

# PLURALSIGHT

## Git Version Control Strategy

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### **Use Case**

Design a version control strategy using Git? Describe your approach for branching, merging, and handling different releases.



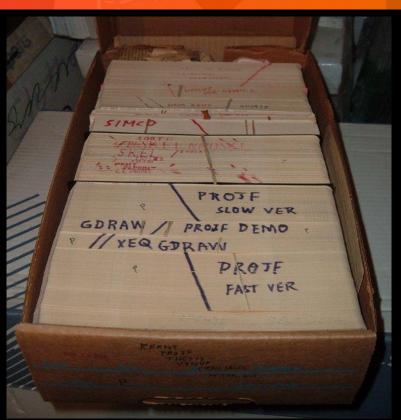
## **Version Control Strategy**

- A systematic approach to managing code changes.
- Helps teams collaborate efficiently.
- Maintains project stability and history.

# How Project are managed before version

control

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Name ^	Date Modified	Size	Kind	
inal-project.doc	Nov 23, 2014, 9:00AM	58KB	Word	
inal-project-v2.doc	Nov 30, 2014, 8:12PM	55KB	Word	
inal-project-v2-update.doc	Dec 15, 2014, 2:50PM	57KB	Word	
final-project-v2-FINAL.doc	Jan 04, 2015, 4:42AM	57KB	Word	
a final-project-v2-FINALFINAL.doc	Jan 17, 2015, 5:00PM	55KB	Word	

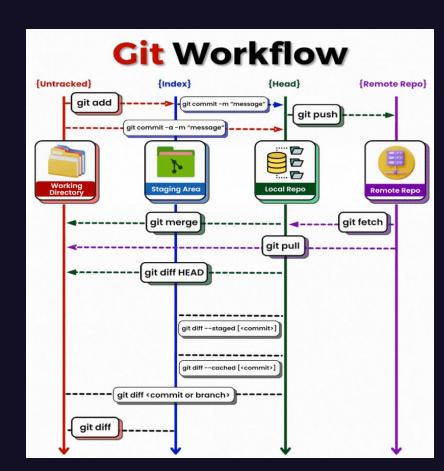


## Why It is Important

- No Code Tracking
- No History
- Merge Conflicts
- No Accountability
- Collaboration Issues

### **Git Workflow**

- Modify files in your working directory.
- Stage files, adding snapshots of them to your staging area.
- Commit changes to the Local Repository with git commit.
- Sync changes with the Remote Repository using git push.

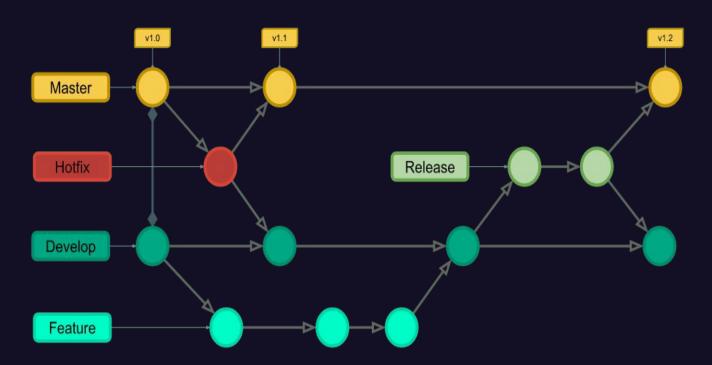


## **Branching Strategy**

A branching strategy defines how branches are used to manage code development and collaboration in a Git repository.

