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Vocabulary 2

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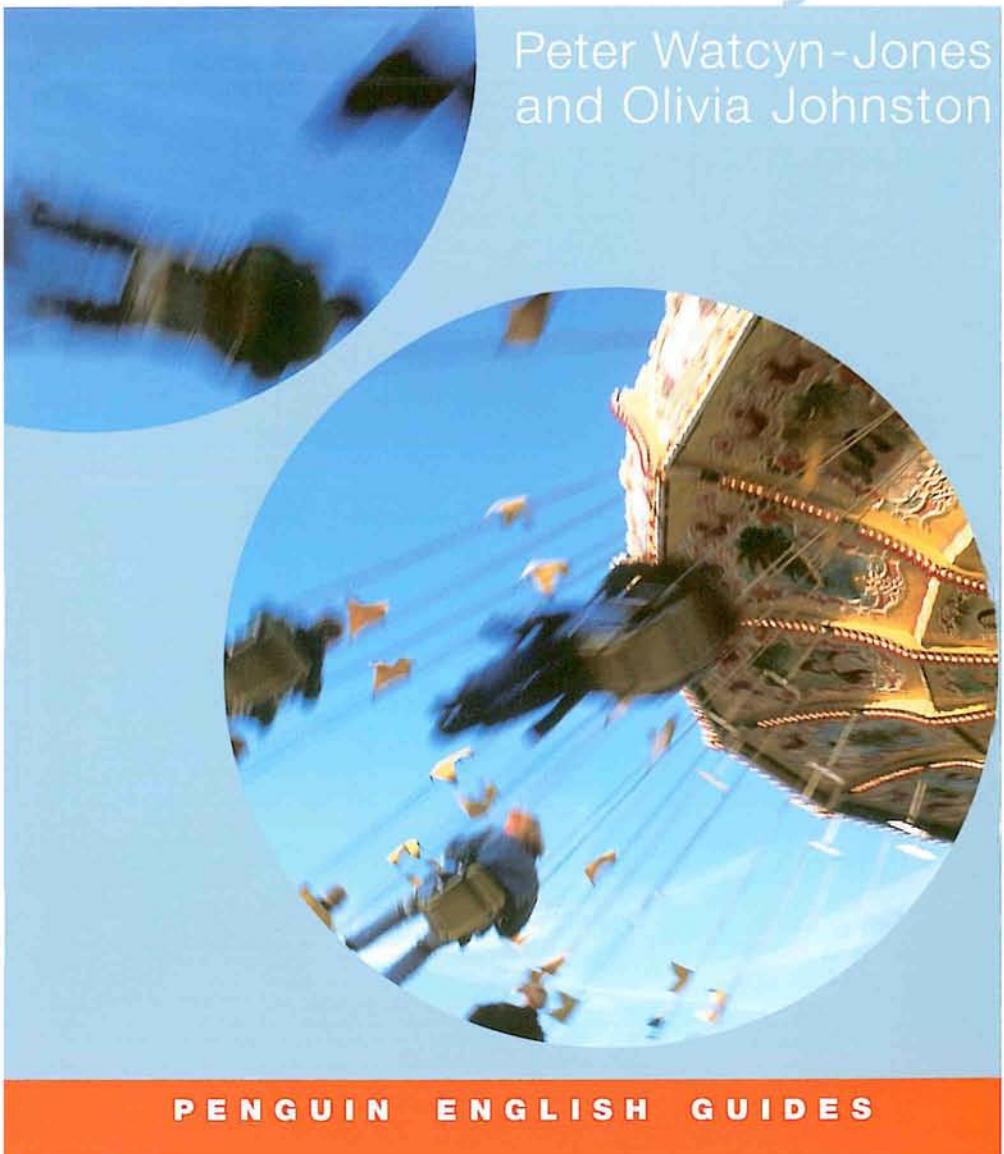
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Vocabulary 2

Peter Watcyn-Jones
and Olivia Johnston



PENGUIN ENGLISH GUIDES

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To the student

This book will help you to learn new English words while having fun at the same time. Many of the tests use pictures – such as the tests on the things in the house, fruit and vegetables, sports, clothes and places in town. Others are based on word types – for example, verbs, adjectives and prepositions. There are also tests on pairs of words that go together, opposites, and words that people often mix up. Use the contents list to find the right test for you. Or go through the book and choose one that looks interesting or has drawings that you like. So if you feel like doing a crossword, choose a crossword. If you feel like looking at cartoons, try one of the *Phrases* tests where you match words to a picture. If a test is fun to do, this is one of the best ways of learning new words fast. There's no need to start at the beginning and work through every test in the book. The tests at the end are no more difficult than the ones at the beginning.

There are tip boxes on nearly every page. They will give you extra help and information. They will also give you ideas on how to learn new words.

To really **learn** a new word, you will need to do each test more than once. So use a pencil to write the answers in the book when you test yourself. Then, check your answers and look carefully at the words you didn't know or got wrong. Finally, rub out your answers ready for the next time you try that test. Each test will take you between five and fifteen minutes the first time you do it, but the next time you will probably be much quicker.

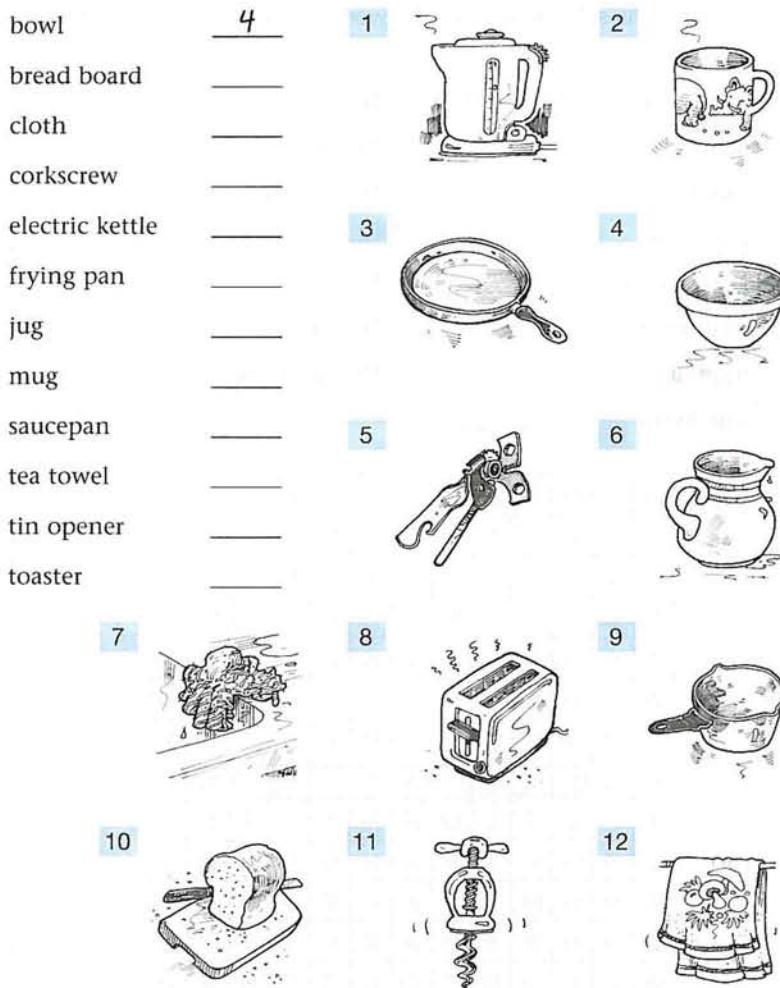
The tests in this book do not get harder as you go from Test 1 to Test 60. However, the five books in the *Test Your Vocabulary* series are carefully graded from Book 1 (for beginners) to Book 5, which is for advanced students. If you find this book is too easy, try the next one up. If you find it is too hard, try the next one down.

Good luck with learning the words in this book. And we hope that you will enjoy using the words in real situations once you've learnt them here.

Peter Watcyn-Jones and Olivia Johnston

1 In the kitchen

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.



- In English we can often put two nouns together to make compound nouns like *bread board* and *tin opener*. Sometimes the two nouns are written as one word like *saucepan* and *corkscrew*.
- In British English the cloth that we use for drying dishes is a *tea towel*. In American English, it's a *dish cloth*.

2 Adjectives with the same meaning

Find words with the same meaning in the wordsquare ($\rightarrow \downarrow \leftarrow \uparrow$) and write them down.

1	wonderful	<u><i>fantastic</i></u>	9	cheap	_____
2	awful	_____	10	sad	_____
3	weird	_____	11	exciting	_____
4	enormous	_____	12	unattractive	_____
5	good-looking	_____	13	rich	_____
6	uninteresting	_____	14	angry	_____
7	impolite	_____	15	frightening	_____
8	intelligent	_____			

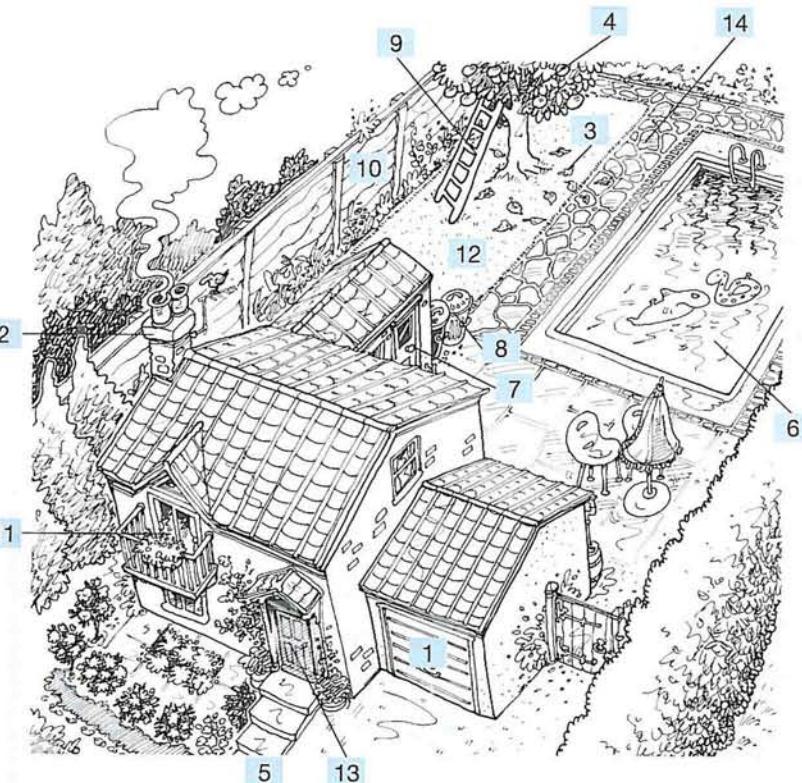


To form the opposite of some adjectives, we can put a prefix in front of them. The prefix *un-* is the commonest one meaning *not*, for example *unattractive*, *uninteresting*, *unintelligent*, *unpopular*. The prefix *im-* also means *not*. It is less common than *un-* and it can only go in front of words that begin with *m* or *p*, for example *impolite*, *impossible* and *immoral*.

3 In the garden

Write the numbers 1 to 14 next to the correct words.

apple tree	<u>4</u>	garage	_____
back door	_____	ladder	_____
balcony	_____	lawn	_____
bins	_____	leaves	_____
chimney	_____	path	_____
fence	_____	pool	_____
front door	_____	steps	_____



4 In the study

Write the numbers 1 to 14 next to the correct words.

biro

4

1



calculator

calendar

desk

diary

filing cabinet

paper

fountain pen

pencil

pencil sharpener

rubber

ruler

scissors

stapler

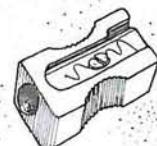
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5



6



1

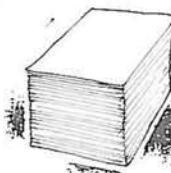


2

3



7



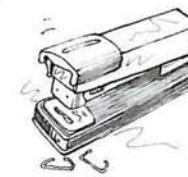
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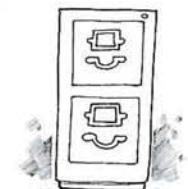
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11



9



12



13



14



- Another word for a *biro* is a *ballpoint*. The word *biro* comes from the name of the man who invented the first ballpoint pen in 1938, the Hungarian Lazlo Biro. Lazlo's biros became very popular with pilots because they worked well at high altitudes.
- There are other English words that come from the names of inventors. The word *sandwich* is probably the most famous one. The sandwich was invented in 1762 by the Earl of Sandwich. In 1762 he put a piece of cooked meat between two slices of bread so that he could carry on playing cards while he was eating.

