

Module 4 Gaussian Naive Bayes

```
In [1]: import pandas as p
        from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report, accuracy_score,
```

```
In [2]: import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
In [3]: data = p.read_csv('crop.csv')
```

```
In [4]: df=data.dropna()
```

```
In [5]: df.columns
```

```
Out[5]: Index(['nitrogen', 'phosphorus', 'potassium', 'temperature', 'humidity', 'ph',
              'rainfall', 'label'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [6]: var_mod = ['label']
        le = LabelEncoder()
        for i in var_mod:
            df[i] = le.fit_transform(df[i]).astype(int)
```

```
In [7]: inputs = df.drop(labels='label', axis=1)
        output = df.loc[:, 'label']
```

```
In [8]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(inputs, output, test_size=0.3, r
        print("Number of Training Dataset: ", len(X_train))
        print("Number of Testing Dataset: ", len(X_test))
        print("Total Number of Dataset: ", len(X_train)+len(X_test))
```

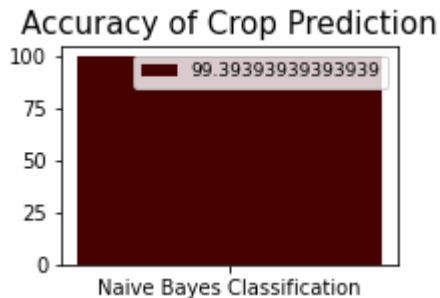
```
Number of Training Dataset: 1540
Number of Testing Dataset: 660
Total Number of Dataset: 2200
```

```
In [9]: #Model Training
        nb = GaussianNB()
        nb.fit(X_train,y_train)
        predicted_nb = nb.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [10]: #Getting Accuracy
        accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test,predicted_nb) # accuracy: (tp + tn) / (p + n)
        print('Accuracy of Naive Bayes is: ',accuracy*100)
```

```
Accuracy of Naive Bayes is: 99.39393939393939
```

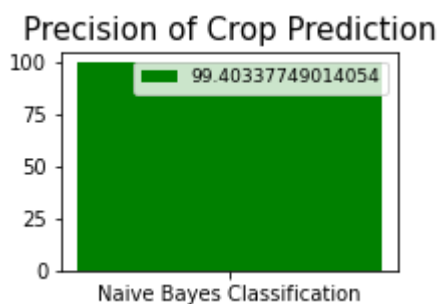
```
In [11]: DT=accuracy.mean() *100
def graph():
    data=[DT]
    alg="Naive Bayes Classification"
    plt.figure(figsize=(3,2))
    b=plt.bar(alg,data,color=("#450000"))
    plt.title("Accuracy of Crop Prediction",fontsize=15)
    plt.legend(b,data,fontsize=9)
graph()
```



```
In [12]: #Getting Precision
precision = precision_score(y_test,predicted_nb,average='weighted') # precision tp /
print('Precision of Naive Bayes is: ',precision*100)
```

Precision of Naive Bayes is: 99.40337749014054

```
In [13]: DT=precision.mean() *100
def graph():
    data=[DT]
    alg="Naive Bayes Classification"
    plt.figure(figsize=(3,2))
    b=plt.bar(alg,data,color=("green"))
    plt.title("Precision of Crop Prediction",fontsize=15)
    plt.legend(b,data,fontsize=9)
graph()
```

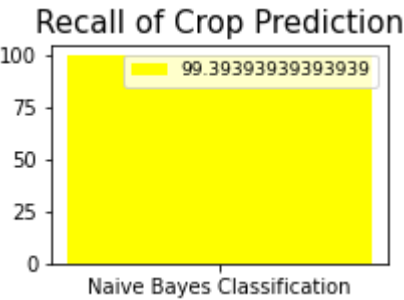


```
In [14]: #Getting Recall
recall = recall_score(y_test,predicted_nb,average='weighted') # recall: tp / (tp + f
print('Recall of Naive Bayes is: ',recall*100)
```

Recall of Naive Bayes is: 99.39393939393939

```
In [15]: DT=recall.mean() *100
def graph():
    data=[DT]
    alg="Naive Bayes Classification"
    plt.figure(figsize=(3,2))
    b=plt.bar(alg,data,color=("yellow"))
```

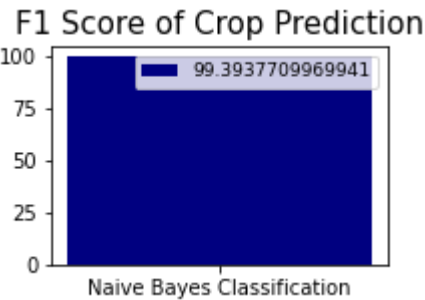
```
plt.title("Recall of Crop Prediction",fontsize=15)
plt.legend(b,data,fontsize=9)
graph()
```



```
In [16]: #Getting F1 Score
f1 = f1_score(y_test,predicted_nb,average='weighted') # f1: 2 tp / (2 tp + fp + fn)
print('F1 Score of Naive Bayes is: ',f1*100)

F1 Score of Naive Bayes is: 99.3937709969941
```

```
In [17]: DT=f1.mean() *100
def graph():
    data=[DT]
    alg="Naive Bayes Classification"
    plt.figure(figsize=(3,2))
    b=plt.bar(alg,data,color=("#000080"))
    plt.title("F1 Score of Crop Prediction",fontsize=15)
    plt.legend(b,data,fontsize=9)
graph()
```



```
In [18]: #Classification Report
cr = classification_report(y_test,predicted_nb)
print('Classification report\n',cr)
```

