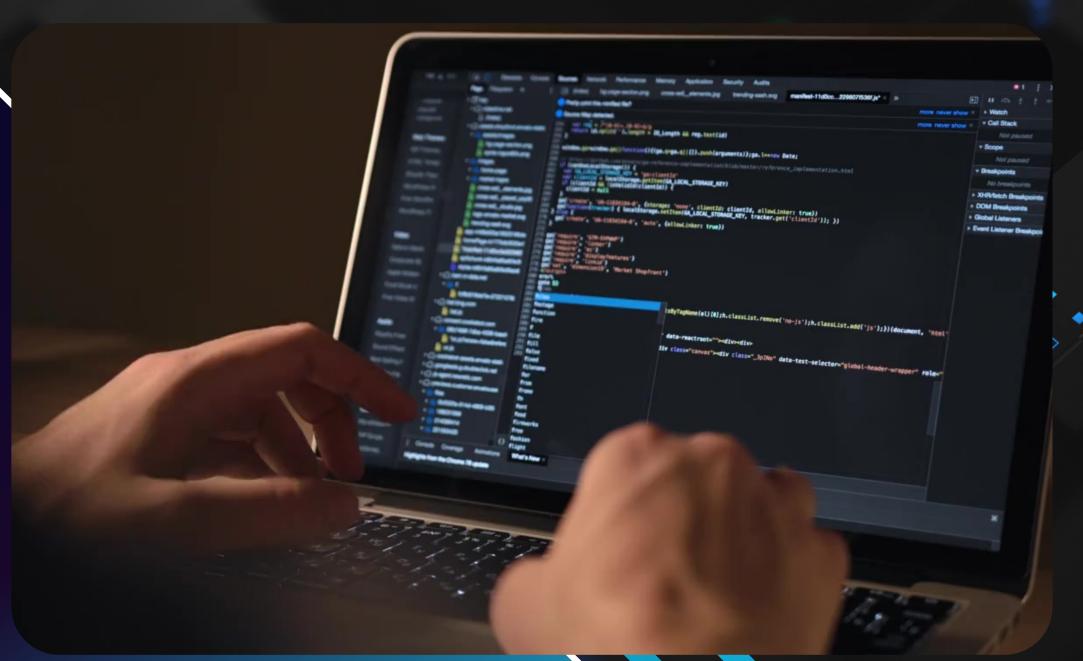
Git Shortcuts











Productivity

The main reason we should use shortcuts more is to increase our productivity and the speed at which we work.









how to create git command aliases









example

```
vimc@SpecWin11:~/Code/HolbertonC22/SpeakerOfTheDay/GitShortcuts$ git status
On branch main
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/main'.

nothing to commit, working tree clean
vimc@SpecWin11:~/Code/HolbertonC22/SpeakerOfTheDay/GitShortcuts$ git config alias.st 'status'
vimc@SpecWin11:~/Code/HolbertonC22/SpeakerOfTheDay/GitShortcuts$ git st
On branch main
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/main'.
nothing to commit, working tree clean
```

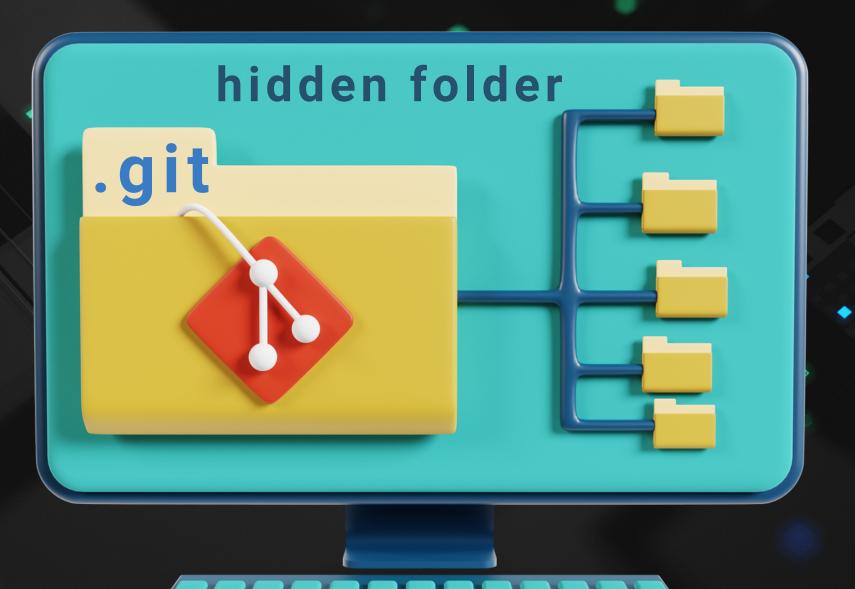
vimc@SpecWin11:~/Code/HolbertonC22/SpeakerOfTheDay/GitShortcuts\$