5 Things to buy

Write the correct phrase from the box under each picture.

a bag of	a bar of	a bottle of	a box of	a bunch of
a carton of	a dozen	a jar of	a loaf of	a packet of
a pot of	a roll of	a tin of	a tub of	a tube of



1 a tube of
toothpaste



2 jam



3 tomatoes



4 flowers



5 eggs



6 olive oil



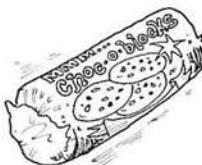
7 matches



8 chocolate



9 bread



10 biscuits



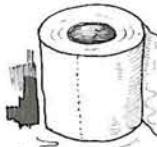
11 orange juice



12 yoghurt



13 doughnuts



14 toilet paper



15 popcorn

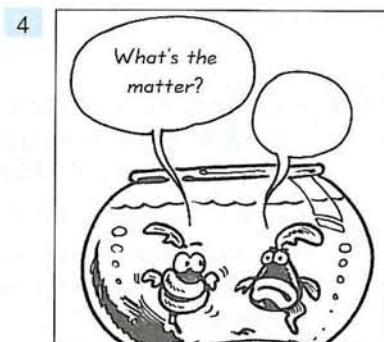


- In British English we use the word *can* for drinks: *a can of beer / cola / lemonade*. We use the word *tin* for food: *a tin of tomatoes / beans / apricots*. In American English the word *can* is used for food **and** drinks.
- We don't just use the word *bar* with chocolate. We also use it with soap.
- In formal situations, we talk about a *bouquet* of flowers, not a bunch. *As she came off the plane, the president was given a bouquet of flowers.*

6 Phrases 1

Match the words to the pictures. Write the letters a to h in the balloons.

- a Don't worry. I won't.
- b Thanks. I'll need it.
- c Same to you.
- d Sure. What's the problem?
- e I'm bored.
- f Me too.
- g Nor do I.
- h I'm afraid I'm using it.



5



6



7



8



- The expression *Me too* and *Me neither* are slightly less formal ways of saying *So am I* / *So do I* and *Nor am I* / *Nor do I*. They only exist in the first person singular. We can't, for example, say *Us too* or *Him neither*. The negative form *Me neither* is less common than the positive form *Me too*.
- The expression *Same to you* is short for *The same to you*.

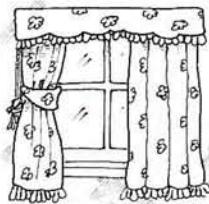
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Bedroom things

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.

alarm clock 4

1



bed

blanket

chest of drawers

curtains

drawer

duvet

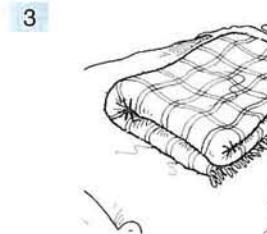
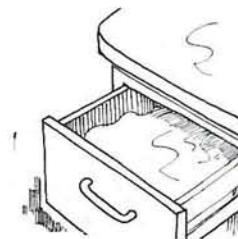
mattress

mirror

pillow

sheet

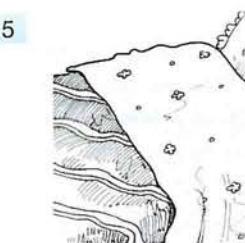
wardrobe



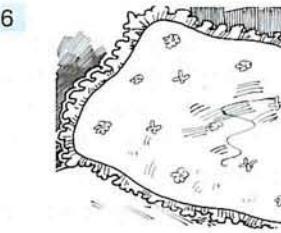
3



4



5

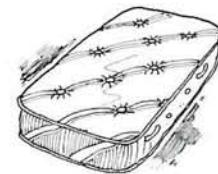


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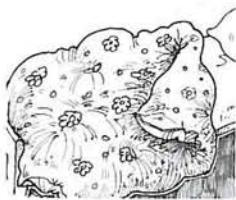
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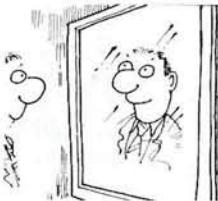
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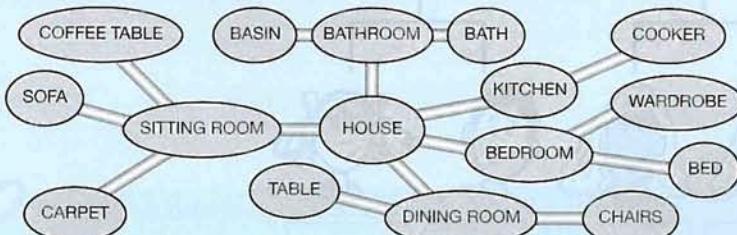
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12



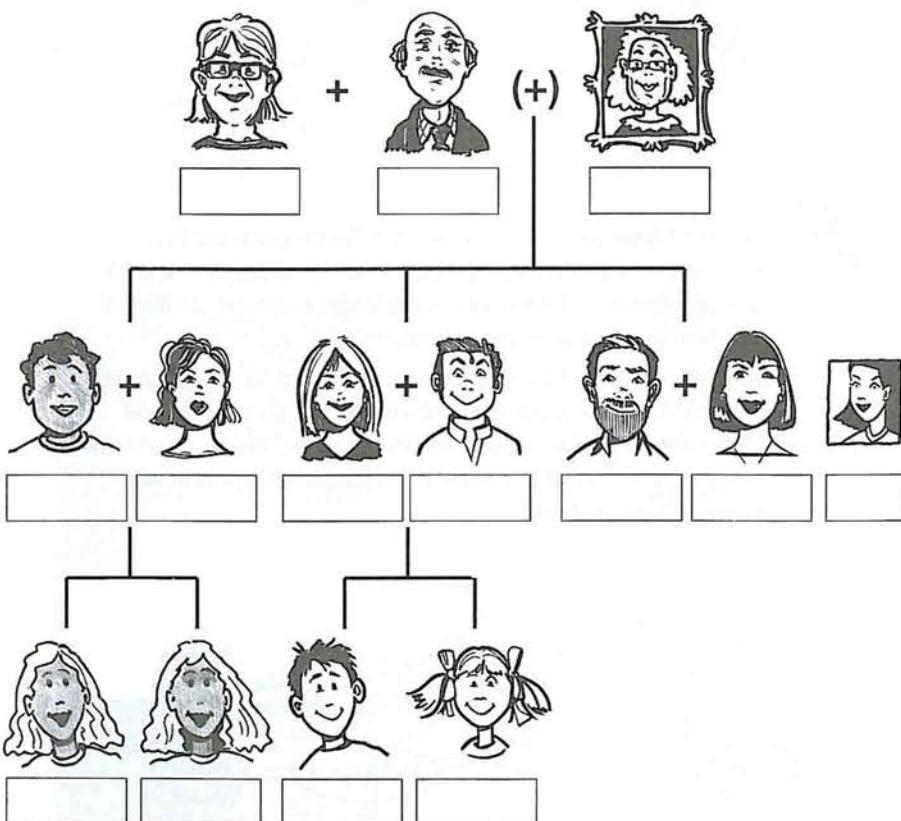
- The word *duvet* is French. There are other French words that have become part of the English language, for example *café*, *restaurant*, *garage*, *bouquet* and *menu*. How many foreign words can you think of that have become part of your language?
- A word-web is a useful way of recording new words. Choose a subject that you like and write one word in the middle of a big piece of paper. Which words in English or your own language come into your head? Use a dictionary to build up your web. Here is an example of a word-web based on the word *house*.



8 Family life

- A** Read Heidi's words and write the names of the people on the family tree.

My name's Heidi. I'm married to Kerim. We have two children, Aisha and Leila. My mum, Wendy, died when I was a teenager. My dad, Keith, got married to Katrina fourteen years ago. I've got one sister, Gina, and one brother, Andy. Gina's married to Jean-Claude, who's French. They've got a little girl called Julie and a boy of twelve called Michael. My brother Andy was married to a girl called Caroline but they got divorced. Luckily they didn't have any children. Now he's married to a girl called Susanna.



- B** What do they all say about family life? Choose the correct word for each gap.

aunt	brother-in-law	cousins	daughter-in-law	ex-wife
father-in-law	grandparents	husband	sister-in-law	
son-in-law	stepmother	uncle	wife	

Kerim: My (1) father-in-law Keith is really nice. We're partners in a computer software company.

Aisha: My (2) _____ Gina is really bossy. She always makes me eat everything on my plate.

Leila: My (3) _____ Andy should get divorced again. I don't like his wife, Susanna.

Heidi: I like my (4) _____ Katrina very much. She's like a real mother to me.

Keith: My (5) _____, Kerim, is a really reliable person. I couldn't manage the business without him.

Gina: I don't get on very well with my (6) _____, Susanna. I get on much better with Andy's (7) _____, Caroline.

J. Claude: My (8) _____ Andy is a really nice guy but I don't like his (9) _____ Susanna very much. She complains about everything.

Julie: My (10) _____ Aisha and Leila are coming on holiday with us next summer. We're going to rent a big house in the south of France.

Michael: I'm trying to teach my (11) _____ Keith and Katrina to speak French. They're really slow!

Susanna: My (12) _____ Andy prefers his sisters to me.

Keith: I get on well with everyone in the family. Well, nearly everyone. I have a problem with my (13) _____ Susanna.



The plural of *sister-in-law* and *brother-in-law* is *sisters-in-law* and *brothers-in-law*.

9 Jobs

Complete the sentences with the correct words from the box.

accountant architect camerawoman carpenter disc jockey
flight attendant journalist librarian mechanic plumber
presenter sales rep sound engineer tour guide traffic warden

Everyone in my family works really hard.

- 1 At the moment, my father is designing a hospital. He's an architect.
- 2 My mother is on a plane somewhere above the Atlantic Ocean. She's not on a business trip or on holiday. She's a _____.
- 3 My sister Marsha is asleep at the moment but she was playing records at a radio station all last night. She's a _____.
- 4 My brother Dave makes kitchen cupboards and dining room tables. He's a _____.
- 5 My brother Frank is probably putting a ticket on a car. That ticket means somebody has to pay a fine. Frank is a _____.
- 6 My other brother, Andrew, is mending somebody's hot water system. He's a _____.
- 7 My aunt Luisa counts up other people's money. She tells people how much tax they need to pay. She's an _____.
- 8 My uncle Martin is probably putting books back on a shelf. He's a _____.

- 9 My cousin Luigi is fixing somebody's car. He's a _____.
- 10 My cousin Annabel works for a make-up company. She's trying to sell their products in Frankfurt this week. She's a _____.
- 11 My aunt Sue is working with a film crew in Africa. She operates the camera. She's a _____.
- 12 My uncle Tim is working with the same film crew. He has to record the voices and sounds. He's a _____.
- 13 Everyone recognizes my cousin Lucy when she goes to the supermarket. She's a TV _____.
- 14 My cousin Carol is interviewing a politician today. She works for a newspaper. She's a _____.
- 15 I've got to take a group of tourists round London later today. I'm a _____.



- The phrase *sales rep* is short for *sales representative*. The short form is much commoner.
- There are several words for a person who teaches: *teacher*, *instructor* and *coach*. We say a *maths / language teacher*, a *driving instructor* and a *tennis / football coach*.

10 Verbs and nouns 1

A Match the verbs to the nouns.

Verbs	Nouns	
1 boil	a hole	1d
2 dial	b a TV programme	_____
3 dig	c a video	_____
4 feed	d some water	_____
5 pour	e the coffee	_____
6 record	f the dog	_____
7 rent	g the number	_____
8 tear	h the plants	_____
9 tidy	i the room	_____
10 water	j your jeans	_____

B Complete each sentence with the correct verb + noun.

- 1 I'm going to make some pasta. First I need to boil some water.
- 2 Be careful or you'll _____ on the nail in that fence.
- 3 Can you _____, please? He's looking hungry.
- 4 Can you _____? Or would you prefer tea?
- 5 I always forget to _____ and then they suddenly die.
- 6 If we're going to plant that tree, we need to _____ first.
- 7 I'm going out tonight. Can you _____ for me? It's on Channel 4 at eight o'clock.
- 8 I'm having some friends round tonight. I must _____. It's in a terrible mess.
- 9 There's nothing good on TV tonight. Let's _____.
- 10 We have to call Lisa. My hands are wet. Can you _____?



The verb *rent* has two meanings:

- to pay money to use something.
I need to rent a car this weekend so I can drive to Wales.
- to lend something in return for money. *She rents rooms to students.*

11 Let's get technical

Complete the sentences with the correct words from the box.

answerphone	click	copy	floppy disk	e-mail	fax
Internet	printer	program	recharge	screen	

- 1 Could you print another copy of this letter. I want to keep one and give one to Steve.
- 2 My _____ address is lucyjoffe@hotshots.co.uk.
- 3 Tina's got a good computer _____ which teaches you to type in ten lessons.
- 4 You can find some really cheap air tickets on the _____.
- 5 If you look at a computer _____ all day, your eyes get tired.
- 6 I've got a colour _____. It's very fast and can print up to ten pages a minute.
- 7 Put the _____ in the computer and save your work on it.
- 8 Move the mouse slowly on the mat and _____ on the left button.
- 9 This mobile phone isn't working. I need to _____ it.
- 10 I'm going to draw a map and _____ it to Selina. She's coming here this afternoon and she doesn't know the way.
- 11 Martin wasn't in so I left a message on his _____.

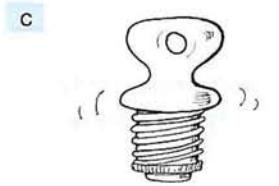


- The words *program* and *programme* both exist in British English. The form *program* is used for computers, while the form *programme* is used for TV. In American English, there is only one form: *program*.
- The spelling of *disk* with a *k*, is only used for computer disks. The word is spelt with a *c* when it refers to music, for example *compact disc*, *disc jockey*.

