Name <sup>1</sup>	Roll No :

#### Paper IV (Robotics) MSG (Computer Science) Semester-I" 2022-23

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# PRACTICAL 1A

**AIM**: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITH GEAR AND MOVE IT FORWARD, LEFT, RIGHT.

# Description:

## 1] NxtRobot() -

Class that represents a simulated NXT robot brick. Parts (e.g. motors, sensors) may be assembled into the robot to make it doing the desired job.

## 2] Gear() -

Creates a gear instance with right motor plugged into port A, left motor plugged into port B.

## 3] addPart(Part) -

Assembles the given part into the robot.

## 4] setSpeed(int) -

Sets the speed to the given value (arbitrary units).

## 5] forward() -

Starts the forward movement.

```
6] left() -
```

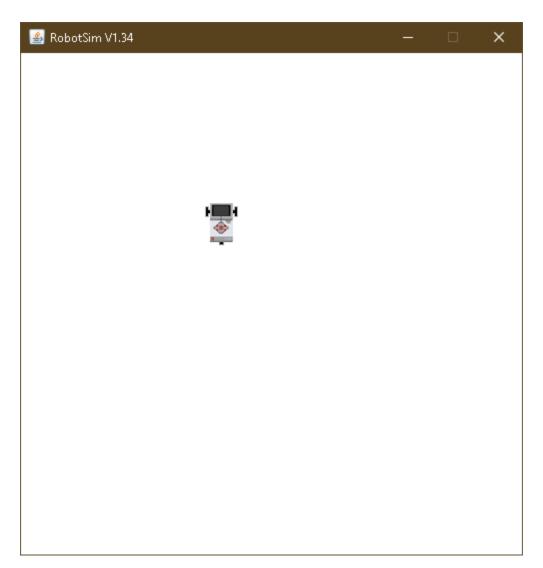
Starts to rotate left (center of rotation at middle of the wheel axes).

# 7] right() -

Starts to rotate right (center of rotation at middle of the wheel axes).

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_1a {
    Prac_1a(){
        NxtRobot robot = new NxtRobot();
        Gear g = new Gear();
        robot.addPart(g);
        g.setSpeed(100);
        g.forward(500);
        g.forward(500);
        g.right(250);
        g.forward(500);
    }
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        new Prac_1a();
    }
}
```

```
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}
}
```



# PRACTICAL 1B

**AIM**: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITHOUT GEAR AND MOVE IT FORWARD, LEFT, RIGHT.

# Description:

TurtleRobot() -

Creates a turtle robot instance.

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_1b {
    Prac_1b(){
        TurtleRobot t = new TurtleRobot();
        t.forward(100);
        t.left(90);
        t.forward(100);
        t.right(90);
        t.forward(100);
}

public static void main (String[] args) {
        new Prac_1b();
}
```

```
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}
}
```



r.addPart(m2);

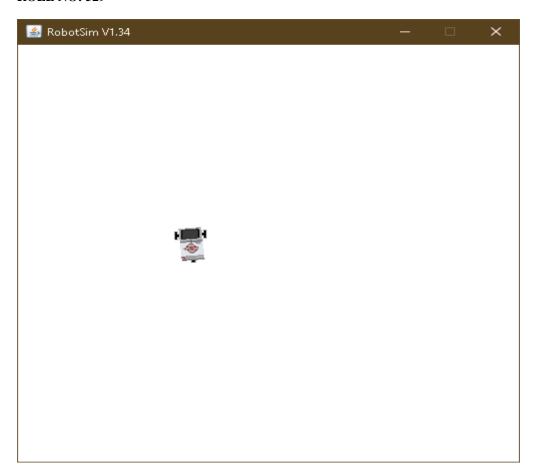
# PRACTICAL 2

**AIM**: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITH 2 MOTORS AND MOVE IT FORWARD, LEFT, RIGHT.

```
DESC:
1] Motor() -
Creates a motor instance that is plugged into given port.
2] Tools.delay() -
      Suspends execution of the current thread for the given amount of
      time.
3] stop() -
Stops the rotation.
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_2 {
  Prac_2(){
    NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot();
    Motor m1 = new Motor(MotorPort.A);
    Motor m2 = new Motor(MotorPort.B);
    r.addPart(m1);
```

