

Comprehensive Medical Management System-Medicare

Medicare is a web-based platform designed to optimize the administration and operation of medical centers, clinics, and hospitals. The system allows users to manage medical appointments, clinical records, doctors, departments, hospital resources, and more, offering specialized modules based on the user's role: patient, doctor, or administrator.

System Version: 1.1

Date: 06/2025

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Index

Cover	1
Index	2
Description	3
Objective	3
Specific Objectives	3
Main Features	4
Who is it for?	4
Architecture	5
General system diagram	6
Technologies Used	7
System Modules and Functionalities	9
Authentication and Role Management	13
Authentication Flow	14
Route Protection	15
Additional Security	16
Database Model (MySQL)	17
Entity-Relationship Model of the Database	18
Image Gallery of the Interfaces	19

Medicare is a comprehensive web-based system developed to improve the operational and clinical management of medical centers, hospitals, and clinics. The system centralizes the management of patients, doctors, medical appointments, departments, and hospital resources, facilitating efficient communication between the various stakeholders.

The MediCare system is a comprehensive web-based solution for medical centers and hospitals, comprised of two main areas:

- Public/information area: provides institutional information about the medical center (history, services, specialties, news, insurance, facilities, doctors).
- Private/role-managed area: registered users can schedule appointments,
 view medical reports, and view prescriptions; doctors manage patients and
 appointments; and the administrator controls all system data.

Objective

The primary goal of Medicare is to provide an intuitive and functional digital solution that allows medical centers to streamline their internal processes, from appointment scheduling to managing medical staff and physical resources, thereby improving the experience for both patients and healthcare workers.

Specific objectives:

- Provide information about the medical center's services.
- Manage medical appointments digitally.
- Offer separate dashboards for patients, doctors, and administrators.
- Automate the management of patients, appointments, departments, and clinical resources.

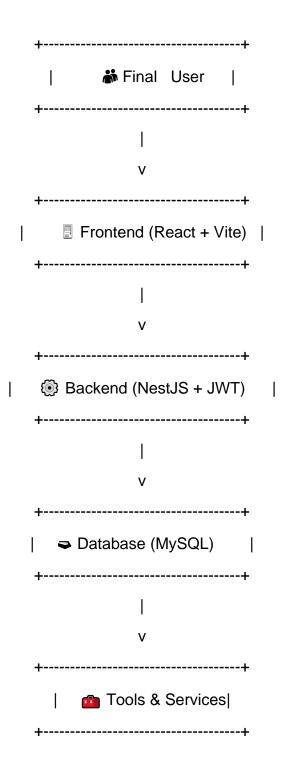
Key Features

- Informative site with details on medical services, specialties, news, and facilities.
- User registration and login with patient role.
- Doctor module for managing patients and assigned appointments.
- Complete administrator dashboard with full control over users, doctors, patients, departments, rooms, beds, shifts, roles, and more.
- Secure system using JWT authentication.
- Scalable architecture based on NestJS (backend) and React (frontend), with a MySQL database.

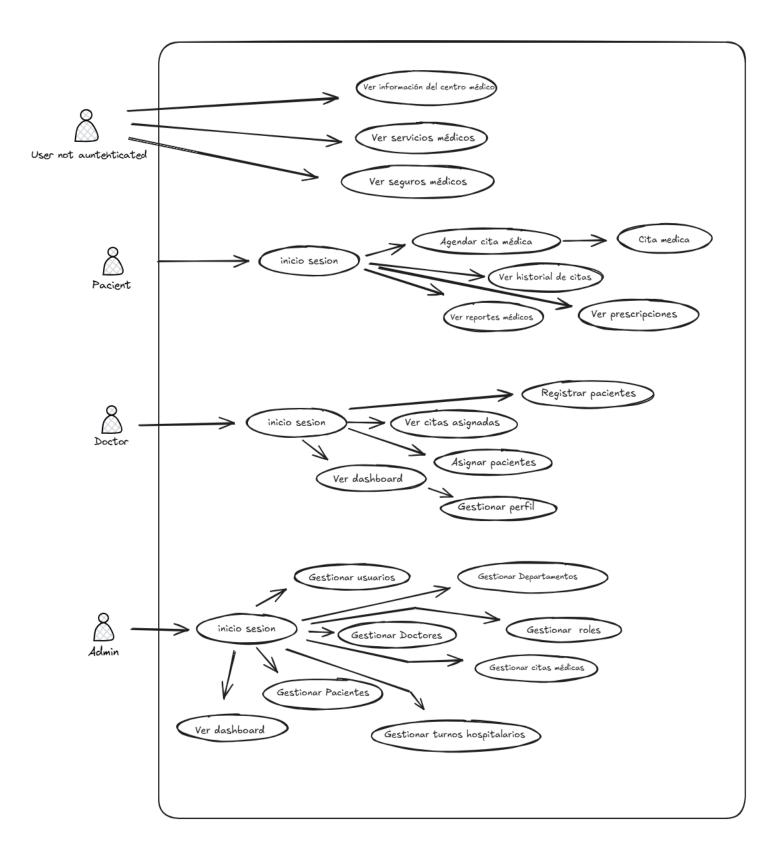
Who is it for?

