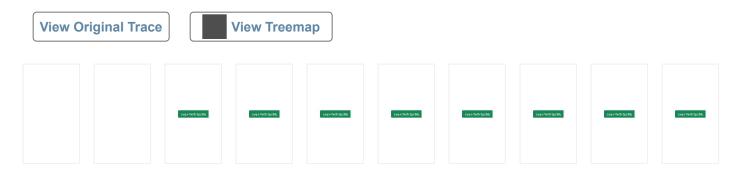




Performance



Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>



Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

Opportunity

Reduce unused JavaScript

Estimated Savings

1.35 s ^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u>. <u>LCP</u>

Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

with this. Learn more (TBT)

a third-party library such as <u>loadable-components</u>.

	Show 3rd-party resources (0)	
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
js/vendors~main.chunk.js (localhost)	784.4 KiB	279.8 KiB
<pre>C:/Users/victo/workspace/bopify-react/client/node_modules/react-dom/cjs/react- dom.development.js</pre>	185.2 KiB	95.4 KiB
<pre>C:/Users/victo/workspace/bopify-react/client/node_modules/react-error- overlay/lib/index.js</pre>	70.9 KiB	11.9 KiB
<pre>C:/Users/victo/workspace/bopify-react/src/index.tsx</pre>	9.4 KiB	9.0 KiB
C:/Users/victo/workspace/bopify-react/client/node_modules/jss/dist/jss.esm.js	11.7 KiB	8.0 KiB
<pre>C:/Users/victo/workspace/bopify- react/client/node_modules/react/cjs/react.development.js</pre>	15.1 KiB	7.8 KiB
Minify JavaScript		1.05 s ^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more. FCI	ng the production build	d of your
application. You can check this with the React Developer Tools extension. <u>Lear</u>		
	Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
js/vendors~main.chunk.js (localhost)	784.4 KiB	213.4 KiB
js/bundle.js (localhost)	7.2 KiB	3.4 KiB
js/main.chunk.js (localhost)	7.4 KiB	2.1 KiB
 iagnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers of erformance score. Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 3 resources found 	don't <u>directly affect</u> the	^
A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more</u> .	Chave 2nd mante	··························(0)
	Show 3rd-party	. ,
URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
js/vendors~main.chunk.js (localhost)	None	784 KiB
js/main.chunk.js (localhost)	None	7 KiB
js/bundle.js (localhost)	None	7 KiB
Minimize main-thread work — 2.1 s		^

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	860 ms
Other	735 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	263 ms
Style & Layout	125 ms
Garbage Collection	67 ms
Rendering	40 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	19 ms

Avoid chaining critical requests — 3 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn more. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 330 ms

Initial Navigation

http://localhost:3000

- ...js/bundle.js (localhost) 10 ms, 7.23 KiB
- ...js/vendors~main.chunk.js (localhost) 240 ms, 784.38 KiB
- ...js/main.chunk.js (localhost) 250 ms, 7.39 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 4 requests • 800 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. <u>Learn more</u>.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	4	800.2 KiB
Script	3	799.0 KiB
Document	1	1.2 KiB
Stylesheet	0	0.0 KiB
Image	0	0.0 KiB
Media	0	0.0 KiB
Font	0	0.0 KiB
Other	0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	0	0.0 KiB

Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn More (LCP)</u>

Element		
a.btn.btn-success.btn-lg		
Avoid large layout shifts — 1 element found		^
These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. CLS		
Element body	CL	S Contribution
Avoid long main-thread tasks — 5 long tasks found	ra ta input dalay Loora mara TD	^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributor	Show 3rd-party	
URL	Start Time	Duration
js/vendors~main.chunk.js (localhost)	5,205 ms	964 ms
http://localhost:3000	602 ms	172 ms
http://localhost:3000	853 ms	105 ms
http://localhost:3000	774 ms	76 ms
Unattributable	1,034 ms	62 ms
Avoid non-composited animations — 1 animated element found		^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn mo</u>	re CLS	
Element body	Name	

