In this assignment, we want to explore whether GraphSage algorithms can help in improving predictions for training machine learning models on Yelp dataset.

We are going to train traditional Machine Learning and Deep Learning models by categories of restaurants and attributes of users and predict results of 5 ordinal labels: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. At first, we predict rating by traditional Machine Learning and Deep Learning models and get (test) accuracy of 40% and 45\$ separately. Then we convert training data with over 1000 categorical features into graph embeddings of 40 dimensions, pass into previous models and accuracy decreases to (test)48% and 62%. In order to train graph model, we treat reviews as nodes and link those with same user\_id and business\_id.

So GraphSage help the predictions a little bit since it compress over 1000 sparse categorical features into 40 dimensions. This is especially true when we amount of nodes is very limited. Besides, decrease from training accuracy to test accuracy also reduces a lot(ML model: 53%/40% -> 49%/45%, DL model: 53%/48%->63%/62%) with graph embeddings, which means algorithm has also been stabilized.

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
import os
```

Load the 5000 data

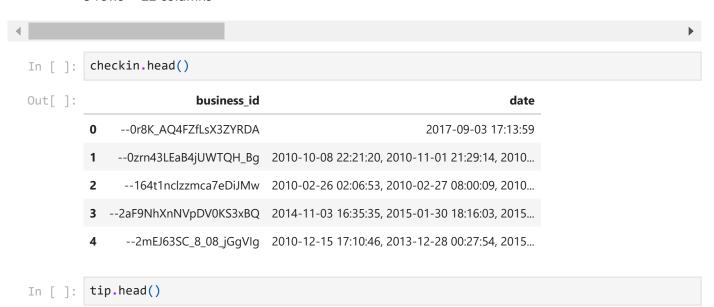
check the data we load

```
In [ ]: review.head()
```

Out[ ]:		review_id		u	ser_id		business	s_id	stars	useful	fı
	<b>0</b> IWC-xP3rd6obsecCYsGZRg ak0TdVmGKo4pwqdJSTLwWw buF9druCkbuXLX526sG						CkbuXLX526sGl	ELQ	4	3	
	1	8bFej1QE5LXp4O05qjGqXA	YoVfDb	nISIW0f7abN0	QACIg F	RA4V8pr(	)14UyUbDvl-LV	V2A	4	1	
	<b>2</b> NDhkzczKjLshOD		eC5evKn1T	WDyHCyQAw	/guUw	_sS2LBIG	NT5NQb6PD1\	/tjw	5	0	
	3	T5fAqjjFooT4V0OeZyuk1w	SFQ1jcn(	GguO0LYWnb	obftAA 0,	AzLzHfOJ	gL7ROwhdww2	2ew	2	1	
	4	sjm_uUcQVxab_EeLCqsYLg	0kA0PAJ80	QFMeveQWH	Fqz2A	8zehGz	9jnxPqXtOc7Ka	aJxA	4	0	
4										)	•
In [ ]:	bu	usiness.head()									
Out[]:		business_id	name	address	city	state	postal_code	la	titude	longi	itu
	0	6iYb2HFDywm3zjuRg0shjw	Oskar Blues Taproom	921 Pearl St	Boulder	CO	80302	40.0	17544	-105.28	133
	1	tCbdrRPZA0oilYSmHG3J0w	Flying Elephants at PDX	7000 NE Airport Way	Portland	OR	97218	45.5	88906	-122.59	133
	2	bvN78flM8NLprQ1a1y5dRg	The Reclaimory	4720 Hawthorne Ave	Portland	OR	97214	45.5	11907	-122.61	36
	3	oaepsyvc0J17qwi8cfrOWg	Great Clips	2566 Enterprise Rd	Orange City		32763	28.9	14482	-81.29	159
	4	PE9uqAjdw0E4-8mjGl3wVA	Crossfit Terminus	1046 Memorial Dr SE	Atlanta	GA	30316	33.7	47027	-84.35	i34
4										J	•
In [ ]:	us	ser.head()									
·///C·/  looro/iiovi//	28014	420/bw upg/rating prodiction htm									

Out[ ]:		user_id	name	review_count	yelping_since	useful	funny	cool	
	0	q_QQ5kBBwlCcbL1s4NVK3g	Jane	1220	2005-03-14 20:26:35	15038	10030	11291	2006,200
	1	dllKEfOgo0KqUfGQvGikPg	Gabi	2136	2007-08-10 19:01:51	21272	10289	18046	2007,2008,2
	2 D6ErcUnFALnCQN4b1W_TIA Jason		119	2007-02-07 15:47:53	188	128	130		
	3	JnPljvC0cmooNDfsa9BmXg	COcmooNDfsa9BmXg Kat 987		2009-02-09 16:14:29	7234	4722	4035	
	4	37Hc8hr3cw0iHLoPzLK6Ow	Christine	495	2008-03-03 04:57:05	1577	727	1124	

5 rows × 22 columns



Out[]:

	user_id	business_id	text	date	compliment_count
0	WCjg0jdHXMlwbqS9tZUx8Q	ENwBByjpoa5Gg7tKgxqwLg	Carne asada chips	2011- 07-22 19:07:35	0
1	42-Z02y9bABShAGZhuSzrQ	jKO4Og6ucdX2-YCTKQVYjg	Best happy hour from 3pm to 6pm! \$1 off martin	2014- 09-10 07:33:29	0
2	5u7E3LYp_3eB8dLuUBazXQ	9Bto7mky640ocgezVKSfVg	Nice people, skilled staff, clean location - b	2013- 12-13 23:23:41	0
3	wDWoMG5N9oI4DJ- p7z8EBg	XWFjKtRGZ9khRGtGg2ZvaA	1/2-price bowling & the "Very" Old Fashion are	2017- 07-11 23:07:16	0
4	JmuFlorjjRshHTKzTwNtgg	mkrx0VhSMU3p3uhyJGCoWA	Solid gold's. Great sauna. Great staff, too. E	2016- 11-30 08:46:36	0

save data in csv

