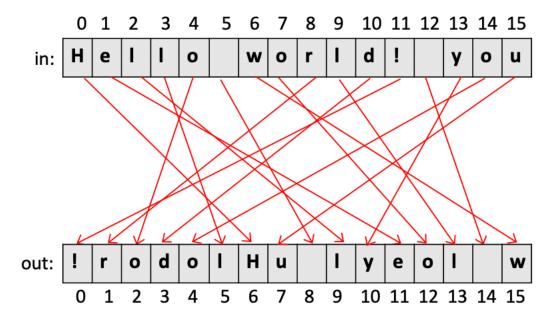
Learning Outcome: Students will gain experience in C programming using strings, loops, pointers, standard input, and functions.

Lab 3: The Permutation Cipher

Your task in this lab is to build a simple permutation cipher using C as follows:

- 1. Use the **fgets** function to prompt the user to enter plaintext.
- 2. If the user hits the enter key without entering any other characters, stop further execution.
- 3. If the length of the plaintext is less than 16, pad the plaintext using the underscore character ('_') to make it a string of length 16.
- 4. If the user types more than 16 characters, the rest of the input string will be ignored.
- 5. Encrypt the plaintext to obtain ciphertext according to the following permutation.



- 6. Print the ciphertext.
- 7. From the ciphertext, recover the original plaintext and print it.
- 8. Compare the recovered text and the plaintext and print the result.
- 9. Go back to step 1.

Additional Requirements:

 Use an appropriate data structure to represent the permutation rule and DRY (don't repeat yourself) like:

```
out[0] = in[11];
out[1] = in[8];
...
out[15] = in[6];
```

- Your main function shouldn't be too long and the following functions are required:
 - 1. padding
 - 2. encrypt
 - 3. decrypt
 - 4. main
- You may choose proper parameters and return type for each of the functions above.

Sample Output:

```
Enter a string: Hi there!

padded plaintext = Hi there!

ciphertext = _!h__tH_e _ie__r

recovered text = Hi there!

padded plaintext == recovered text? true
```

Enter a string: Once upon a time there was a lonely king padded plaintext = Once upon a time ciphertext = n ameOeucino tp recovered text = Once upon a time padded plaintext == recovered text? true

Enter a string: 0123456789ABCDEF padded plaintext = 0123456789ABCDEF ciphertext = B84AE30F52D179C6 recovered text = 0123456789ABCDEF padded plaintext == recovered text? 1

Enter a string: 01234567890ABCDEFG padded plaintext = 01234567890ABCDE ciphertext = A840D30E52C179B6 recovered text = 01234567890ABCDE padded plaintext == recovered text? true

Enter a string: 0123456789ABCDE padded plaintext = 0123456789ABCDE_ ciphertext = B84AE30_52D179C6 recovered text = 0123456789ABCDE_ padded plaintext == recovered text? true

Deliverables:

- 1. Create a directory named Lab3 under your assignment3 directory and place your code lab3.c (and other source files).
- 2. You must upload working code to your GitHub repository by 6 PM, 2/17/2021.
- 3. You must get sign-offs from the instructor or a TA during their office hours before the due date.

Sign offs – Each signature is worth 1/N of your lab grade where N is the number of signatures

•	The student was able to accept user input and implement the padding function.
•	The student was able to use arrays to implement the permutation rule and encrypt plaintext in a concise manner.
•	The student was able to implement inverse permutation and decrypt ciphertext.
•	The student was able to organize their C code using at least three functions.