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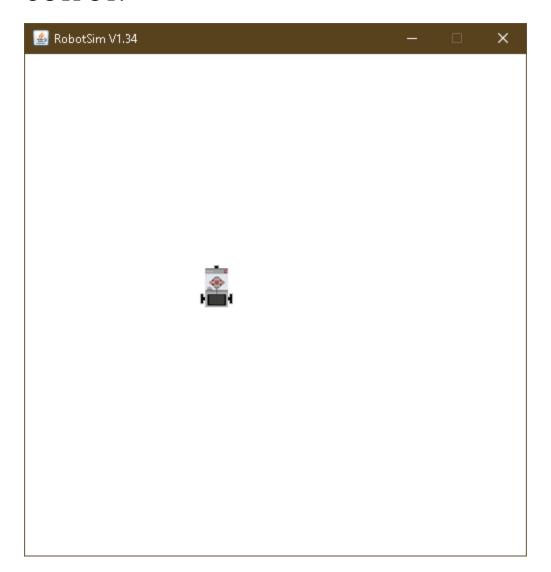
```
m1.forward();
Tools.delay(1090);
m2.forward();
Tools.delay(1090);
m1.stop();
m2.forward();
Tools.delay(1090);
m1.forward();
m1.stop();
m2.stop();
}
public static void main(String args[]){
    new Prac_2();
}
```



# PRACTICAL 3

**AIM**: WRITE A PROGRAM TO DO A SQUARE USING A WHILE LOOP.

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_3 {
  Prac_3(){
    NxtRobot robot = new NxtRobot();
    Gear g = new Gear();
    robot.addPart(g);
    g.setSpeed(100);
    while (true){
       g.forward(600);
       g.left(280);
     }
  }
  public static void main (String[] args) {
    new Prac_3();
```



# **PRACTICAL 4**

**AIM**: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITH LIGHT SENSORS TO FOLLOW A LINE.

# Description:

1] RobotContext() -

Creates a RobotContext instance.

2] setStartPosition(int, int) –

Sets the Nxt starting position (x-y-coordinates 0..500, origin at upper left).

3] useBackground(String) –

Use the given image as background (playground size 501 x 501).

4] LegoRobot() –

Creates a robot with its playground using defaults from RobotContext.

5] LightSensor(SensorPort) -

Creates a sensor instance pointing downwards connected to the given port.

6] getValue() –

For sensor ports 1, 2, 3, 4: returns the brightness of the background at the current location.

7] leftArc() –

Starts to move to the left on an arc with given radius.

```
8] rightArc() -
```

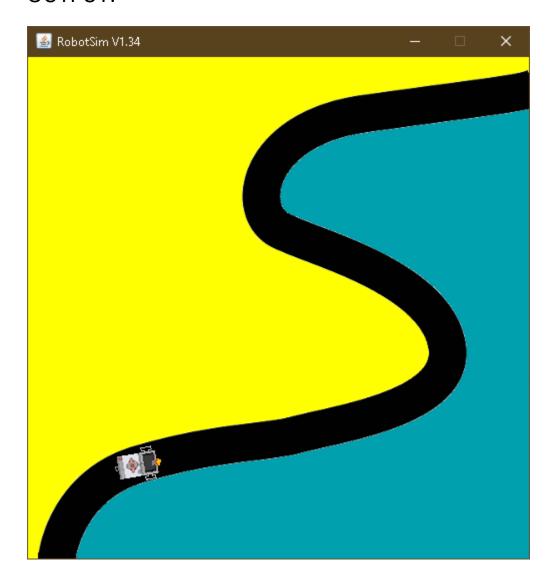
Starts to move to the right on an arc with given radius.

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_4 {
  static {
     RobotContext.setStartPosition(32,495);
    RobotContext.useBackground("sprites/road.gif");
   }
  Prac_4(){
    LegoRobot r=new LegoRobot();
    Gear g = new Gear();
    LightSensor ls= new LightSensor(SensorPort.S3);
    r.addPart(g);
    r.addPart(ls);
    g.forward();
    g.setSpeed(50);
    while(true){
       int v =ls.getValue();
       if(v < 100)
         g.forward();
       if(v > 350 \&\& v < 750)
         g.leftArc(0.005);
```