```
In []: business.to_csv('./csv_data/businesses.csv')
    review.to_csv('./csv_data/review.csv')
    user.to_csv('./csv_data/user.csv')
    tip.to_csv('./csv_data/tip.csv')
    checkin.to_csv('./csv_data/checkin.csv')
```

merge data together; combine business and review into one data framework by business id; combine user and new data framework by user\_id

```
In [ ]: df = pd.merge(business, review, how='left', on='business_id')
    df = pd.merge(df, checkin, how='left', on='business_id')
    df = pd.merge(df, user, how='left', on='user_id')
    df = pd.merge(df, tip, how='left', on='business_id')
    df
```

Out[]:

business\_id city state postal\_code latitude name\_x address Oskar 921 Pearl 0 6iYb2HFDywm3zjuRq0shjw Blues CO Boulder 80302 40.017544 -1 St Taproom Flying 7000 NE 1 tCbdrRPZA0oilYSmHG3J0w Elephants Airport Portland OR 97218 45.588906 at PDX Way Flying 7000 NE 2 tCbdrRPZA0oilYSmHG3J0w Elephants Airport Portland OR 97218 45.588906 -1 at PDX Way Flying 7000 NE 3 tCbdrRPZA0oilYSmHG3J0w Elephants Airport Portland OR 97218 45.588906 at PDX Way 4720 The bvN78flM8NLprQ1a1y5dRg Hawthorne Portland OR 97214 45.511907 Reclaimory Ave 14827 108 First Nails 5806 GJR0oG4vA8ZGfRJRI-NCiA V3R 1W2 49.199423 Surrey BC Avenue Lefty's 364 2nd 5807 DL3Xk2nM9cKgE5bVLmPqKA Gourmet CO 80503 40.102041 Niwot Ave Pizza Нарру 2367 SE 5808 dXNfGbh2otsAxLGlpDenGA Portland OR 97233 45.505157 122nd Ave Garden Patrice 91 5809 UnDW3a9VVo\_TcvUFLSV0EQ Vinci Newbury Boston MA 02116 42.351946 Salon St 18033 NW Evergreen Sushi AV3Foa7I7T0NX5WRtOH04A Beaverton OR 97006 45.536265 -1 Town Pkwy, Ste

5811 rows × 48 columns

print all features we have

In [ ]: df.columns

