# Social network Graph Link Prediction - Facebook Challenge

```
In [161]: #Importing Libraries
          # please do go through this python notebook:
          import warnings
          warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
          import csv
          import pandas as pd#pandas to create small dataframes
          import datetime #Convert to unix time
          import time #Convert to unix time
          # if numpy is not installed already : pip3 install numpy
          import numpy as np#Do aritmetic operations on arrays
          # matplotlib: used to plot graphs
          import matplotlib
           import matplotlib.pylab as plt
          import seaborn as sns#Plots
          from matplotlib import rcParams#Size of plots
          from sklearn.cluster import MiniBatchKMeans, KMeans#Clustering
          import math
          import pickle
          import os
          # to install xqboost: pip3 install xqboost
          import xgboost as xgb
          import warnings
          import networkx as nx
          import pdb
          import pickle
          from pandas import HDFStore,DataFrame
          from pandas import read hdf
          from scipy.sparse.linalg import svds, eigs
           import gc
           from tqdm import tqdm
```

# 1. Reading Data

# 2. Similarity measures

#### 2.1 Jaccard Distance:

http://www.statisticshowto.com/jaccard-index/ (http://www.statisticshowto.com/jaccard-index/)

$$j = \frac{|X \cap Y|}{|X \cup Y|}$$

```
In [163]:
                                  #for followees
                                  def jaccard_for_followees(a,b):
                                                try:
                                                             if len(set(train graph.successors(a))) == 0 | len(set(train graph.success
                                                                          return 0
                                                             sim = (len(set(train graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train graph.suc
                                                                                                                                                          (len(set(train_graph.successors(a)).union(set
                                                except:
                                                             return 0
                                                return sim
In [164]:
                                  #one test case
                                   print(jaccard for followees(273084,1505602))
                                         0.0
                                  #node 1635354 not in graph
In [165]:
                                   print(jaccard_for_followees(273084,1505602))
                                         0.0
In [166]: #for followers
                                  def jaccard_for_followers(a,b):
                                                try:
                                                             if len(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))) == 0 | len(set(g.predecessors(b)
                                                             sim = (len(set(train graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train graph.predeces)).intersection(set(train graph.predeces))).intersection(set(train graph.predeces)))).intersection(set(train graph.predeces))))).
                                                                                                                                                (len(set(train graph.predecessors(a)).union(set())
                                                             return sim
                                                except:
                                                             return 0
In [167]: | print(jaccard for followers(273084,470294))
                                         0
                                  #node 1635354 not in graph
In [168]:
                                   print(jaccard for followees(669354,1635354))
                                         0
```

#### 2.2 Cosine distance

$$CosineDistance = \frac{|X \cap Y|}{|X| \cdot |Y|}$$

```
In [169]: #for followees
                                                               def cosine_for_followees(a,b):
                                                                                        try:
                                                                                                               if len(set(train_graph.successors(a))) == 0 | len(set(train_graph.success)
                                                                                                                                        return 0
                                                                                                               sim = (len(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(tr
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (math.sqrt(len(set(train_graph.successors(a)))
                                                                                                               return sim
                                                                                        except:
                                                                                                               return 0
In [170]:
                                                             print(cosine_for_followees(273084,1505602))
                                                                           0.0
In [171]:
                                                              print(cosine_for_followees(273084,1635354))
                                                                           0
In [172]: def cosine for followers(a,b):
                                                                                        try:
                                                                                                               if len(set(train graph.predecessors(a))) == 0 | len(set(train graph.predecessors(a)))
                                                                                                                                        return 0
                                                                                                               sim = (len(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a)).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predecessors(a))).intersection(set(train_graph.predeces
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              return sim
                                                                                        except:
                                                                                                               return 0
In [173]: print(cosine_for_followers(2,470294))
                                                                           0.02886751345948129
                                                          print(cosine_for_followers(669354,1635354))
                                                                           0
```

## 3. Ranking Measures

https://networkx.github.io/documentation/networkx-

- 1.10/reference/generated/networkx.algorithms.link\_analysis.pagerank\_alg.pagerank.html (https://networkx.github.io/documentation/networkx-
- 1.10/reference/generated/networkx.algorithms.link\_analysis.pagerank\_alg\_pagerank.html)

PageRank computes a ranking of the nodes in the graph G based on the structure of the incoming links.