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```
if(v > 800)
    g.rightArc(0.005);
}

public static void main (String args[]){
    new Prac_4();
}
```



# **PRACTICAL 5**

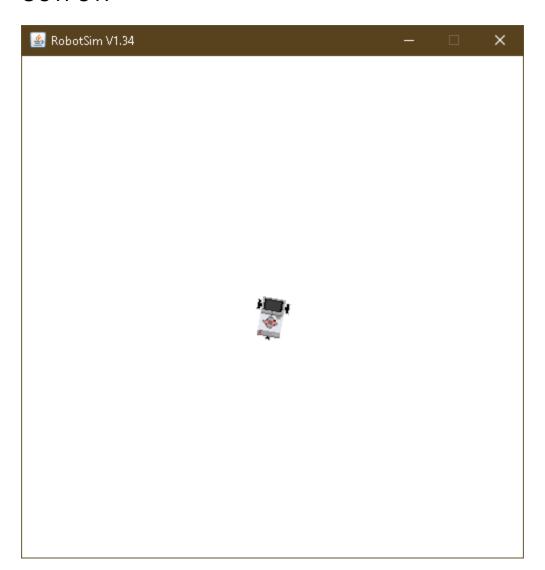
**AIM**: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT THAT DOES A CIRCLE USING 2 MOTORS.

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_5 {
  Prac_5() {
    NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot();
    Motor A = new Motor(MotorPort.A);
    Motor B = new Motor(MotorPort.B);
    r.addPart(B);
    r.addPart(A);
    A.setSpeed(100);
    B.setSpeed(100);
    A.forward();
    B.forward();
    while (true){
      Tools.delay(200);
      A.stop();
      Tools.delay(200);
      A.forward();
```

```
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}

public static void main(String arg[]) {
   new Prac_5();
}
```



# PRACTICAL 6

**AIM**: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A PATH FOLLOWING ROBOT.

# Description:

```
1] setStartDirection(double) -
Sets the Nxt starting direction (zero to EAST).
```

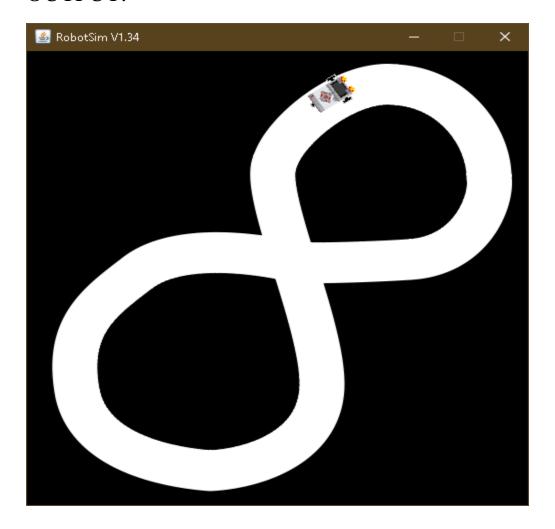
```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_6 {
    Prac_6(){
        NxtRobot robot=new NxtRobot();
        Gear gear=new Gear();
        LightSensor ls1=new LightSensor(SensorPort.S1);
        LightSensor ls2=new LightSensor(SensorPort.S2);
        robot.addPart(gear);
        robot.addPart(ls1);
        robot.addPart(ls2);
        gear.forward();
        gear.setSpeed(100);
        while(true)
```

# VIDYA JETHWA **ROLL NO: 529** int rightValue=ls1.getValue(); int leftValue=ls2.getValue(); if(leftValue < 10) gear.rightArc(0.05); if(rightValue < 10) gear.leftArc(0.05); if(leftValue > 10 && rightValue > 10) gear.forward(); } } public static void main(String args[]) new Prac\_6(); static NxtContext.setStartPosition(267,232); NxtContext.setStartDirection(-90);

NxtContext.useBackground("sprites/path.gif");

}

}



# PRACTICAL 7

AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO RESIST OBSTACLES.