```
Out[ ]:
                'latitude', 'longitude', 'stars_x', 'review_count_x', 'is_open',
                'attributes', 'categories', 'hours', 'review_id', 'user_id_x',
                'stars_y', 'useful_x', 'funny_x', 'cool_x', 'text_x', 'date_x',
                'date_y', 'name_y', 'review_count_y', 'yelping_since', 'useful_y', 'funny_y', 'cool_y', 'elite', 'friends', 'fans', 'average_stars',
                'compliment hot', 'compliment more', 'compliment profile',
                'compliment_cute', 'compliment_list', 'compliment_note',
                'compliment_plain', 'compliment_cool', 'compliment_funny',
                'compliment writer', 'compliment photos', 'user id y', 'text y', 'date',
                'compliment count'],
               dtype='object')
        Clean the data: (1) delete all rows containing NaN data (2) delete discrete features except
         'categories' (3) convert 'categories' into categorical data
        df = df.drop_duplicates(subset=['review_id'])
         discrete_feature=['latitude', 'longitude', 'business_id', 'name_x', 'address', 'city'
                 'attributes', 'hours', 'review_id', 'user_id_x',
                 'text_x', 'date_x',
                 'date_y', 'name_y', 'yelping_since', 'elite', 'friends', 'user_id_y', 'text_y',
         df.drop(labels=discrete feature, axis=1, inplace=True)
         c:\Users\jiaxi\CSCI1420\1xokind_env\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\frame.py:4908: Sett
         ingWithCopyWarning:
         A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
        See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/us
         er guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
          errors=errors,
In [ ]: df['categories']
                 Gastropubs, Food, Beer Gardens, Restaurants, B...
Out[ ]:
        1
                 Salad, Soup, Sandwiches, Delis, Restaurants, C...
                 Salad, Soup, Sandwiches, Delis, Restaurants, C...
         2
        3
                 Salad, Soup, Sandwiches, Delis, Restaurants, C...
        4
                 Antiques, Fashion, Used, Vintage & Consignment...
                                         Beauty & Spas, Hair Salons
        5799
         5802
                 Automotive, Car Dealers, Auto Repair, Motorcyc...
                    Pizza, Italian, Restaurants, Gluten-Free, Food
         5807
         5809
                                         Hair Salons, Beauty & Spas
         5810
                                               Japanese, Restaurants
        Name: categories, Length: 1539, dtype: object
        Change feature 'categories' to dummies and drop 'categories'
In [ ]:
        #categories dummies = pd.get dummies(df['categories'], prefix='category', drop first=1
         import numpy as np
         from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
         cv = CountVectorizer()
         df_categories = (df['categories'].str.strip('[]')
                               .str.get dummies(', ')
                               .rename(columns=lambda x: x.strip('"')))
         df.drop(labels='categories', axis=1, inplace=True)
         df_categories
```

Index(['business\_id', 'name\_x', 'address', 'city', 'state', 'postal\_code',

Out[]:

•		Acai Bowls	Accessories	Active Life	Acupuncture	African	Airlines	Airport Shuttles	Allergists	Alternative Medicine
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	•••						•••			<b></b>
	5799	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5802	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

1539 rows × 498 columns

(2) fill in all NaN values in continuous data and categories print out if current node has NaN set val of feature in continuous values that has NaN value

Out[]:		stars_x	review_count_x	stars_y	useful_x	funny_x	cool_x	review_count_y	useful_y	funny_y
	0	4.0	86	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1	4.0	126	4.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	94.0	278.0	58.0
	2	4.0	126	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	3	4.0	126	4.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	4880.0	4199.0	2190.0
	4	4.5	13	4.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	•••									
	5799	4.0	104	5.0	7.0	2.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5802	4.5	52	5.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5807	4.0	52	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5809	4.0	101	5.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5810	3.5	190	2.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

1539 rows × 24 columns

