

### positives 2002

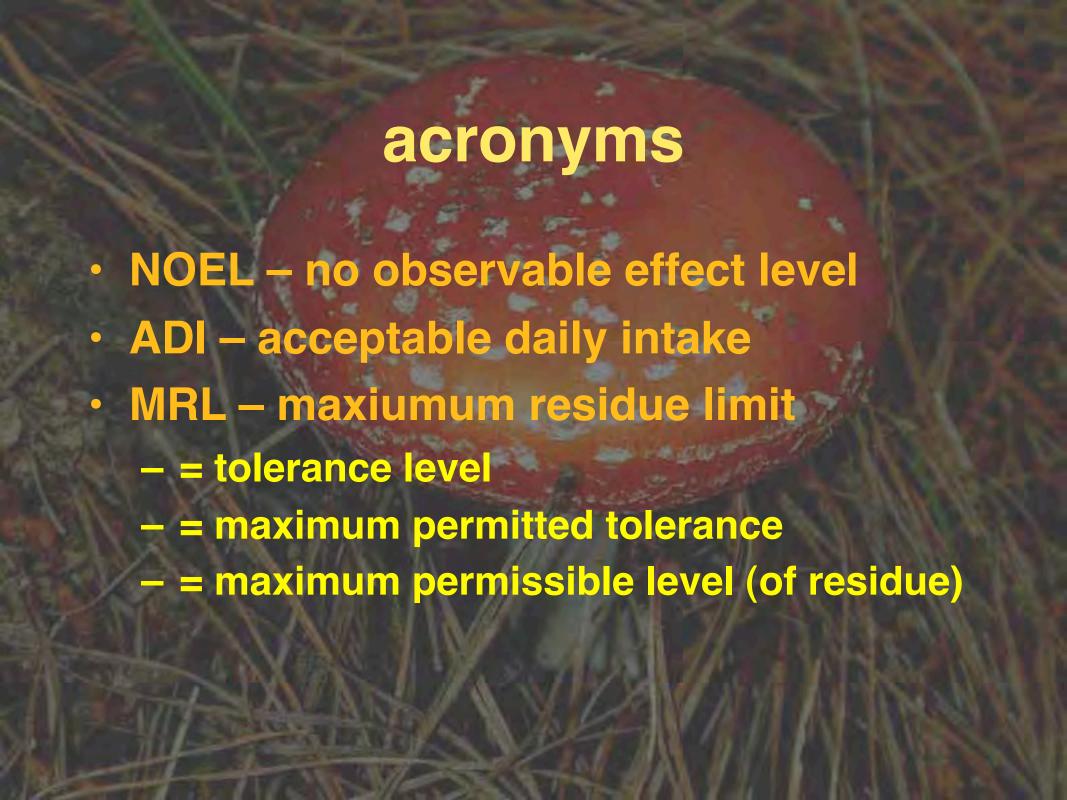
- zeranol 37 below MRL
- zearalenone 163 below MRL
- aminoglycosides 1 below MRL
- carbadox 1 above & 11 below MRL
- sulphonamides 2 above MRL
- benzimidazoles 1 above & 16 below MRL
- avermectins 16 below MRL
- organochlorines 391 below MRL
- heavy metals 8 above & 116 below MRL
- brodifacoum 14 above MRL





- drug / chemical registration
  - conditions applied to drug use
- witholding periods
  - vets
  - farmer education
- milk / meat testing at abattoir
  - large penalties for positive results





### withholding times calculation

- 2x lab animal NOEL
- human ADI calculated using fudge factor (100 – 500)
- MRL calculated from ADI
- witholding period calculated from pharmacokinetics (+ fudge factor)



