RAK811 Lora AT Command User Guide V1.4



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1 Description

1.1 View

RAK811 Low-Power Long Range LoRa Technology Transceiver module, provides an easy to use, small size, low-power solution for long range wireless data transmission.

First, The RAK811 module complies with the latest LoRaWAN Class A & C protocol specifications, it is simple to access LWPA IOT platforms, such Actility etc. Second, it also support Lora Point to Point communications, this function can help customers implement their own private long range Lora network fast.

Module integrates semtech SX1276 and stm32L, offer user an serials At commands with UART Interface. It is easy to accomplish their applications, such as simple long range sensor data applications with external host MCU, low-power feature is suitable for battery applications.

1.2 Features

- Long Range LoraWAN operating in the LoraWAN 1.0.2 Regions frequency bands
- Lora Point to Point communication in the 860MHz-929.9MHz frequency
- Small size and low power
- High Receiver Sensitivity: down to -146 dBm
- TX Power: adjustable up to +14 dBm high efficiency PA, max PA boost up to 20dbm
- FSK, GFSK, and LoRa Technology modulation
- IIP3 = -11 dBm
- Up to 15 km coverage at suburban and up to 5 km coverage at urban area

1.3 Applications

- Automated Meter Reading
- Home and Building Automation
- Wireless Alarm and Security Systems
- Industrial Monitoring and Control
- Machine to Machine (M2M)
- Internet of Things (IoT)

2 Interface

2.1 UART

The default uart setting is as follows:

Baudrate------ 115200

Data bits------ 8

Stop bits----- 1

Parity----- NONE

Flow Control---- DISABLE

The baud rates supported by the RAK811 module are as follows:

9600 bps
19200 bps
38400 bps
57600 bps
115200 bps
230400 bps
460800 bps
921600 bps

2.2 Power On

Power up or Reset the module, the following message is transmitted from the module.

Welcome to RAK811\r\n

3 AT Command

3.1 Commands

■ Format

All commands are begin with <at+> and end with <CR><LF>.
All response are end with <CR><LF>.

■ Error Code

Name	Code
CODE_ARG_ERR	-1
CODE_ARG_NOT_FIND	-2
CODE_JOIN_ABP_ERR	-3
CODE_JOIN_OTAA_ERR	-4
CODE_NOT_JOIN	-5
CODE_MAC_BUSY_ERR	-6
CODE_TX_ERR	-7
CODE_INTER_ERR	-8
CODE_WR_CFG_ERR	-11
CODE_RD_CFG_ERR	-12
CODE_TX_LEN_LIMITE_ERR	-13
CODE_UNKNOWN_ERR	-20

■ Event Code

Name	Code
STATUS_RECV_DATA	0
STATUS_TX_COMFIRMED	1
STATUS_TX_UNCOMFIRMED	2
STATUS_JOINED_SUCCESS	3
STATUS_JOINED_FAILED	4
STATUS_TX_TIMEOUT	5
STATUS_RX2_TIMEOUT	6
STATUS_DOWNLINK_REPEATED	7
STATUS_WAKE_UP	8
STATUS_P2PTX_COMPLETE	9
STATUS_UNKNOWN	100



■ Command List

Class	Command	Description	
	at+version	Get module version	
	at+sleep	enter sleep mode	
System	at+reset= <mode></mode>	Reset Module or LoRaWAN stack	
		0: Reset and restart module	
		1: Reset LoRaWAN stack and Module will	
		reload LoRa configuration from EEPROM	
	at+reload	Set LoraWAN or LoraP2P configurations to	
		default	
	at+mode[= <mode>]</mode>	Get/Set Module work on LoraWAN or	
		LoraP2P mode, default 0.	
		0: LoraWAN Mode	
		1: LoraP2P Mode	
	at+recv_ex[= <enable>]</enable>	Enable or Disable, at+recv command can add	
		rssi,snr message, default 0, the parameter	
		don't save, So reset module need set again.	
		0: Disable	
		1: Enable	
	<u>at+set_config</u> = <key>:<value>[</value></key>	Set LoraWAN configurations, Keys as follows	
	& <key>:<value>][&<key>:<v< th=""><th>dev_addr, dev_eui, app_eui, app_key,</th></v<></key></value></key>	dev_addr, dev_eui, app_eui, app_key,	
LoraWAN	alue>]	nwks_key, apps_key, pwr_level, adr, dr,	
		public_net, rx_delay1, rx2, ch_list, ch_mask,	
69		max_chs, join_cnt, nbtrans, class, duty	
	at+get_config= <key></key>	Get LoraWAN configurations, follow above	
	at+band[= <value>]</value>	Get/Set LoraWAN 1.0.2 region	
	at+join= <mode></mode>	join the configured LoraWAN network	
		otaa: Over-The-Air Activation	
		abp : Activation By personalization	
	at+signal	Check the radio rssi, snr, update by latest	
		received radio packet	
	at+dr[= <dr>]</dr>	Get/Set the next send data rate	
	at+link_cnt[= <uplinkcount>,<</uplinkcount>	Get/Set LoraWAN up/downlink Counter, 32bit	

