## MATH-3012-D HW 07

## Vidit Dharmendra Pokharna

TOTAL POINTS

## 29 / 30

QUESTION 1

1 Q1 9 / 10

**√ + 5 pts** (*d*) correct

√ + 4 pts (a) partial credit

QUESTION 2

2 Q2 10 / 10

**√ + 10 pts** *correct* 

QUESTION 3

3 C 10 / 10

✓ - 0 pts Correct

1. (c)  $1+\frac{(-a)x}{11}+\frac{(a^2)x^2}{21}+\frac{(-a^3)x^3}{21}+...=e^{-ax}$ 9.4 (d) 1+ \(\frac{a^2x}{1!} + \frac{a^4x}{2!} + \cdots = e^{a^2x} (e)  $a + \frac{a^3x}{1!} + \frac{a^5x^2}{2!} + \dots = a(1 + \frac{a^2x}{1!} + \frac{a^4x^2}{2!} + \dots) = ae^{ax}$ (4)  $0+\frac{x}{1!}+\frac{2\cdot 2x}{2!}+\frac{3\cdot 2x}{3!}+\dots = x(1+\frac{2x}{1!}+\frac{4x^2}{2!}+\frac{8x^3}{3!}+\dots)$ 2. (a) 3,9,27,..., 3n+1 (b) 3, 24, 138, ...,  $6(5^n) - 3(2^n)$ (c)  $\chi^2 \rightarrow 2\frac{\chi^2}{21}$ (d)  $-3x^{3} \rightarrow -18\frac{x^{3}}{21}$ ,  $5x^{2} \rightarrow 10\frac{x^{2}}{21}$ ,  $7x \rightarrow 7\frac{x^{2}}{10}$ 1,2+7,4+10,8 18,16; 32,64. 1,9,14,-10,16,32,64...,2" (e)  $\frac{1}{1-x} = \frac{1}{1+x} + \frac{2}{x} + \frac{3}{x^2 + x^2 + x^2$ 171. X , X + 1. X , X 3 2. X , X 3 + 6. X 3 01,11, 2, 3!, 4!,... 1, 1, 2, 6, 24, ..., n! (f)  $\frac{3}{1-2x} = 3+6x+12x^2+24x^3+...$   $3\cdot x^0+6x^1+24\cdot x^2+144\frac{x^3}{3!}$ 4,7,25,145, 1.t, (1+ 3.2n.n!)

6. (a)(i) 
$$H \rightarrow (1+x)$$
  $A \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x^2}{21})$ 
 $W \rightarrow (1+x)$   $T \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x^2}{21})$ 
 $g(x) = (1+x)^2(1+x+\frac{x^2}{21})^2$ 
 $(11) M \rightarrow (1+x)$   $S \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x^2}{21}+\frac{x^3}{31}+\frac{x^4}{41})$ 
 $T \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x^2}{31}+\frac{x^3}{31}+\frac{x^4}{41})$   $P \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x^2}{31}+\frac{x^3}{41}+\frac{x^4}{41})$ 
 $g(x) = (1+x)(1+x+\frac{x^2}{21})$   $G \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x^2}{31})$   $R \rightarrow (1+x)$   $G \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x^2}{21})$   $G \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x^2}{21})$   $G \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x^2}{21})$   $G \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x^2}{21})$   $G \rightarrow (1+x)$   $G \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x^2}{21})$   $G \rightarrow (1+x+\frac{x$ 