# Description:

1] TouchSensor(SensorPort) -

Creates a sensor instance connected to the given port.

2] isPressed() –

Polls the touch sensor and returns true, if there is a collision with any of the collision obstacles.

3] backward() –

Starts moving backward and returns immediately.

4] useObstacle(Obstacle) –

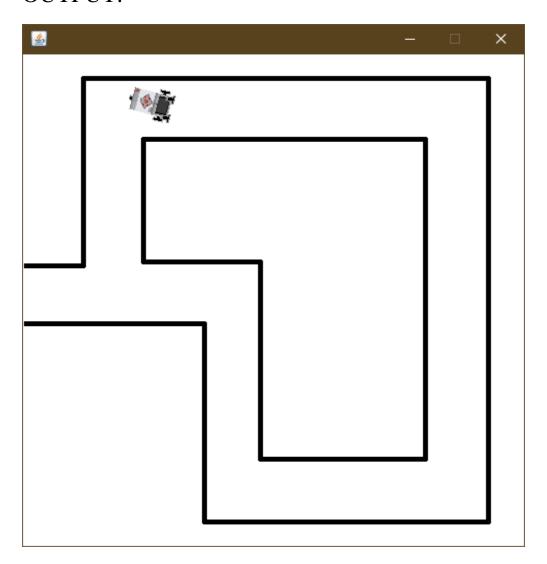
Defines the given obstacle to be used as touch obstacle.

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_7 {
    Prac_7(){
        LegoRobot r=new LegoRobot();
        Gear g = new Gear();
```

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```
TouchSensor t1= new TouchSensor(SensorPort.S1);
TouchSensor t2 = new TouchSensor(SensorPort.S2);
r.addPart(g);
r.addPart(t1);
r.addPart(t2);
g.forward();
g.setSpeed(50);
while(true){
  Boolean b1 = t1.isPressed();
  Boolean b2 = t2.isPressed();
  if(b1 && b2){
    g.backward(150);
    g.right(400);
    g.forward();
  }
  if(b1){
    g.backward(150);
    g.left(200);
     g.forward();
  }
  if(b2){
    g.backward(150);
    g.right(200);
    g.forward();
```

# VIDYA JETHWA ROLL NO: 529 } static { RobotContext.setStartPosition(100,250); RobotContext.useObstacle(RobotContext.channel); } public static void main(String args[]){ new Prac\_7(); }



# **PRACTICAL 8**

**AIM**: ULTRASONIC SENSOR.

#### **DESC:**

1] UltrasonicSensor(SensorPort) -

The port selection determines the position of the sensor and the direction of the beam axis.

2] setBeamAreaColor(Color) -

Sets the color of the beam area (two sector border lines and axis).

3] setProximityCircleColor(Color) -

Sets the color of the circle with center at sensor location and radius equals to the current distance value.

4] getDistance() -

Returns the distance to the nearest target object.

5] useTarget(String, Point[], int, int) –

Creates a target for the ultrasonic sensor using the given sprite image.

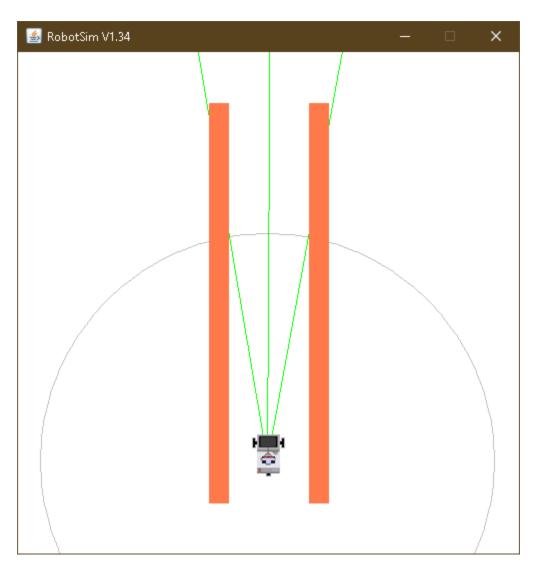
```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
import java.awt.Color;
import java.awt.Point;
public class Prac_8 {
  Prac_8() {
    LegoRobot robot = new LegoRobot();
     Gear gear = new Gear();
     robot.addPart(gear);
     UltrasonicSensor us = new UltrasonicSensor(SensorPort.S1);
     robot.addPart(us);
     us.setBeamAreaColor(Color.green);
     us.setProximityCircleColor(Color.lightGray);
     double arc = 0.5;
     gear.setSpeed(50);
     gear.rightArc(arc);
     boolean isRightArc = true;
    int oldDistance = 0;
     while (true)
     {
      Tools.delay(100);
      int distance = us.getDistance();
      if (distance == -1)
       continue;
```