```
→
```

## Set NaN in categories to 0

```
In [ ]: d = {}
    for feature, val in df_categories.isna().any().iteritems():
        if val:
            d[feature] = 0
In [ ]: df_categories.fillna(d, inplace=True)
df_categories
```

Out[]:

•		Acai Bowls	Accessories	Active Life	Acupuncture	African	Airlines	Airport Shuttles	Allergists	Alternative Medicine
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	•••			•••						
	5799	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5802	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5809	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	5810	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

1539 rows × 498 columns

Now we can get samples(non\_star features) x by merging all non-star features(normalized) and categories together

```
In []: non_star = []
for (columnName, columnData) in df.iteritems():
    if columnName != 'stars_x':
        non_star += [columnName]
    x = df[non_star]
    x = (x - x.min()) / (x.max() - x.min())
    x = pd.concat([x, df_categories], axis = 1)
    x
```

Out[ ]:

	review_count_x	stars_y	useful_x	funny_x	cool_x	review_count_y	useful_y	funny_y	CO(
0	0.017223	0.0	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000
1	0.025728	0.8	0.045455	0.000	0.052632	0.007307	0.014666	0.004440	0.005
2	0.025728	1.0	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000
3	0.025728	0.8	0.000000	0.000	0.052632	0.379324	0.221513	0.167636	0.193
4	0.001701	0.8	0.045455	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000
•••									
5799	0.021050	1.0	0.318182	0.125	0.052632	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000
5802	0.009994	1.0	0.045455	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000
5807	0.009994	0.6	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000
5809	0.020413	1.0	0.045455	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000
5810	0.039337	0.4	0.136364	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000

1539 rows × 521 columns

'Medium', 'High', 'Very High' separately

And label y is the star column. In order to utilize Linear Regression model, we need to convert y into ordinal data. We are going to divide labels into 5 bins to represent 'Very Low', 'Low',

```
In [ ]:
        def ordinal_label(df):
             a = pd.cut(df, bins=[-10000, 1, 2, 3, 4, 10000], labels=['Very Low', 'Low', 'Medid
             return a.replace(to_replace = ['Very Low', 'Low', 'Medium', 'High', 'Very High'],
In [ ]: scale_mapper = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
        y = ordinal_label(df['stars_x'])
                 4
Out[]:
                 4
        2
        3
                 5
        5799
        5802
                 5
        5807
                 4
        5809
        5810
        Name: stars_x, Length: 1539, dtype: int64
        Split the Data into Training and Testing Sets
```

x\_train, x\_test, y\_train, y\_test = train\_test\_split(x, y, test\_size = 0.2, random\_stat

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

Machine Learning-Logistic regression model