	downlinkCount>] Output in decimal formal			
	at+abp_info Query the relevant information, if use OTAA			
		way to join the Network success. This relevant		
i		information can be use to ABP way to join		
		Network.		
		Return NetworkID, DevAddr, Nwkskey,		
		Appskey.		
		Below paramenter output in hexadecimal		
		<networkid>: NetworkID 4Byte</networkid>		
		<devaddr>: Network address 4Byte</devaddr>		
		<nwkskey>: Network session key 16Byte</nwkskey>		
		<appskey>: Application session key 16Byte</appskey>		
	at+send= <type>,<port>,<data></data></port></type>	Send data to LoraWAN network		
		<type> 0 : send unconfirmed packets</type>		
		1 : send confirmed packets		
		<port> 1-223: port number from 1 to 223</port>		
		<data> hex value (no space)</data>		
	at+recv= <status>,<port>[,<rssi< th=""><th>Receive Event and Data from LoraWAN or</th></rssi<></port></status>	Receive Event and Data from LoraWAN or		
	>][, <snr>],<len>[,<data>]</data></len></snr>	LoraP2P network		
		<status>: see the <u>Event code table</u></status>		
		<port>: LoraWAN application port, 0 when</port>		
		Event and LoraP2P		
		<pre><len>: LoraWAN or LoraP2P receive data len,</len></pre>		
		max 64		
		<pre><data>: LoraWAN or LoraP2P receive data,</data></pre>		
		hex value (no space), Null when Event		
		<rssi>: Signal strength, at+recv_ex enable</rssi>		
		display		
		<pre><snr> : Signal to noise ratio, at+recv_ex</snr></pre>		
		enable display		
		(only receive the data can effective)		
	<pre>at+rf_config[=<freq>, <sf>,</sf></freq></pre>	Get/Set the p2p txd and rxd used RF		
	 	parameters.		
		<freq>: frequency, default 868100000</freq>		
LoraP2P		(860000000 ~9299000000)		

Sef>: spread factor, default 12 (6-12) Shw:: Band-with, default 0 (0:125KHz, 1:250KHz, 2:500KHz) Ser: coding Rate, default 1 (1:4/5, 2:4/6, 3:4/7, 4:4/8) Sprlen>: Preamlen default 8 (8-65535) Spwr>: Tx power default 20 (5-20) at+txc= <cnts>,<interval>, Set the Lora tx continue : <cnts>: tx counts (1-65535) Sinterval>: tx interval between last send success or fail, (10-3600000ms) datahex> Set the Lora rx continue at+tx_stop</cnts></interval></cnts>			
(0:125KHz, 1:250KHz, 2:500KHz)			<sf>: spread factor, default 12 (6-12)</sf>
Cer>: coding Rate, default 1			 bw>: Band-with, default 0
(1:4/5, 2:4/6, 3:4/7, 4:4/8)			(0:125KHz, 1:250KHz, 2:500KHz)
sprien>: Preamlen default 8 (8-65535) spwr>: Tx power default 20 (5-20) at+txe = <cnts>, <interval>,</interval></cnts>			<pre><cr>: coding Rate, default 1</cr></pre>
spwr>: Tx power default 20 (5-20)			(1:4/5, 2:4/6, 3:4/7, 4:4/8)
at+txc = <cnts>,<interval>,</interval></cnts>			<pre><pre><pre><pre>>: Preamlen default 8 (8-65535)</pre></pre></pre></pre>
cnts>: tx counts (1-65535) cinterval>: tx interval between last send success or fail, (10-3600000ms) datahex> hex value (no space), max 64 at+rxc= <report_en> Set the Lora rx continue creport_en>: enable report to host or not at+tx_stop Stop the Lora rx continue at+tx_stop Stop the Lora rx continue at+status[=0] Get/Clear the radio statistics Null: Response TxSuccessCnt, TxErrCnt, RxSuccessCnt, RxTimeOutCnt, RxErrCnt, Rxsis, Snr</report_en>			<pwr>: Tx power default 20 (5-20)</pwr>
cinterval>: tx interval between last send success or fail, (10-3600000ms) cdatahex> hex value (no space) , max 64 at+rxc= <report_en> Set the Lora rx continue creport_en>: enable report to host or not at+tx_stop Stop the Lora rx continue at+rx_stop Stop the Lora rx continue at+status[=0] Get/Clear the radio statistics Null: Response TxSuccessCnt, TxErrCnt, RxSuccessCnt, RxTimeOutCnt, RxErrCnt, RxSuccessCnt, RxTimeOutCnt, RxErrCnt, Rxsi, Snr e0: Clear statistics Get/Set UART configurations chaud>: (9600-921600) Supports baud list chaud>: (9600-921600) Supports baud list chaud>: (971/2) chaud>: (971/2</report_en>		at+txc = <cnts>,<interval>,</interval></cnts>	Set the Lora tx continue :
or fail, (10-3600000ms)			