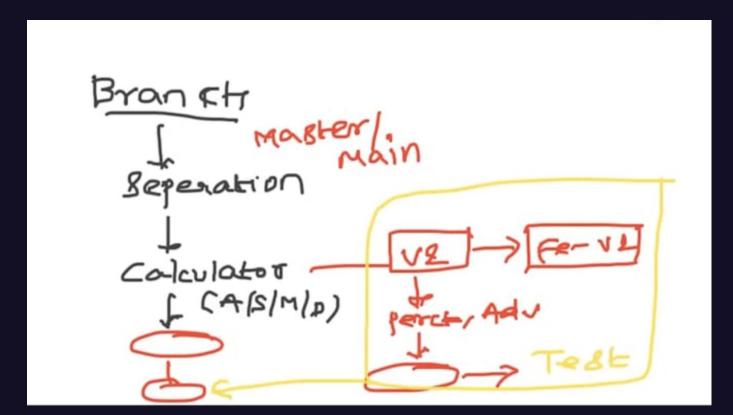
#### **Common Git Branches:**

- Main/Master
- Develop
- Feature Branch
- Release Branch
- Hotfix Branch



## **Example**

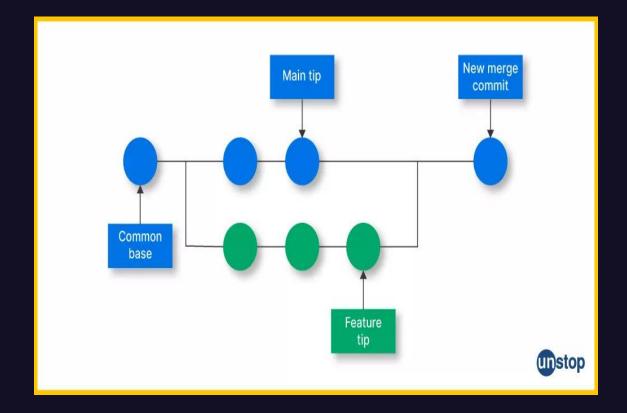
Branches - Master, Develop, Feature, Release, Hotfix



## **Merging Strategies**

#### Various ways of merging in Git

- Fast Forward
- Squash
- Rebase and merge
- Three way merge



## **Fast Forward Merge**



It will just shift the master HEAD

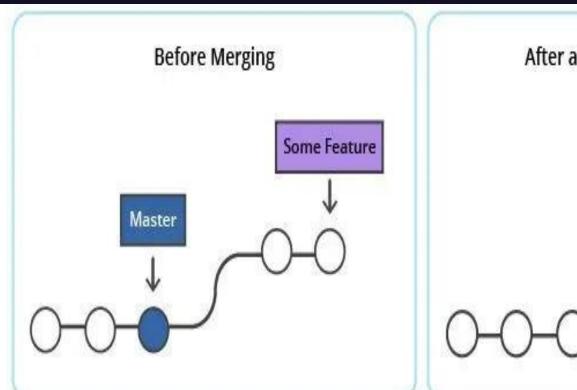


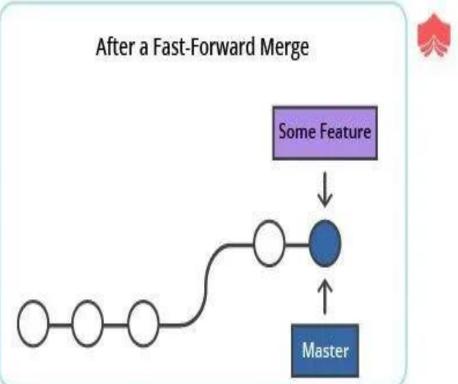
Happens when there are no commits on the base branch since the feature branch was created

Simply moves the pointer forward without creating a new commit.

Advantage: It keeps the history clean and linear.

## **Example Scenario**





## **Squash Merge**

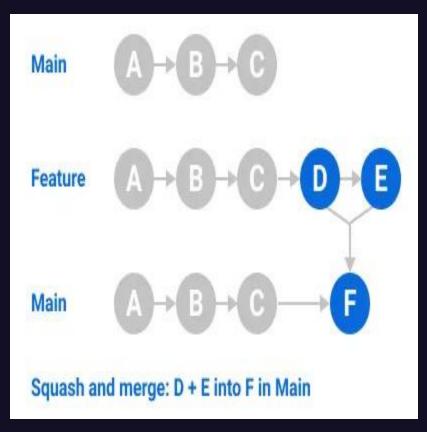
- Combines all changes from a branch into a single commit before merging.
- Useful for keeping commit history clean.

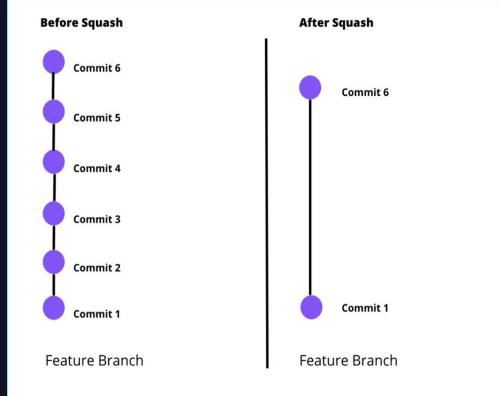
### What is squash on merge?