12 Around the house

Match the things that go together. Draw lines from each word on the left to the correct word on the right.

cup	<u>2</u>	batteries	_____
saucepans	_____	brush	_____
torch	_____	saucer	<u>a</u>
paint	_____	nail	_____
hammer	_____	top	_____
needle	_____	thread	_____
hot water bottle	_____	lid	_____



The word *brush* can be used with another noun to show what the brush is used for: *paint brush, hairbrush, toothbrush, clothes brush, make-up brush*.

13 Verbs: saying

Write the missing verbs in the sentences below. Choose from the following:

agree	argue	decide	describe	discuss	explain
guess	introduce	promise	pronounce	refuse	repeat
reply	suggest	thank			

- 1 What shall I buy Linda for her birthday: a CD or a book? I can't decide.
- 2 Can you argue the man who stole your bag?
- 3 'How old are you?'
I'm not telling. You'll have to guess.
- 4 Don't say this to anyone. I don't want anyone else to know.
- 5 How can I thank you for all your kindness?
- 6 I promise we go to the Picasso exhibition this morning and have lunch at the art gallery.
- 7 I don't understand this chemistry. Can you explain it to me?
- 8 I felt sorry for her and when she asked me to help her, I couldn't refuse.
- 9 I usually discuss with Jim about films and books. We like the same sort of things.

- 10 In class we sometimes argue politics and big news stories.
- 11 Please keep you won't tell anyone else. It's a secret between us.
- 12 They often argue about money because he says she spends too much.
- 13 They want an answer to their questions. We have to answer to their letter this week.
- 14 When you come to New York, I'll introduce you to all my friends.
- 15 You don't pronounce the *b* in the word *thumb*.

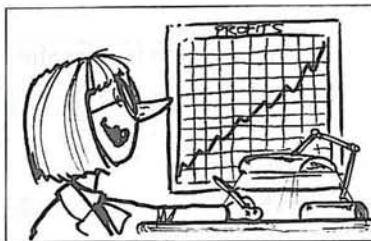


There are several ways of remembering the meaning of new words. You can write a translation, draw a picture, write an example sentence using the word, write an explanation in English or your own language. On this page, you will learn the meanings of the verbs from the example sentences. You may also be able to write a translation into your own language of some of the verbs.

14 Money

Complete the sentences with the correct verbs in the Past Simple.

cost count earn find hide lose make pay save steal



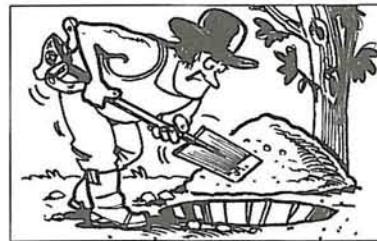
- 1 This company made a profit of £25 million last year.



- 2 I stole £3 million from the bank.



- 3 I spent up all my pocket money to buy these.



- 4 I hid the money under this tree.



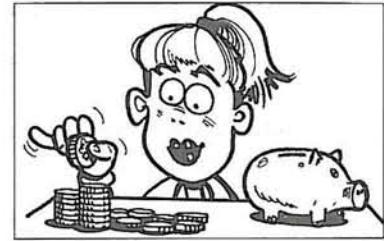
- 5 It only cost £3,000.



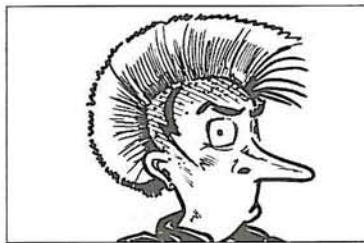
- 6 I earned £250,000 last year.



- 7 I found £5 in the street.



- 8 When I counted it yesterday, there was more.



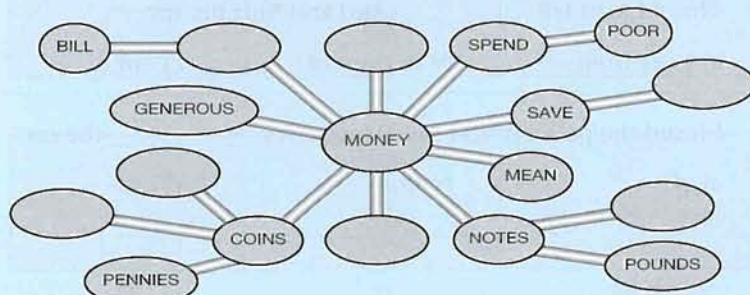
- 9 I paid £40 for this haircut.



- 10 I lost all my money in Las Vegas.



In this test, all the words you have to write in the gaps are verbs. Try making a money word-web that uses verbs, nouns and adjectives. You can include the verbs from this test. Start like this:



15 Prepositions of movement

Write the missing prepositions in the sentences below.

- 1 I watched the schoolchildren walking *past* my house on their way to school.

a) from b) *past* c) along

- 2 The two boys ran *across* the road.

a) opposite b) against c) *across*

- 3 She put the hat *on* her wardrobe.

a) on top of b) over c) *through*

- 4 They spent the day walking *along* the river bank.

a) across b) above c) *along*

- 5 The helicopter flew *over* the town and we saw people in their gardens.

a) on top of b) *along* c) over

- 6 The leopard moved slowly *through* the long grass.

a) through b) between c) inside

- 7 The old man fell *out of* bed and hurt his arm.

a) away from b) in front of c) *out of*

- 8 I heard the police officer say, 'Move *away from* the car.'

a) of b) from c) *out*

- 9 We drove *through* the castle gates.

a) between b) into c) *through*

- 10 The frog jumped out of the lake *onto* a stone near my foot.

a) on top of b) above c) *onto*

- 11 I waved at her and she walked *towards* me slowly smiling.

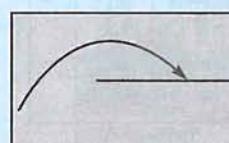
a) towards b) near c) *between*

- 12 They were tired after running *round* the field three times.

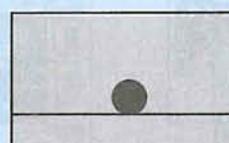
a) over b) near c) *round*



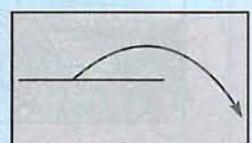
Drawing pictures is a good way of remembering the meaning of prepositions. The pictures can be quite simple. For example:



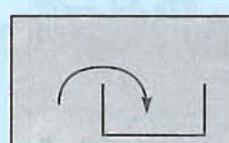
onto



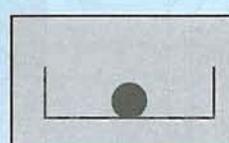
on



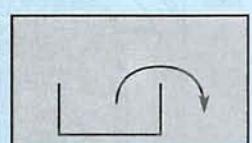
off



into



in



out of

16 In the town

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.

art gallery _____ 2

department store _____

factory _____

market _____

pavement _____

pedestrian crossing _____

roundabout _____

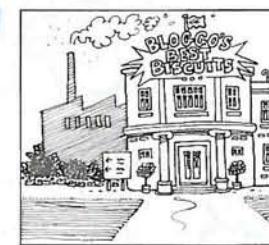
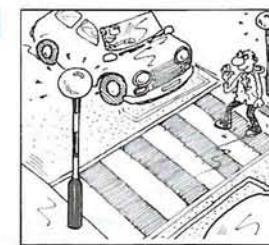
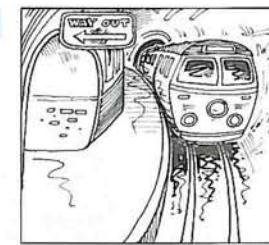
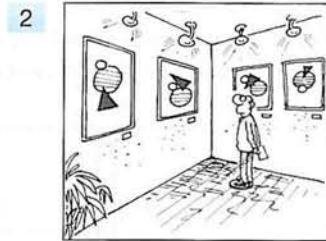
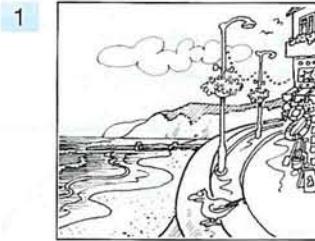
sea front _____

shopping mall _____

tourist information _____

town hall _____

underground station _____



- In London, the underground is often called *the tube*. People say: 'Where is the nearest tube station?' 'Can we get there by tube?' 'What time is the last tube?'
- In New York, the *subway* is the equivalent of the London Underground. In Washington DC, it is called the *Metro*.

17 In the living room

Write the numbers 1 to 16 next to the correct words.

armchair

4

blind

cushion

fireplace

fruit bowl

lamp

music system

painting

piano

remote control

shelves

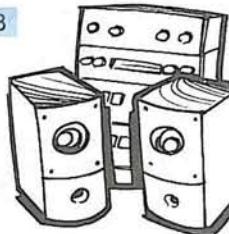
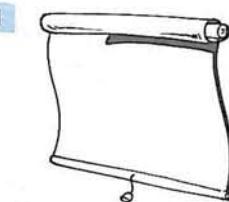
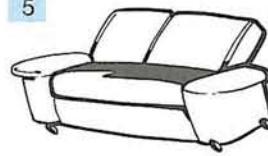
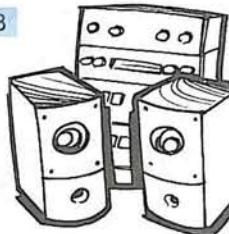
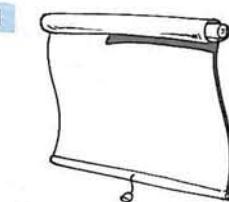
sofa

speakers

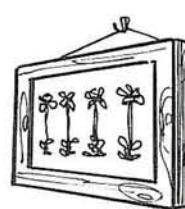
table mat

TV

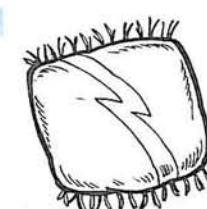
video recorder



7



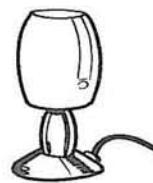
8



9



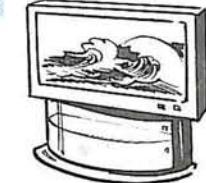
10



11



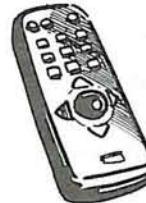
12



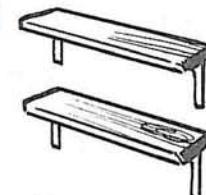
13



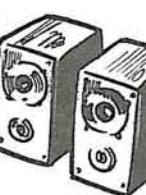
14



15



16



- Other phrases meaning the same as *music system* are *stereo*, *stereo system* and *sound system*.

- The phrase *video recorder* is usually shortened to *video*: *Turn the video on*. A video is also the film that you watch on a video.
I've got Titanic on video. I've rented it from our local video shop.

18 Choose the word

Choose the word to best complete each sentence.

1 When you pay for something, you usually get a *receipt*.

- a) recipe b) receipt c) bill

2 We had a very _____ time in London last summer.

- a) fun b) nice c) funny

3 Would you _____ this letter to the post office, please?

- a) send b) take c) bring

4 The _____ on the west coast of Scotland is really beautiful.

- a) scenery b) nature c) view

5 Elana has a _____ job at a chemist's.

- a) half-time b) spare-time c) part-time

6 I saw a very good _____ advertised in the paper this week.

- a) job b) work c) occupation

7 I _____ to see the manager, please.

- a) will b) want c) would

8 Is there anything _____ you'd like me to get you?

- a) else b) again c) other

9 These shoes don't _____. They're much too big.

- a) suit b) pass c) fit

10 When we were in Spain last year, we _____ at a fabulous hotel overlooking the beach.

- a) stayed b) stopped c) lived

11 The doctor gave her a _____ for some medicine.

- a) recipe b) statement c) prescription

12 I hate doing the _____, especially cleaning the windows.

- a) jobs b) housework c) homework



- Sometimes language learners are confused by two or three words that sound similar or have slightly similar meanings. Or else an English word is similar to a word in their language so they think it means the same thing. If you know which words confuse you, you can solve the problem by writing example sentences. For example, if *receipt*, *recipe* and *bill* confuse you, check the meaning in a dictionary, then write a sentence using each one.
- The *p* in *receipt* is silent. We do not pronounce it.

19 Food and drink

Complete the crossword. Each answer is related to food.