	<reg_addr>: register address ,can see SX1276</reg_addr>	
	datasheet, Enter hex format	
	<le>>: Optional, default 1, Max 64</le>	
	Return value display in hex format	
at+wr_reg= <reg_addr>,<len>,</len></reg_addr>	Modify the LoRa chip SX1276 register value	
<databuf></databuf>	<reg_addr>: register address,can see the</reg_addr>	
	SX1276 datasheet, Enter hex format.	
	<len>: Max 64</len>	
	<databuf>: Written data, Enter hex format,</databuf>	
	Max 64 Hex values.	
at+gpio= <pin>[,<level>]</level></pin>	Read or set assign PIN high and low electrical	
	level	
	<pre><pin>: Refer the <u>pin definition</u></pin></pre>	
	level>: 1 Output high 0 Output low	
at+rd_adc= <pin></pin>	Read assign ADC PIN's voltage value, ADC	
	precision is 12bit, Range 0-4096	
	<pre><pin>: Refer the pin definition</pin></pre>	
at+rd_iic= <dev_addr>,<data_a< td=""><td>Read assign I2C PIN's connect device register</td></data_a<></dev_addr>	Read assign I2C PIN's connect device register	
ddr>[, <len>]</len>	value, I2C frequency default 100KHz	
	<dev_addr>: I2C device MAC 7-bit mode,</dev_addr>	
	Enter hex format, 8bit	
	<data_addr>: I2C device register address, Enter</data_addr>	
	hex format, 16bit	
	<le>>: Optional, default 1, Max 64</le>	
	Return value display in hex format	
at+wr_iic= <dev_addr>,<data_< td=""><td>Write data to assign I2C PIN's connect device</td></data_<></dev_addr>	Write data to assign I2C PIN's connect device	
addr>, <databuf></databuf>	register value, I2C frequency default 100KHz	
	<dev_addr>: I2C device MAC 7-bit mode,</dev_addr>	
	Enter hex format.	
	<data_addr>: I2C device register address,</data_addr>	
	Enter hex format	
	<databuf>: Enter hex format, Max 64 Hex</databuf>	
	value.	
	<pre>at+gpio=<pin>[,<level>] at+rd_adc=<pin> at+rd_iic=<dev_addr>,<data_a ddr="">[,<len>] at+wr_iic=<dev_addr>,<data_< pre=""></data_<></dev_addr></len></data_a></dev_addr></pin></level></pin></pre>	

3.2 System

3.2.1 at+version

■ Command

at+version\r\n

Description

Get software version

Parameter

NULL

Response

 $OK < version > \r \ n$

<version> = string representing current software version
xx.xx.xx mean major . customer. function . bug , versions

■ Event Response

NULL

3.2.2 at+sleep

Command

 $at+sleep\r\n$

Description

Command is used to make module enter sleep mode with ultra-low power consumption.

After device enters in sleep mode, host MCU can send any character to wake up it, when module is awake, **Event response** will be received.

■ Parameter

NULL

Response

OK\r\n-----Enter sleep mode successfully

■ Event Response

 $ERROR < \underline{code} > \r\n$

 $at+recv=<\underline{status}>,0,0\r\n$

<status> = STATUS_WAKE_UP ------Module is awake

3.2.3 at+reset

Command

 $at+reset=<mode>\r\n$

Description

Reset Module or LoRaWAN or LoraP2P stack

■ Parameter

< mode > = 0 Reset and restart module

= 1 Reset LoRaWAN or LoraP2P stack and Module will reload LoRa

configuration from EEPROM

Response

OK\r\n-----Reset successfully

■ Event Response

NULL

3.2.4 at+reload

■ Command

at+reload\r\n

Description

Reload the default parameters of LoraWAN or LoraP2P setting

Parameter

NULL

Response

OK\r\n-----Reload successfully

 $ERROR < \underline{code} > \r \ n$

■ Event Response

NULL

3.2.5 at+mode

■ Command

 $at+mode[=< mode>]\r\n$

■ Description

Get/Set Module work on LoraWAN or LoraP2P mode, default 0.