Mathematical PageRanks for a simple network, expressed as percentages. (Google uses a logarithmic scale.) Page C has a higher PageRank than Page E, even though there are fewer links to C; the one link to C comes from an important page and hence is of high value. If web surfers who start on a random page have an 85% likelihood of choosing a random link from the page they are currently visiting, and a 15% likelihood of jumping to a page chosen at random from the entire web, they will reach Page E 8.1% of the time. (The 15% likelihood of jumping to an arbitrary page corresponds to a damping factor of 85%.) Without damping, all web surfers would eventually end up on Pages A, B, or C, and all other pages would have PageRank zero. In the presence of damping, Page A effectively links to all pages in the web, even though it has no outgoing links of its own.

#### 3.1 Page Ranking

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PageRank (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/PageRank)

```
In [175]:
          if not os.path.isfile('data/fea sample/page rank.p'):
              pr = nx.pagerank(train graph, alpha=0.85)
              pickle.dump(pr,open('data/fea sample/page rank.p','wb'))
          else:
              pr = pickle.load(open('data/fea_sample/page_rank.p','rb'))
In [176]:
          print('min',pr[min(pr, key=pr.get)])
          print('max',pr[max(pr, key=pr.get)])
          print('mean',float(sum(pr.values())) / len(pr))
            min 1.6556497245737814e-07
            max 2.7098251341935827e-05
            mean 5.615699699389075e-07
In [177]:
          #for imputing to nodes which are not there in Train data
          mean_pr = float(sum(pr.values())) / len(pr)
          print(mean pr)
```

5.615699699389075e-07

# 4. Other Graph Features

## 4.1 Shortest path:

Getting Shortest path between twoo nodes, if nodes have direct path i.e directly connected then we are removing that edge and calculating path.

```
#if has direct edge then deleting that edge and calculating shortest path
           def compute shortest path length(a,b):
               p=-1
               try:
                   if train_graph.has_edge(a,b):
                       train_graph.remove_edge(a,b)
                       p= nx.shortest_path_length(train_graph,source=a,target=b)
                       train_graph.add_edge(a,b)
                   else:
                       p= nx.shortest_path_length(train_graph,source=a,target=b)
                   return p
               except:
                   return -1
In [179]:
          #testing
           compute_shortest_path_length(77697, 826021)
Out[179]: 10
In [180]:
          #testing
           compute_shortest_path_length(669354,1635354)
Out[180]: -1
```

## 4.2 Checking for same community

#getting weekly connected edges from graph

wcc=list(nx.weakly connected components(train graph))

```
def belongs_to_same_wcc(a,b):
               index = []
               if train_graph.has_edge(b,a):
                   return 1
               if train_graph.has_edge(a,b):
                       for i in wcc:
                           if a in i:
                                index= i
                                break
                       if (b in index):
                           train_graph.remove_edge(a,b)
                           if compute_shortest_path_length(a,b)==-1:
                                train graph.add edge(a,b)
                                return 0
                           else:
                                train_graph.add_edge(a,b)
                                return 1
                       else:
                           return 0
               else:
                       for i in wcc:
                           if a in i:
                                index= i
                                break
                       if(b in index):
                           return 1
                       else:
                           return 0
In [182]:
          belongs_to_same_wcc(861, 1659750)
```

```
In [182]: belongs_to_same_wcc(861, 1659750)
Out[182]: 0
In [183]: belongs_to_same_wcc(669354,1635354)
Out[183]: 0
```

#### 4.3 Adamic/Adar Index:

Adamic/Adar measures is defined as inverted sum of degrees of common neighbours for given two vertices.

$$A(x,y) = \sum_{u \in N(x) \cap N(y)} \frac{1}{log(|N(u)|)}$$

#adar index

In [184]:

```
def calc adar in(a,b):
               sum=0
               try:
                   n=list(set(train graph.successors(a)).intersection(set(train graph.success
                   if len(n)!=0:
                       for i in n:
                           sum=sum+(1/np.log10(len(list(train graph.predecessors(i)))))
                       return sum
                   else:
                       return 0
               except:
                   return 0
In [185]: | calc_adar_in(1,189226)
Out[185]: 0
          calc_adar_in(669354,1635354)
In [186]:
Out[186]: 0
```

#### 4.4 Is persion was following back:

```
In [187]: def follows_back(a,b):
    if train_graph.has_edge(b,a):
        return 1
    else:
        return 0

In [188]: follows_back(1,189226)

Out[188]: 1

In [189]: follows_back(669354,1635354)

Out[189]: 0
```

#### 4.5 Katz Centrality:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Katz\_centrality\_(https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Katz\_centrality\_)

<u>https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/katz-centrality-centrality-measure/</u>
(<a href="https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/katz-centrality-centrality-measure/">https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/katz-centrality-centrality-measure/</a>)
Katz centrality computes the centrality for a node based on the centrality of its neighbors. It is a generalization of the eigenvector centrality. The Katz centrality for node i is

$$x_i = \alpha \sum_j A_{ij} x_j + \beta,$$

where A is the adjacency matrix of the graph G with eigenvalues

.