Classification report				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
2	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
3	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
4	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
5	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
6	0.97	1.00	0.98	30
7	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
8	0.97	0.93	0.95	30
9	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
10	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
11	1.00	0.97	0.98	30
12	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
13	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
14	1.00	1.00	1.00	30

15	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
16	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
17	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
18	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
19	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
20	0.94	0.97	0.95	30
21	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
accuracy			0.99	660
macro avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	660
weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	660

In [19]:

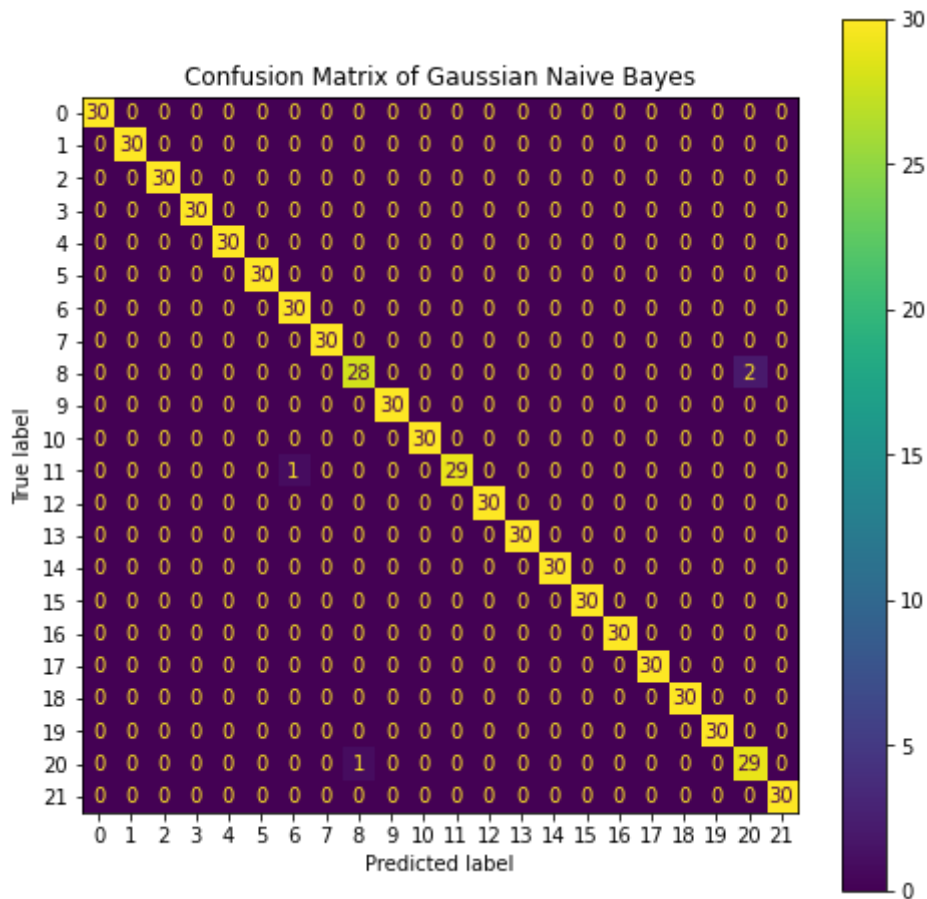
```
#Confusion Matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test,predicted_nb)
print('Confusion matrix\n',cm)
```

Confusion matrix

```
[[30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 28 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 29 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 30 0 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 29 0 0 0]
 [ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 30 0 0]]
```

In [20]:

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(8,8))
plot_confusion_matrix(nb, X_test, y_test, ax=ax)
plt.title('Confusion Matrix of Gaussian Naive Bayes')
plt.show()
```

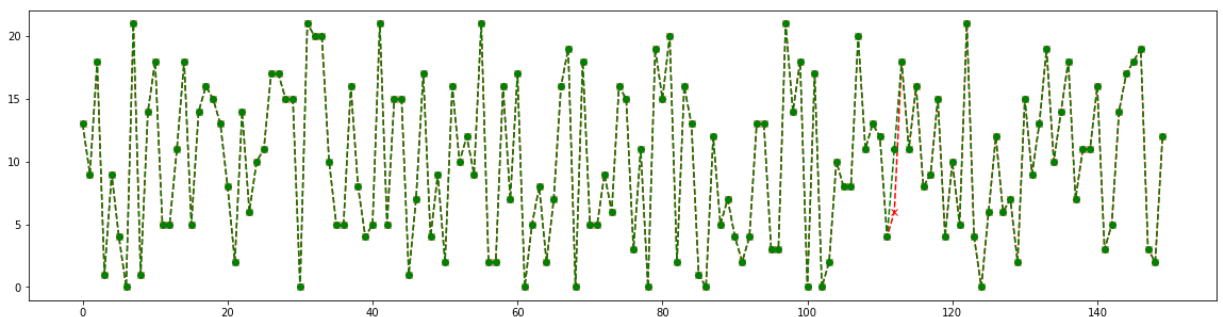


In [21]:

```

DF = p.DataFrame()
DF["y_test"] = y_test
DF["predicted"] = predicted_nb
DF.reset_index(inplace=True)
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 5))
plt.plot(DF["predicted"][:150], marker='x', linestyle='dashed', color='red')
plt.plot(DF["y_test"][:150], marker='o', linestyle='dashed', color='green')
plt.show()

```



In [22]:

```

#Saving Model
import joblib
joblib.dump(nb, 'nb.pkl')

```

Out[22]: ['nb.pkl']