Parameter

<mode> = 0 LoraWAN Mode (default mode)

= 1 LoraP2P Mode

Response

OK\r\n-----Reset successfully

 $ERROR < \underline{code} > \r \ n$

■ Event Response

NULL

3.2.6 at+recv_ex

■ Command

 $at+recv_ex[=<enable>]\r\n$

Description

Set enable or disable, if enable, the at+recv command can receive rssi, snr message, default 0.

The parameter can not save. so if you reset the module, you should set again.

Parameter

<enable> = 0 disable (default)

= 1 enable

Response

OK\r\n-----set success

*OKO\r\n-----*query return

 $ERROR < \underline{code} > \r \ n$

■ Event Response

NULL

3.3 LoraWAN

3.3.1 at+set_config

Command

at+set_config=<key>:<value>[&<key>:<value>][&<key>:<value>]...\r\n

Description

Set LoRa Configuration to flash and it will be available next Reset time or next join command set time.

Parameter

< dev_addr >:<address>

This command configures the module with a 4-byte unique network device address <address>. The <address> MUST be UNIQUE to the current network. This must be directly set solely for activation by personalization devices. This parameter must not be set before attempting to join using over-the-air activation because it will be overwritten once the join process is over.

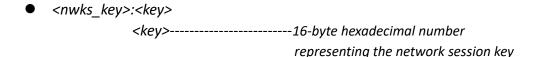
This command sets the globally unique device identifier for the module and the default value is derived from MCU's UUID.

The AppEUI is a global application ID in IEEE EUI64 address space that uniquely identifies the entity able to process the JoinReq frame.

The AppEUI is stored in the end-device before the activation procedure is executed.

The AppKey is an AES-128 root key specific to the end-device.1 Whenever an end-device joins a network via over-the-air activation, the AppKey is used to derive the session keys NwkSKey and AppSKey specific for that end-device to encrypt and verify network communication and application data.





The NwkSKey is a network session key specific for the end-device. It is used by both the network server and the end-device to calculate and verify the MIC (message integrity code) of all data messages to ensure data integrity. It is further used to encrypt and decrypt the payload field of a MAC-only data messages.

The AppSKey is an application session key specific for the end-device. It is used by both the application server and the end-device to encrypt and decrypt the payload field of application-specific data messages. Application payloads are end-to-end encrypted between the end-device and the application server, but they are not integrity protected. That means, a network server may be able to alter the content of the data messages in transit. Network servers are considered as trusted, but applications wishing to implement end-to-end confidentiality and integrity protection are recommended to use additional end-to-end security solutions, which are beyond the scope of this specification.

This command sets the output power to be used on the next transmissions. Refer to the LoRaWAN™ Specification for the output power list.

EU868: {20, 14, 11, 8, 5, 2} dbm US915: { 20, 18, 16, 14, 12, 10} dbm

<pwr level >: 0 - 15

Base on LoraWAN 1.0.2 This command sets the default tx power level , the true power dbm is $Max\ EIRP$ - $2*\ pwr_level$.

The setting level depend on Regions define.

For example EU868: EU868_DEFAULT_MAX_EIRP 16.0f

EU868_MAX_TX_POWER TX_POWER_0

EU868_MIN_TX_POWER TX_POWER_7

<adr>:<status><status>------ string value representingthe state, either "on" or "off".



This command sets if the adaptive data rate (ADR) is to be enabled or disabled. The server is informed about the status of the module's ADR in every uplink frame it receives from the ADR field in uplink data packet. If ADR is enabled, the server will optimize the data rate and the transmission power of the module based on the information collected from the network.

<dr>:<data rate>
<data rate>------decimal number representing the data rate, but within the limits of the data rate range for the defined channels. See Regions define

This command sets the default tx data rate.

This command will set the LoRaWAN Sync word, if status is "on", Sync word = 0x34, else Sync word = 0x12(LoraP2P use it)

This command will set the delay between the transmission and the first Reception window to the <rxDelay> in milliseconds. The delay between the transmission and the second Reception window is calculated in software as the delay between the transmission and the first Reception window + 1000 (ms).

<ch mask>:<id>,<mask>



The ch_mask can configure fast choose which channels will be used as uplink channel by default.

<id>: id=0, channel 0-15 for region, id = 1 means 16-31 ,etc ...

<mask>: as hex, 0003 means use channel 0, 1.