 $cvef(\frac{x^{20}}{20!})$  in  $q(x) = 4^{20} - 2 \cdot 3^{18} \cdot \frac{20!}{18!} + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 2^{16} \cdot \frac{20!}{16!} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1^{14} \cdot \frac{20!}{14!}$ =420-2.318.20.19+3.216.20.19.18.17-2.20.19.18.17.16.15 (c)  $g(x) = (e^{x} - \frac{x^{3}}{3!})^{4} = e^{4x} - 4e^{3x}(\frac{x^{3}}{5}) + 6e^{2x}(\frac{x^{3}}{5})^{2} - 4e^{x}(\frac{x^{3}}{5})^{3} + (\frac{x^{3}}{5})^{4}$  $coef(\frac{x^{20}}{20!})$  in  $g(x) = 4^{20} - \frac{2}{3} \cdot 3^{17} \cdot 20! + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 2^{14} \cdot 20! - \frac{1}{54} \cdot 1^{11} \cdot 20!$ = 420 = 2.317.20.19.18+ 2.214.20.19.18.17.16.15- 20.19.18.17.16.15.14.13 (d)  $g(x) = (e^{x})^{3}(1+\frac{1}{2!}) = e^{3x} + \frac{1}{2}e^{3x^{2}}$   $coef(x^{20}/20!)$  in  $g(x) = 3^{20} + \frac{1}{2}\cdot 3^{18}\cdot \frac{20!}{18!} = 3^{20} + \frac{1}{2}\cdot 3^{18}\cdot 20\cdot 19$ 1. (a)  $x^2-5x-6=(x-6)(x+1)$   $q_0=1=s+t$  $a_n = s(-1)^n + t(6)^n$ a,=3=-S+6+ an= -3/7(-1)"+4/7(6)", nz0 (h)  $2x^2 - 11x + 5 = (2x - 6)(x - 5)$   $q_0 = 2 = 5 + t$   $q_1 = 5(\frac{1}{2})^n + t(5)^n$   $q_1 = -8 = \frac{1}{2}s + 5t$ an=4(1/2) n-2(5), n20 (6)  $x^2 - 6x + 9 = (x-3)^2$  $x^{2}-6x+9=(x-3)^{2}$   $q_{0}=5=5$   $q_{n}=s(3)^{n}+t_{n}(3)^{n}/q_{i}=12=3s+3t$  $a_n = 5(3)^n + n(3)^n = (3)^n (5-n), n \ge 0$ 

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## 1 Q1 9 / 10

**√ + 5 pts** (*d*) correct

√ + 4 pts (a) partial credit

 $cvef(\frac{x^{20}}{20!})$  in  $q(x) = 4^{20} - 2 \cdot 3^{18} \cdot \frac{20!}{18!} + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 2^{16} \cdot \frac{20!}{16!} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1^{14} \cdot \frac{20!}{14!}$ =420-2.318.20.19+3.216.20.19.18.17-2.20.19.18.17.16.15 (c)  $g(x) = (e^{x} - \frac{x^{3}}{3!})^{4} = e^{4x} - 4e^{3x}(\frac{x^{3}}{5}) + 6e^{2x}(\frac{x^{3}}{5})^{2} - 4e^{x}(\frac{x^{3}}{5})^{3} + (\frac{x^{3}}{5})^{4}$  $coef(\frac{x^{20}}{20!})$  in  $g(x) = 4^{20} - \frac{2}{3} \cdot 3^{17} \cdot 20! + \frac{1}{6} \cdot 2^{14} \cdot 20! - \frac{1}{54} \cdot 1^{11} \cdot 20!$ = 420 = 2.317.20.19.18+ 2.214.20.19.18.17.16.15- 20.19.18.17.16.15.14.13 (d)  $g(x) = (e^{x})^{3}(1+\frac{1}{2!}) = e^{3x} + \frac{1}{2}e^{3x^{2}}$   $coef(x^{20}/20!)$  in  $g(x) = 3^{20} + \frac{1}{2}\cdot 3^{18}\cdot \frac{20!}{18!} = 3^{20} + \frac{1}{2}\cdot 3^{18}\cdot 20\cdot 19$ 1. (a)  $x^2-5x-6=(x-6)(x+1)$   $q_0=1=s+t$  $a_n = s(-1)^n + t(6)^n$ a,=3=-S+6+ an= -3/7(-1)"+4/7(6)", nz0 (h)  $2x^2 - 11x + 5 = (2x - 6)(x - 5)$   $q_0 = 2 = 5 + t$   $q_1 = 5(\frac{1}{2})^n + t(5)^n$   $q_1 = -8 = \frac{1}{2}s + 5t$ an=4(1/2) n-2(5), n20 (6)  $x^2 - 6x + 9 = (x-3)^2$  $x^{2}-6x+9=(x-3)^{2}$   $q_{0}=5=5$   $q_{n}=s(3)^{n}+t_{n}(3)^{n}/q_{i}=12=3s+3t$  $a_n = 5(3)^n + n(3)^n = (3)^n (5-n), n \ge 0$ 