The parameter

β

λ

controls the initial centrality and

$$\alpha < \frac{1}{\lambda_{max}}$$
.

```
In [190]:
          if not os.path.isfile('data/fea sample/katz.p'):
              katz = nx.katz.katz centrality(train graph,alpha=0.005,beta=1)
              pickle.dump(katz,open('data/fea_sample/katz.p','wb'))
          else:
              katz = pickle.load(open('data/fea sample/katz.p','rb'))
In [191]:
          print('min',katz[min(katz, key=katz.get)])
           print('max',katz[max(katz, key=katz.get)])
          print('mean',float(sum(katz.values())) / len(katz))
            min 0.0007313532484065916
            max 0.003394554981699122
            mean 0.0007483800935562018
In [192]:
          mean katz = float(sum(katz.values())) / len(katz)
           print(mean_katz)
```

0.0007483800935562018

#### 4.6 Hits Score

The HITS algorithm computes two numbers for a node. Authorities estimates the node value based on the incoming links. Hubs estimates the node value based on outgoing links.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HITS\_algorithm (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HITS\_algorithm)

```
In [193]: if not os.path.isfile('data/fea_sample/hits.p'):
    hits = nx.hits(train_graph, max_iter=100, tol=1e-08, nstart=None, normalized=
    pickle.dump(hits,open('data/fea_sample/hits.p','wb'))
else:
    hits = pickle.load(open('data/fea_sample/hits.p','rb'))

In [194]: print('min',hits[0][min(hits[0], key=hits[0].get)])
    print('max',hits[0][max(hits[0], key=hits[0].get)])
    print('mean',float(sum(hits[0].values())) / len(hits[0]))

    min 0.0
    max 0.004868653378780953
    mean 5.615699699344123e-07
```

#### 5. Featurization

## 5. 1 Reading a sample of Data from both train and test

```
import random
In [195]:
          if os.path.isfile('data/after_eda/train_after_eda.csv'):
              filename = "data/after eda/train after eda.csv"
              # you uncomment this line, if you dont know the lentqh of the file name
               # here we have hardcoded the number of lines as 15100030
               # n train = sum(1 for line in open(filename)) #number of records in file (excl
               n train = 15100028
               s = 100000 #desired sample size
               skip train = sorted(random.sample(range(1,n_train+1),n_train-s))
               #https://stackoverflow.com/a/22259008/4084039
In [196]: | if os.path.isfile('data/after eda/train after eda.csv'):
              filename = "data/after eda/test after eda.csv"
              # you uncomment this line, if you dont know the lentgh of the file name
               # here we have hardcoded the number of lines as 3775008
              # n test = sum(1 for line in open(filename)) #number of records in file (excl
               n test = 3775006
               s = 50000 #desired sample size
               skip test = sorted(random.sample(range(1,n test+1),n test-s))
               #https://stackoverflow.com/a/22259008/4084039
In [197]:
          print("Number of rows in the train data file:", n_train)
           print("Number of rows we are going to elimiate in train data are",len(skip_train)
           print("Number of rows in the test data file:", n test)
          print("Number of rows we are going to elimiate in test data are",len(skip test))
            Number of rows in the train data file: 15100028
            Number of rows we are going to elimiate in train data are 15000028
            Number of rows in the test data file: 3775006
            Number of rows we are going to elimiate in test data are 3725006
In [198]: df final train = pd.read csv('data/after eda/train after eda.csv', skiprows=skip
          df_final_train['indicator_link'] = pd.read_csv('data/train_y.csv', skiprows=skip_
          print("Our train matrix size ",df_final_train.shape)
          df final train.head(2)
            Our train matrix size (100002, 3)
Out[198]:
              source_node destination_node indicator_link
           0
                  273084
                                1505602
           1
                 1215945
                                 175973
```

Our test matrix size (50002, 3)

Out[199]:

|   | source_node | destination_node | indicator_link |  |
|---|-------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| 0 | 848424      | 784690           | 1              |  |
| 1 | 701202      | 342277           | 1              |  |