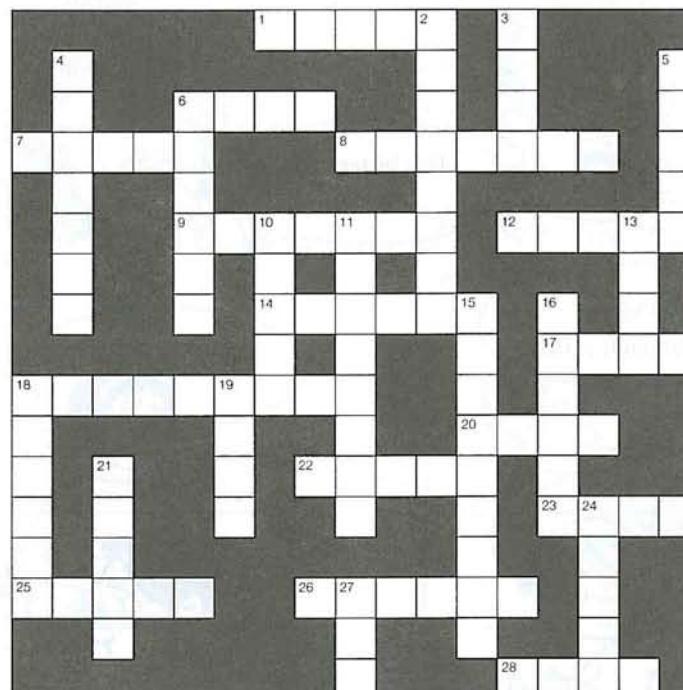
Across

- 1 You can make it with lettuce and tomatoes.
- 6 The meat from a pig.
- 7 Tomato _____ is popular on spaghetti.
- 8 It's made from milk and tastes a bit sour.
- 9 People often eat it at the cinema.
- 12 _____ floss is pink, very sweet and looks like cotton wool.
- 14 They are not good for your teeth.
- 17 They are small dry fruits. They are sometimes in cereals, chocolate or on top of ice cream.
- 18 Hot _____ is a good drink for winter nights.
- 20 They eat and grow a lot of this in China, India and Japan.
- 22 A piece of beef. It's often eaten with chips.
- 23 _____ drinks are drinks that don't have alcohol in them.
- 25 An ice _____ is ice with a flavour, on a stick.
- 26 These little pink things are a kind of seafood.
- 28 The meat from cows.

Down

- 2 It's a sweet round cake, covered with sugar, with jam or cream in the middle.
- 3 You look at it before you order food in a restaurant.
- 4 Vanilla is a very popular _____ of ice cream.
- 5 It's sweet and is made by bees.
- 6 It's usually on the table with the salt.
- 10 Spaghetti and ravioli are types of _____
- 11 An egg dish. It can be made with cheese or potatoes, for example.

- 13 _____ cola doesn't have sugar in it.
- 15 Mineral water that has gas in it is _____
- 16 They're very small meals.
- 18 A lot of people have a bowl of it with milk and sugar for breakfast.
- 19 The meat from young sheep.
- 21 Mineral water without gas is _____
- 24 _____ oil is made in most Mediterranean countries.
- 27 Food that isn't cooked is _____



The word *diet* is usually a noun.

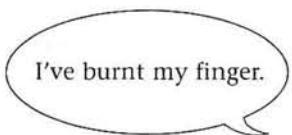
She's on a special vegetarian diet.

He's on a diet because he wants to lose weight.

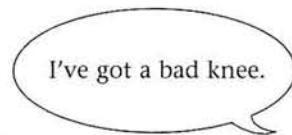
It can also be used as an adjective in phrases like *diet cola / lemonade*.

20 What's the matter?

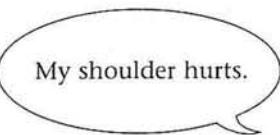
What is each person saying? Write the correct words under each picture.



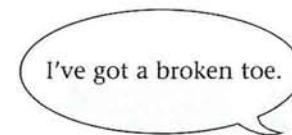
I've burnt my finger.



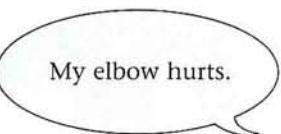
I've got a bad knee.



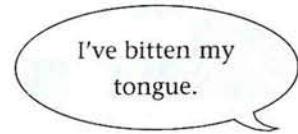
My shoulder hurts.



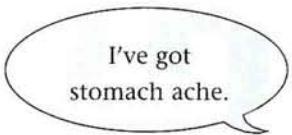
I've got a broken toe.



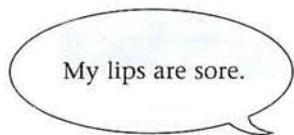
My elbow hurts.



I've bitten my tongue.



I've got stomach ache.



My lips are sore.



1 I've got a bad knee.



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____



5 _____



6 _____



7 _____



8 _____

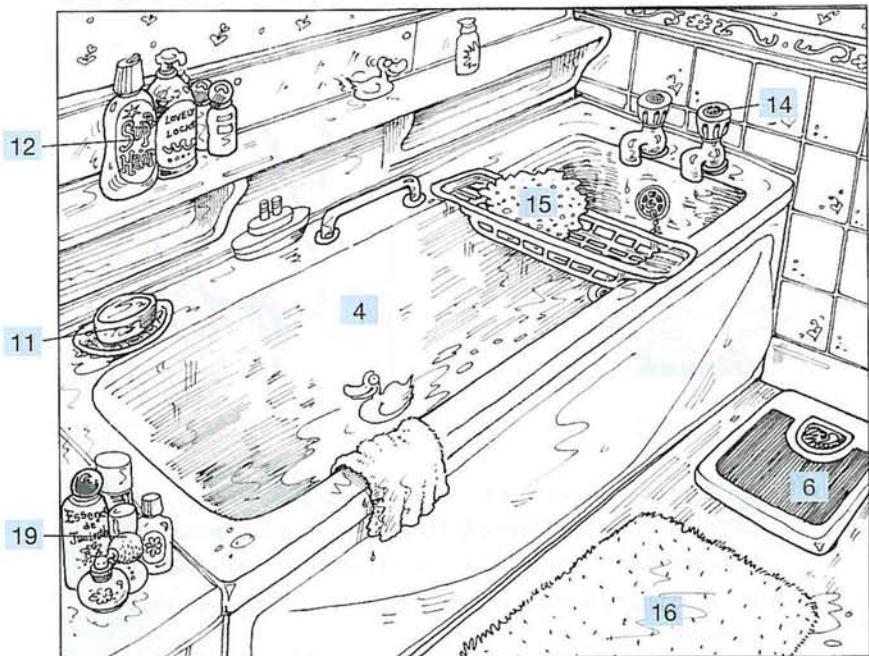


- The expression *I've got a bad ...* means *I've got a pain in my ...* It can be used with most parts of the body. For example *I've got a bad back / knee / foot / leg / eye / throat*. We don't use it with *head*. *I've got a bad head*.
- The word *tummy* is often used for *stomach*. It is more informal than *stomach*.

21 In the bathroom

Write the numbers 1 to 19 next to the correct words.

basin	_____	shower	_____
bath	_____	soap	_____
bath mat	_____	sponge	_____
brush	_____	tap	_____
comb	_____	toilet	_____
make-up	_____	toilet paper	_____
perfume	_____	toothbrush	_____
razor	_____	toothpaste	_____
scales	_____	towel	_____
shampoo	_____		



- In a bathroom, we wash our hands in a **basin**. We do not call it a basin if it is in a kitchen; we call it a **sink**.
- In American English, a **tap** is called a **faucet**.
- The word **scales**, like **scissors**, is always plural. **The scales are in the bathroom cupboard.** NOT **The scales is in the bathroom cupboard.**

22 Adjectives: people

Complete the sentences below with the correct adjectives.

bad-tempered big-headed bossy calm friendly helpful
 lazy loud selfish serious shy studious

- 1 The other students in the group are very friendly and we all get on well.
- 2 Gina shouts instead of talking and always laughs at her own jokes. She's a very _____ person.
- 3 He always worked hard at school and university. He's a _____ person.
- 4 He gave me a lift when I missed the bus. He's so kind and _____.
- 5 He thinks he's the cleverest guy in the world. He is very _____.
- 6 I'm very _____ in the mornings. It's best if you don't speak to me before nine o'clock!
- 7 My sister is terribly _____. She drives everywhere and refuses to walk.
- 8 She is quite a _____ person. She always looks down at the floor when she speaks to you.
- 9 She never shouts and she's never in a hurry. She's always _____.

10 She's a bit _____. She always tells you how you should do everything.

11 Why are you so _____? You've eaten all the ice cream. There are other people in this family.

12 Why is she always so _____? She never laughs or smiles.



Many adjectives end in *-y*, *-ful*, *-ed* and *-ious*.

How do these adjectives end? Write the complete adjective in the correct box.

beauti..., *blue-ey...*, *dark-hair...*, *industr...*, *naught...*, *relig...*, *sill...*,

wonder...

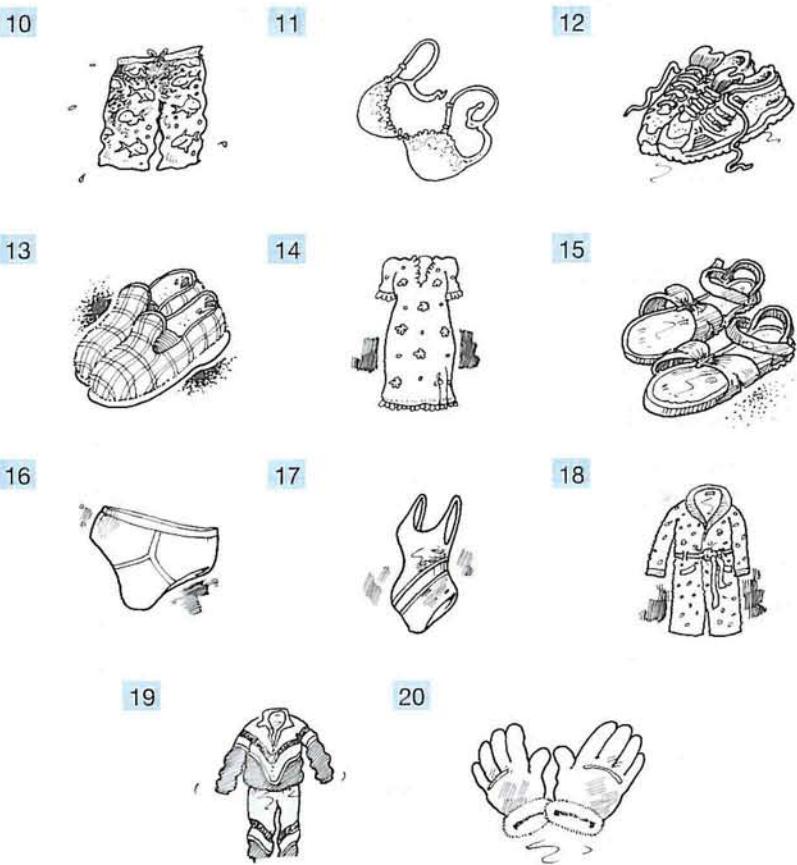
ending in <i>-y</i>	ending in <i>-ful</i>	ending in <i>-ious</i>	ending in <i>-ed</i>

Can you add any more adjectives to the boxes?

23 Clothes

Write the numbers 1 to 20 next to the correct words.

bikini	<u>4</u>	shorts	<u> </u>
bra	<u> </u>	slippers	<u> </u>
dressing gown	<u> </u>	sweatshirt	<u> </u>
fleece	<u> </u>	swimming costume	<u> </u>
gloves	<u> </u>	swimming trunks	<u> </u>
knickers	<u> </u>	tights	<u> </u>
nightie	<u> </u>	tracksuit	<u> </u>
pyjamas	<u> </u>	trainers	<u> </u>
sandals	<u> </u>	T-shirt	<u> </u>
scarf	<u> </u>	underpants	<u> </u>



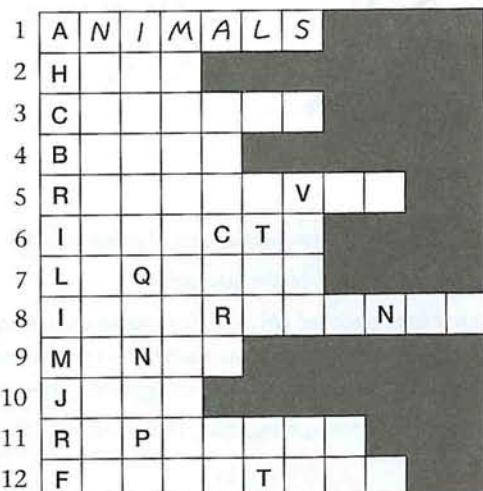
- **Knickers** are worn by women, **underpants** or **pants** are worn by men.
- In American English, **pants** means **trousers**.
- The words **knickers**, **pyjamas**, **shorts**, **tights**, **trunks** and **underpants** are always in the plural. *My pyjamas need a wash. NOT My pyjamas needs a wash.* *These tights are too small. NOT This tights is too small.*
- In British English the spelling is **pyjamas**. The American spelling is **pajamas**.
- The original meaning of the word **fleece** is the woolly coat of a sheep. It also means a warm top made of synthetic material. Fleeces, unlike sweaters, aren't knitted.