### **ADI**

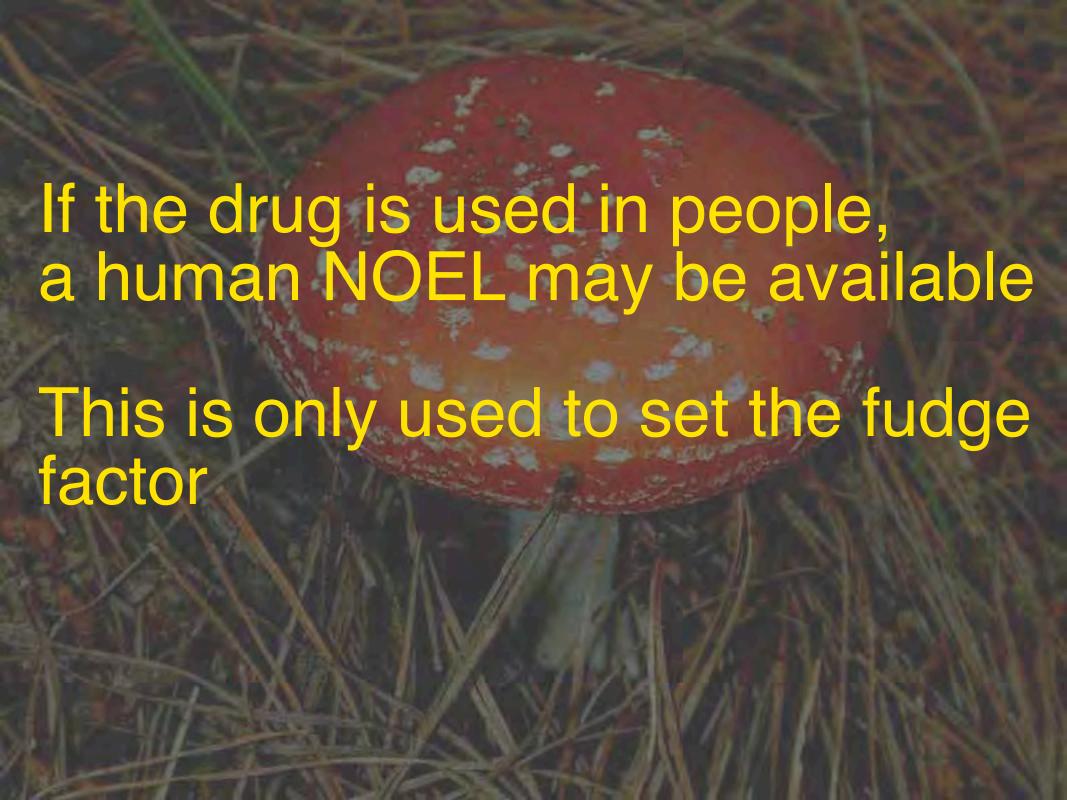
NOEL (mg/kg/day) most sensitive animal

= ADI

fudge factor (100 - 1000)

assuming the average human weighs 60kg

total ADI = ADI x 60







### MRL info

- NZ New Zealand (Maximum Residue Limits of Agricultural Compounds) Food Standard 2007
  - http://www.nzfsa.govt.nz/policy-law/
    legislation/food-standards/nz-mrlfs-2007-consolidation.pdf
- EU EMEA
  - http://www.eudra.org/emea.html
- WHO Technical Report Series
- USA FDA FOI summaries
  - http://www.fda.gov/cvm/efoi/
     foidocs.html
- Beware MRLs are different in different countries!



- the time taken for tissue drug levels to fall below the MRL in nearly all animals
- different for different formulations of the same drug

### withholding time info

- NZ IVS, (NZFSA website)
  - http://www.nzfsa.govt.nz/acvm/
    registers-lists/acvm-register/
    index.htm
- UK NOAH
  - http://www.noahcompendium.co.uk/
    Compendium/Overview/
- UK, NZ, Australia
  - "The Veterinary Formulary"
- USA FARAD
  - http://ace.orst.edu/info/farad/

