

17. feigset,

① $x_1 := (3, 0, -2, 4)$

$$x_2 := (2, 1, -1, 3)$$

$$x_3 := (-1, 4, 2, 0)$$

$$x_4 := (-1, 1, 1, -1)$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \in \mathbb{R}^4$$

$$W := \text{Span}(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4)$$

↳ basis = ?

$$\dim(W) = ?$$

x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 ⑤ W -ben

⑦?

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \text{ (F)?}$$

$$a \cdot x_1 + b \cdot x_2 + c \cdot x_3 + d \cdot x_4 = 0 \quad (a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Q})$$

$$a \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + b \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + c \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + d \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} 3a + 2b - c - d = 0 \\ b + 4c + d = 0 \\ -2a - b + 2c + d = 0 \\ 4a + 3b - d = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow d = 4a + 3b$$

$$\begin{cases} -a - b - c = 0 \\ 4a + 4b + 4c = 0 \\ 2a + 2b + 2c = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow c = -a - b$$

$c = -a - b$ behelyettesítése:

$$\begin{cases} 0 \cdot a + 0 \cdot b = 0 \\ 0 \cdot a + 0 \cdot b = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow a, b \in \mathbb{R} \text{ (tetszőleges)}$$

$$ax_1 + bx_2 + cx_3 + dx_4 = 0 \quad \text{összesen m.v.:} \begin{cases} d = 4a + 3b \\ c = -a - b \\ a, b \in \mathbb{R} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \exists \text{ nemtrivi} \\ \text{m.v.} \\ a = 0, b = 1 \\ c = -1, d = 3 \\ \Downarrow \\ \text{elhasználjuk} \\ x_4 = d \end{array}$$

$$\text{Span}(x_1, x_2, x_3) = W \quad (x_1, x_2, x_3 \text{ @})$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \text{ @}?$$

$$a \cdot x_1 + b \cdot x_2 + c \cdot x_3 = 0 \rightarrow \text{összes mo.:}$$

$$\begin{cases} b = -\frac{4}{3}a \\ c = \frac{1}{3}a \end{cases} \quad a \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\begin{cases} 3a + 2b - c = 0 \\ b + 4c = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow c = 3a + 2b$$

↓ behely.

$$\begin{cases} -2a - b + 2c = 0 \\ 4a + 3b = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 12a + 9b = 0 \\ 4a + 3b = 0 \\ 4a + 3b = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow b = -\frac{4}{3}a$$

$$c = 3a - \frac{8}{3}a = \frac{1}{3}a$$

gsm.:

x_1, x_2, x_3 (F)



$$\boxed{a \cdot x_1 + b \cdot x_2 + c \cdot x_3 = 0} \Leftrightarrow a = b = c = 0$$

x_1, x_2, x_3 (0)



$ax_1 + bx_2 + cx_3 = 0$ — nab van nemtrivialis mo-a
 $a \neq 0$ vagy $b \neq 0$ vagy $c \neq 0$

$$a \cdot x_1 + b \cdot x_2 + c \cdot x_3 = 0 \quad | - \text{nak} \quad \exists \text{ nemtriviális mo-a,}$$

$$\text{pl.: } a=1, b=-\frac{4}{3}, c=\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{elhagyjuk } x_3\text{-at}$$

$$\text{Span}(x_1, x_2) = W, \quad x_1, x_2 \in \textcircled{F} \Rightarrow x_1, x_2 \in \textcircled{B} - a$$

$$x_1, x_2 \in \textcircled{F} ? \quad a \cdot x_1 + b \cdot x_2 = 0 \quad \xrightarrow{W\text{-nek}} \dim W = 2.$$

$$\begin{cases} 3a + 2b = 0 \\ b = 0 \\ -2a - b = 0 \\ 4a + 3b = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \text{összes mo.:}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 0 \\ b &= 0 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow x_1, x_2 \in \textcircled{F}$$

3 HF

2 $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5 \in \mathbb{Q}^4$

$$\boxed{\textcircled{B} = \textcircled{F} + \textcircled{G}}$$

a, x_1, x_2 lehet-e \textcircled{B} \mathbb{Q}^4 -ben?

Nem, mert $2 < 4$

b, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5 \textcircled{B} -e \mathbb{Q}^4 -ben?

$$\textcircled{B} = \textcircled{F} + \textcircled{G}$$

$5 > 4 \Rightarrow$ nem \textcircled{F} (Biz: szorg.)

c, HF