```
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
In [ ]:
        model = LinearRegression()
        model.fit(x_train,y_train)
        LinearRegression()
Out[]:
        accuracy of training data with ML linear regression model
        pred = model.predict(x train)
In [ ]:
        pred = ordinal label(pd.DataFrame(pred)[0])
         acc = sum(pred.to_numpy()== y_train.to_numpy()) / len(pred)
        print("training accuracy:", acc)
        training accuracy: 0.5304630381803412
        accuracy of test data with ML linear regression model
        pred = model.predict(x test)
In [ ]:
        pred = ordinal label(pd.DataFrame(pred)[0])
        acc = sum(pred.to_numpy()== y_test.to_numpy()) / len(pred)
        print("test accuracy:", acc)
        test accuracy: 0.4090909090909091
        Deep Learning- Logistic Regression Model
        import tensorflow as tf
In [ ]:
        from tensorflow import keras
        from tensorflow.keras import layers
        DL model = tf.keras.Sequential([
In [ ]:
             layers.Flatten(),
             layers.Dense(512),
             layers.Dropout(0.1),
             layers.Dense(256),
             layers.Dropout(0.1),
             layers.Dense(64),
             layers.Dropout(0.1),
             layers.Dense(1)
        ])
In [ ]:
        DL model.compile(
             optimizer=tf.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.005),
             loss='mean absolute error')
        history = DL_model.fit(
In [ ]:
             x_train,
             y_train,
             epochs=60,
             batch_size = 200,
```

Tating_prediction
Epoch 1/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 2/60
7/7 [============= ] - 0s 8ms/step - loss: 1.0140 Epoch 3/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 4/60
7/7 [============] - 0s 8ms/step - loss: 0.7837 Epoch 5/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 6/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 7/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 9/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 10/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 12/60
7/7 [============] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.5447 Epoch 13/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 14/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 15/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 17/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 18/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 20/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 21/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 22/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 23/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 25/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 26/60
7/7 [=============== ] - 0s 8ms/step - loss: 0.4951 Epoch 27/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 28/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 29/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================

rating_prediction
Epoch 31/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 32/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 33/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 34/60
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Epoch 36/60
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Epoch 38/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 39/60
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Epoch 41/60
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Epoch 43/60 7/7 [===================================
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Epoch 56/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 57/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 59/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================

accuracy of training data with DL linear regression model

```
In [ ]: pred = DL_model.predict(x_train)
    pred = ordinal_label(pd.DataFrame(pred)[0])
    acc = sum(pred.to_numpy()== y_train.to_numpy()) / len(pred)
    print("training accuracy:", acc)
```

training accuracy: 0.4979691307879773

accuracy of test data with DL linear regression model

```
In [ ]: pred = DL_model.predict(x_test)
    pred = ordinal_label(pd.DataFrame(pred)[0])
    acc = sum(pred.to_numpy()== y_test.to_numpy()) / len(pred)
    print("test accuracy:", acc)
```

test accuracy: 0.454545454545453

Now we move on to next part: generate graph embeddings with GraphSage algorithm and test whether they can increase accuracy of prediction. We regard each sample as one node set review\_id as its index. Then we add business\_id and user\_id to

```
import stellargraph as sg
from stellargraph.mapper import GraphSAGENodeGenerator
from stellargraph.mapper import GraphSAGELinkGenerator
from stellargraph.data import UnsupervisedSampler
from stellargraph.layer import GraphSAGE, link_classification
import itertools
```

```
In [ ]: df = pd.merge(business, review, how='left', on='business_id')
    df = pd.merge(df, checkin, how='left', on='business_id')
    df = pd.merge(df, user, how='left', on='user_id')
    df = pd.merge(df, tip, how='left', on='business_id')
    df
```

Out[ ]:		business_id	name_x	address	city	state	postal_code	latitude	
	0	6iYb2HFDywm3zjuRg0shjw	Oskar Blues Taproom	921 Pearl St	Boulder	CO	80302	40.017544	-1
	1	tCbdrRPZA0oilYSmHG3J0w	Flying Elephants at PDX	7000 NE Airport Way	Portland	OR	97218	45.588906	-1
	2	tCbdrRPZA0oilYSmHG3J0w	Flying Elephants at PDX	7000 NE Airport Way	Portland	OR	97218	45.588906	-1
	3	tCbdrRPZA0oilYSmHG3J0w	Flying Elephants at PDX	7000 NE Airport Way	Portland	OR	97218	45.588906	-1
	4	bvN78flM8NLprQ1a1y5dRg	The Reclaimory	4720 Hawthorne Ave	Portland	OR	97214	45.511907	-1
	•••								
	5806	GJR0oG4vA8ZGfRJRI-NCiA	First Nails	14827 108 Avenue	Surrey	ВС	V3R 1W2	49.199423	-1
	5807	DL3Xk2nM9cKgE5bVLmPqKA	Lefty's Gourmet Pizza	364 2nd Ave	Niwot	CO	80503	40.102041	-1
	5808	dXNfGbh2otsAxLGlpDenGA	Happy Garden	2367 SE 122nd Ave	Portland	OR	97233	45.505157	-1
	5809	UnDW3a9VVo_TcvUFLSV0EQ	Patrice Vinci Salon	91 Newbury St	Boston	MA	02116	42.351946	-
	5810	AV3Foa7I7T0NX5WRtOH04A	Sushi Town	18033 NW Evergreen Pkwy, Ste M	Beaverton	OR	97006	45.536265	-1

5811 rows × 48 columns