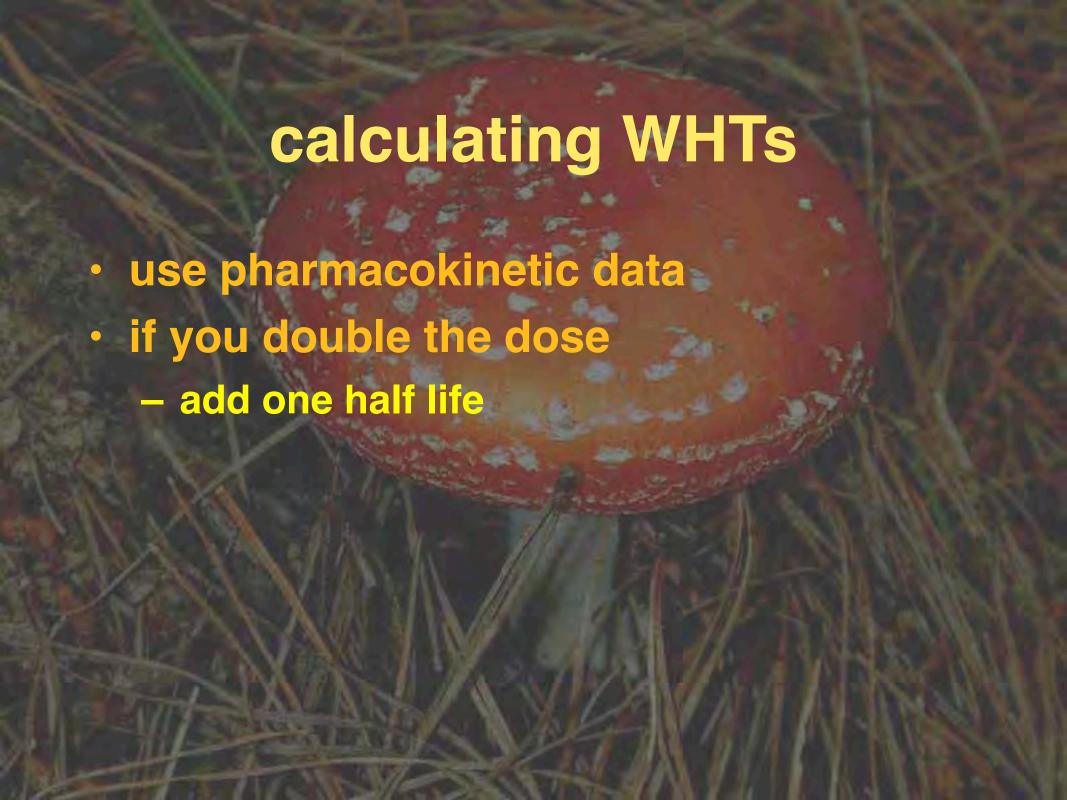
# standard WHTs (days)

#### NZ

animal	meat	milk	eggs
ruminants	91	35	
pigs and horses	63		A.
birds	63		10
camelids	63		
rabbits and hares	63		