It will compact feature commits into one before merging



## **Example Scenario**





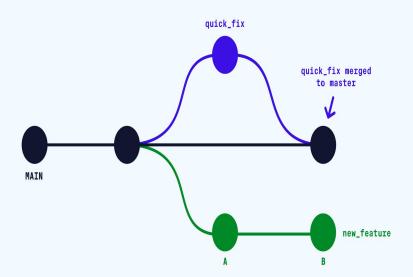
## **Rebase and Merge**

- Replays commits from one branch onto another, then merges.
- Avoids merge commits and maintains a linear history.

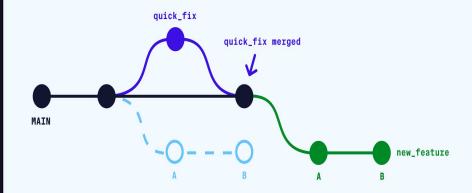


## **Example Scenario**

### **Before Rebase**

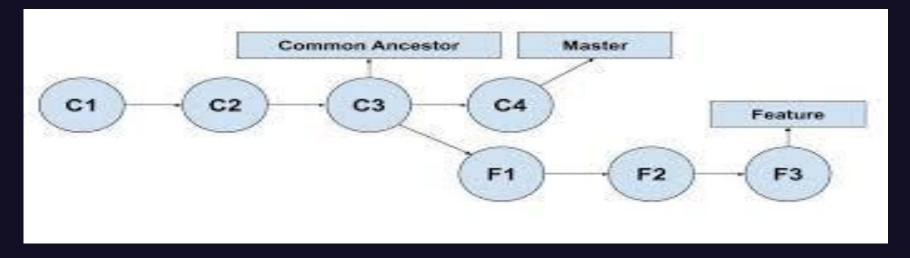


#### **After Rebase**



## **Three way Merge**

- Three-Way Merge combines changes from two branches.
- Compares both branches to a common ancestor (version of the main branch from when you originally created the feature branch).
- **Resolves conflicts** if the same code is changed in both branches.

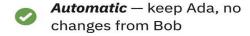


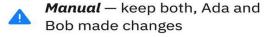
## **Example Scenario**

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13	<ul><li><ul class="animals"></ul></li></ul>	13	<ul class="animals"></ul>	1	3 <ul class="animals"></ul>
14	<li>Mouse</li>	14	<li>Moose</li>	1	4 <li>Moose</li>
15	<li>Cat</li>	15	<li>Cat</li>	1	5 <li>Cat</li>
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13	<ul><li><ul class="animals"></ul></li></ul>			
14	<li>Mouse</li>			
15	<li>Cat</li>			
16	<li>Horse</li>			
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#### CONFLICT RESOLUTION