For example Region US915_CH0-7, should set id 0 mask 00FF, id 1 mask 0, id 2 mask 0, id 3 mask 0, id 4 mask 0

<max chs>:

Only read, return the max channels the used region defined

- < rx2 >: <dataRate>,<frequency> limit See <u>Regions define</u>
 <dataRate>------ decimal number representing
 the rx data rate,
 <frequency>------decimal number representing
 the frequency,
- < retrans >:<number>

<number>-----decimal number representing the number of retransmissions for an uplink confirmed packet, from 1 to 255,default 8

<join_cnt>:<number>

The join cnt set the join OTAA times, limit See Regions define

<nbtrans>:<number>

NbTrans is the number of transmissions for each uplink message. This applies only to "unconfirmed" uplink frames. The default value is 1 corresponding to a single transmission of each frame. The valid range is 1-15.

< duty>:<string>

<string>-----off

on

<class>:<number>

<number>-----0 :ClassA default 0

1 : ClassB (temporary does not support)

2: classC

■ Response

OK\r\n-----Save successfully

 $ERROR < code > \r\n$

<code>: CODE_ARG_ERR------Argument is invalid

■ Event Response

NULL

3.3.2 at+get_config

■ Command

at+get_config=<key>\r\n

■ Description

Get LoRa Configuration from flash via parameter key

■ Parameter

- < dev_addr >
- < dev_eui >
- < app_eui >
- < app_key >
- < nwks_key >
- < apps_key >
- < tx_power > [deprecated]
- <pwr_level>
- < adr >
- < dr >
- < color="block">
- < rx delay1 >
- < ch_list >
- <ch_mask>

- <max chs>
- < rx2 >
- <join_cnt>
- <nbtrans>
- < retrans >
- <class>
- < duty>

■ Response

 $OK\r\n$ -------Save successfully $ERROR < code > \r\n$ $< code > : CODE_ARG_ERR$ ---------Argument is invalid $CODE_ARG_NOT_FIND$ ---------Argument is not available

■ Event Response

NULL

3.3.3 at+band

■ Command

 $at+band[=\langle value \rangle] \r\n$

Description

Get/Set the loraWAN region, general one firmware only support one region

■ Parameter

NULL

Response

OKEU868\r\n

Or

 $OKUS915\r\n$

3.3.4 at+join

■ Command

 $at+join = < mode > \r\n$

Description

Activation of the module can be achieved in two ways, either via Over-The-Air Activation (< mode> = otaa) when an end-device is deployed or reset, or via Activation By personalization (< mode> = abp) in which the two steps of end-device personalization and activation are done as one step.

If <mode>=otaa, the configuration of dev eui, app eui, app key Must be available.

If <mode>=abp, the configuration of dev_addr, nwks_key, apps_key Must be available.

See set lora config command

■ Parameter

<mode> = otaa over the air activation
= abp activation by personalization

■ Response

OK\r\n-----Start to join network

ERROR<code>\r\n ------Can't join network

<code> = CODE_ARG_ERR

CODE_JOIN_ABP_ERR

CODE_JOIN_OTAA_ERR

■ Event Response

If the way of join is *otaa*, event will be received.

at+recv=<status>,0,0\r\n
<status> = STATUS_JOINED_SUCCESS -------Join procedure was successful

STATUS_JOINED_FAILED -------Join procedure was failed

STATUS_RX2_TIMEOUT -------Join procedure was timeout , gateway not response

3.3.5 at+signal

Command

 $at+signal\r\n$

Description

Get the signal from the Lora gateway or base station, via last receive packet.

■ Parameter

NULL

■ Response

<rssi> Received Signal Strength Indication (dbm), this is a negative number, larger show the signal is better.

<snr> Signal to noise ratio (db), larger show the signal is better.

■ Event Response

NULL

3.3.6 at+dr

■ Command

 $at+dr[=<dr>]\r\n$

Description

Use to change the next send data rate temporary when adr function is off.

It will not be save to internal flash.

■ Parameter

<dr> : See Regions define

■ Response

 $OK \backslash r \backslash n$

Event Response

NULL

3.3.7 at+link_cnt

■ Command

Description

Get/Set LoraWAN Up/Downlinkcount value.

Parameter

NULL

Response

OK<upcnt>,<downcnt>\r\n

3.3.8 at+abp_info

Command

at+abp_info\r\n

Description

Query the relevant information, if use OTAA way to join the Network success. This relevant information can be use to ABP way to join Network. Return NetworkID, DevAddr, Nwkskey, Appskey.