#### UK

animal	meat	milk	eggs
mammals	28	7	
birds	28		7
Sch	500°days		

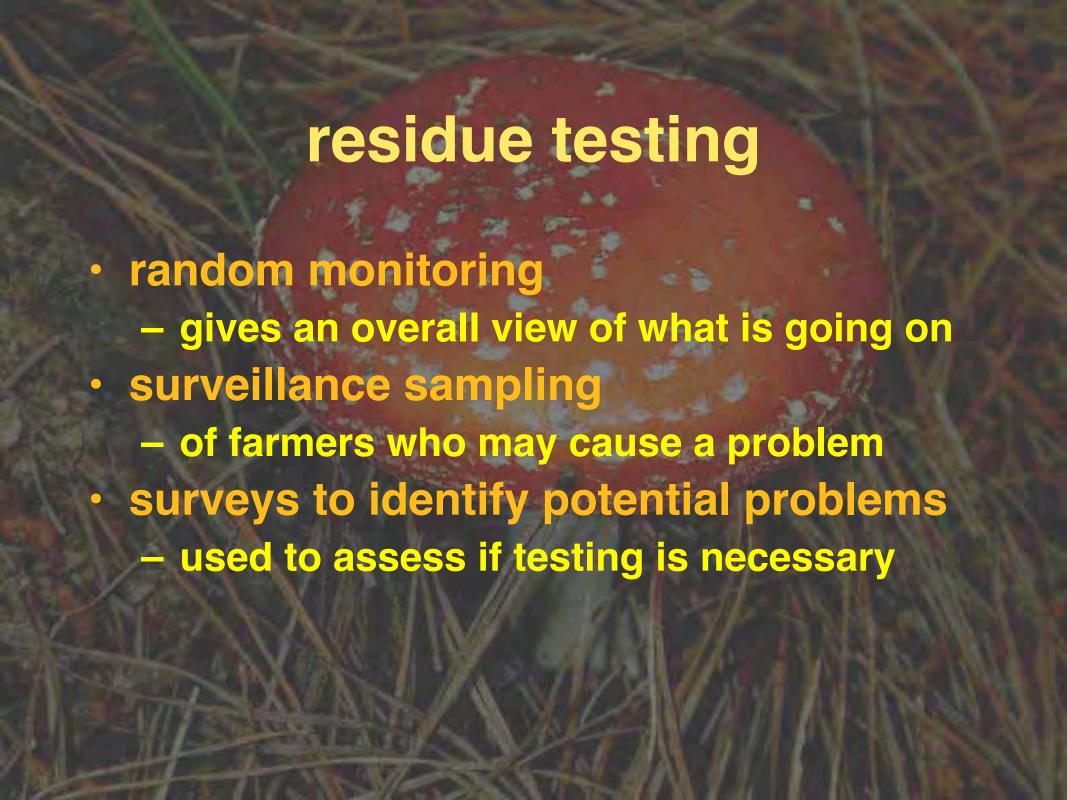


### role of the vet

- make sure farmers know the importance of withholding periods
- follow the instructions on the label
- any deviation from label dose increase the withholding periods
  - illegal for some drugs
- inject at the recommended site cranial neck
- make sure treated animals are identified
- leave a written record of all treatments and withholding periods

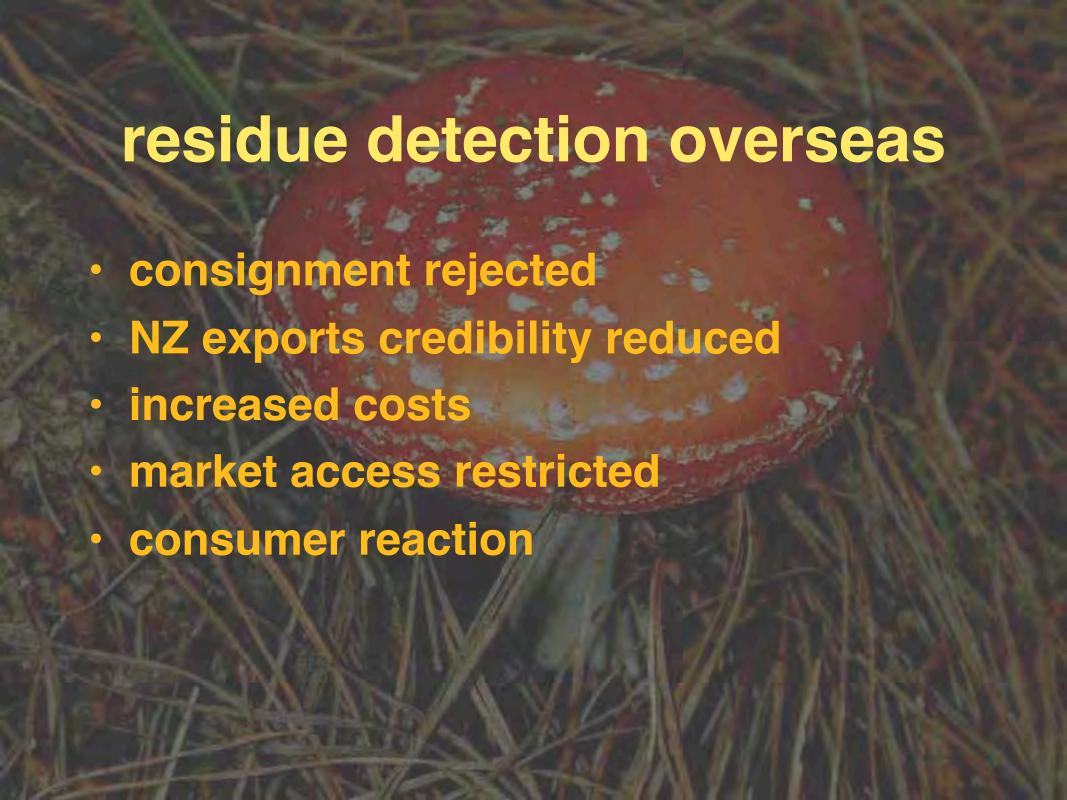












### NZ legislation

- ACVM Act (1997)
- Food Act (1981)
  - NZ (MRLs of Ag Compounds) Food Standard 2007
  - Food Regs (1984/262)
- Meat Act (1981)
  - Meat Regs (1996/199)
- Animal Products Act (1999)
- · ANZFSA?