## 5.2 Adding a set of features

we will create these each of these features for both train and test data points

- 1. jaccard\_followers
- 2. jaccard\_followees
- 3. cosine followers
- 4. cosine followees
- 5. num\_followers\_s
- 6. num\_followees\_s
- 7. num followers d
- 8. num followees d
- 9. inter\_followers
- 10. inter\_followees

```
In [200]:
          if not os.path.isfile('data/fea_sample/storage_sample_stage1.h5'):
              #mapping jaccrd followers to train and test data
              df final train['jaccard followers'] = df final train.apply(lambda row:
                                                       jaccard for followers(row['source node
              df final test['jaccard followers'] = df final test.apply(lambda row:
                                                       jaccard_for_followers(row['source_node
              #mapping jaccrd followees to train and test data
              df_final_train['jaccard_followees'] = df_final_train.apply(lambda row:
                                                       jaccard_for_followees(row['source_node
              df final test['jaccard followees'] = df final test.apply(lambda row:
                                                       jaccard_for_followees(row['source_node
                  #mapping jaccrd followers to train and test data
              df_final_train['cosine_followers'] = df_final_train.apply(lambda row:
                                                       cosine for followers(row['source node
              df_final_test['cosine_followers'] = df_final_test.apply(lambda row:
                                                       cosine_for_followers(row['source_node
              #mapping jaccrd followees to train and test data
              df_final_train['cosine_followees'] = df_final_train.apply(lambda row:
                                                       cosine for followees(row['source node
              df_final_test['cosine_followees'] = df_final_test.apply(lambda row:
                                                       cosine for followees(row['source node
```

```
In [201]:
          def compute features stage1(df final):
              #calculating no of followers followees for source and destination
              #calculating intersection of followers and followees for source and destinatid
              num followers s=[]
              num followees s=[]
              num_followers_d=[]
              num followees d=[]
              inter followers=[]
              inter followees=[]
              for i,row in df_final.iterrows():
                  try:
                       s1=set(train_graph.predecessors(row['source_node']))
                      s2=set(train_graph.successors(row['source_node']))
                  except:
                       s1 = set()
                       s2 = set()
                  try:
                      d1=set(train graph.predecessors(row['destination node']))
                      d2=set(train_graph.successors(row['destination_node']))
                      d1 = set()
                      d2 = set()
                  num followers s.append(len(s1))
                  num_followees_s.append(len(s2))
                  num followers d.append(len(d1))
                  num followees d.append(len(d2))
                  inter followers.append(len(s1.intersection(d1)))
                  inter followees.append(len(s2.intersection(d2)))
              return num_followers_s, num_followers_d, num_followees_s, num_followees_d, in
In [204]:
          if not os.path.isfile('data/fea sample/storage sample stage1.h5'):
              df final train['num followers s'], df final train['num followers d'], \
              df_final_train['num_followees_s'], df_final_train['num_followees_d'], \
              df_final_train['inter_followers'], df_final_train['inter_followees']= compute
              df final test['num followers s'], df final test['num followers d'], \
              df_final_test['num_followees_s'], df_final_test['num_followees_d'], \
              df_final_test['inter_followers'], df_final_test['inter_followees']= compute_fe
              hdf = HDFStore('data/fea_sample/storage_sample_stage1.h5')
              hdf.put('train_df',df_final_train, format='table', data_columns=True)
              hdf.put('test df',df final test, format='table', data columns=True)
              hdf.close()
          else:
              df_final_train = read_hdf('data/fea_sample/storage_sample_stage1.h5', 'train_d
```

df\_final\_test = read\_hdf('data/fea\_sample/storage\_sample\_stage1.h5', 'test\_df

## 5.3 Adding new set of features

we will create these each of these features for both train and test data points

- 1. adar index
- 2. is following back
- 3. belongs to same weakly connect components
- 4. shortest path between source and destination

```
In [207]:
          if not os.path.isfile('data/fea sample/storage sample stage2.h5'):
               #mapping adar index on train
               df final train['adar index'] = df final train.apply(lambda row: calc adar in()
               #mapping adar index on test
               df_final_test['adar_index'] = df_final_test.apply(lambda row: calc_adar_in(rown))
               #mapping followback or not on train
               df final train['follows back'] = df final train.apply(lambda row: follows back')
               #mapping followback or not on test
               df final test['follows back'] = df final test.apply(lambda row: follows back()
               #mapping same component of wcc or not on train
               df final train['same comp'] = df final train.apply(lambda row: belongs to same
               ##mapping same component of wcc or not on train
               df final test['same comp'] = df final test.apply(lambda row: belongs to same \( \)
               #mapping shortest path on train
               df_final_train['shortest_path'] = df_final_train.apply(lambda row: compute_shortest_path')
               #mapping shortest path on test
               df final test['shortest path'] = df final test.apply(lambda row: compute shortest)
               hdf = HDFStore('data/fea sample/storage sample stage2.h5')
               hdf.put('train_df',df_final_train, format='table', data_columns=True)
               hdf.put('test df',df final test, format='table', data columns=True)
               hdf.close()
           else:
               df final train = read hdf('data/fea sample/storage sample stage2.h5', 'train o
               df final test = read hdf('data/fea sample/storage sample stage2.h5', 'test df
```

