

# SUPERVISED AND EXPERIENTIAL LEARNING

## (Master in Artificial Intelligence, UPC-URV-UB)

Spring semester, Course 2020/2021

April 9<sup>th</sup>, 2021

### **Practical Work 2 (PW2, Individual): *combining multiple classifiers***

The objective of this exercise is to implement, compare and validate two combinations of multiple classifiers: *a random forest* and *a decision forest*.

The implemented *Random Forest* [Breiman, 2001] and *Decision Forest* [Ho, 1998] will be compared and evaluated in several domains. The main steps that students must undertake are listed below.

#### **Procedure**

1. *Implement a Random Forest and a Decision Forest technique* in your selected programming language (Java, C++, R, Python, etc.). The *base-learner* for inducing the trees will be the CART method.
  - a. Both *the Random Forest (RF)* and *the Decision Forest (DF) classifier must be able to read a dataset in csv file format*
  - b. Then, they should *induce the model (the random forest or decision forest)* from the training data set, and at the same time *produce an ordered list of the features* used in the forest, according to its importance. The importance can be estimated as the frequency of its appearance in the random forest/random decision constructed.
  - c. *The models must have, at least, the hyper-parameter F (number of random features used in the splitting of the nodes in RF or in each tree in DF) and the number of trees (NT) desired.*
2. *Implement a forest interpreter* that given a *random forest* or a *decision forest* would be able to classify a test dataset, obtaining the corresponding classification accuracy values (or generalization error) for different combination of values of *F* and *NT*. For instance, try (when make sense), being *M* the total number of features:

#### *Random Forest*

- Each training set for each tree is a bootstrapped sampling of the original training set
- $NT = 1, 10, 25, 50, 75, 100$
- $F = 1, 3, \text{int}(\log_2 M + 1), \sqrt{M}$

#### *Decision Forest*

- Each training set for each tree is the same original training set
- $NT = 1, 10, 25, 50, 75, 100$
- $F = \text{int}(M/4), \text{int}(M/2), \text{int}(3 * M/4), \text{Runif}(1, M)$  for each tree

Where  $Runif(1, M)$  is a function generating a pseudorandom integer value,  $ru$ , such that  $1 \leq ru \leq M$  with a uniform distribution probability.

Note that the **first three values** of  $F$  in the *Decision Forest* are constant for all trees, but the **fourth value** is different for each tree in the forest.

3. *Evaluate both classifier models obtained in at least 3 databases* (one small, one medium and one large). You can use databases from UCI ML repository or other sources. Small  $\approx$  (# instances  $\leq 500$ ), Medium  $\approx$  ( $500 < \text{\# instances} \leq 2000$ ), and Large  $\approx$  (# instances  $> 2000$ ). Obtain a summary table with the classification results (accuracy/error) and an ordered list of features for the 3 databases and the different combination of hyper-parameters.

### Deliverable

A ZIP file labelled as “PW2-SEL-2021-NameSurname”, delivered through “Racó de la FIB” (in the “Practical” tab) with the following content:

1. A folder named “**Documentation**” with a report (maximum 20 pages on 11 pt. letter size) containing:
  - a. Pseudo-code of *your implemented algorithms* of the *random forest* and the *decision forest* technique
  - b. Evaluation of results for both algorithms and for all the tested databases:
    - i. Table with the accuracy/error results for the different combination of hyper-parameters
    - ii. Ordered list of features (relevance) resulting from the different combination of hyper-parameters
  - c. Instructions on how to execute the code
  - d. Other comments
2. A folder named “**Data**” with the files with the original dataset/s or database/s used both for training and for testing.
3. A folder named “**Source**” containing the source code of the implementation
4. An **executable object file** (\*.jar, etc.) if available
5. A **README.txt** file specifying the structure and contents of the ZIP file

Students must deliver the ZIP file on **14/5/2021**,

### Qualification

The qualification of this work will take into account the quality/functionality of the software delivered (correctness, efficiency and scalability), the robustness of the code, and the written documentation delivered.

### References

- [Ho, 1998] Tin Kam Ho. The Random Subspace Method for Constructing Decision Forests. *IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence* 20(8):832-844, 1998.
- [Breiman, 2001] Leo Breiman. Random Forests. *Machine Learning* 45:5-32, 2001

**PW2 is due on May 14<sup>th</sup>, 2021**