24 Word groups

Complete each group of words on the left with a word from the box. Then write the name for each group in the grid.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|
| 1 shark, seal, monkey, | <u>whale</u> |
| 2 wavy, straight, blonde, | _____ |
| 3 raincoat, anorak, fleece, | _____ |
| 4 pigeon, goose, eagle, | _____ |
| 5 cousin, uncle, aunt, | _____ |
| 6 bee, ant, fly, | _____ |
| 7 beer, water, petrol, | _____ |
| 8 keyboard, flute, guitar, | _____ |
| 9 pound, dollar, yen, | _____ |
| 10 cleaner, writer, engineer, | _____ |
| 11 snake, crocodile, tortoise, | _____ |
| 12 sofa, bookcase, wardrobe, | _____ |

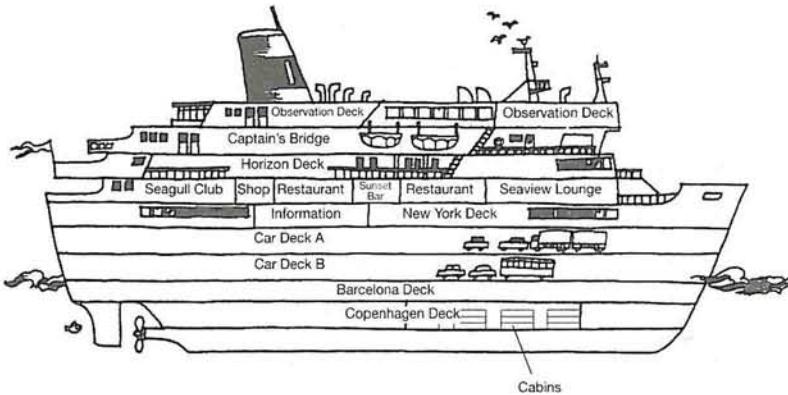
- beetle
cashier
curly
Euro
lizard
milk
nephew
pullover
stool
swan
trumpet
whale-



People usually find it easier to learn new words in a set. Try adding three more words to each of the sets on this page.

25 Prepositions

Look at the plan of the boat. Then complete the sentences with the missing prepositions.



- 1 The Barcelona Deck is _____ Car Deck B.
- 2 One of the restaurants is _____ the shop and the Sunset Bar.
- 3 The Seaview Lounge is _____ the restaurant.
- 4 There are cabins _____ the Copenhagen Deck.
- 5 The Observation Deck is _____ the Captain's Bridge.
- 6 You can find out your cabin number _____ the reception desk.
- 7 You can have a meal _____ one of the restaurants.
- 8 There are steps going up _____ the Observation Deck.
- 9 You have to go through the shop if you go _____ the Seagull Club _____ the restaurant.



- A public sitting room, for example at a hotel, at an airport or on a boat, is called a *lounge*.
- A *deck* means the part of a boat where people can walk or sit outside. A bedroom on a boat is called a *cabin*.
- In a building we talk about *floors*: *My flat is on the third floor*. But on a boat, we talk about *decks*: *Our cabin is on the Copenhagen Deck*.

26 Verbs and nouns 2

A Match the verbs to the nouns.

Verbs	Nouns	
1 burn	a a bank	1j
2 crash	b a message	_____
3 drop	c litter	_____
4 fail	d some flowers	_____
5 pick	e the car	_____
6 repair	f the kitchen floor	_____
7 rob	g the Internet	_____
8 surf	h the washing machine	_____
9 sweep	i your exam	_____
10 take	j your hand	_____

B Complete each sentence with the correct verb + noun.

- 1 Be careful. You're going to burn your hand on the hot frying pan.

- 2 A gang in Los Angeles tried to _____ on a Sunday. They forgot it was closed!

- 3 Can you call a plumber? I need someone to _____.

- 4 Can you go into the garden and _____ for the dinner table tonight?

- 5 I have to _____ before the guests come. It's really dirty.

- 6 There's a new café where you can _____ or write e-mails while you have a coffee.

7 There's ice on the road. You should slow down or you'll _____.

8 There's rubbish all down the street. Why do some people always _____?

9 We're going out. If anyone calls, can you _____, please?

10 You've worked really hard. I'm sure you won't _____.



- The word *Internet* is often shortened to *Net*.
I was surfing the Net yesterday and I found a really interesting website.
- The word *litter* is used for rubbish in the street, not in a house.
There's a litter bin at the end of the street. BUT We keep our rubbish bin under the kitchen sink.

27 More money

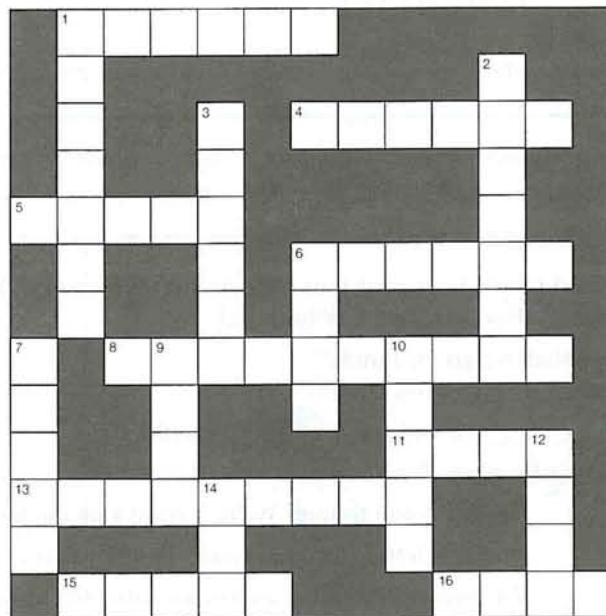
Complete the crossword. Each answer is related to money.

Across

- 1 I don't have enough money for that motorbike. I can't ____ it.
- 4 American money.
- 5 You carry your money in it.
- 6 He gave the taxi driver £10 and told him to keep the ____ .
- 8 You can use this plastic thing instead of money when you buy things. (6,4)
- 11 The highest one in Britain is a £50 one.
- 13 You can get money from it when the bank is shut. (The clue for 14 Down will help you!)
- 15 There are one hundred pence in one ____ .
- 16 You are ____ if you don't have a lot of money.

Down

- 1 If you don't keep your money under your bed, you probably keep it in a bank ____ .
- 2 This person is the boss of a bank.
- 3 If you want to send someone money, it's safer to send a ____ . But you mustn't forget to sign it.
- 6 A British 50 pence ____ is silver and has seven sides.
- 7 There are one hundred of these in a pound.
- 9 You are ____ if you have a lot of money.
- 10 There are one hundred of these in a dollar.
- 12 This is the money of most of the countries of Europe.
- 14 This is a person's secret number for getting money from a cashpoint.



- Scotland has its own notes: £5, £10, £20 and £50. They are produced by the Bank of Scotland and look slightly different from the notes produced by the Bank of England. The Scottish notes are worth the same as the English ones and are valid all over Britain.
 - There are two plurals for the word *penny*: *pence* and *pennies*. When talking about the price of something, we use the form *pence* or the short form *p*. *I paid eighty-five pence for this biro.* OR *Here's fifty p. Can you get me some chewing gum?*
- We use the form *pennies* when we are talking about the actual coins.
I've got a lot of coins in my purse but I haven't got any pennies.

28 Verbs: thinking and feeling

Write the missing verbs in the sentences below. Choose from the following:

believe dislike dream expect feel forgive hope
imagine mind miss prefer suffer think wonder worry

- 1 They said they'd be here at four o'clock and it's four now. I expect they'll be here any minute.
- 2 'Where shall we go for lunch?' 'I don't . You choose.'
- 3 Don't about me. I'll be very careful.
- 4 He was really sorry about being late so I decided to him.
- 5 I it isn't going to rain. We're having a picnic later.
- 6 I who this letter is from. It looks like Hannah's writing.
- 7 I in love. It's the most important thing in this world.
- 8 I haven't seen Sam for fifteen years. I can't what he looks like now.
- 9 I really people who talk during films.
- 10 Which flavour ice cream do you , coffee or chocolate?
- 11 After a long swim, I always really hungry and thirsty.
- 12 She died quietly in her sleep. She didn't at all.
- 13 I'm going to work in Australia but if I my friends and family a lot, I'm coming back.
- 14 You would look nice with short hair. Do you ever of cutting it?
- 15 My dog often makes noises when he's asleep. Do dogs ?



- If someone offers you choices and you are happy with all of them, it is more polite to say *I don't mind* than *I don't care*.
- The verb *mind* is used in a lot of other spoken English phrases, for example *Would you mind if...? Never mind, Mind your own business*.

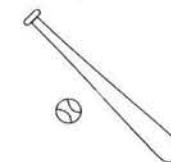
29 Sport

Name the sports in the pictures. Then match each sport to the place where people do it. Choose from the words in the box.

circuit
course
court
courts
pitch
pitch
pool
ring
rink
track



1 tennis court



2



3



4



5



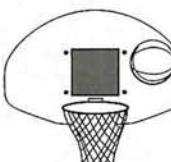
6



7



8



9



10

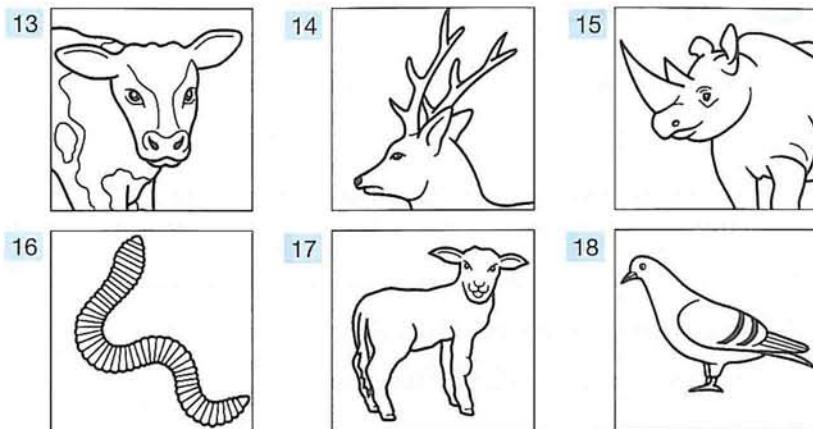
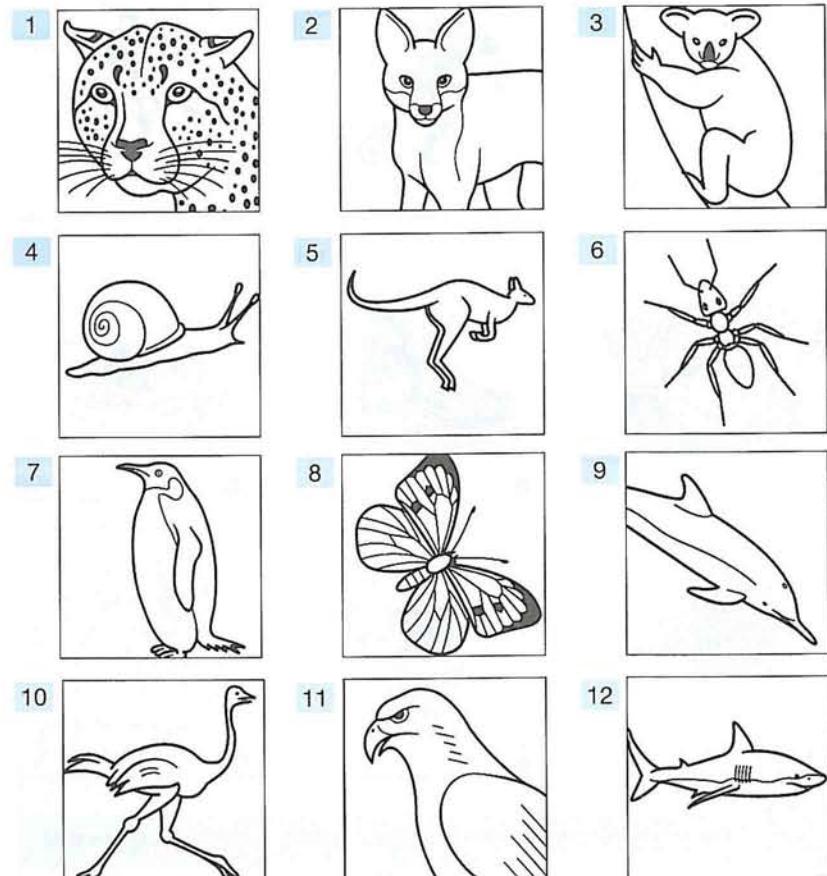


Other sports that are played in a court are: squash, badminton and volleyball.

30 Animals

Write the numbers 1 to 18 next to the correct words. Then put the words in the correct group in the table. There are two words for each group.

ant	6	eagle	_____	penguin	_____
butterfly	_____	fox	_____	pigeon	_____
calf	_____	kangaroo	_____	rhinoceros	_____
cheetah	_____	koala bear	_____	shark	_____
deer	_____	lamb	_____	snail	_____
dolphin	_____	ostrich	_____	worm	_____



Australian animals	African animals	Birds that can't fly
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
European animals	Baby farm animals	Animals in the sea
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
Birds	Insects	Garden creatures (not insects)
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____



One way of practising the names of animals is with the *Chain Game*. One person says an animal, for example *shark*. *Shark* ends in *k* so the next person has to say an animal starting with *k*, for example *koala bear*. The third person in the chain might say *rabbit* and the fourth might say *tiger*. A person is out when he / she can't think of an animal starting with the correct letter.

You can play this game with other groups of words, for example verbs, adjectives, clothes, jobs, countries.

