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// lab2 skel.c
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// 10.18.2019
// HARDWARE SETUP:
// PORTA is connected to the segments of the LED display. and to the pushbutton
// PORTA.0 corresponds to segment a, PORTA.1 corresponds to segement b, etc.
// PORTB bits 4-6 go to a,b,c inputs of the 74HC138.
// PORTB bit 7 goes to the PWM transistor base.
#define F_CPU 16000000 // cpu speed in hertz
#define TRUE 1
#define FALSE 0
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <util/delay.h>
//holds data to be sent to the segments. logic zero turns segment on
uint8_t segment_data[5];
//decimal to 7-segment LED display encodings, logic "0" turns on segment
//Note: They are arranged so that the value of a possible integer matched with t
he position
uint8_t dec_to_7seg[12] = {0b11000000, 0b11111001,0b10100100,0b10110000,0b100110
//****************************
//
                          chk buttons
//Checks the state of the button number passed to it. It shifts in ones till
//the button is pushed. Function returns a 1 only once per debounced button
//push so a debounce and toggle function can be implemented at the same time.
//Adapted to check all buttons from Ganssel's "Guide to Debouncing"
//Expects active low pushbuttons on PINA port. Debounce time is determined by
//external loop delay times 12.
uint8_t chk_buttons(uint8_t button)
       static uint16_t state[8] = {0}; //We do what we did in lab 1, but this t
ime as an array so we can address the other buttons
       state[button] = ((state[button] <<1) | (!bit_is_clear(PINA,button)) | 0xE</pre>
000);
      if(state[button] == 0xF000) return 1;
      return 0;
****
//
                                 segment_sum
//takes a 16-bit binary input value and places the appropriate equivalent 4 digi
//BCD segment code in the array segment_data for display.
//array is loaded at exit as: |digit3|digit2|colon|digit1|digit0|
void segsum(uint16_t sum) {
       //Variables for values digit positions
      uint8_t OnesVal;
      uint8_t TensVal;
      uint8_t HundredsVal;
      uint8_t ThousandsVal;
       //Decoder "Sel#" Positions for Digits. Note: The lower bytes are 0 becau
se we aren't using them in PORTB. This also keeps in mind the value we desire in
PWN
       //determine how many digits there are
       int NumDigits = 0;
       int tempSum = sum;
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      while (sum) {
               tempSum /= 10;
              NumDigits++;
      //break up decimal sum into 4 digit-segments
      //---ONES---
      OnesVal = sum % 10;
      segment_data[0] = OnesVal;
       //--- Tens ---
      TensVal = (sum/10) % 10;
      segment_data[1] = TensVal;
      //--- HUNDREDS ---
      HundredsVal = (sum/100) % 10;
      segment_data[3] = HundredsVal;
      //--- THOUSANDS ---
      ThousandsVal = (sum/1000) % 10;
      segment_data[4] = ThousandsVal;
      //DDRA = 0xFF; //Make PORT A an OUTPUT
      if (sum<10) { //if there is only one digit
               //1st Set
               PORTB = 0 \times 00;
              PORTA = dec_to_7seg[OnesVal];
               delay ms(2);
               PORTB = 0x40;
              PORTA = 0b11111111;
      else if((sum \geq 10) && (sum < 100)){ //if there are two digits
               //1st Set
              PORTB = 0x00;
               PORTA = dec_to_7seg[OnesVal];
               _delay_ms(2);
               //2nd Set
              PORTB = 0x10;
               PORTA = dec_to_7seg[TensVal];
      else if((sum>=100)&&(sum<1000)){ //if there are three digits
               //1st Set
              PORTB = 0 \times 00;
              PORTA = dec_to_7seg[OnesVal];
               _delay_ms(2);
               //2nd Set
              PORTB = 0x10;
              PORTA = dec_to_7seg[TensVal];
              _delay_ms(2);
               //3rd Set
              PORTB = 0x30;
              PORTA = dec_to_7seq[HundredsVal];
      else if(sum>= 1000){ //if there are four digits
               //1st Set
              PORTB = 0 \times 00;
              PORTA = dec_to_7seg[OnesVal];
              _delay_ms(2);
               //2nd Set
               PORTB = 0x10;
              PORTA = dec_to_7seg[TensVal];
               _delay_ms(2);
               //3rd Set
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                PORTB = 0x30;
                PORTA = dec_to_7seg[HundredsVal];
                _delay_ms(2);
                //4th Set. Note: No segments need clearing.