- Small and medium-sized medical centers
- Public and private hospitals
- Specialized clinics
- Healthcare professionals who require a digital management tool

System Architecture



General diagram of the system



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[Home] \rightarrow [Public Navigation] \\ \searrow [Register/Login?] \\ \rightarrow [Register] \rightarrow [Patient Dashboard] \\ \rightarrow [Login] \rightarrow [Validate] \rightarrow [Role?] \\ \rightarrow [Doctor] \rightarrow [Doctor Dashboard] \\ \rightarrow [Admin] \rightarrow [Admin Dashboard] \\ \rightarrow [Patient] \rightarrow [Patient Dashboard] \\ \leftarrow [Logout] \\ \leftarrow [End]
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% Technologies Used

The Medicare system is developed with modern and scalable technologies, aimed at providing an efficient experience for both development and system performance. The main tools and frameworks used are detailed below:

Frontend

- React.js: JavaScript library for building dynamic and reactive user interfaces.
- Vite: Rapid build tool for front-end projects.
- TypeScript: JavaScript superset that adds static typing to improve code maintainability.
- React Router: For managing routes and navigation within the application.
- Tailwind CSS / Material UI: Styling frameworks for responsive and modern design.

Backend

- NestJS: Progressive Node.js framework for building scalable and wellstructured applications.
- TypeScript: Used in the backend for better typing control and a clean architecture.
- JWT (JSON Web Token): For authentication and route protection.
- Swagger/OpenAPI: Interactive documentation for REST APIs.
- TypeORM / Sequelize (depending on the type of application you used):
 ORM for interacting with the MySQL database from NestJS.

Database

 MySQL: Relational database management system used to store and manage all system information.

Other

- Node.js: Backend execution environment that allows JavaScript to run outside the browser.
- NPM / Yarn: Package manager for installation and dependency management.
- Git / GitHub: Project version control.

System Modules and Functionalities

The Medicare system is divided into several modules that allow for efficient management of medical resources, users, and daily operations in a medical center or hospital. Each module has specific functionalities depending on the user's role: Patient, Doctor, or Administrator.

1. Public Module (Information Site)

This module is accessible without logging in and serves as the medical center's homepage.

Features:

- View general information about the medical center.
- Information on medical services offered:
- Emergencies
- Hospitalization
- Surgery
- Laboratory
- Radiology and Imaging
- Details on accepted health insurance plans.
- Updated news section about the medical center.
- Multimedia gallery with photos of the facilities.
- History of the medical center.

- List of available medical specialties.
- Professional profiles of registered doctors.

2. User Module (Patients)

Users can register and automatically obtain the patient role, and then access their personal dashboard.

Features:

- Secure registration and login using JWT authentication.
- Schedule medical appointments by specialty and available doctor.
- View your complete medical appointment history:
- Scheduled appointments
- Completed appointments
- Cancelled appointments
- Access medical reports issued by doctors.
- View medical prescriptions.
- Manage your profile:
- Update personal information
- Change password
- View basic medical information

3. Doctors Module

This module is designed exclusively for medical professionals whose credentials are provided by the administrator.

Features:

- Login with credentials assigned by the administrator.
- Dashboard with general statistics:
- Total assigned patients
- Total scheduled and completed appointments
- View all assigned medical appointments:
- Status: pending, completed, canceled
- Ability to add new patients to the system.
- Assign existing patients to your personal care list.
- Manage your profile:
- Edit personal and professional information
- Update schedule availability (if applicable)
- View your patients' medical history

4. Administrator Module

The most comprehensive role in the system, intended for staff responsible for the comprehensive management of the medical center.