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```
if (distance < oldDistance)
  {
   if (isRightArc)
   {
    gear.leftArc(arc);
    isRightArc = false;
   }
   else
    gear.rightArc(arc);
    isRightArc = true;
   }
  oldDistance = distance;
static{
Point[] mesh_bar =
  new Point(10, 200), new Point(-10, 200),
  new Point(-10, -200), new Point(10, -200)
 };
 RobotContext.useTarget("sprites/bar1.gif", mesh_bar, 200, 250);
 RobotContext.useTarget("sprites/bar1.gif", mesh_bar, 300, 250);
 RobotContext.setStartPosition(250, 460);
```

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```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    new Prac_8();
}
```



## Assignment 1(A):

**AIM**: Write a program to create a robot to perform rectangular motion using gears

## Description:

## 1] NxtRobot():

Class that represents a simulated NXT robot brick. Parts (e.g. motors, sensors) may be assembled into the robot to make it doing the desired job.

## 2] Gear():

Creates a gear instance with right motor plugged into port A, left motor plugged into port B.

## 3] addPart():

Assembles the given part into the robot.

# 4] setSpeed():

Sets the speed to the given value (arbitrary units).

# 5] forward():

Starts the forward movement for the given duration (in ms) and stops. Method returns at the end of the given duration.

## 6] left():

Starts to rotate left (center of rotation at middle of the wheel axes). Method returns immediately, while the movement continues

# Code:

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.NxtRobot;
import ch.aplu.robotsim.Gear;
public class assignment1A {
  public assignment1A() {
    NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot ();
    Gear g = new Gear();
    r.addPart (g);
    g.setSpeed (100);
    while (true){
       g.forward (800);
       g.left (280);
     }
  }
  public static void main (String [] args){
    new assignment1A ();
  }
}
```

# Output:





# Assignment 1(B):

**AIM**: Write a program to create a robot to perform circular motion using gears

# Description:

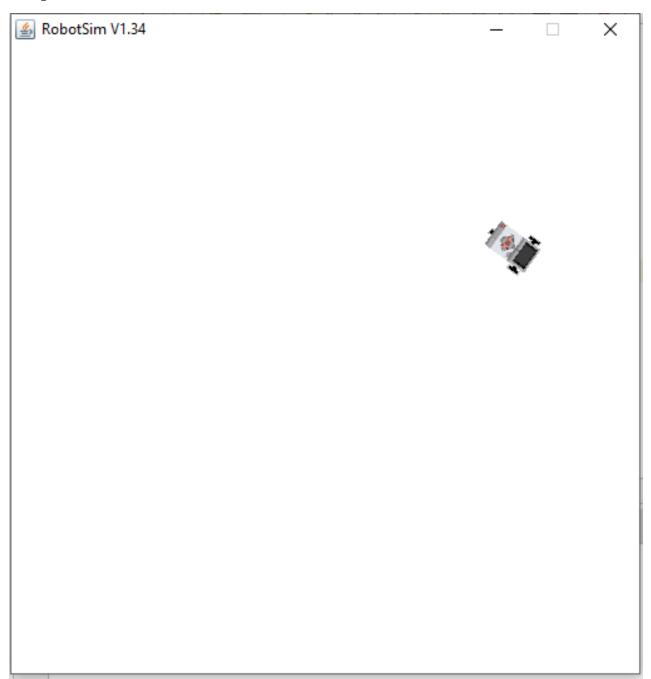
# 1] rightArc():

Starts to move to the right on arc with given radius. Method returns immediately, while the movement continues.

# Code:

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.NxtRobot;
import ch.aplu.robotsim.Gear;
public class assignment1B {
  public assignment1B () {
    NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot ();
    Gear g = new Gear ();
    r.addPart (g);
    g.setSpeed (100);
    while (true) {
       g.rightArc (0.5);
    }
  }
  public static void main (String [] args){
    new assignment1B ();
  }
}
```