31 Music

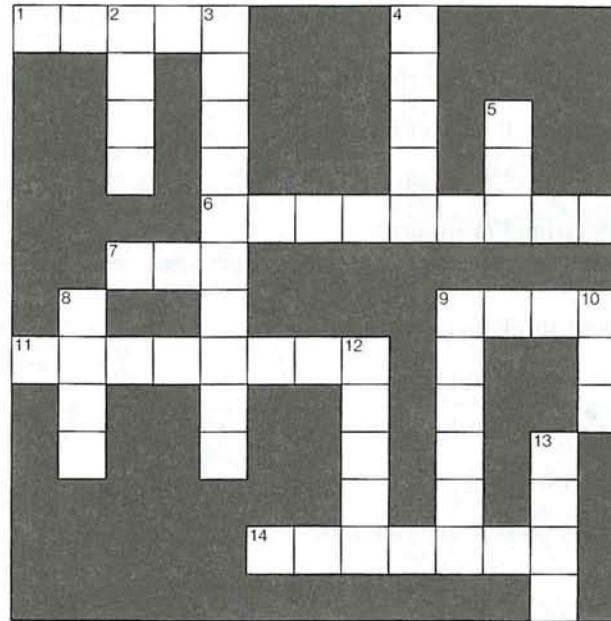
Complete the crossword. Each answer is related to music.

Across

- 1 A CD or cassette with a collection of songs or music by the same artist.
- 6 A large group of musicians who play different instruments.
- 7 In this kind of music the words are spoken not sung.
- 9 *Imagine* is John Lennon's most famous _____.
- 11 It's like a piano but it's electric.
- 14 Country and _____ music.

Down

- 2 A group of musicians who play rock or pop music.
- 3 Some singers hold it very close to their mouths.
- 4 The most important thing for a singer.
- 5 Celine Dion's latest _____ has sold millions of copies.
- 8 This music has a great _____. It makes you want to dance.
- 9 A CD or cassette with just one or two songs.
- 10 A rock or pop concert.
- 12 You hit these musical instruments with your hands or with sticks.
- 13 I heard this song on the radio this morning and now I can't get the _____ out of my head.

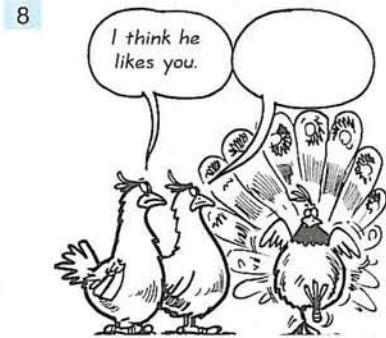
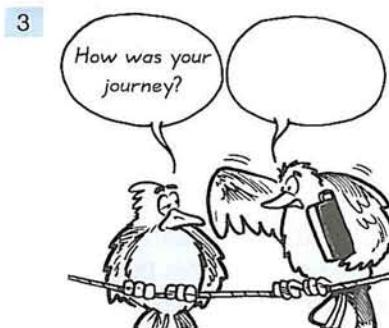


Country and Western music is sometimes called Country music for short. It is popular music from the southern and western United States. Dolly Parton and Garth Brooks are two famous Country and Western singers.

32 Phrases 2

Match the words to the pictures. Write the letters a to j in the balloons.

- a Yes, that's right. How did you know?
- b Never mind. It doesn't matter.
- c No problem. Go ahead.
- d That's awful. I'm so sorry.
- e Of course I can.
- f Really? I think he prefers you.
- g Not too bad, thanks.
- h What a shame! Why not?
- i Yes, isn't it great!
- j It's really good to see you, too.



The verb *mind* is used more in spoken than in written English. The expression *Never mind* means *Don't worry* and is often used in answer to someone who is saying sorry. See the Tip for Test 28 on page 48.

33 Verbs and nouns 3

A Match the verbs to the nouns.

Verbs	Nouns	
1 add	a a picture	1j
2 correct	b a saucepan	_____
3 fill	c flour and eggs	_____
4 hang	d rubber gloves	_____
5 mix	e some string	_____
6 practise	f the cheque	_____
7 sign	g the mistakes	_____
8 tie	h the piano	_____
9 wear	i the train	_____
10 miss	j two and two	_____

B Complete each sentence with the correct verb + noun.

- 1 He's bad at maths. He can't even add two and two.
- 2 Let's go now or we'll _____.
- 3 You should _____ to clean the bath. That cleaning stuff is bad for your hands.
- 4 If you want to be in the concert, you have to _____ every day.
- 5 I want to _____ on this wall.
- 6 Let's _____ round this box to keep it shut.
- 7 Can you _____ in my homework, please?

8 She wrote the date and the amount of money but she forgot to _____.

9 To make these biscuits you have to first _____.

10 Can you _____ with water? I'm going to make pasta.

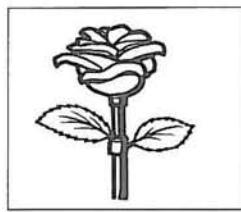


The word *stuff* is very common, especially in spoken English. We often use it when we don't know exactly what something is made of. In 10, above, it means a cleaning product. It can also mean a type of food or drink.
I like that stuff you made for supper yesterday.

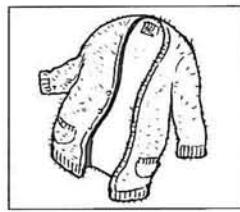
34 Adjectives: things

Write the missing words under the pictures. Choose from the following:

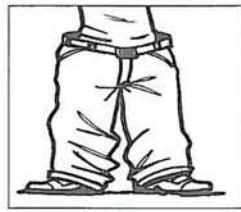
baggy	checked	cotton	grey	heavy	leather
metal	patterned	plastic	rubber	silver	spotted
striped	tight	torn	woollen		



1 a plastic
rose



2 a _____
cardigan



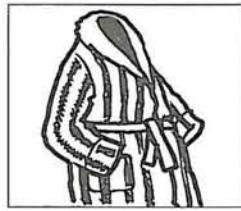
3 _____
trousers



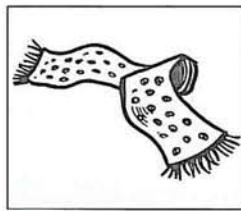
4 _____
jeans



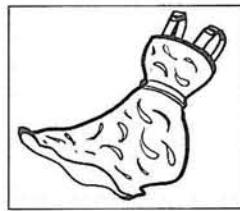
5 a _____
shirt



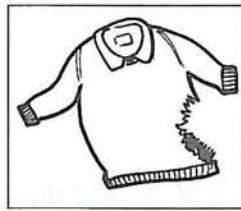
6 a _____
dressing gown



7 a _____
scarf



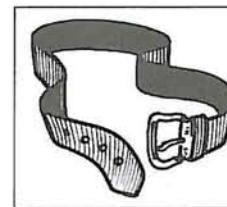
8 a _____
dress



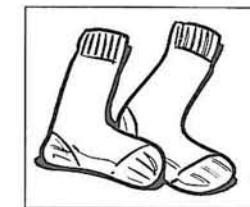
9 a _____
top



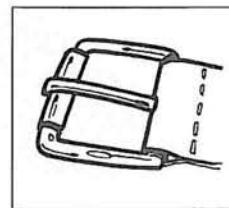
10 _____
boots



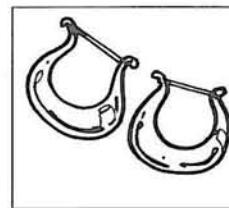
11 a _____
belt



12 _____
socks



13 a _____
buckle



14 _____
earrings



15 a _____
rucksack



16 a _____
fleece



- The colour grey is spelt gray in American English.
- Rubber boots are often called *wellington boots* in British English. They are an example of things named after their inventor. The Duke of Wellington invented them in the nineteenth century. See the Tip for Test 4 on page 5 for more examples of things named after their inventors.

35 Fruit and vegetables

Write the numbers 1 to 14 next to the correct words.

beans

4

carrot

cucumber

grapes

leeks

lemon

lettuce

mushrooms

pear

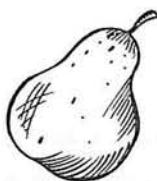
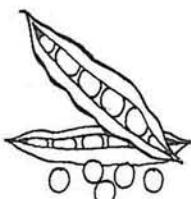
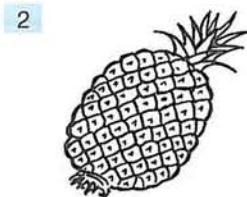
peas

pineapple

raspberries

strawberries

watermelon

7



10



13



8



11



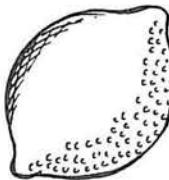
9



12



14



Fruit and vegetables, or food, work well as word groups for playing the *Chain Game*. See the Tip for Test 30 on page 51.

36 Phrasal verbs

Choose the correct particle to complete each sentence. Choose from the following.

away	down	forward	in	in	off	off	on	out
out	out	up	up	up	up	up		

- 1 'Do you know your next-door neighbours?'
'No, they only moved in last week.'
- 2 Can you turn the TV a little bit, please. I'm trying to do my homework.
- 3 Can you turn the volume, please. I want to hear the news.
- 4 He gave playing football last year after breaking his leg.
- 5 How did you work the answer to the maths problem?
- 6 I can't see a thing. I'm going to switch another light.
- 7 I have to clear the mess. Can you help me, please?
- 8 If you make a mistake, just cross it and write the correct answer above.
- 9 She's really happy because she's just found that she's expecting a baby.
- 10 Please switch your engine before you fill your car with petrol.

11 She's a liar. She makes stories all the time.

12 Please fill this form and sign it at the bottom.

13 We can't fix this computer mouse. You'd better just throw it .

14 We're driving her to the station. Do you want to come and see her too?

15 We're really looking to our holiday in Thailand.



- A phrasal verb is a verb and a particle like *up*, *off* or *out* which has a different meaning from the verb on its own. For example *get = receive* BUT *get back = return*.
- Some phrasal verbs have an object, for example *look up*. Sometimes we can put the object between the verb and the particle. *Look up these words in the dictionary.* OR *Look these words up in the dictionary.*

37 Fun and leisure 1

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.

art exhibition 7

barbecue

birthday party

boat trip

carnival

circus

funfair

fireworks

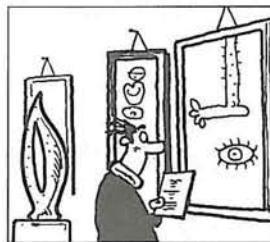
go-karting

magic show

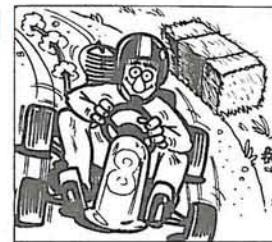
musical

rollercoaster

7



8



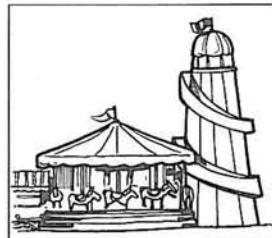
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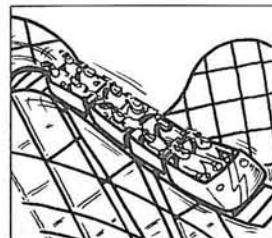
10



1



2



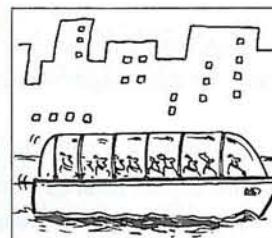
3



4



5



6



11



12



- The word *trip* can go with other nouns besides boat: *car trip, coach trip, business trip, day trip*. A *day trip* is a pleasure trip that is done in one day.
- The word *show* can also go with other nouns: *fashion show, dog show, flower show, quiz show*. A *quiz show* is a TV competition where people answer questions.

38 Fun and leisure 2

Complete the crossword. Each answer is related to fun and leisure. Put the jumbled letters in order to get the answers to each clue.