```
In []: batch_size = 50
    in_samples = [5, 2]
    out_samples = [5, 2]

In []: review_nodes = pd.concat([x, df['business_id']], axis = 1)
    review_nodes = pd.concat([review_nodes, df['user_id_x']], axis = 1)
    review_nodes = pd.concat([review_nodes, df['review_id']], axis = 1)
    review_nodes = pd.concat([review_nodes, y], axis = 1)
    review_nodes = review_nodes.dropna()
    review_nodes = review_nodes.drop_duplicates(subset=['review_id'])

In []: y = review_nodes['stars_x']
```

```
d business = collections.defaultdict(list)
In [ ]:
        d user = collections.defaultdict(list)
        for r_id, b_id in zip(review_nodes['review_id'], review_nodes['business_id']):
            d_business[b_id] += [r_id]
        for r id, u id in zip(review nodes['review id'], review nodes['user id x']):
            d_user[u_id] += [r_id]
        review edges = pd.DataFrame()
In [ ]:
        d edges = collections.defaultdict(list)
        for b_ids in d_business.values():
            if len(b ids) >= 2:
                for a, b in itertools.combinations(b_ids, 2):
                     d edges["source"] += [a]
                     d_edges["target"] += [b]
        for u ids in d user.values():
            if len(u ids) >= 2:
                 for a, b in itertools.combinations(u ids, 2):
                     d edges["source"] += [a]
                     d_edges["target"] += [b]
         review_edges = pd.DataFrame(d_edges)
        review_nodes = review_nodes.set_index('review_id')
In [ ]:
        review_nodes.drop(labels=['business_id', 'user_id_x', 'stars_x', 'stars_y'], axis=1, i
In [ ]:
         review nodes
Out[]:
                                   review_count_x useful_x funny_x cool_x review_count_y useful_y
```

## review\_id

_						
sPWRG7i-gwJjo0nDPr87Dw	0.025728	0.045455	0.000	0.052632	0.007307	0.014666
I0q_GX7IkjecNdr4lQDzcQ	0.025728	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
AJtLSWJsf4E0gVhu8lvbQg	0.025728	0.000000	0.000	0.052632	0.379324	0.221513
xYcbW9MPyLdy8fwbloAyAQ	0.001701	0.045455	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
w3ge0N2w88RY41-0r7zmcw	0.000638	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
ZLlfMmHmeiJWM0gErGaGEg	0.021050	0.318182	0.125	0.052632	0.000000	0.000000
Q_7RI-H7mlX5O9ycqYRhcg	0.009994	0.045455	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
ciRIGK11bEaYS_SiWTS5iA	0.009994	0.000000	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
LPNWVLwRJ017wQfhVBhbRA	0.020413	0.045455	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
IMAjwu1QBclhtsgdWg0MKQ	0.039337	0.136364	0.000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000

1538 rows × 520 columns