■ Parameter

NULL

■ Response

OK<NetworkID>,<DevAddr>,<Nwkskey>,<Appskey>\r\n

Below paramenter output in hexadecimal

<NetworkID>: NetworkID 4Byte <DevAddr>: Network address 4Byte <Nwkskey>: Network session key 16Byte <Appskey>: Application session key 16Byte

3.3.9 at+send

■ Command

 $at+send=<type>,<port>,<data>\r\n$

Description

Send the packets string on a specified port number after join.

■ Parameter

<type> = 0</type>	send unconfirmed packets	
= 1	send confirmed packets (Ack timeout Retry default 8)	
<port> = 1-223</port>	port number from 1 to 223	
<data>= <hex value=""></hex></data>	hex value(no space). The Maximum length of <data> 64 bytes</data>	

Response

<i>OK\r\n</i>	Start to send packets
FRROR <code>\r\n</code>	Can't send nackets

<code> = CODE_MAC_BUSY_ERR

= CODE_NOT_JOIN

= CODE_TX_ERR

■ Event Response

 $at+recv=\langle status\rangle,\langle port\rangle[,\langle rssi\rangle][,\langle snr\rangle],\langle len\rangle,\langle data\rangle \ |\ r\ |\$

3.3.10 at+recv

■ Command

 $at+recv = \langle status \rangle, \langle port \rangle [,\langle rssi \rangle] [,\langle snr \rangle], \langle len \rangle [,\langle data \rangle] \$

■ Description

Receive the module event and data, auto notify to the host.

Parameter

NULL

■ Response

<snr> : signal and noise ratio, at+recv ex enable can display

3.4 LoraP2P

3.4.1 at+rf_config

Command

$$at+rf_config[=, , , , ,]\r\n$$

Description

Set LoRaP2P Configuration, it will used to the txc and rxc command. User can use this command to build their point to point communication or RFtest command. It will save to flash.

Null Parameter is Get the current config.

■ Parameter

Response

$$OK[, , , , ,]\r\n$$

 $ERROR`\r\n`$

3.4.2 at+txc

Command

 $at+txc = <cnts>, <interval>, <datahex> \r\n$

Description

Set LoRaP2P Tx continues, module will send the counts packet with rfconfig until receive the tx_stop command or reset, and insert the interval. This interval is begin with last packet send success or fail. This command also can used to RFtest, test the tx performance. If used normal tx, can set the cnts to 1.

Parameter

<cnts>: ----- tx counts (1-65535)

Response

 $OK \ r \ n$

 $ERROR < \underline{code} > \r \ n$

■ Event Response

 $\underline{at+recv=<status>,<port>,<len>,<data>} r n$

STATUS_P2PTX_COMPLETE ----- LoraP2P Continues Transmissions is completed

3.4.3 at+rxc

■ Command

at+rxc=<report_en>\r\n

Description

Set LoRaP2P Rx continues, module will receive packets with rfconfig until receive the rx_stop command or reset. This command also can used to RFtest, test the rx sensitivity, and you can set report_en:0 when RFtest. If used normal rx, can set the report_en:1, report data to host.

Parameter

<report_en>: ----- enable report to host or not

■ Response

OK | r | n

ERROR<code>\r\n

■ Event Response

at+recv=<status >,<port>,<len>,<data>\r\n

STATUS_RECV_DATA----- received data from server or P2P client

3.4.4 at+tx_stop

■ Command

 $at+tx_stop\r\n$



Description

Set LoRaP2P Tx continues stop. Radio will switch to sleep mode .

Parameter

NULL

■ Response

 $OK\r\n$

 $ERROR < \underline{code} > \r \ n$

3.4.5 at+rx_stop

■ Command

 $at+rx_stop\r\n$

Description

Set LoRaP2P Rx continues stop.Radio will switch to sleep mode.

Parameter

NULL

Response

 $OK\r\n$

 $ERROR < \underline{code} > \r \ n$

3.5 Radio

3.5.1 at+status

■ Command

 $at+status[=0]\r\n$



Description

Get/Clean the radio statistics

Parameter

Null: Response TxSuccessCnt, TxErrCnt, RxSuccessCnt, RxTimeOutCnt, RxErrCnt, Rssi, Snr of last packet

=0: Clear statistics.

Response

 $ERROR < \underline{code} > \r \ n$

3.6 Peripheral

3.6.1 at+uart

■ Command

 $at+uart[=<baud>,<data_bits>,<parity>,<stop_bits>,<flow_ctrl>]\r\n$

Description

Set UART parameters and it will be available next reset time.