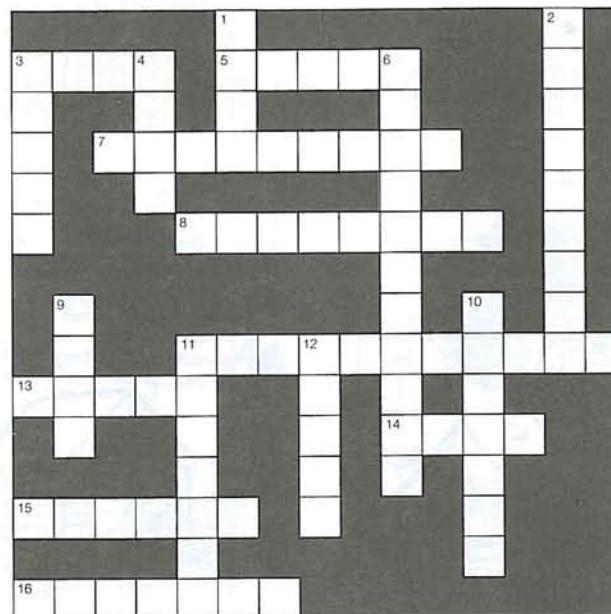
Across

- 3 A good way of seeing Paris is to take a boat ____ down the Seine. (RIPT)
- 5 In an ____ all the words are sung. (PAROE)
- 7 You can send a card to the person you love on February 14th. It's ____'s Day. (LAVTENIEN)
- 8 There were thirty bands from all over the world at the music _____. (LASTIFEV)
- 11 They spent the day ____ in New York. They went up the Empire State Building, then they took a ferry to the Statue of Liberty. (NEIGHSITGES)
- 13 The ____ in this competition is a holiday for two in the Bahamas. (ZEPIR)
- 14 The best ____ at the funfair was the ghost train. (DIRE)
- 15 I've got a blanket and lots of food in this basket. We're going for a ____ in the park. (NICCIP)
- 16 She bought a ____ ticket for £1 and won £2 million. (ROTTELY)

Down

- 1 When you tell a good one, people laugh. (KOJE)
- 2 Children dress up as ghosts and witches on _____. It's on October 31st. (WHOLENALE)
- 3 I'll show you a really good card _____. Choose a card and I'll tell you what it is. (CRIKT)
- 4 You go to the theatre to see one. (YALP)

- 6 Their silver wedding ____ was last week. They've been married twenty-five years. (NEVAR SAYRIN)
- 9 She was too scared to go on any of the rides at the theme _____. (KPRRA)
- 10 When they got married, they had a huge white ____ cake. (DEWDING)
- 11 A lot of people like to go to the ____ for their summer holidays. (DAISEES)
- 12 A ____ is something you enjoy doing in your free time. (BHOYB)



People who have been married for fifty years celebrate their *golden* wedding anniversary. People who have been married for sixty years celebrate their *diamond* wedding anniversary.

39 Places to live

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.

beach hut 2

block of flats

caravan

castle

cave

cottage

hotel

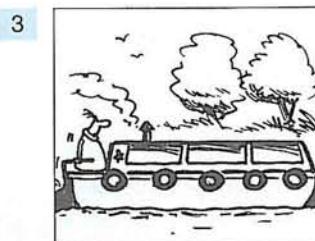
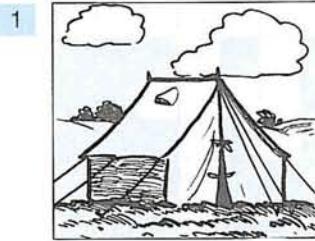
house

houseboat

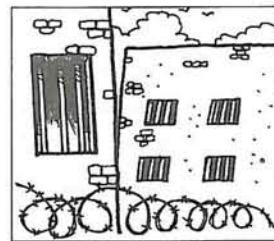
palace

prison

tent



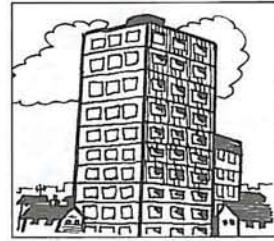
5



6



7



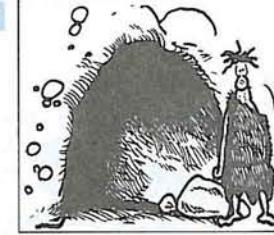
8



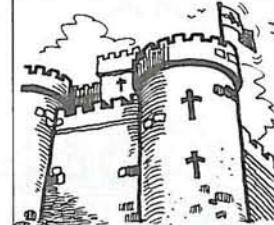
9



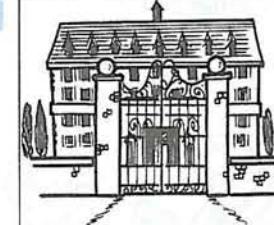
10



11



12



A *cottage* is always in a village or in the country. A small house in a town is not called a cottage.

40 People

Write the correct words from the box under each picture.

bride customer director employer model owner
parent patient pupil reader rider thief



1 policeman and
thief



2 doctor and _____



3 teacher and



4 writer and _____



5 _____ and
employee



6 shop assistant and



7 _____ and child



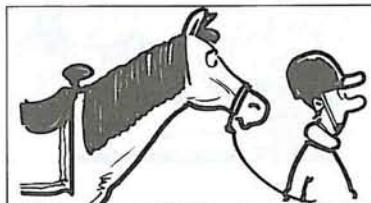
8 photographer and



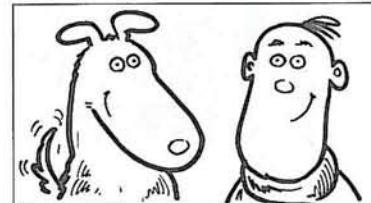
9 _____ and actor



10 _____ and groom



11 horse and _____



12 dog and _____



- A person studying at school is a *pupil*. A person studying at college or university is a *student*.
- We can say a *shop assistant* or a *sales assistant*.

41 Phrases 3

Match the words to the pictures. Write the letters a to h in the balloons.

- a Can I have a taste?
- b Hands off!
- c Hard luck!
- d I'm not in the mood.
- e Keep in touch!
- f Move up!
- g Shut up!
- h Sweet dreams!



5



6



7



8



- The phrase *Shut up* means *Be quiet*. It is quite rude but not as rude as *Shut it* and *Shut your mouth*.
- We can also say *Bad luck* instead of *Hard luck*.

42 More prepositions

Write the missing prepositions in the sentences.

1 I've known him for twelve years now.

- a) for b) since c) in

2 I must be home by 11.30 at the latest.

- a) on b) by c) after

3 We're really looking forward to seeing you next weekend.

- a) for b) at c) to

4 What are you doing between three and four this afternoon?

- a) during b) between c) before

5 I haven't seen John since he got married.

- a) until b) since c) before

6 What time do you usually get up in the mornings?

- a) on b) at c) in

7 I always get up after eleven on Sunday mornings.

- a) on b) at c) in

8 My son's really scared of dogs.

- a) of b) for c) with

9 There's no point in washing your hair just before you go swimming.

- a) of b) with c) in

10 I'm really bored listening to her stories about college.

- a) from b) in c) with

11 Are you interested in going for a boat trip this weekend?

- a) from b) in c) by

12 She filled a basket with fruit and flowers.

- a) by b) of c) with



The best way to remember the meaning of many prepositions is with an example sentence. Writing a list of the prepositions with a one-word translation next to each one will not be useful. In each of these sentences in your language, you might use a different word for *in*. *She's in bed. I'll see you in the morning. In my opinion ... Are you interested in seeing my photos?*

43 Maths

A Write the numbers 1 to 9 next to the correct words.

circle 5

right angle

cube

sphere

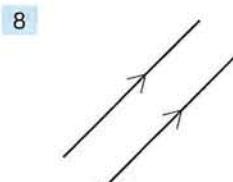
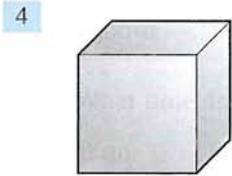
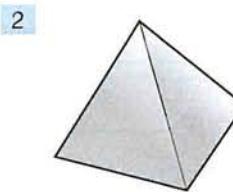
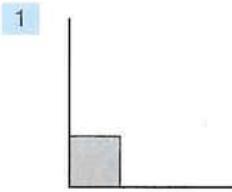
parallel lines

square

pyramid

triangle

rectangle



B Complete each sentence with the correct word from the box.

A quarter	A third	An eighth	divided by	equals	Half
minus	nought	per cent	plus	Point	times

1 fifteen plus fifteen = thirty

2 eighty-three twenty-nine = fifty-four

3 ninety-nine nine = eleven

4 three thirteen = thirty-nine

5 of forty-four is twenty-two.

6 of forty-four is eleven.

7 of twenty-seven is nine.

8 of sixteen is two.

9 Eight plus eight sixteen.

10 Ten of a hundred and fifty is fifteen.

11 five is the same as one half.

12 Another word for zero is .



- The word *nought* is not used in American English.
- We never say *nought* for telephone numbers. Most British people say *o*.
'My number is o two o double seven four eight double o three one.'
(020 7748 0031)

44 Electrical things

Write the numbers 1 to 15 next to the correct words.

desk lamp 8

1



drill

2



electric razor

3



fan

4



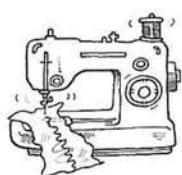
hair drier

5



heater

6



iron

7



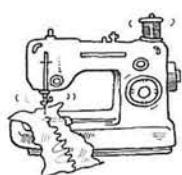
light bulb

8



plug

9



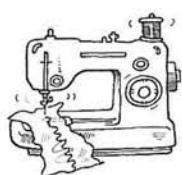
sewing machine

10



switch

11



tumble drier

12



vacuum cleaner

13



washing machine

14



wire

15



The word *plug* is a noun or a verb.

I have to put a new plug on this lamp.

I have to get under the table to plug in the vacuum cleaner.

45 Verbs: third person

The verbs in the box are very common in the third person. Complete the sentences with the correct verbs from the box in the Present Simple.

become belong depend disappear exist fit happen
matter mean seem sound suit take taste turn

- 1 It takes about an hour to get to Natasha's house by car.
- 2 Doesn't time fly? You've been here a month but it seems more like a week!
- 3 I don't believe in ghosts. I'm sure they don't exist.
- 4 In this story, the princess kisses the frog and it turns into a prince.
- 5 It doesn't matter if you can't give me a lift. I'll phone for a taxi.
- 6 That sign says that you can't park here.
- 7 You look great in green. It's a colour that suits you really well.
- 8 'Whose is this mobile?'
'It belongs to my sister.'
- 9 This coffee tastes like soap. Who did the washing-up?
- 10 What happens if you're late for work? Do you get into trouble?

- 11 'What are you doing next weekend?'
'It depends on the weather.'
- 12 What's that noise? It sounds like thunder.
- 13 When water freezes, it turns ice.
- 14 When you put bread out for the birds, it disappears in minutes. They're always hungry!
- 15 These shoes don't fit me. They're much too big.



In British English the Past Simple of *fit* is *fitted*.

Last year, these trousers fitted me perfectly.

In American English, it is *fit*.

Last year, these pants fit me perfectly.

46 Verbs: going places

Complete each sentence with a verb from the box in the correct form.

cross	cycle	escape	fly	follow	hurry	jog	land
race	reach	return	sail	take off	tour	travel	turn

- 1 When you reach the crossroads, turn left. The college is on the right.
- 2 Our helicopter flies over the sea and I could see lots of fishing boats.
- 3 Please let's hurry. We're going to be really late for the meeting.
- 4 I like cycling to work on my new bike because I save money and get exercise at the same time.
- 5 I went to California in 1998 and I travelled for a second visit last December.
- 6 I'm trying to get fit so I usually put on my trainers and go jogging in the evening.
- 7 The plane landed at Kennedy airport and all the passengers got out.
- 8 The two swimmers raced down the pool as fast as they could go.
- 9 They drove slowly ahead of us in their car and we followed them in our van.

- 10 We got in the boat and sailed across the water to the island.
- 11 We had to spend the night at the airport because there was a terrible storm and our plane couldn't take off.
- 12 When we got to the roundabout, we turned left.
- 13 At the party I couldn't escape from that boring man who never stopped talking about his computer.
- 14 It's very difficult to cross that road because it's very busy and there are no traffic lights.
- 15 We travelled to Glasgow by train and came back on a coach.
- 16 I went to China last year and visited the country with a group of other students.

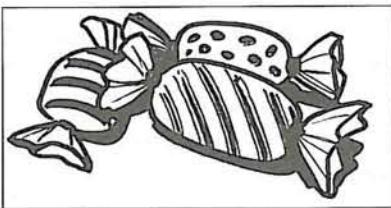


The Past Simple of *travel* is *travelled* in British English and *traveled* in American English.

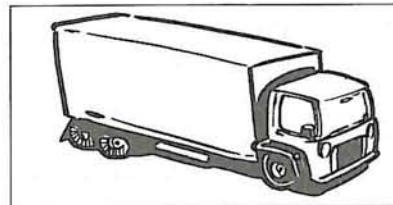
47 British and American English

How do the Americans say these words? Choose from the words in the box.

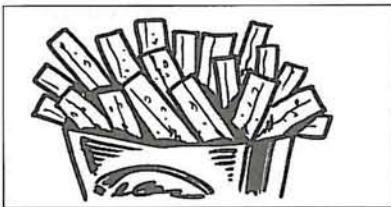
candy cookies eraser fall fries gas station
movie theater purse store truck



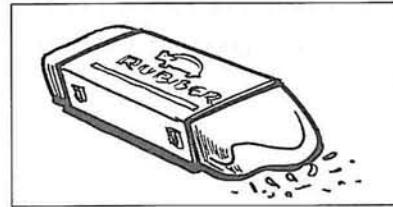
1 British English: sweets
American English: candy



2 British English: lorry
American English: truck



3 British English: chips
American English: fries



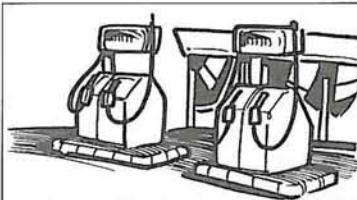
4 British English: rubber
American English: eraser



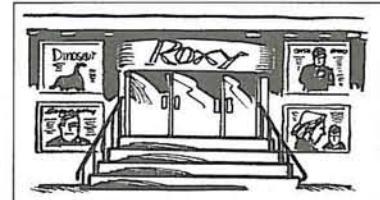
5 British English: autumn
American English: fall



6 British English: biscuits
American English: cookies



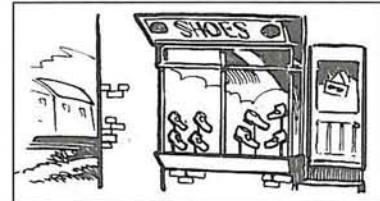
7 British English: petrol station
American English: gas station



8 British English: cinema
American English: movie theater



9 British English: handbag
American English: purse



10 British English: shop
American English: store



American spelling is different from British in some words.