```
In [ ]: # user_nodes = review_nodes[user_features]
```

```
# user nodes = user nodes.drop duplicates(subset=['source'])
        # user nodes = user nodes.set index('source')
        # user nodes
In [ ]: # review_edges = review_nodes[['source', 'target']]
        # review edges
In [ ]: G = sg.StellarDiGraph(nodes=review_nodes, edges=review_edges)
        print(G.info())
        StellarDiGraph: Directed multigraph
         Nodes: 1538, Edges: 2390
         Node types:
          default: [1538]
            Features: float32 vector, length 520
            Edge types: default-default->default
         Edge types:
            default-default->default: [2390]
                Weights: all 1 (default)
                Features: none
        number of walks = 1
In [ ]:
        length = 5
        batch_size = 200
        epochs = 2
        num\_samples = [20, 10]
        nodes = list(G.nodes())
In [ ]:
        unsupervised_samples = UnsupervisedSampler(G, nodes=nodes, length=length, number_of_wa
In [ ]:
        generator = GraphSAGELinkGenerator(G, batch size, num samples)
In [ ]:
        train gen = generator.flow(unsupervised samples)
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
        layer sizes = [40, 40]
        graphsage = GraphSAGE(layer_sizes=layer_sizes, generator=generator, bias=True, dropout
In [ ]:
        x inp, x out = graphsage.in out tensors()
        prediction = link_classification(output_dim=10, output_act="sigmoid", edge_embedding_m
        link classification: using 'ip' method to combine node embeddings into edge embedding
        S
        c:\Users\jiaxi\CSCI1420\1xokind_env\lib\site-packages\stellargraph\layer\link_inferen
        ce.py:340: UserWarning: For inner product link method the output_dim will be ignored
        as it is fixed to be 1.
          name="link classification",
In [ ]: G model = keras.Model(inputs=x inp, outputs=prediction)
        G_model.compile(
            optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(lr=1e-3),
            loss=keras.losses.binary crossentropy,
```

```
metrics=[keras.metrics.binary accuracy],
       )
       c:\Users\jiaxi\CSCI1420\1xokind_env\lib\site-packages\keras\optimizer_v2\adam.py:105:
       UserWarning: The `lr` argument is deprecated, use `learning_rate` instead.
         super(Adam, self).__init__(name, **kwargs)
       history = G_model.fit(
In [ ]:
           train_gen,
           epochs=4,
           verbose=1,
           use multiprocessing=False,
           workers=4,
           shuffle=True,
       Epoch 1/4
       40/40 [============ - 19s 411ms/step - loss: 0.5370 - binary accur
       acy: 0.7004
       Epoch 2/4
       acy: 0.7669
       Epoch 3/4
       40/40 [============ - - 18s 407ms/step - loss: 0.5060 - binary accur
       acy: 0.7739
       Epoch 4/4
       40/40 [============ - 17s 398ms/step - loss: 0.5059 - binary accur
       acy: 0.7752
       Generate node embeddings
In [ ]: x inp src = x inp[0::2]
        x_{out\_src} = x_{out}[0]
        embedding_model = keras.Model(inputs=x_inp_src, outputs=x_out_src)
       node ids = review nodes.index
In [ ]:
       node gen = GraphSAGENodeGenerator(G, batch size, num samples).flow(node ids)
In [ ]: review embeddings = embedding model.predict(node gen, workers=4, verbose=1)
       8/8 [======= ] - 2s 129ms/step
In [ ]:
       review embeddings.shape
       (1538, 40)
Out[ ]:
       Now we have graph_embeddings and we can pass it along with labels into ML, DL linear
       regression model to test if it is useful
In [ ]: x = review_embeddings
       Х
```

array([[ 0.04784697, -0.06349546, -0.17156482, ..., 0.21288216,

