# Module 4: Storing SQL Data in Azure Lab: Storing Event Data in Azure SQL Databases

## **Exercise 1: Creating an Azure SQL Databases Instance**

#### Task 1: Sign in to the Azure Portal

- 1. On the Start screen, click the **Internet Explorer** tile.
- 2. Go to https://portal.azure.com.
- 3. In the email address box, type the email address of your Microsoft account.
- 4. Click Continue.
- 5. In the password box, type your password for your Microsoft account.
- 6. Click Sign In.

## Task 2: Create an Azure SQL database by using the Azure Portal

- 1. In the navigation pane on the left side, scroll down, and then click More Services.
- 2. In the **Browse** blade that displays, click **SQL databases**.
- 3. At the top-left corner of the portal, click + New.
- 4. In the New blade that displays, click Databases, and then SQL Database from Databases blade.
- 5. In the **SQL Database** blade that displays, locate the **Database name** box and provide the value **db20532**.
- 6. Click Pricing Tier.
- 7. In the **Choose your pricing tier** blade that displays, click the **View all** link and then select the **Basic** option.
- 8. Click **Select** to close the blade.
- 9. Click **Select Source**. Perform the following actions:
  - a. Select the Blank Database option.
  - b. In the **SQL database** blade, click **Server**.
  - c. In the Server blade that displays, click Create a new server.
  - d. In the New Server blade that displays, locate the Server Name box.
  - e. In the Server Name box, type sv20532[Your Name Here].
  - f. In the Server Admin Login box, type testuser.
  - g. In the **Password** box, type **TestPa\$\$w0rd**.
  - h. In the Confirm Password box, type TestPa\$\$w0rd.
  - i. In the **Location** list, select the region that is closest to your location.
  - j. In the New server blade, click Select.
- 10. In the **SQL database** blade, locate the **Resource group** section and select the existing *20532* resource group.

- 11. Click Create to create the SQL database and server.
- 12. Write down the server and database names for the new SQL Database instance.

**Results:** After completing this exercise, you will have created both servers and databases in the SQL Database service.

# **Exercise 2: Using Entity Framework with Local SQL Server**

### Task 1: Run the ASP.NET web application to view events from the local SQL database

- 1. On the Start screen, click the **Desktop** tile.
- 2. On the taskbar, click the File Explorer icon.
- In the This PC window, go to Allfiles (F):\Mod04\Labfiles\Starter\Contoso.Events, and then doubleclick Contoso.Events.sln.
- 4. In the **Solution Explorer** pane, right-click the **Contoso.Events.DataGeneration** project, point to **Debug**, and then click **Start New Instance**.

Note: The Data Generation script takes between one to two minutes to run.

- 5. In the **Solution Explorer** pane, right-click the **Contoso.Events.Web** project, and then click **Set as Startup Project**.
- 6. On the **Debug** menu, click **Start Debugging**.
- 7. On the home page of the web application, verify that it shows a list of multiple events.
- 8. Close the tab that is displaying the website.

### **Exercise 3: Using Entity Framework with Azure SQL Databases**

### Task 1: Configure DbContext with a new DatabaseInitializer

- In the Solution Explorer pane, right-click the Contoso. Events. Data project, point to Add and then click New Item.
- 2. In the **Add New Item** dialog box, perform the following steps:
  - a. Expand Installed, expand Visual C# Items, and then click Code.
  - b. Click the Class template.
  - c. In the Name box, type EventsContextInitializer.cs.
  - d. Click Add.
- 3. Add the following **using** statement at the top of the code file:

using System.Data.Entity;

4. In the EventsContextInitializer class, add the public accessor to the left of the class definition:

class EventsContextInitializer

5. Verify that the updated class definition looks like the following line of code:

public class EventsContextInitializer

6. In the EventsContextInitializer class, add the CreateDatabaselfNotExists<EventsContext> inheritance statement to the right of the class definition:

public class EventsContextInitializer

7. Verify that the updated class definition looks like the following line of code:

public class EventsContextInitializer : CreateDatabaselfNotExists<EventsContext>

- 8. In the Solution Explorer pane, expand the **Contoso.Events.Data** project.
- 9. In the Contoso.Events.Data project, open the EventsContext.cs file.
- 10. Within the static constructor **static EventsContext()**, add the following line of code:

Database.SetInitializer<EventsContext>(new EventsContextInitializer());

11. Save the EventsContext.cs file.

## Task 2: Implement seed data with DbContext

- 1. In the Solution Explorer pane, expand the Contoso. Events. Data project.
- 2. In the Contoso. Events. Data project, open the Events Context Initializer.cs file.
- 3. Add the following method declaration to the **EventsContextInitializer** class:

protected override void Seed(EventsContext context){ }

4. Add the following **using** statements at the top of the code file:

using Contoso. Events. Models;

5. Place the cursor between the openning and closing curly brackets { } to the right of the Seed(EventsContext context) method, and then type the following lines of code:

```
if (context.Events.Count() == 0)
{
    Event eventItem = new Event();
    eventItem.EventKey = "FY17SepGeneralConference";
    eventItem.StartTime = DateTime.Today;
    eventItem.EndTime = DateTime.Today.AddDays(3d);
    eventItem.Title = "FY17 September Technical Conference";
    eventItem.Description = "Sed in euismod mi.";
    eventItem.RegistrationCount = 1;
    context.Events.Add(eventItem);
}

if (context.Registrations.Count() == 0)
{
    Registration registrationItem = new Registration();
```

```
registrationItem.EventKey = "FY17SepGeneralConference";
registrationItem.FirstName = "Aisha";
registrationItem.LastName = "Witt";
context.Registrations.Add(registrationItem);
}
context.SaveChanges();
```

- 6. Save the EventsContextInitializer.cs file.
- 7. In the Solution Explorer pane, right-click the Contoso. Events. Data project, and then click Build.