# Output:



# Assignment 2 (A):

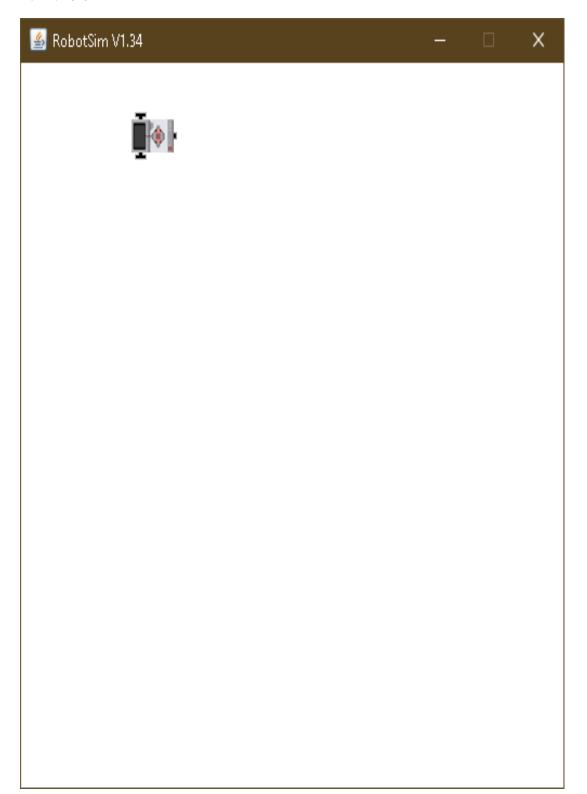
**AIM**: Write a program to create robot to perform a square motion without using gear.

## Code:

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Assignment_2a {
    Assignment_2a () {
        TurtleRobot t = new TurtleRobot ();
        t.setTurtleSpeed (100);
        while (true){
            t.forward(200);
            t.left (90);
        }
    }
    public static void main (String [] args) {
        new Assignment_1a ();
    }
}
```

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Output:



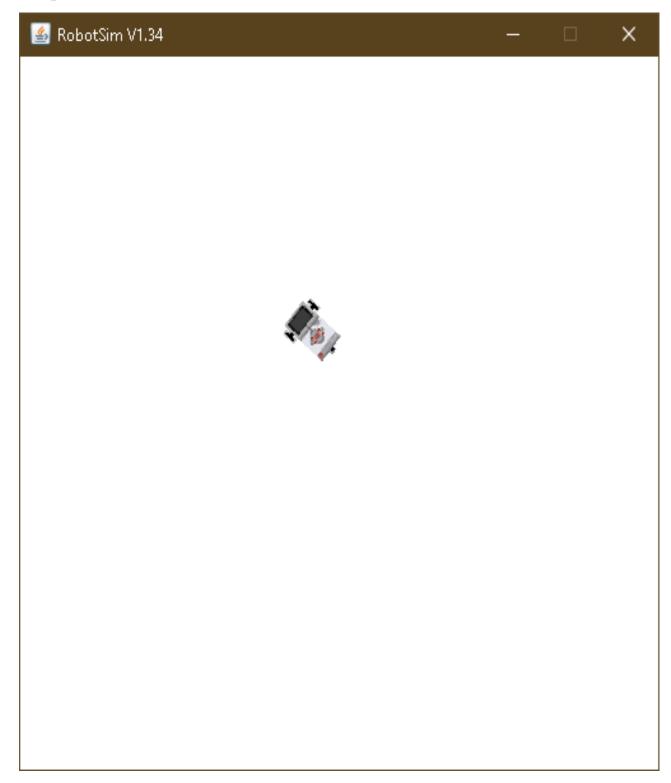
# Assignment 2 (B):

**AIM**: Write a program to create robot to perform a circular motion without using gear.

# Code:

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Assignment_2b {
    Assignment_2b () {
        TurtleRobot t = new TurtleRobot ();
        t.setTurtleSpeed (100);
        while (true) {
            t.forward (2);
            t.left (2);
        }
    }
    public static void main (String [] args) {
        new Assignment_1b ();
    }
}
```

# Output:



## Assignment 3:

**AIM**: Write a program to do a square using while or for loop, change direction based on condition and control motor movement

## Description:

## 1] Motor():

Creates a motor instance that is plugged into given port.