#### 5.4 Adding new set of features

we will create these each of these features for both train and test data points

- 1. Weight Features
  - · weight of incoming edges
  - · weight of outgoing edges
  - · weight of incoming edges + weight of outgoing edges
  - · weight of incoming edges \* weight of outgoing edges
  - 2\*weight of incoming edges + weight of outgoing edges
  - weight of incoming edges + 2\*weight of outgoing edges
- 2. Page Ranking of source
- 3. Page Ranking of dest
- 4. katz of source
- 5. katz of dest
- 6. hubs of source
- 7. hubs of dest
- 8. authorities s of source
- 9. authorities s of dest

#### **Weight Features**

In order to determine the similarity of nodes, an edge weight value was calculated between nodes. Edge weight decreases as the neighbor count goes up. Intuitively, consider one million people following a celebrity on a social network then chances are most of them never met each other or the celebrity. On the other hand, if a user has 30 contacts in his/her social network, the chances are higher that many of them know each other. credit - Graph-based Features for Supervised Link Prediction William Cukierski, Benjamin Hamner, Bo Yang

$$W = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + |X|}}$$

it is directed graph so calculated Weighted in and Weighted out differently

#weight for source and destination of each link

In [209]:

```
Weight in = {}
          Weight out = {}
          for i in tqdm(train graph.nodes()):
               s1=set(train graph.predecessors(i))
              w_{in} = 1.0/(np.sqrt(1+len(s1)))
              Weight in[i]=w in
               s2=set(train graph.successors(i))
               w_{out} = 1.0/(np.sqrt(1+len(s2)))
              Weight out[i]=w out
          #for imputing with mean
          mean weight in = np.mean(list(Weight in.values()))
          mean weight out = np.mean(list(Weight out.values()))
            100%
                                                                                         178
            0722/1780722 [00:17<00:00, 100783.36it/s]
In [210]:
          if not os.path.isfile('data/fea_sample/storage_sample_stage3.h5'):
               #mapping to pandas train
               df final train['weight in'] = df final train.destination node.apply(lambda x:
               df_final_train['weight_out'] = df_final_train.source_node.apply(lambda x: Wei{
               #mapping to pandas test
               df final test['weight in'] = df final test.destination node.apply(lambda x: Weight in')
               df_final_test['weight_out'] = df_final_test.source_node.apply(lambda x: Weight
               #some features engineerings on the in and out weights
               df final train['weight f1'] = df final train.weight in + df final train.weight
               df_final_train['weight_f2'] = df_final_train.weight_in * df_final_train.weight
               df final train['weight f3'] = (2*df final train.weight in + 1*df final train.√
               df final train['weight f4'] = (1*df final train.weight in + 2*df final train.
               #some features engineerings on the in and out weights
               df_final_test['weight_f1'] = df_final_test.weight_in + df_final_test.weight_or
               df final test['weight f2'] = df final test.weight in * df final test.weight or
               df final test['weight f3'] = (2*df final test.weight in + 1*df final test.weight
               df final test['weight f4'] = (1*df final test.weight in + 2*df final test.weight
```

```
In [211]: if not os.path.isfile('data/fea_sample/storage_sample_stage3.h5'):
             #page rank for source and destination in Train and Test
             #if anything not there in train graph then adding mean page rank
             df_final_train['page_rank_s'] = df_final_train.source_node.apply(lambda x:pr.
             df_final_train['page_rank_d'] = df_final_train.destination_node.apply(lambda
             df_final_test['page_rank_s'] = df_final_test.source_node.apply(lambda x:pr.ge'
             df_final_test['page_rank_d'] = df_final_test.destination_node.apply(lambda x:
             #-----
             #Katz centrality score for source and destination in Train and test
             #if anything not there in train graph then adding mean katz score
             df_final_train['katz_s'] = df_final_train.source_node.apply(lambda x: katz.ge
             df final train['katz d'] = df final train.destination node.apply(lambda x: kat
             df final test['katz s'] = df final test.source node.apply(lambda x: katz.get()
             df_final_test['katz_d'] = df_final_test.destination_node.apply(lambda x: katz
             #Hits algorithm score for source and destination in Train and test
             #if anything not there in train graph then adding 0
             df final train['hubs s'] = df final train.source node.apply(lambda x: hits[0]
             df_final_train['hubs_d'] = df_final_train.destination_node.apply(lambda x: hi
             df final test['hubs s'] = df final test.source node.apply(lambda x: hits[0].ge
             df final test['hubs d'] = df final test.destination node.apply(lambda x: hits
             #-----
             #Hits algorithm score for source and destination in Train and Test
             #if anything not there in train graph then adding 0
             df final train['authorities s'] = df final train.source node.apply(lambda x: |
             df final train['authorities d'] = df final train.destination node.apply(lambd
             df_final_test['authorities_s'] = df_final_test.source_node.apply(lambda x: hi
             df_final_test['authorities_d'] = df_final_test.destination_node.apply(lambda )
             #_____
             hdf = HDFStore('data/fea sample/storage sample stage3.h5')
             hdf.put('train df',df final train, format='table', data columns=True)
             hdf.put('test_df',df_final_test, format='table', data_columns=True)
             hdf.close()
         else:
             df final train = read hdf('data/fea sample/storage sample stage3.h5', 'train (
             df final test = read hdf('data/fea sample/storage sample stage3.h5', 'test df
```