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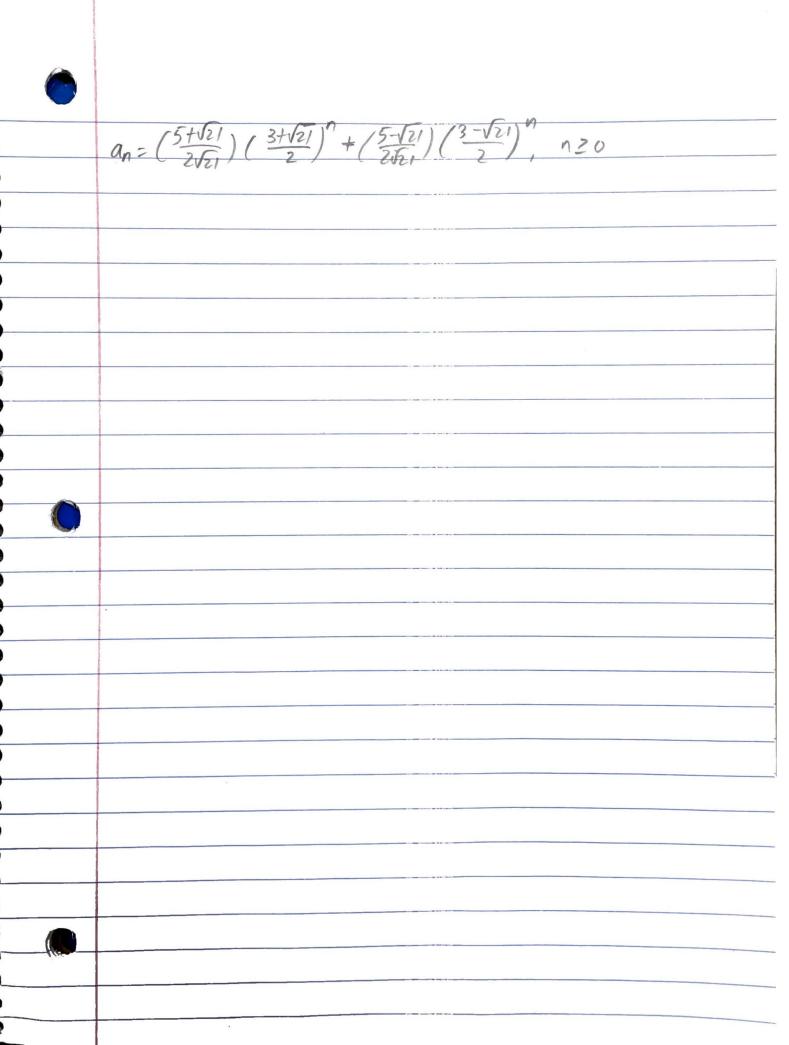
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(e) 
$$\chi^{2}+2\chi+2=(\chi-(-1+i))(\chi-(-1-i))$$
 $-1-i=\sqrt{2}(\cos(\frac{57}{4})+i\sin(\frac{57}{4}))=\sqrt{2}(\cos(\frac{57}{4})-i\sin(\frac{27}{4}))$ 
 $-1+i=\sqrt{2}(\cos(\frac{57}{4})+i\sin(\frac{57}{4}))$ 
 $0_{n}=(\sqrt{2})^{n}(\sec(\frac{377}{4})+i\sin(\frac{577}{4}))$ 
 $0_{n}=(\sqrt{2})^{n}(\sec(\frac{377}{4})+i\sin(\frac{577}{4}))$ 
 $0_{n}=(\sqrt{2})^{n}(\cos(\frac{377}{4})+i\sin(\frac{377}{4}))$ 
 $0_{n}=(\sqrt{2})^{n}(\cos(\frac{377}{4})+4\sin(\frac{377}{4}))$ 
 $0_{n}=(\sqrt{2})^{n}(\cos(\frac{377}{4})+3\sin(\frac{377}{4}))$ 
 $0_{n}=(\sqrt{2})^{n}(\cos(\frac{377}{4})+3\sin(\frac{377}{4})$ 
 $0_{n}=(\sqrt{2})^{n}(\cos(\frac{377}{4})+3\cos(\frac{377}{4})$ 
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 $0_{n}=(\sqrt{2})^{n}(\cos(\frac{377}{4})+3\cos(\frac{377}{4})$ 
 $0_{n}=(\sqrt{2})^{n}(\cos(\frac{377}{$ 

(5-t)(V21)=5

5-t=5/\(\frac{5}{21}\) = \(\frac{5+\lambda\_2}{2\lambda\_2}\), \(t=\frac{5-\lambda\_2}{2\lambda\_2}\)



2 Q2 10 / 10

√ + 10 pts correct

3 C 10 / 10

**√ - 0 pts** Correct