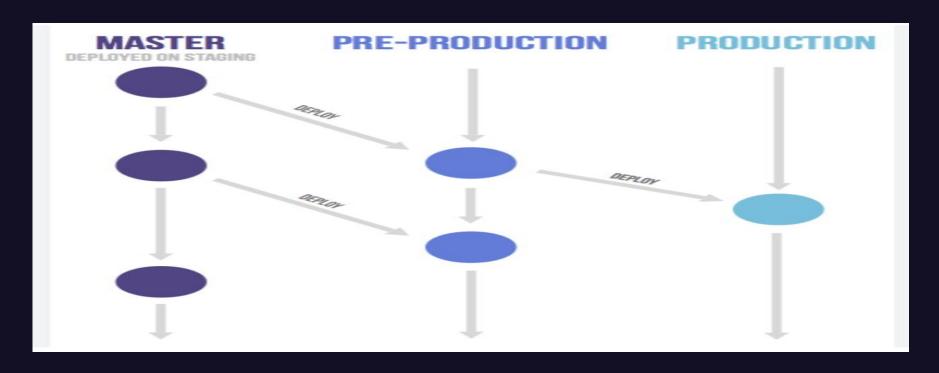
@Stjaertfena | git-init.com

## **Release Approaches**

- GitLab Flow
- Trunk-Based Development
- Git Flow

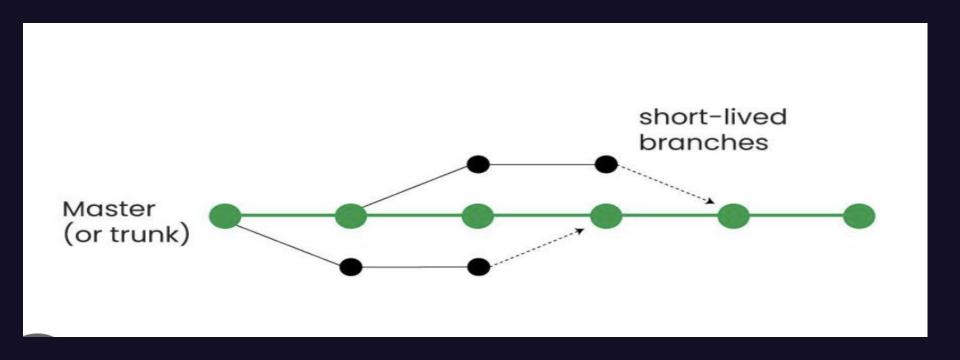
## **Gitlab Flow Approach**

Branches - Master, Pre-production, Production.



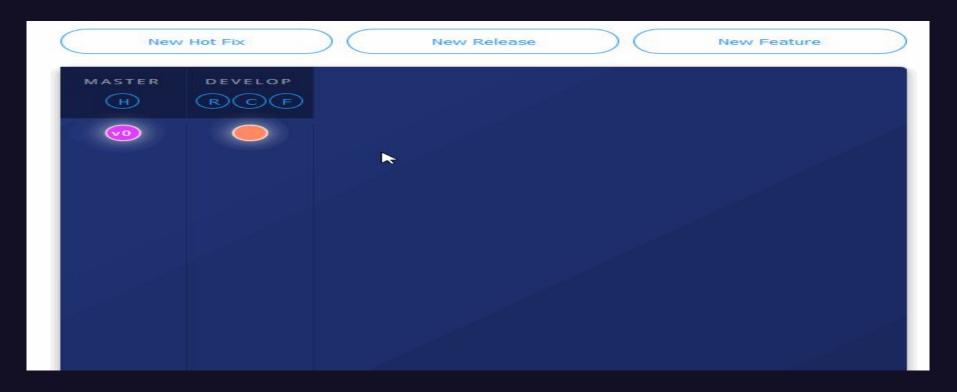
## **Trunk-Based Approach**

Branches - Single main branch (trunk).



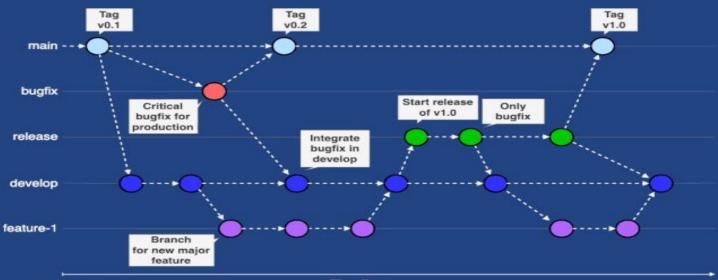
## **Git Flow Approach**

Branches - Master, Develop, Feature, Release, Hotfix



## **Best Approach**

#### GitFlow Workflow

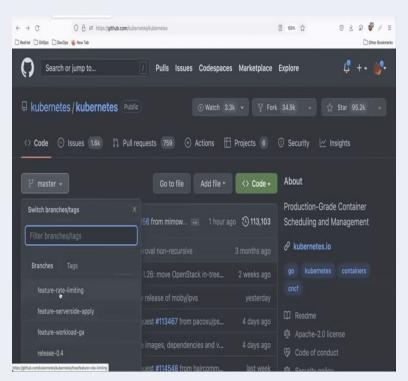


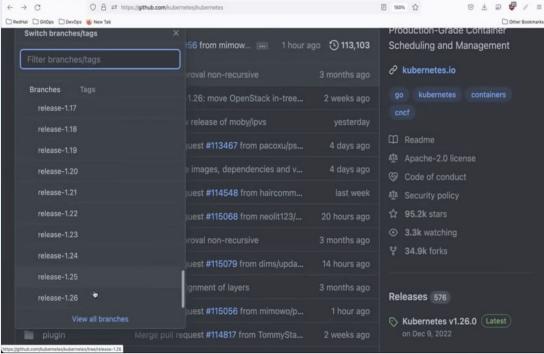


Luca Gubler devnet-academy.com Timeline

### **Example - Git Flow**

#### Branches - Master, Develop, Feature, Release, Hotfix







# Thank You