#### 5.5 Adding new set of features

we will create these each of these features for both train and test data points

1. SVD features for both source and destination

```
In [212]: def svd(x, S):
               try:
                   z = sadj_dict[x]
                   return S[z]
               except:
                   return [0,0,0,0,0,0]
In [213]: #for svd features to get feature vector creating a dict node val and inedx in svd
           sadj_col = sorted(train_graph.nodes())
          sadj dict = { val:idx for idx,val in enumerate(sadj col)}
In [214]: | Adj = nx.adjacency_matrix(train_graph, nodelist=sorted(train_graph.nodes())).asfpty
In [215]:
          U, s, V = svds(Adj, k = 6)
          print('Adjacency matrix Shape',Adj.shape)
          print('U Shape',U.shape)
          print('V Shape', V.shape)
          print('s Shape',s.shape)
            Adjacency matrix Shape (1780722, 1780722)
            U Shape (1780722, 6)
            V Shape (6, 1780722)
            s Shape (6,)
```

```
In [216]: if not os.path.isfile('data/fea_sample/storage_sample_stage4.h5'):
            df final train[['svd u s 1', 'svd u s 2','svd u s 3', 'svd u s 4', 'svd u s 5
            df final train.source node.apply(lambda x: svd(x, U)).apply(pd.Series)
            df_final_train[['svd_u_d_1', 'svd_u_d_2', 'svd_u_d_3', 'svd_u_d_4', 'svd_u_d_!
            df_final_train.destination_node.apply(lambda x: svd(x, U)).apply(pd.Series)
            #-----
            df_final_train[['svd_v_s_1','svd_v_s_2', 'svd_v_s_3', 'svd_v_s_4', 'svd_v_s_5
            df_final_train.source_node.apply(lambda x: svd(x, V.T)).apply(pd.Series)
            df_final_train[['svd_v_d_1', 'svd_v_d_2', 'svd_v_d_3', 'svd_v_d_4', 'svd_v_d_9
            df final train.destination node.apply(lambda x: svd(x, V.T)).apply(pd.Series)
            df_final_test[['svd_u_s_1', 'svd_u_s_2','svd_u_s_3', 'svd_u_s_4', 'svd_u_s_5'
            df_final_test.source_node.apply(lambda x: svd(x, U)).apply(pd.Series)
            df_final_test[['svd_u_d_1', 'svd_u_d_2', 'svd_u_d_3', 'svd_u_d_4', 'svd_u_d_5
            df_final_test.destination_node.apply(lambda x: svd(x, U)).apply(pd.Series)
            df_final_test[['svd_v_s_1','svd_v_s_2', 'svd_v_s_3', 'svd_v_s_4', 'svd_v_s_5'
            df final test.source node.apply(lambda x: svd(x, V.T)).apply(pd.Series)
            df_final_test[['svd_v_d_1', 'svd_v_d_2', 'svd_v_d_3', 'svd_v_d_4', 'svd_v_d_5
            df final test.destination node.apply(lambda x: svd(x, V.T)).apply(pd.Series)
            #-----
              hdf = HDFStore('data/fea sample/storage sample stage4.h5')
              hdf.put('train_df',df_final_train, format='table', data_columns=True)
             hdf.put('test_df',df_final_test, format='table', data_columns=True)
              hdf.close()
```