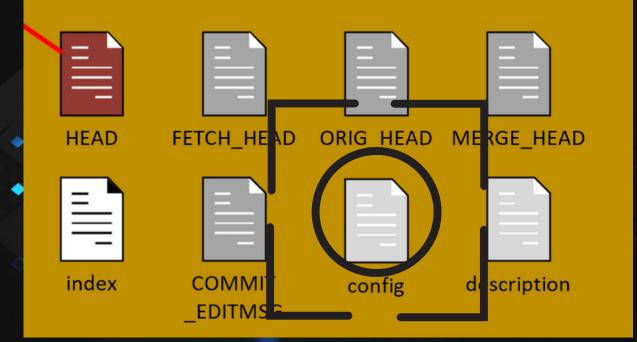






where are our aliases?











the git folder







config file

```
vimc@SpecWin11: ~/Code/Hc X
[core]
       repositoryformatversion = 0
       filemode = true
       bare = false
       logallrefupdates = true
[remote "origin"]
       url = https://github.com/victormc13/GitShortcuts.git
       fetch = +refs/heads/*:refs/remotes/origin/*
[branch "main"]
       remote = origin
       merge = refs/heads/main
                                        our alias for git
[alias]
                                            commands
       st = status
```







Git is the open source distributed version control system that facilitates GitHub activities on your laptop or desktop. This cheat sheet summarizes commonly used Git command line instructions for quick reference.

INSTALL GIT

GitHub provides desktop clients that include a graphical user interface for the most common repository actions and an automatically updating command line edition of Git for advanced scenarios.

GitHub for Windows

https://windows.github.com

GitHub for Mac

https://mac.github.com

Git distributions for Linux and POSIX systems are available on the official Git SCM web site.

Git for All Platfor

http://git-scm.com

CONFIGURE TOOLING

Configure user information for all local repositories

\$ git config --global user.name "[name]"

Sets the name you want attached to your commit transactions

\$ git config --global user.email "[email address]"

Sets the email you want attached to your commit transactions

\$ git config --global color.ui auto

Enables helpful colorization of command line output

CREATE REPOSITORIES

Start a new repository or obtain one from an existing URL

\$ git init [project-name]

Creates a new local repository with the specified name

\$ git clone [url]

Downloads a project and its entire version history

MAKE CHANGES

eviewedits and craft a commit transaction

\$ git status

Lists all new or modified files to be committed

\$ git diff

Shows file differences not yet staged

\$ git add [file]

Snapshots the file in preparation for versioning

\$ git diff --staged

Shows file differences between staging and the last file version

\$ git reset [file]

Unstages the file, but preserve its contents

\$ git commit -m "[descriptive message]"

Records file snapshots permanently in version history

GROUP CHANGES

Name a series of commits and combine completed efforts

S git branch

Lists all local branches in the current repository

\$ git branch [branch-name]

Creates a new branch

\$ git checkout [branch-name]

Switches to the specified branch and updates the working directory

\$ git merge [branch]

Combines the specified branch's history into the current branch

\$ git branch -d [branch-name]

Deletes the specified branch



REFACTOR FILENAMES

Relocate and remove versioned files

\$ git rm [file]

Deletes the file from the working directory and stages the deletion

\$ git rm --cached [file]

Removes the file from version control but preserves the file locally

\$ git mv [file-original] [file-renamed]

Changes the file name and prepares it for commit

SUPPRESS TRACKING

Exclude temporary files and paths

log ild/

ild/ mp-*

A text file named .gitignore suppresses accidental versioning of files and paths matching the specified patterns

\$ git ls-files --other --ignored --exclude-standard Lists all ignored files in this project

\$ git reset [commit]

Erase mistakes and craft replacement history

Browse and inspect the evolution of project files

Lists version history for the current branch

Lists version history for a file, including renames

\$ git diff [first-branch]...[second-branch]

Outputs metadata and content changes of the specified commit

Shows content differences between two branches

\$ git log --follow [file]

\$ git show [commit]

Undoes all commits after [commit], preserving changes locally

\$ git reset --hard [commit]

Discards all history and changes back to the specified commit

SAVE FRAGMENT

Shelve and restore incomplete changes

\$ git stash

Temporarily stores all modified tracked files

\$ git stash pop

Restores the most recently stashed files

\$ git stash list
Lists all stashed changesets

\$ git stash drop

Discards the most recently stacked charges at

CVNCUDONIZE CUANCE

Register a repository bookmark and exchange version history

\$ git fetch [bookmark]

Downloads all history from the repository bookmark

\$ git merge [bookmark]/[branch]

Combines bookmark's branch into current local branch

\$ git push [alias] [branch]

Uploads all local branch commits to GitHub

\$ git pull

Downloads bookmark history and incorporates changes

GitShortcuts

Learn more about using Git. You can download this pdf from GitShortcuts repository from GitHub. ⋈ viktorsb14@gmail.com

https://github.com/victormc13/
 GitShortcuts