Features:

- Dashboard with key system indicators:
 - Total patients
 - Total doctors
 - Total departments
 - Medical appointment statistics
- Staff Management:
 - Create, read, update, and delete employees
- User Management:
 - Create, read, update, and delete users (with patient role)
- Doctor Management:
 - Create, read, update, and delete doctors
- Patient Management:
 - -Create, read, update, and delete patients
- Department Management:
 - Register, edit, delete, and list departments in the medical center
- Room Management:
 - Register hospital rooms
- Assign room type (single, shared, ICU, etc.)
- Clinical Bed Management:
 - Register beds

- Assign beds to rooms
- Update occupancy status
- Workstation Management:
 - Register medical and non-medical positions
- Staff Role Management System:
 - Create, modify and delete roles (patient, doctor, admin, etc)
- Hospital Appointment Management:
 - Record medical and nursing appointments
- Medical Specialty Management:
 - Record, edit, and delete medical specialties
- Medical Appointment Management:
 - Create, modify, delete, and view all appointments in the system

Authentication and Role Management

Authentication and authorization in the Medicare system is designed to ensure that each user has access only to the functionality permitted according to their role within the system. This ensures the integrity, privacy, and security of medical and operational data.

Role Types

The system defines three (3) main roles:

ROL	DESCRIPTION	
Registered user who can schedule appointments, view		
Patient	records, and manage their profile. They have limited access to	
	specific features.	
Medical professional with access to their own dashboa		
Doctor	where they can view assigned patients, scheduled	
	appointments, and manage related medical information.	
User with maximum privileges. They can manage users		
Administrator	doctors, patients, departments, hospital resources, and all	
	system settings.	

Note: The user role is automatically assigned upon patient registration. The doctor and administrator roles are manually assigned by the system administrator.

Authentication Flow

The authentication process is based on JWT (JSON Web Token) tokens, which allows secure communication between the client and server without the need to maintain active sessions in the backend.

Flow steps:

1. Registration (for patients only):

- The user enters their basic information (name, email, password).
- A record is created in the users table with the patient role.

2. Login:

- The user enters their email and password.
- The backend verifies the credentials against the database.
- If valid, a signed JWT token is generated containing user information (ID, name, role, etc.).
- This token is returned to the frontend and stored locally (e.g., in localStorage or cookies).
- This token is sent to the frontend via a secure, HTTP-only cookie, optionally with attributes such as Secure, HttpOnly, and SameSite.

3. Protected Access:

- Each time the user makes a request to the backend, the token is included in the Authorization header.
- The backend verifies the credentials against the database.

4. Logout:

- The backend deletes or expires the cookie containing the JWT token.
- This securely logs the user out.

Route Protection

All sensitive routes in the system are protected by guards that verify:

- That the user has a valid token stored in the cookie.
- That the user's role has permission to access that route or resource.

For example:

- Only users with the administrator role can access routes such as /api/doctors, /api/patients, /api/departments, etc.
- Only users with the doctor role can access paths such as /api/appointments/own.

Additional Security

- Encrypted passwords: User passwords are stored in the database using a secure hash (bcrypt).
- Token expiration: JWT tokens have a limited lifetime (e.g., 24 hours), improving system security.
- Secure cookies: Cookies with attributes such as HttpOnly, Secure, and SameSite=Strict/Lax are used to prevent unauthorized access.
- Field validation: All endpoints validate input data before processing it (using NestJS DTOs and pipes).
- Error handling: Clear and controlled responses to unauthorized access attempts or invalid credentials.

Database Model (MySQL)

- users: id, name, email, password, role_id, created_at
- · roles: id, name
- doctors: id, user_id, specialty_id, ...
- patients: id, user_id, date_of_birth, address, ...
- appointments: id, patient_id, doctor_id, date, status
- departments: id, name, description
- specializations: id, name, description
- rooms: id, number, type, floor

- beds: id, room_id, status
- shifts: id, name, start_time, end_time
- jobs: id, name, description
- news: id, title, content, image, post_date
- medical_records: id, appointment_id, diagnosis, prescription
- login_history
- bed_assignments
- doctor_availability
- doctor_patients
- insurance
- pharmacy
- prescriptions
- procedures
- refresh_tokens
- staff
- staff_shifts

Entity-Relationship Model of the Database

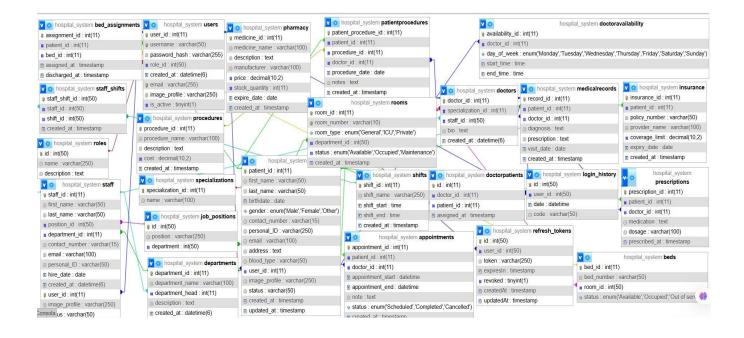


Image Gallery of the Interfaces