■ Parameter

<baud>=<9600-921600> Supports baud list

<data bits>=<8> 8 data bits

1=PARITY_EVEN

2=PARITY_ODD

<stop_bits>=<1/2> 0=Stop bit length is 1 bit

1=Stop bit length is 2 bit

<flow_ctrl>=<0/1> 0=disable flow control

1=enable flow control

Response

 $OK[\c baud>, \c data_bits>, \c parity>, \c stop_bits>, \c flow_ctrl>] \c halo beta \c successfully \\ ERROR<\c code>\c halo beta \c halo \c halo beta \c halo \c halo beta \c halo \c halo beta \c halo \c halo beta \c halo beta$

<code> = CODE_ARG_ERR------Argument is invalid

■ Event Response

NULL

3.6.2 at+rd_reg

■ Command

 $at+rd_reg=< reg_addr>[,< len>]\r\n$

■ Description

Read the module internal SX1276 register value.

Parameter

<reg addr>: register address, reference SX1276 datasheet. Enter hex format.

<le>>: Optional, default 1, Maximum 64

■ Response

 $OKxxxx\r\n$ -----return value show in hex format $ERROR < code > r\n$ $< code > = CODE_ARG_ERR$ ------Invalid argument

■ Event response

NULL

3.6.3 at+wr_reg

Command

 $at+wr_reg=<\!reg_addr>,<\!len>,<\!databuf>\!\!\backslash r\backslash n$

Description

Modify the internal module SX1276 register value.

■ Parameter

<reg addr>: Register address see SX1276 datasheet, Enter hex format.

<le>>: Maximum 64

<databuf>: write data, Enter hex format, Maximun 64 hex value.

■ Response

 $OK\r\n$ -----write success $ERROR < code > \r\n$ $< code > = CODE_ARG_ERR$ ------Invalid argument

■ Event response

NULL

3.6.4 at+gpio

Command

 $at+gpio=<pin>[,<level>]\r\n$

■ Description

Read or set the assign PIN's high or low voltage level

Parameter

<pin>: Refer the appendix pin definition

■ Response

 $OK1\r\n$ ----- return voltage level $OK\r\n$ ----- set success $ERROR < code > \r\n$ $< code > = CODE_ARG_ERR$ -------Invalid argument

■ Event response

NULL

3.6.5 at+rd_adc

■ Command

 $at+rd_adc=<pin>\r\n$

■ Description

Read assign ADC PIN's voltage level, ADC precision is 12bit, Range 0-4096

Parameter

<pin>: Refer the appendix pin definition-ADC

■ Response

 $OKO \ r \ n$ ------ return voltage level 0-4096 (0-3.3V) $ERROR < code > r \ n$ $< code > = CODE_ARG_ERR$ -------Invalid argument

■ Event response

NULL

3.6.6 at+rd_iic

■ Command

 $at+rd_iic=<dev_addr>,<data_addr>[,<len>]\r\n$

Description

Read assign I2C PIN's connect device register value, I2C ferquency default 100KHz.

Parameter

<dev_addr>: I2C device MAC 7-bit mode, Enter hex format 8bit
<data_addr>: I2C device register address, Enter hex format 16bit
<len>: optional default 1 Max 64

Response

Return value show in hex format.

OK33\r\n -----return register value 0x33

ERROR<code>\r\n

<code> = CODE_ARG_ERR------Invalid argument

<code> = CODE_UNKNOWN_ERR-------device no response Timeout 10S

■ Event response

NULL

3.6.7 at+wr_iic

■ Command

at+wr_iic=<dev_addr>,<data_addr>,<databuf>\r\n

Description

Write assign I2C PIN's connect device register value. I2C frequency default 100KHz

■ Parameter

<dev_addr>: I2C device MAC 7-bit mode, enter hex format 8bit
<data_addr>: I2C device register address, enter hex format 16bit
<databuf>: enter hex format, Max 64

■ Response

 $OK\r\n$ ------modify success $ERROR < code > \r\n$ $< code > = CODE_ARG_ERR$ ------Invalid argument $< code > = CODE_UNKNOWN_ERR$ -------device no response Timeout 10S

■ Event response

NULL



4 Command Examples

4.1 Join-Otaa

Welcome to RAK811

at+mode=0 /* SET LoraWAN work mode */

OK

at+band /* GET Region V2.0.2.0+ support */

OKEU868

at+get_config=dev_eui /* GET Dev_EUI check ,if need can set*/

OK3037343644357402

at+set_config=app_eui:39d7119f920f7952&app_key:a6b08140dae1d795ebfa5a6dee1f4dbd

/* SET LoraGateway app_eui and app_key , big endian*/

OK

at+join=otaa /* Join OTAA type*/

OK

at+recv=3,0,0 /* Join status success*/

4.2 Join-Abp

Welcome to RAK811

at+mode=0 /* SET LoraWAN work mode */

OK

at+band /* GET Region V2.0.2.0+ support */

OKEU868

 $at+set_config=dev_addr:00112233\&nwks_key:3432567afde4525e7890cfea234a5821\&apps_key:a\\ 48adfc393a0de458319236537a11d90 \ /* SET LoraGateway dev_addr nwks_key and apps_key , big endian*/$