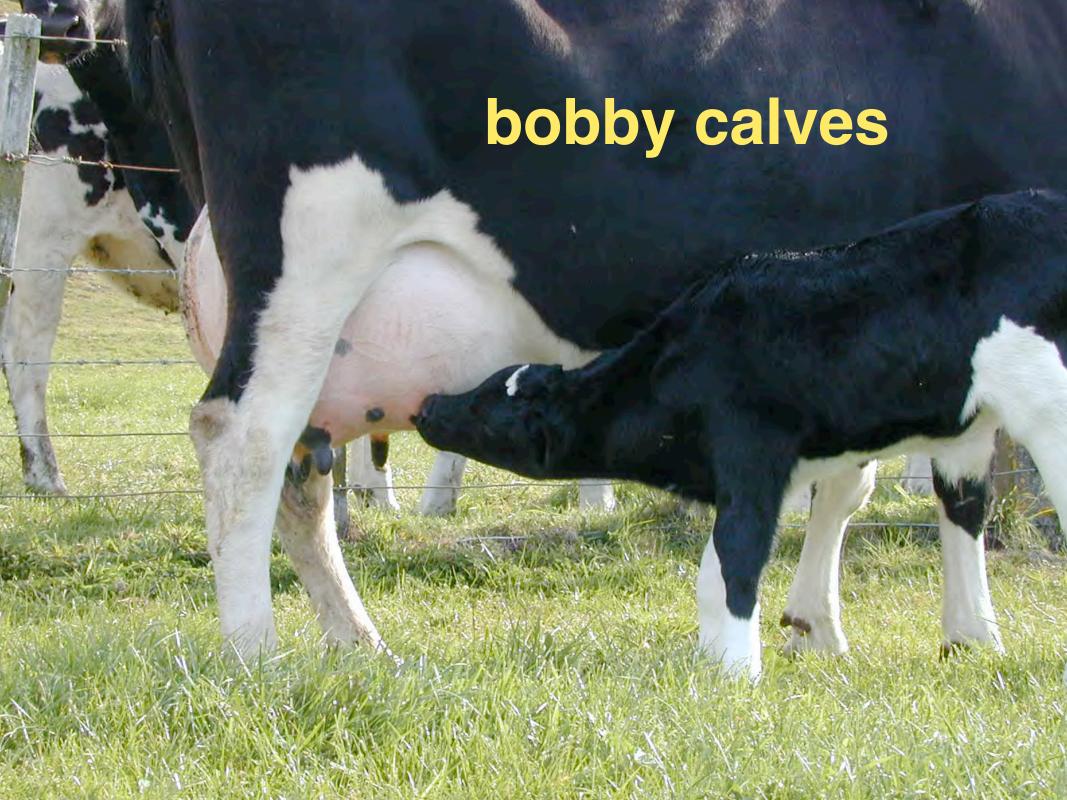
# sort of banned in NZ

- chloramphenicol
- colchicine
- chloroform
- nitrofurans
- nitroimidazoles
- chlorpromazine
- dapsone
- phenylbutazone
- dipyrone
- arsenilic acid
- nadrolone

