien

```
PartyBN() = \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} Relevant \ Variables: \\ RI,RP,We,LI,E,JA,MA,AA,BA,JP,MP,AP,VP,BP \\ Decomposition: \\ P(RI\ RP\ We\ LI\ E\ JA\ MA\ AA\ BA\ JP\ MP\ AP\ VP\ BP\ |\ \pi) = \\ P(RI\ |\ \pi)P(RP\ |\ \pi)P(We\ |\ \pi)P(LI\ |\ \pi)P(E\ |\ \pi) \\ P(JA\ |\ RI\ \pi)P(BA\ |\ LI\ \pi)P(AA\ |\ We\ \pi)P(AP\ |\ AA\ BA\ \pi) \\ P(JP\ |\ JA\ RP\ \pi)P(BP\ |\ BA\ E\ \pi) \\ Parametric\ Forms: \\ See\ Figure 3 \\ Identification: \\ All\ tables\ provided\ by\ the\ user \\ Question: \\ P(RI\ |\ MP\ We\ \pi) \end{cases}
```

#### Here are the questions we want to find an answer to:

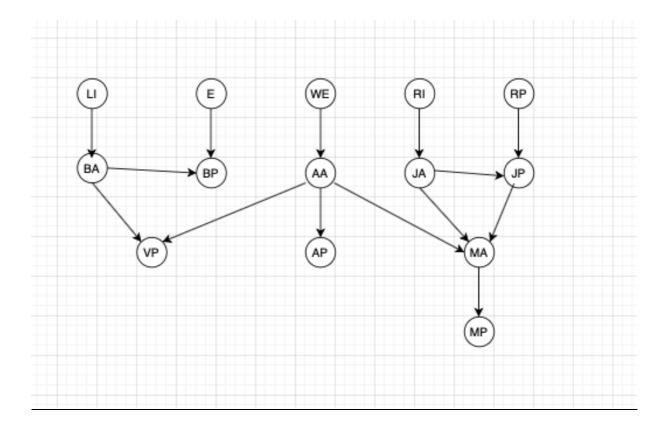
```
P(RI=1 | MP=0 , WE=0)

P(JP=1 , MP=1 , AP=1 , BP=1, VP=1 | RP=0 , LI=O , WE=0 , E=0)

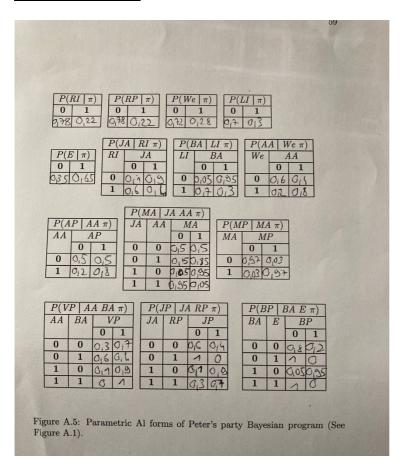
P(AP=1 , VP=1 , BP=1)

P(VP=1 , MP=1 | AP=1 , JP=0 )
```

## B – Dessiner le programme bayésien



#### C – Tableau de proba



## D – Code pour répondre aux questions

<u>1 -</u>

- iv. Write the expressions for the following questions:
  - (a) What is the probability that it was raining when John received the invitation knowing that Mary didn't attend the party and that the party is on Monday?

```
P(RI) =
RI Probability
0 0.691366109180621
1 0.308633890819379
```

Here the second value, equal to 0.3086

<u>2-</u>

(b) What is the probability that all Peter's friends attend the party knowing that it will take place on a sunny Saturday, knowing that Bill received the invitation in time and no emergency was present at the hospital?

print	(P_tout	)			
P(JP	AP MP V	P BP) =			
JP	AP	MP	VP	BP	Probability
0	0	Θ	0	0	0.00612448869246892
0	0	Θ	0	1	0.000851950676645275
0	0	Θ	1	0	0.0202501804363048
0	0	Θ	1	1	0.00344160011175975
0	0	1	0	0	0.00897271124884434
0	0	1	0	1	0.00136984931471801
0	0	1	1	0	0.041794619322511
0	0	1	1	1	0.00689459984806076
0	1	Θ	0	0	0.00874117605172632
0	1	Θ	0	1	0.00150612251645962
0	1	0	1	0	0.0578183346656431
0	1	0	1	1	0.00932914667008888
0	1	1	0	0	0.0156296238535381
0	1	1	0	1	0.00303407746589144
0	1	1	1	0	0.137368864575614
0	1	1	1	1	0.0218726532086216
1	0	Θ	0	0	0.00873660648612039
1	0	Θ	0	1	0.00158410812310764
1	0	Θ	1	0	0.0656378965650746
1	0	Θ	1	1	0.0105233691177846
1	0	1	0	0	0.0199261935725663
1	0	1	0	1	0.00263409188552907
1	0	1	1	0	0.0521573036761096
1	0	1	1	1	0.00910043092239492
1	1	Θ	0	0	0.0210254167810805
1	1	Θ	0	1	0.00465631069684767
1	1	Θ	1	0	0.242070101514145
1	1	Θ	1	1	0.0381731922814449
1	1	1	0	0	0.0252437833136551
1	1	1	0	1	0.00396348932080126
-	-	-	4	^	0 120502600244500

Here the value equal to 0.021 (the last one)

1

1

1

(c) What is the probability that Alice, Victor and Bill attend the party?

0.128502699244598

0.0210650078398446

P(AP VP BP) =BP AP VP Probability 0.0585914412291975 0 0 0 1 0.0116778393123297 0 0.169582007006344 0 1 0.0465487130958585 0.0737012913933367 1 0 0.0203630289275198 1 1 1 0.494820259402844 1 0 0.124715419632569 1 1 1

Here the last value equal to 0.124 <u>4-</u>

(d) Alice answer the phone at Peter's house, "Hi John". What is the probability that Mary and Victor attended the party? (Note: No, no, no, John is not calling from a cell phone).

P(MP	VP) =	
MP	VP	Probability
0	0	0.05065166868012
0	1	0.278841195519429
1	0	0.0811649238166721
1	1	0.589342211983778

Here the last value equal to 0.589