#### **Adding new feature Preferential Attachement**

Preferential Attachement for followers

```
In [218]: #for train dataset
    nfs=np.array(df_final_train['num_followers_s'])
    nfd=np.array(df_final_train['num_followers_d'])

preferential_followers=[]

for i in range(len(nfs)):
    preferential_followers.append(nfd[i]*nfs[i])

df_final_train['prefer_Attach_followers']= preferential_followers
    df_final_train.head()
```

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| v      | u |    |   | _ |    |     |     | -1 |   |
|        |   |    |   |   |    |     |     |    |   |

|   | source_node | destination_node | indicator_link | jaccard_followers | jaccard_followees | cosine_follov |
|---|-------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 0 | 273084      | 1505602          | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.000         |
| 1 | 1561705     | 648602           | 1              | 0                 | 0.137931          | 0.137         |
| 2 | 255616      | 799585           | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.000         |
| 3 | 756045      | 1766188          | 1              | 0                 | 0.142857          | 0.069         |
| 4 | 1430171     | 1024577          | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.017         |

5 rows × 56 columns

# For test dataset

In [219]:

```
nfs=np.array(df_final_test['num_followers_s'])
           nfd=np.array(df_final_test['num_followers_d'])
           preferential_followers=[]
           for i in range(len(nfs)):
                preferential_followers.append(nfd[i]*nfs[i])
           df_final_test['prefer_Attach_followers']= preferential_followers
           df_final_test.head()
Out[219]:
               source_node destination_node indicator_link jaccard_followers jaccard_followees cosine_follow
            0
                    848424
                                    784690
                                                       1
                                                                       0
                                                                                  0.000000
                                                                                                  0.029
            1
                     28768
                                    1177455
                                                                       0
                                                                                  0.000000
                                                                                                  0.353
            2
                    969262
                                    411755
                                                                       0
                                                                                  0.000000
                                                                                                  0.000
                                                       1
            3
                    273071
                                                                                                  0.040
                                    525327
                                                                       0
                                                                                  0.111111
                                                                       0
                    204159
                                     119918
                                                                                  0.058824
                                                                                                  0.072
           5 rows × 56 columns
```

#### Preferential Attachement for followees

```
In [220]: # For train dataset
    nfs=np.array(df_final_train['num_followees_s'])
    nfd=np.array(df_final_train['num_followees_d'])

preferential_followees=[]

for i in range(len(nfs)):
    preferential_followees.append(nfd[i]*nfs[i])

df_final_train['prefer_Attach_followees']= preferential_followees
df_final_train.head()
```

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|-----|----------|----|
| out | 220      | 1  |

|   | source_node | destination_node | indicator_link | jaccard_followers | jaccard_followees | cosine_follov |
|---|-------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 0 | 273084      | 1505602          | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.000         |
| 1 | 1561705     | 648602           | 1              | 0                 | 0.137931          | 0.137         |
| 2 | 255616      | 799585           | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.000         |
| 3 | 756045      | 1766188          | 1              | 0                 | 0.142857          | 0.069         |
| 4 | 1430171     | 1024577          | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.017         |
| 4 | 1430171     | 1024577          | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.017         |

5 rows × 57 columns

```
In [222]: #for test dataset
    nfs=np.array(df_final_test['num_followees_s'])
    nfd=np.array(df_final_test['num_followees_d'])

preferential_followees=[]

for i in range(len(nfs)):
    preferential_followees.append(nfd[i]*nfs[i])

df_final_test['prefer_Attach_followees']= preferential_followees
    df_final_test.head()
```

| Λ., | 4-1 | $\Gamma$ |   |
|-----|-----|----------|---|
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|                     | source_node | destination_node | indicator_link | jaccard_followers | jaccard_followees | cosine_follov |  |  |  |
|---------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| 0                   | 848424      | 784690           | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.029         |  |  |  |
| 1                   | 28768       | 1177455          | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.353         |  |  |  |
| 2                   | 969262      | 411755           | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.000         |  |  |  |
| 3                   | 273071      | 525327           | 1              | 0                 | 0.111111          | 0.040         |  |  |  |
| 4                   | 204159      | 119918           | 1              | 0                 | 0.058824          | 0.072         |  |  |  |
| 5 rows × 57 columns |             |                  |                |                   |                   |               |  |  |  |
| 4                   |             |                  |                |                   |                   |               |  |  |  |