                PORTB = 0x40;
                PORTA = dec_to_7seg[ThousandsVal];
        //blank out leading zero digits
        if (NumDigits == 1) {
                //blank three digit locations
                segment_data[1] = 0xFF; //remember, this will be what turns it o
ff
                segment_data[3] = 0xFF;
                segment_data[4] = 0xFF;
        else if(NumDigits == 2){
                //blank two digit locations
                segment_data[3] = 0xFF;
                segment_data[4] = 0xFF;
        else if (NumDigits == 3) {
                //blank one digit locations
                segment_data[4] = 0xFF; //remember, this will be what turns it o
ff
        ]*/
        //now move data to right place for misplaced colon position
}//segment_sum
****
// Function Name: void AllSegments BitClearer
// This function is put to clear previous digit values on the seven segment disp
// Goal: The goal is to avoid ghosting and help set un-used segments to zero.
void AllSegments_BitClearer() {
       DDRA = 0xFF;
        //Ones
       PORTB = 0 \times 00;
       PORTA = 0b11111111:
        _delay_ms(2);
        //Tens
       PORTB = 0x10;
       PORTA = 0b11111111;
       _delay_ms(2);
        //Hundreds
       PORTB = 0x30;
       PORTA = 0b11111111;
        _delay_ms(2);
        //Thousands
       PORTB = 0x40;
       PORTA = 0b11111111;
        _delay_ms(2);
****
****
int main()
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        //variable for current value
        uint16_t CurrCountVal = 0;
        //set port bits 4-7 B as outputs
        DDRB = 0xF0; //This addresses the upper bits like we want
        while(1){
                //Clear 4 segments
                AllSegments_BitClearer();
                //insert loop delay for debounce
                _delay_ms(2);
                //make PORTA an input port with pullups
                DDRA = 0x00; //sets as input
                PORTA = 0xFF; //pulls up the resistors
                //enable tristate buffer for pushbutton switches
                PORTB |= ((1<<PB6) | (1<<PB5) | (1<<PB4)); //Note: This was selected
so that other outputs would not be effected (value = 0b101)
                //now check each button and increment the count as needed
                for(int BttnNum = 0;BttnNum <= 7;BttnNum++) {</pre>
                        //If a certain button at position x is pressed
                        if (chk_buttons (BttnNum)) {
                                // Fing out which button was pressed and increme
nt accordingly
                                if(BttnNum == 0) {
                                         CurrCountVal += 1;
                                else if(BttnNum == 1) {
                                         CurrCountVal += 2;
                                 else if (BttnNum == 2) {
                                         CurrCountVal += 4;
                                 else if(BttnNum == 3){
                                         CurrCountVal += 8;
                                else if(BttnNum == 4){
                                         CurrCountVal += 16;
                                else if(BttnNum == 5){
                                         CurrCountVal += 32;
                                else if(BttnNum == 6){
                                         CurrCountVal += 64;
                                else if(BttnNum == 7) {
                                         CurrCountVal += 128;
                //disable tristate buffer for pushbutton switches
                PORTB = 0 \times 00;
                //bound the count to 0 - 1023
                if(CurrCountVal > 1023) {
                        CurrCountVal = 1; //if the count goes over what is asked
, re-initiate count at 1 (part of instructions in lab).
                //Set PORTA as an OUTPUT
                DDRA = 0xFF;
                //Break up the disp_value to 4, BCD digits in the array: call (s
egsum)
                segsum (CurrCountVal);
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              _delay_ms(2);
      }//while
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