```
Out[ ]:
                 -0.18572491, 0.17904122],
                [0.00930625, -0.07710905, -0.16803794, ..., 0.22547264,
                 -0.1913685 , 0.18751994],
                [0.08226829, -0.05988624, -0.11528733, ..., 0.21549037,
                 -0.16205576, 0.17071465],
                [-0.24701577, 0.00255168, -0.14631896, ..., -0.00592949,
                 -0.06461843, 0.03287771],
                          , 0.08186973, 0.09246553, ..., -0.00808264,
                [-0.36126
                 -0.08808298, 0.04481641],
                [-0.12055721, -0.10928923, 0.16476761, ..., -0.00734045,
                 -0.07999483, 0.04070118]], dtype=float32)
        x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(x, y, test size = 0.2, random stat
        Pass the graph into ML linear regression model and check its training & test accuracy
        model G = LinearRegression()
In [ ]:
        model G.fit(x train,y train)
        LinearRegression()
Out[ ]:
In [ ]: pred = model_G.predict(x_train)
         pred = ordinal label(pd.DataFrame(pred)[0])
         acc = sum(pred.to_numpy()== y_train.to_numpy()) / len(pred)
         print("training accuracy:", acc)
        training accuracy: 0.467479674796
        pred = model G.predict(x test)
In [ ]:
         pred = ordinal_label(pd.DataFrame(pred)[0])
         acc = sum(pred.to_numpy()== y_test.to_numpy()) / len(pred)
         print("testing accuracy:", acc)
        testing accuracy: 0.4512987012987013
        Pass the graph into DL linear regression model and check its training & test accuracy
In [ ]: DL_model_G = tf.keras.Sequential([
             layers.Flatten(),
             layers.Dense(512),
             layers.Dropout(0.1),
             layers.Dense(256),
             layers.Dropout(0.1),
             layers.Dense(64),
             layers.Dropout(0.1),
             layers.Dense(1)
         ])
        DL model G.compile(
In [ ]:
             optimizer=tf.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=0.006),
             loss='mean absolute error')
        history = DL_model_G.fit(
In [ ]:
             x train,
             y train,
             epochs=60,
```

```
batch_size = 200,
)
```

Tating_prediction
Epoch 1/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 2/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 4/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 6/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 7/60
7/7 [==========] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.6312 Epoch 8/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 9/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 10/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 11/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 12/60
7/7 [============] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.6154 Epoch 13/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 14/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 15/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 17/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 18/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 19/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 20/60
7/7 [============] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.5785 Epoch 21/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 22/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 23/60
7/7 [===================================
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 25/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 26/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 27/60 7/7 [===================================
Epoch 28/60
7/7 [=============== ] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.5551 Epoch 29/60
7/7 [===================================
Epoch 30/60 7/7 [===================================
// [ 1 - 03 Jiii3/3tep - 1033. 0.3030

Epoch 31/60 7/7 [===================================	1
Epoch 32/60 7/7 [===================================	
Epoch 33/60 7/7 [===================================	
Epoch 34/60 7/7 [===================================	′4
7/7 [===================================	7
	36
7/7 [===================================	
Epoch 36/60	
7/7 [===================================	51
7/7 [===================================	30
Epoch 38/60 7/7 [===================================	17
Epoch 39/60	
7/7 [===================================	.9
7/7 [===================================	4
Epoch 41/60 7/7 [===================================	30
Epoch 42/60 7/7 [===================================	72
Epoch 43/60	
7/7 [===================================	)3
7/7 [===================================	37
Epoch 45/60 7/7 [===================================	88
Epoch 46/60 7/7 [=============	0
Epoch 47/60	
7/7 [===================================	10
7/7 [===================================	<del>1</del> 2
Epoch 49/60 7/7 [===================================	93
Epoch 50/60 7/7 [===================================	17
Epoch 51/60	
7/7 [===================================	)6
7/7 [===================================	<del>1</del> 2
Epoch 53/60 7/7 [===================================	77
Epoch 54/60 7/7 [===================================	7 /1
Epoch 55/60	
7/7 [===================================	.0
7/7 [===================================	)4
Epoch 57/60 7/7 [===================================	59
Epoch 58/60	
7/7 [===================================	
7/7 [===================================	39
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