#### Task 3: Publish the web application with updated DbContext to Azure

- 1. In the **Solution Explorer** pane, expand the **Contoso.Events.Web** project.
- 2. In the Solution Explorer pane, expand the Web.config file in the Contoso.Events.Web project.
- 3. Double-click the Web.Release.config file.
- 4. In the **Web.Release.config** file, update the connection string using the key **EventsContextConnectionString** with the following values:
  - [database]: db20532
  - [login]: testuser
  - [server]: sv20532[Your Name Here]. (Note that there are two different places to replace [server].)
  - [password]: TestPa\$\$w0rd

Note: Ensure that you remove the square brackets as you replace each placeholder.

- 5. Save the **Web.Release.config** file.
- 6. In the Solution Explorer pane, right-click the Contoso. Events. Web project, and then click Publish.
- 7. In the Publish Web window, click Microsoft Azure App Service.
- 8. In the **App Service** dialog, perform the following steps:
  - a. Select your Azure subscription.
  - b. Ensure that the Resource Group option is selected in the View list.
  - c. Click the **New** button.
- 9. In the **Create App Service** dialog, perform the following steps:
  - a. Ensure that you have an auto-generated Web App name. If not, enter a globally unique name.
  - b. Select your Azure subscription.
  - c. Click the **New** button immediately to the right of the **Resource Group** dialog box.
  - d. In the Resource Group dialog box, provide the value TestSQL.

- e. Click the **New** button immediately to the right of the **App Service Plan** dialog box.
- f. Ensure that you have an auto-generated App Service Plan name. If not, provide the value **TestSQLPlan**.
- g. In the **Location** list, select the region that is closest to your location. **Ensure** that this region is same as the **lregion**\* where you created SQL Database.
- h. In the Size list, select the Free option.
- i. Click the **OK** button to close the **Configure App Service Plan** dialog.
- j. Click the **Create** button to create your App Service instance.

**Note:** The deployment process for the new App Service is relatively short and should take 2-5 minutes.

- 10. In the **Publish Web** dialog box, perform the following steps:
  - a. Leave the default values in all the fields.
- 11. Click Publish.

**Note:** It typically takes five to ten minutes for the publish process to complete. You can track the progress of your publish in the Microsoft Azure Activity Log (**View** > **Other Windws** > **Microsoft Azure Activity Log**) pane that displays when you publish your Web App project.

### Task 4: Verify that the Azure Web App website is using the new data

1. Wait for the publish process to complete and the console window to display the message **Complete**.

**Note:** The publish process is complete when the message "**Complete**" displays in the **Microsoft Azure Activity Log**'s history console. The green circular indicator in the Activity Log does not indicate that the publish process is complete, but it indicates that the package is uploaded successfully.

- 2. In the **Azure App Service Activity** pane, click the hyperlink that directs you to the published web application.
- 3. Verify that the website displays the single event that you created in your Entity Framework context initializer.

# Task 5: Sign in to the Azure Portal

1. On the Start screen, click the **Internet Explorer** tile.

- 2. Go to https://portal.azure.com.
- 3. In the email address box, type the email address of your Microsoft account
- 4. In the password box, type the password of your Microsoft account, and then click Sign In.

#### Task 6: View the data in the Azure SQL Database

- 1. In the navigation pane on the left side, scroll down, and then click **More Services**.
- 2. In the **Browse** blade that displays, click **SQL databases**.
- 3. In the list of **SQL Databases**, select the SQL database named **db20532**.
- 4. In the **db20532 SQL database** blade, locate the **Essentials** panel.
- 5. Locate the **Server name** section and click on the associated hyperlink to navigate to the server blade.
- 6. In the **SQL server** blade, locate the **Essentials** panel.
- 7. Locate the **Firewall** section and click on the associated hyperlink to navigate to manage firewall settings.
- 8. In the **Firewall settings** blade, click the **Add client IP** button to add your virtual machine's IP Address to the list of allowed IP Address ranges.
- 9. Click on **Save** at the top of the blade. Once saved, close the confirmation dialog by clicking the **Ok** button.

Note: It might take couple of minutes for the firewall changes to get updated on server.

- 10. Return to the open instance of Visual Studio.
- 11. In Visual Studio, open the View menu and then select the Server Explorer option.
- 12. **Expand** the **Data Connections** node.
- 13. Right click on **Data Connections** and click on **Add Connection**.
- 14. Choose Microsoft SQL Server for data source and click Continue.
- 15. In the **Add Connection** wizard, provide following values and click **OK**.
  - a. In the server name box, type sv20532[your name].database.windows.net.
  - b. Select Use SQL Server Authentication.
  - c. In the **Username** box, type **testuser**.
  - d. In the Password box, type TestPa\$\$w0rd.
  - e. In the Select or enter a database name dropdown, select db20532.
  - f. Click the **OK** button.

**Note:** If firewall rules are not updated on the server, you may have to wait a few more minutes before proceeding.

- 16. On Visual Studio **Server Explorer**, expand **Data Connections** then **sv20532[your name].db20532.dbo** and then the **Tables** node.
- 17. Right click Tables and click Refresh.
- 18. Right click **Events** table, and then select **Show Table Data**.
- 19. In the **dbo.Events** table, view the single record.
- 20. Close the Events table window.
- 21. Close the Internet Explorer application.
- 22. Close the Contoso. Events Microsoft Visual Studio window.

**Results:** After completing this exercise, you will have configured Entity Framework to initialize a new database with seed data.

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