## 2] Tools.delay():

Suspends execution of the current thread for the given amount of time.

#### Code:

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
import java.util.*;
public class assignment2 {
    assignment2 () {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
        NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot ();
        Motor m1 = new Motor (MotorPort.A);
        Motor m2 = new Motor (MotorPort.B);
        r.addPart (m1);
        r.addPart (m2);
        System.out.println ("Enter 1 for left and 2 for right :");
        int direction = sc.nextInt ();
        switch (direction) {
```

public static void main (String args[]){

new assignment2 ();

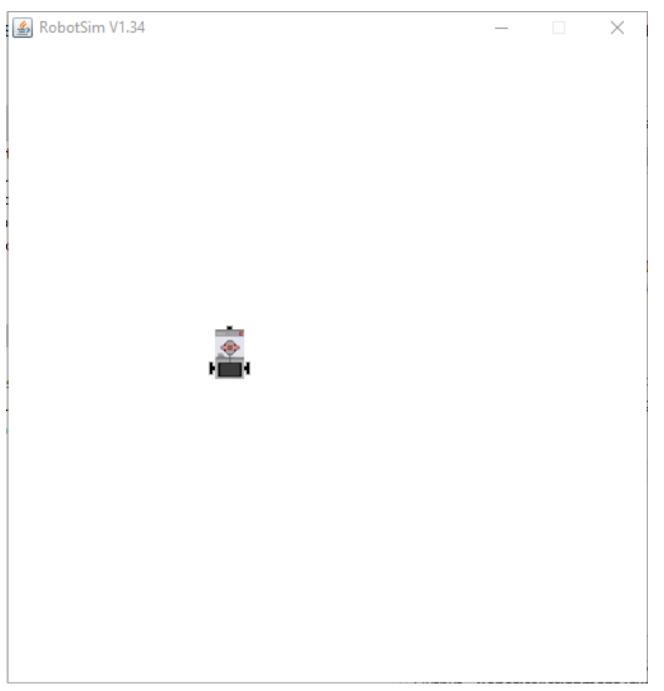
}

}

}

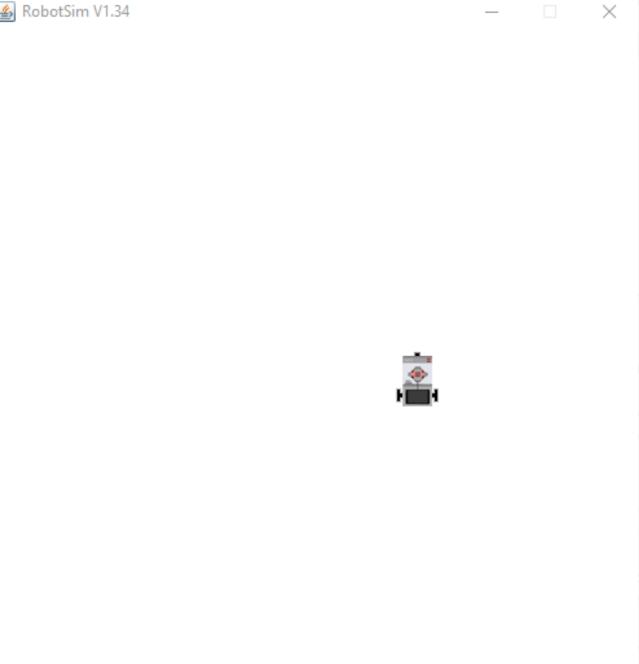
# Output:











```
Output - RoboticsAssignment (run) \,\,	imes\,
Enter 1 for left and 2 for right:
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 1 minute 24 seconds)
0
0
0
0
0
                                                                                              Activate Windows
                                                                                              Go to Settings to activate Windows.
```

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