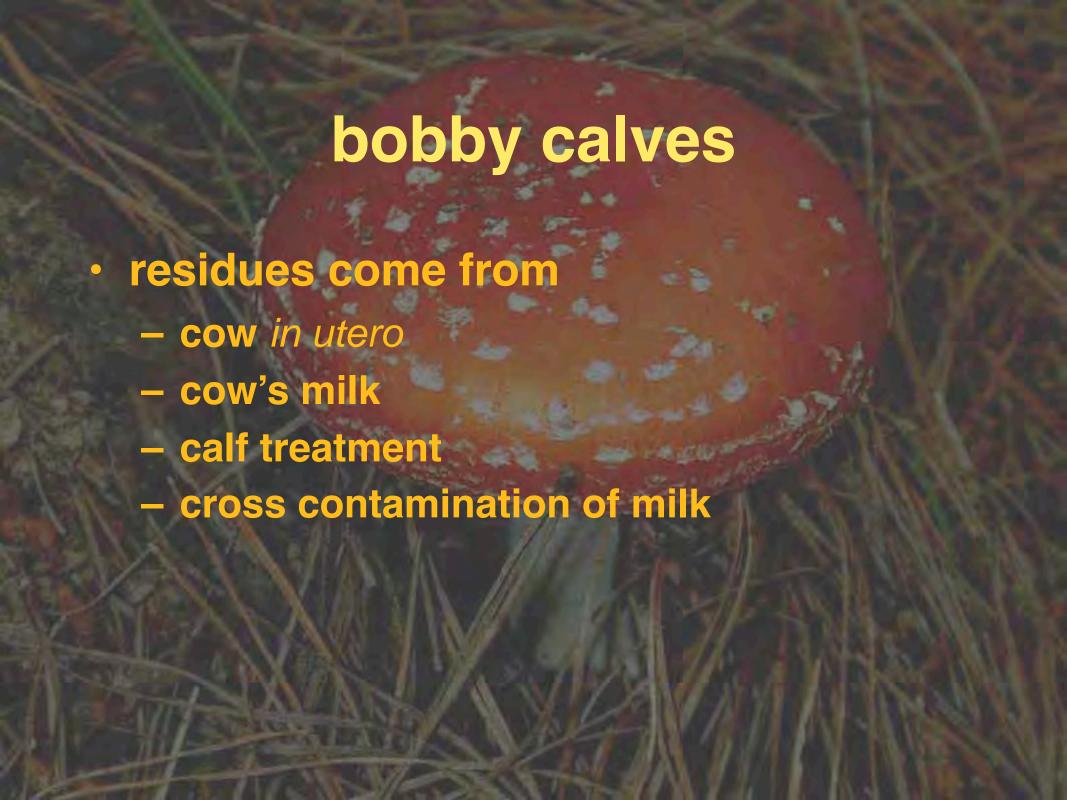


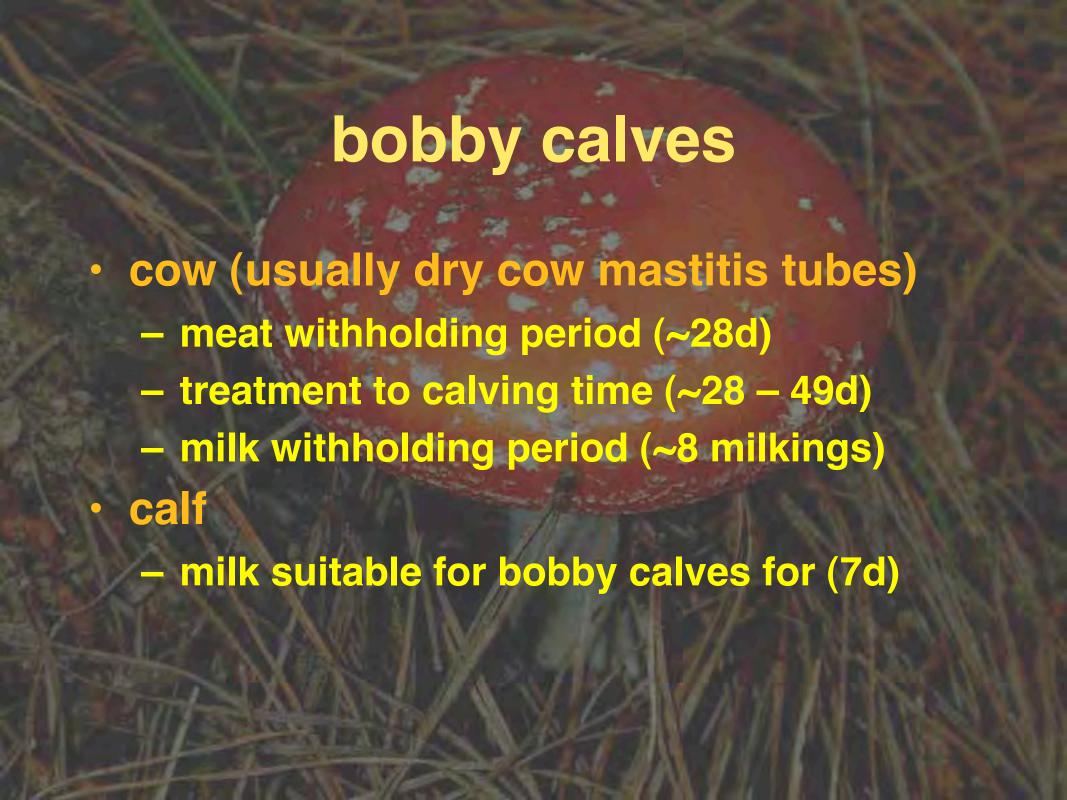
# banned drugs in USA

- chloramphenicol
- clenbuterol
- stilboestrol
- nitroimidazoles
- nitrofurans
- fluoroquinolones \*
- glycopeptides
- sulphonamides \*













# withholding times

- label procaine penicillin injection 48 hours
- label procaine penicillin intramammary
  - 108 hours
- combined WHT?
- benzylpenicillin t<sub>1/2</sub> < 1 hour</li>
- milk: plasma 0.2



- NZ's export trade relies on residue free products
- follow the instructions on the label or be prepared to justify yourself in court
- always make sure that the farmer knows the withholding time
- know your pharmacokinetics!