OK

at+join=abp /* Join ABP type*/

OK

4.3 LoraWAN send&recv

/*After join gateway success, then can send and receive data*/
at+send=0,2,010203040506 /*APP port:2, unconfirmed message*/
at+recv=2,0,0 /*unconfirmed mean tx success*/
at+send=1,2,010203040506 /*APP port:2, confirmed message*/
at+recv=1,0,0 /*confirmed mean receive ack from gateway*/

/*If gateway has data to send module, will receive date meanwhile ack */
at+recv=0,2,10,30313233343536373839 /*APP port:2, receive size 10, hex:
30313233343536373839*/

4.4 P2P send&recv

```
/* Module A Rx Side*/
    Welcome to RAK811
                                   /* SET LoraP2P work mode */
    at+mode=1
    OK
    at+rf config=867700000,10,0,1,8,14 /* SET LoraP2P Frequency:867.7MHz, SF10,Bandwith
125KHz, coding Rate:4/5, Preamlen:8, tx power:14dbm */
    OK
                                /* SET LoraP2P Rx continue enable report rx data */
    at+rxc=1
    OK
                               /* If want stop Rx continue */
    at+rx stop
    /* Module B Tx Side*/
    Welcome to RAK811
    at+mode=1
                                   /* SET LoraP2P work mode */
    OK
    at+rf_config=867700000,10,0,1,8,14 /* SET LoraP2P Frequency:867.7MHz, SF10,Bandwith
125KHz, coding Rate:4/5, Preamlen:8, tx power:14dbm */
    OK
    at+txc=100,1000,800100000600010002da9557e142d9 /* SET LoraP2P Tx continue ,100 packets,
1S interval, hex data */
    OK
```

at+recv=9,0,0 at+tx_stop /*When Tx complete */
/* If want stop Tx continue */

4.5 Peripheral operation

```
/* read gpio PIN2*/
at+gpio=2
OK0

/* write gpio PIN2 high level*/
at+gpio=2,1
OK

/* read adc at PIN2, 3.3V*/
at+rd_adc=2
OK4095

/* read i2c device lis2dh, slave addr 0x32, reg addr 0x0f (WHO_AM_I), len 1*/
at+rd_iic=32,0f,1
OK33 // return 0x33

/* write i2c device lis2dh, slave addr 0x32, reg addr 0x1f (TEMP_CFG_REG ), data C0*/
at+wr_iic=32,1f,c0
OK
```

5 Pin Define

Can configuration PIN list:

PIN	Name	PIN	Name
2	PB12/ADC	18	PB8/I2C_SCL
3	PB14/ADC	19	PB9/I2C_SDA
4	PB15/ADC	20	PA2/ADC
5	PA8	22	PA1/ADC
8	PA12	23	PA0/ADC
9	PB4	25	PB10
14	PA15	26	PB11
15	PB3	27	PB2
16	PB5		

6 Regions Define

Region	Max EIRP	Tx power	Default	Chanld	Freq	Tx Dr	Rx Dr	JoinCnts
	(dbm)	level	Tx Dr					
EU868	16.0	0 - 7	0 - 5	0 - 15	TBD	0 - 7	0 - 7	>=48
US915	30.0	0 - 10	0 - 5	0 - 71	TBD	0 - 4	8 - 13	>=2
AU915	30.0	0 - 10	0 - 6	0 - 71	TBD	0 - 6	8 - 13	>=2
KR920	14.0	0 - 7	0 - 5	0 - 15	TBD	0 - 5	0 - 5	>=48
AS923	16.0	0 - 7	0 - 5	0 - 15	TBD	2 - 7	2 - 7	>=1



7 Version

Version	Major Changes	Date	Author
V1.0	Initial release	2016-06-08	lv
V1.1	Add LoraP2P mode	2016-11-15	junhua
V1.2	Modify some descriptions	2017-01-20	xc.cao
V1.3	Add command at+band, at+dr	2017-04-19	junhua
	Modify at+set_config descriptions		
V1.4	Change LoraWAN 1.0.1 to 1.0.2	2017-10-18	junhua
	Add the gpio, i2c, adc peripheral operation command		