#### Adding feature svd dot

· svd dot is Dot product between sourse node svd and destination node svd features

```
In [224]:
          svd dot=[]
          for i in range(len(np.array(s1))):
               source=[]
               destination=[]
               source.append(np.array(s1[i]))
               source.append(np.array(s2[i]))
               source.append(np.array(s3[i]))
               source.append(np.array(s4[i]))
               source.append(np.array(s5[i]))
               source.append(np.array(s6[i]))
               source.append(np.array(s7[i]))
               source.append(np.array(s8[i]))
               source.append(np.array(s9[i]))
               source.append(np.array(s10[i]))
               source.append(np.array(s11[i]))
               source.append(np.array(s12[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d1[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d2[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d3[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d4[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d5[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d6[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d7[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d8[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d9[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d10[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d11[i]))
               destination.append(np.array(d12[i]))
               svd dot.append(np.dot(source,destination))
          df_final_train['svd_dot']=svd_dot
```

| In [225]: | df_final_train.head() |  |
|-----------|-----------------------|--|
|-----------|-----------------------|--|

|   | source_node | destination_node | indicator_link | jaccard_followers | jaccard_followees | cosine_follov |
|---|-------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 0 | 273084      | 1505602          | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.000         |
| 1 | 1561705     | 648602           | 1              | 0                 | 0.137931          | 0.137         |
| 2 | 255616      | 799585           | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.000         |
| 3 | 756045      | 1766188          | 1              | 0                 | 0.142857          | 0.069         |
| 4 | 1430171     | 1024577          | 1              | 0                 | 0.000000          | 0.017         |
|   |             |                  |                |                   |                   |               |

5 rows × 58 columns

Out[225]:

```
In [226]:
           #for test dataset
           s1,s2,s3,s4,s5,s6=df_final_test['svd_u_s_1'],df_final_test['svd_u_s_2'],df_final_test['svd_u_s_2']
                              df final test['svd u s 4'],df final test['svd u s 5'],df final f
           s7,s8,s9,s10,s11,s12=df_final_test['svd_v_s_1'],df_final_test['svd_v_s_2'],df_final_test['svd_v_s_2']
                                  df_final_test['svd_v_s_4'],df_final_test['svd_v_s_5'],df_final_test['svd_v_s_5']
           d1,d2,d3,d4,d5,d6=df final test['svd u d 1'],df final test['svd u d 2'],df final t
                              df_final_test['svd_u_d_4'],df_final_test['svd_u_d_5'],df_final_test['svd_u_d_5']
           d7,d8,d9,d10,d11,d12=df final test['svd v d 1'],df final test['svd v d 2'],df final
                                  df_final_test['svd_v_d_4'],df_final_test['svd_v_d_5'],df_final_test['svd_v_d_5']
In [227]:
           svd_dot=[]
           for i in range(len(np.array(s1))):
                source=[]
                destination=[]
                source.append(np.array(s1[i]))
                source.append(np.array(s2[i]))
                source.append(np.array(s3[i]))
                source.append(np.array(s4[i]))
                source.append(np.array(s5[i]))
                source.append(np.array(s6[i]))
                source.append(np.array(s7[i]))
                source.append(np.array(s8[i]))
                source.append(np.array(s9[i]))
                source.append(np.array(s10[i]))
                source.append(np.array(s11[i]))
                source.append(np.array(s12[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d1[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d2[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d3[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d4[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d5[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d6[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d7[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d8[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d9[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d10[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d11[i]))
                destination.append(np.array(d12[i]))
                svd dot.append(np.dot(source,destination))
           df_final_test['svd_dot']=svd_dot
```

```
df_final_test.head()
In [228]:
Out[228]:
                                            indicator_link jaccard_followers jaccard_followees cosine_follow
               source_node
                            destination_node
            0
                                                       1
                                                                        0
                    848424
                                     784690
                                                                                   0.000000
                                                                                                   0.029
             1
                     28768
                                    1177455
                                                       1
                                                                        0
                                                                                   0.000000
                                                                                                   0.353
            2
                    969262
                                     411755
                                                                        0
                                                                                   0.000000
                                                                                                   0.000
                                                       1
            3
                    273071
                                     525327
                                                                        0
                                                                                   0.111111
                                                                                                   0.040
             4
                                     119918
                                                       1
                                                                        0
                                                                                   0.058824
                                                                                                   0.072
                    204159
            5 rows × 58 columns
In [229]:
            hdf = HDFStore('data/fea_sample/storage_sample_stage4.h5')
            hdf.put('train_df',df_final_train, format='table', data_columns=True)
            hdf.put('test_df',df_final_test, format='table', data_columns=True)
            hdf.close()
```