



# Converting addresses to coordinates



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# Addresses are messy

Street addresses are extremely messy and very *human* datasets.

Addresses can refer to many different things:

- A building
- A floor in a building
- A collection of buildings
- A city/town/province or other region

Additionally:

- Addresses are often incomplete
- Addresses vary significantly internationally



# Geocoding: Forwards & Reverse

Geocoding is the process of converting between addresses and geographic coordinates.

- **Forward geocoding** *attempts* to convert an address into coordinates.
- **Reverse geocoding** *attempts* to convert coordinates into an address.



# Geocoding packages

There are **several** packages that provide geocoding services - because there are multiple **commercial** geocoding services.





# { ggmaps }

Before June 2018 the most obvious and best package for geocoding was { ggmaps }:

- It used Google's industry leading Google Maps API
- It was free and easy to use



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Nowadays you **must** provide Google with your **credit card details** to use this service.

- Currently you are provided \$200 free credits per month
- Refer to Google's pricing pages for up to date details: [cloud.google.com/maps-platform/pricing](https://cloud.google.com/maps-platform/pricing)



# { tidygeocoder }


I strongly recommend using {tidygeocoder} for all your forward geocoding needs.

The package rolls together a total of **four** different geocoding services - but we only care about two of them.





# { tidygeocoder }

Geocoding service	Requires billing details?	Details
<b>LocationIQ</b>	×	The free tier allows 5,000 requests/day and can be used commercially.
 <b>OpenStreetMap</b>	×	OpenStreetMap provide an always free geocoding service called <b>Nominatim</b> . It's <b>not</b> designed for commercial usage, see the <a href="#">Usage Policy</a> for more details.



# My Turn

I'll import and geocode the addresses in the UK Addresses tab of our Excel file.



# (RSTUDIO CODING SLIDE)



# Environmental Variables

One of the most flexible ways to **permanently** store API keys on your machine.

The file is most easily manipulated with the `{usethis}` package:

```
usethis::edit_r_environ()
```



# .Renviron

Variables are stored in the file as key-value pairs:

```
LOCATIONIQ_API_KEY=KEY  
OTHER_API_KEY=KEY
```

The file **must** end with an empty line **or it won't work**.



# (RSTUDIO CODING SLIDE)



# Your Turn

Convert the addresses in the "International Addresses" worksheet into coordinates and visualise them.

1. Import the "International Addresses" worksheet
2. Re-use the `mutate(across(...))` code to remove NA values
3. Combine together `address_line_1`, `address_line_2`, `address_line_3` into `full_address`
4. Use `geocode()` to convert the addresses into coordinates
5. Visualise the locations with `{mapview}`