Element

Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 195 KiB Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to denetwork activity. Learn more. FCP LCP URL @charset "UTF-8";/*! * Bootstrap v5.0.1 (https://getbootstrap.com/) * Copyright 2011-202 The Boot a[href^="https://click.plista.com/pets"] { display: none !important; }	Show 3rd-party r Transfer Size	
The Boot Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 195 KiB Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to denetwork activity. Learn more. FCP LCP URL @charset "UTF-8";/*! * Bootstrap v5.0.1 (https://getbootstrap.com/) * Copyright 2011-202	Show 3rd-party r Transfer Size	e sources (Poten Savir
Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 195 KiB Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to denetwork activity. Learn more. FCP LCP	Show 3rd-party r	esources (Poten
The Boot Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 195 KiB Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to defer the same of the	·	
The Boot Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 195 KiB Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to defer the content to def	ecrease bytes cons	sumed by
The Boot		
<pre>@charset "UTF-8";/*! * Bootstrap v5.0.1 (https://getbootstrap.com/) * Copyright 2011-202</pre>	¹ 181.4 KiB	151.5 K
URL	Transfer Size	Poten Savir
	Show 3rd-party r	`
If your build system minifies CSS files automatically, ensure that you are deploying application. You can check this with the React Developer Tools extension. Learn m	-	d of your
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn more. FCP LCP		
Minify CSS — Potential savings of 151 KiB		
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loa interactive. Learn more.	unig to lower time	
Defer offscreen images Consider lazy leading effection and hidden images offer all critical resources have finished leading.	ding to lower tire	to
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn n	<u>iore</u> .	
Properly size images		
Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline a JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>	nd deterring all nor	1-critical
Eliminate render-blocking resources		:4: 1
sed audits (27)		
Unsupported CSS Property: margin-left ma	irgin-bottom irgin-left	
Onsupported CSS Property. Margin-bottom	ckground-color orgin-bottom	

Name

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more. Serve images in next-gen formats Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more. Enable text compression Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP) Preconnect to required origins Consider adding 'preconnect' or 'dns-prefetch' resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP) Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more. [FCP] LCP If you are server-side rendering any React components, consider using `renderToNodeStream()` or 'renderToStaticNodeStream()' to allow the client to receive and hydrate different parts of the markup instead of all at once. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (0) URL Time Spent http://localhost:3000 0 ms Avoid multiple page redirects Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP) If you are using React Router, minimize usage of the `<Redirect>` component for route navigations. Preload key requests Consider using `<link rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn more. (FCP) (LCP) Use HTTP/2 HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more. Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more [LCP] Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. (TBT)

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 5 KiB

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. <u>Learn More (TBT)</u>

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL Potential Savings

...js/vendors~main.chunk.js (localhost) 5.4 KiB

vendors~main.chunk.js:91

@babel/plugin-transform-classes

vendors~main.chunk.js:60005

Object.getOwnPropertyNames

vendors~main.chunk.js:60005

Array.from

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

Preload the image used by the LCP element in order to improve your LCP time. Learn more. [LCP]

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 801 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. [LCP]

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL Transfer Size

...js/vendors~main.chunk.js (localhost) 784.4 KiB

...js/main.chunk.js (localhost) 7.4 KiB

...js/bundle.js (localhost) 7.2 KiB

http://localhost:3000 1.2 KiB

/favicon.ico (localhost) 0.6 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 7 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>.



Consider using a "windowing" library like `react-window` to minimize the number of DOM nodes created if you are rendering many repeated elements on the page. <u>Learn more</u>. Also, minimize unnecessary re-renders using <u>`shouldComponentUpdate`</u>, <u>`PureComponent`</u>, or <u>`React.memo`</u> and <u>skip effects</u> only until certain dependencies have changed if you are using the `Effect` hook to improve runtime performance.

Statistic Element Value

Total DOM Elements 7

Statistic	Element			Value
Maximum DOM Depth		a.btn.btn-succ	ess.btn-lg	4
Maximum Child Elements	body			5
User Timing marks and measures				^
Consider instrumenting your app wire experiences. Learn more. Use the React DevTools your components. Learn	s Profiler, which makes use c	, ,	·	
JavaScript execution time — 1.1 s				^
Consider reducing the time spent part with this. <u>Learn more</u> . <u>TBT</u>	arsing, compiling, and execu	iting JS. You may find	delivering smaller JS pay	loads helps
			Show 3rd-part	y resources (0)
URL		Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
http://localhost:3000		820 ms	283 ms	56 ms
js/main.chunk.js (localhost)		552 ms	543 ms	5 ms
js/vendors~main.chunk.js (localh	nost)	403 ms	19 ms	197 ms
Unattributable		319 ms	9 ms	0 ms
All text remains visible during webfo	ont loads			^
Leverage the font-display CSS featu	ure to ensure text is user-vis	ible while webfonts ar	e loading. <u>Learn more</u> . F	CP LCP
Minimize third-party usage				^
Third-party code can significantly im load third-party code after your page				and try to
Lazy load third-party resources with	facades			^
Some third-party embeds can be laz	zy loaded. Consider replacin	ng them with a facade	until they are required. <u>Le</u>	earn more.
Uses passive listeners to improve s	crolling performance			^

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as 'passive' to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. <u>Learn more</u>.

Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more CLS



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Additional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.

The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	

Not applicable (36)

	Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
	DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
	Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
	Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology Learn more.</nav></main>	/.
Pa	ssed audits (8)	^
	[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
	Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document ` <body>`. <u>Learn more</u>.</body>	
	The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
	Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio	^
	Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>је</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><html> element has a [lang] attribute</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>t</td></tr><tr><td></td><td><html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Links have a discernible name</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.</td><td>. ^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of web page. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>а</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

[accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more [aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. Learn more. button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA meter elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names When a 'progressbar' element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more.

ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names

attribute. Learn more.

When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt

<input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more. List items () are contained within or parent elements Screen readers require list items ('') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. Learn more. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more. <object> elements have [alt] text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alt text to '<object>' elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. [lang] attributes have a valid value Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Learn more. <video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"] When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.



Best Practices

Trust and Safety

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks		
A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly re	educes the risk of cross-site scripting	ng (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn more</u>
Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High
ssed audits (17)		
Uses HTTPS		
All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones to where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite intruders from tampering with or passively listening in prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform A	the initial request being served over on the communications between ye	er HTTPS. HTTPS prevents
Links to cross-origin destinations are safe		
Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any exter Learn more .	rnal links to improve performance a	nd prevent security vulnerabilities.
Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page	e load	
Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that requaction instead. <u>Learn more</u> .	est their location without context. C	Consider tying the request to a user
Avoids requesting the notification permission on page	load	
Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that requuser gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u> .	est to send notifications without co	ntext. Consider tying the request to
Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known secur	rity vulnerabilities	
Some third-party scripts may contain known security volume.	vulnerabilities that are easily identifi	ied and exploited by attackers.
Allows users to paste into password fields		
Preventing password pasting undermines good securi	ity policy. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Displays images with correct aspect ratio		
Image display dimensions should match natural aspec	ot matic. I along many	

Serves images with appropriate resolution		^
Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display more.	size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn</u>	
Page has the HTML doctype		^
Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to qu	nirks-mode. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Properly defines charset		^
A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more</u> .	th a ` <meta/> ` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the	:
Avoids unload event listeners		^
The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can Consider using the `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events inste	·	
Avoids Application Cache		^
Application Cache is deprecated. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Detected JavaScript libraries		^
All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. <u>Learn n</u>	nore.	
Name	Version	
React		
Create React App		
Avoids deprecated APIs		^
Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser.	Learn more.	
No browser errors logged to the console		^
Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. The	ev can come from network request failures and other browser	
concerns. <u>Learn more</u>	,	
	,	^
concerns. <u>Learn more</u>	e. This helps developers debug in production. In addition,	
Concerns. Learn more Page has valid source maps Source maps translate minified code to the original source code Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying	e. This helps developers debug in production. In addition,	^
Concerns. Learn more Page has valid source maps Source maps translate minified code to the original source code Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying	e. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, ng source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn</u>	^
Concerns. Learn more Page has valid source maps Source maps translate minified code to the original source code Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying more.	e. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, ang source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn Show 3rd-party resources (^
Page has valid source maps Source maps translate minified code to the original source code Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying more. URL	e. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, and source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn Show 3rd-party resources (I	^

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the `Issues` panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Not applicable (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload 'optional' fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more



SEO

These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

Additional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Structured data is valid

Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more.

Passed audits (12)

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document has a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more.

Page has successful HTTP status code

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.

	Links have descriptive text			^
	Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content.	<u>Learn more</u> .		
	Links are crawlable			^
	Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be disc		attribute of anchor elements links	
	Page isn't blocked from indexing			^
	Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results	if they don't have permi	ssion to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	robots.txt is valid			^
	If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to undindexed. <u>Learn more</u> .	erstand how you want y	our website to be crawled or	
	Document has a valid hreflang			^
	hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they shoul Learn more .	d list in search results f	or a given language or region.	
	Document uses legible font sizes — 100% legible text			^
	Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require months have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u> .	obile visitors to "pinch to	o zoom" in order to read. Strive to	
			Show 3rd-party resources (0)
	Source Selector 9	of Page Text	Font Size	
	Legible text 1	00.00%	≥ 12px	
	Document avoids plugins			^
	Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restri	ct plugins or don't supp	ort them. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Tap targets are sized appropriately — 100% appropriately sized ta	ap targets		^
	Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn</u>		ough space around them, to be	
No	Not applicable (2)			^
	Image elements have [alt] attributes			^
	Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate textattribute. <u>Learn more</u> .	t. Decorative elements of	can be ignored with an empty alt	
	Document has a valid rel=canonical			^
	Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Lear	n more		



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

Installable

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failure reason

No matching service worker detected. You may need to reload the page, or check that the scope of the service worker for the current page encloses the scope and start URL from the manifest.

PWA Optimized

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u>.

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Configured for a custom splash screen

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn</u> more.

Sets a theme color for the address bar.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u>.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

Provides a valid apple-touch-icon

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u>.

Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn more.

Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. Learn more.

Runtime Settings

URL http://localhost:3000/

Fetch Time Sep 2, 2021, 11:29 PM CDT

Device Emulated Moto G4

Network throttling 150 ms TCP RTT, 1,638.4 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 4x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/93.0.4577.58 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 7.0; Moto G (4)) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/90.0.4420.0 Mobile Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 2128

Axe version 4.2.3

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