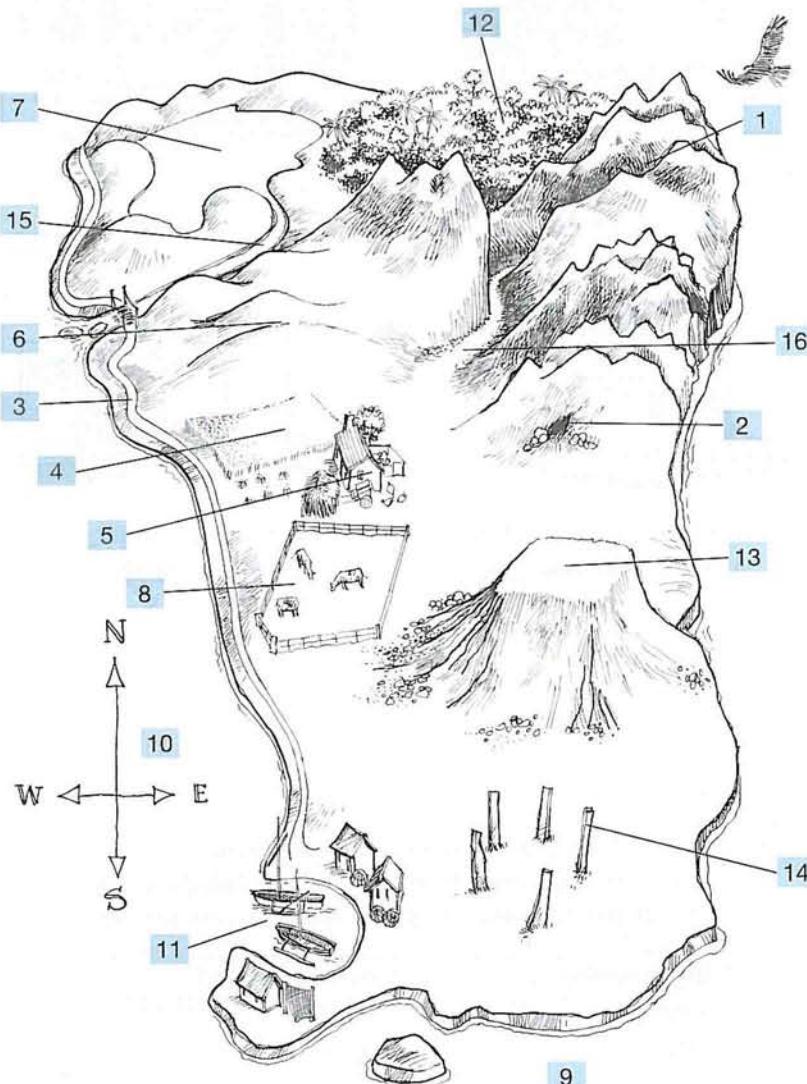
Words that end *-re* in British English are spelt *-er* in American English.

Words that end *-our* in British English are spelt *-or* in American English.

British spelling	American spelling
theatre	theater
centre	center
litre	liter
colour	color

48 Kinuta Island

Look at the map and complete the labels with the correct words from the box.



Cave	Coast	Farm	field	Hills	Lake	Mountains
Ocean	Path	Port	Rainforest	Rock		
Stones	Stream	Valley	wildlife reserve			

- 1 Eagle Mountains
- 2 Wakanuki _____
- 3 The Coast _____
- 4 corn _____
- 5 Katoomba _____
- 6 The Rakuku _____
- 7 Maraunu _____
- 8 _____
- 9 The South _____
- 10 The Pacific _____
- 11 The Old Fishing _____
- 12 Kinuta _____
- 13 Table _____
- 14 The Standing _____
- 15 Blue Water _____
- 16 Snake _____



A lot of people find it easier to learn new words in a set. On this page you have learnt a set of geography words. Can you add any more words to it?

49 Sport

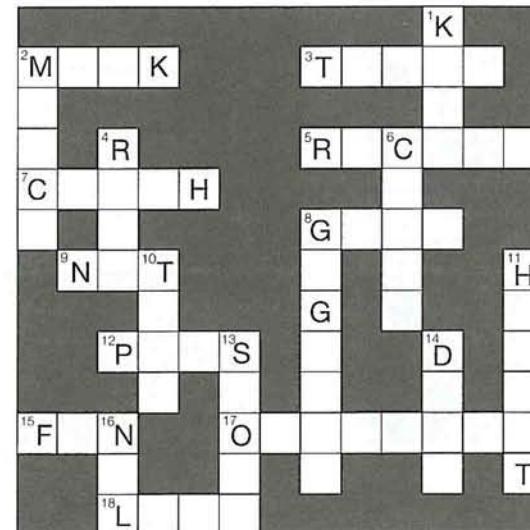
Complete the crossword. Each word is related to sport.

Across

- 2 You wear it to see when you're swimming underwater.
- 3 All athletes have to _____ if they want to do well.
- 5 It's used by tennis players.
- 7 You don't want to do this when you are motor-racing.
- 8 In the last minute, Manchester United scored the winning _____.
- 9 Tennis players stand on each side of it.
- 12 Don't keep the ball. You have to _____ it.
- 15 A football _____ is someone who loves football.
- 17 Go past someone on a bicycle or in a car.
- 18 This means zero in tennis.

Down

- 1 You can _____ the ball or hit it with your head in football.
- 2 A game between two players or teams.
- 4 You have to run or swim fast in one.
- 6 The person who trains a sports person.
- 8 Swimmers wear them on their eyes during races.
- 10 There are eleven players in a football _____.
- 11 Cyclists wear one on their head.
- 13 To get a point or a goal.
- 14 Nobody won. It was a _____.
- 16 Zero in football.



There's another test on sports vocabulary on page 49.

50 Films and TV

Write the numbers 1 to 12 next to the correct words.

advertisement 12

cartoon _____

comedy _____

documentary _____

horror film _____

interview _____

love story _____

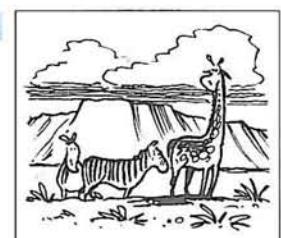
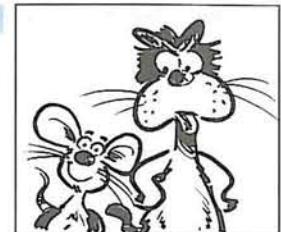
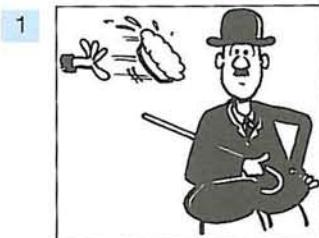
musical _____

news _____

science fiction film _____

thriller _____

weather forecast _____



Probably the most popular TV programmes are **soaps**. They are stories about the everyday life of a group of people. Most soaps are on TV four or five times a week and they go on for many years. Is there a special word for a soap in your language?

51 Opposites: adjectives

What's the opposite of each word on the left? Choose from the words on the right.

1	strong	<u>weak</u>	attractive
2	generous	_____	boring
3	exciting	_____	calm
4	simple	_____	careless
5	hard-working	_____	complicated
6	careful	_____	depressed
7	deep	_____	lazy
8	quiet	_____	mean
9	happy	_____	noisy
10	ugly	_____	old-fashioned
11	tidy	_____	ordinary
12	unusual	_____	sensible
13	modern	_____	shallow
14	nervous	_____	untidy
15	silly	_____	weak



- Don't forget the difference between *boring* and *bored*, *exciting* and *excited*, *interesting* and *interested*, *depressing* and *depressed*. The *-ed* words describe the person who has the feeling; the *-ing* words describe what gives them that feeling.

I got bored watching TV. The programme was boring.

I got depressed listening to Sandy. Sandy was depressing.

- Students of English sometimes get confused about the words *sensible* and *sensitive*. *Sensible* means clever or practical; *sensitive* means easily hurt or upset.

52 Choose the word

Choose the word to best complete each sentence.

- His parents don't allow him to stay out later than 10.30 at night.
 a) allow b) let c) suggest
- It was very difficult to see the road through the fog.
 a) thick b) strong c) deep
- That bee just stung me on the arm.
 a) bit b) stung c) waved
- I won't go to the party unless Robert is invited too.
 a) unless b) except c) but
- Please be careful with that glass dish. It's really precious.
 a) precious b) popular c) patterned
- You can't change foreign coins at the bank. You can only change notes.
 a) strange b) foreign c) different
- She felt very upset when she didn't get the job.
 a) upset b) shy c) unfriendly
- The train now resting at platform 11 is the 14.45 to Brighton.
 a) lying b) resting c) standing
- This newspaper says that women drivers have fewer accidents than men.
 a) fewer b) better c) lower
- I love spicy food with lots of pepper in it but it always makes me thirsty.
 a) heated b) spicy c) lively
- I'm choosing number ten – it's my lucky number.
 a) warm b) happy c) lucky
- The shopping mall is always crowded of people on Saturday afternoon.
 a) crowded b) full c) busy



There is another test like this one on page 30.

53 Compound nouns

Match the correct words from the box with each of the words below. The clues will help you.

bin child clock code drink fiction food forecast gown
hall lenses licence lights park reserve store toy water

Clues

- 1 junk food
Food that is not very healthy or good for you.
- 2 weather forecast
It's useful to check it before you have a picnic.
- 3 alarm clock
It wakes you up in the morning.
- 4 soft pillow
It could be a bear or a tiger on a child's bed.
- 5 contact lenses
Some people wear them instead of glasses.
- 6 driving licence
In Britain, you can't get one until you're seventeen.
- 7 mineral water
It doesn't come out of your kitchen tap.
- 8 town hall
This is the centre of local government.
- 9 department store
It's a large shop with a lot of floors.
- 10 theme park
It's full of rollercoasters and other rides.
- 11 nature reserve
It's a huge park where animals and plants are safe.
- 12 rubbish bin
Things you throw away go in it.
- 13 post code
These numbers or letters show your address.
- 14 only child
He or she doesn't have any brothers or sisters.
- 15 traffic lights
Cars stop when they're red.
- 16 soft drink
There isn't any alcohol in it.
- 17 dressing gown
You put this on instead of getting dressed.
- 18 science fiction
A story that probably has spaceships in it.



In the test above, can you find the compound nouns that mean the same as these American English ones: *driver's license*, *zip code*, *bathrobe*?

54 Verbs: using your hands

Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the correct form.

clear collect cover deliver fight hold join knock
lift point prepare press pull put shake shave
shoot touch type wave

- 1 Press the button on the left to turn it off.
- 2 'Look,' he said and pointed at the light in the sky.
- 3 You have to open the bottle before you pour out the medicine.
- 4 Help me move this wardrobe. You push and I'll lift.
- 5 I always use an electric razor to shave. It's nice and quick.
- 6 I had to cook a meal for twenty people last week.
- 7 When we met again, I put my arms around him and hugged him tight.
- 8 I tried to carry the box but it was too heavy.
- 9 If you put the melon in the fridge, it will stay nice and fresh.
- 10 Our postman delivered the letters before we get up.
- 11 Please don't smash those chairs. I've just painted them and the paint's still wet.
- 12 The horse broke its leg in the race and the vet had to operate on it.
- 13 The two children didn't get on and fought all the time.
- 14 We knocked on the door but there was nobody at home.
- 15 We stood on the platform and waved goodbye.
- 16 She collected lots of pretty shells on the beach last summer.
- 17 When it boils, remove the saucepan. Here's the lid.
- 18 You clear the table and I'll do the washing-up.
- 19 The carpenter joined the two pieces of wood with glue and nails.
- 20 How many words can you type per minute?

55 Abstract nouns

Complete the sentences below with abstract nouns. Choose from the following:

accident adventure course crime description fact
group height illness memory opinion peace
permission purpose reason religion rest result rule
secret shape silence speed trouble war

- 1 I got into trouble because I was late for school today.
- 2 He had a car accident because he was driving too fast.
- 3 The rock is a very strange shape. It looks like a horse.
- 4 Can you tell me the result of the match? Who won?
- 5 When two countries fight, there is a war between them.
- 6 Stealing radios and phones from cars is a common crime in this city.
- 7 What is your opinion of this book? Did you think it was good?
- 8 'Be quiet everyone. I need absolute silence.'
- 9 The two sides have stopped fighting. But how long will there be peace between them?
- 10 I've got an excellent memory for names and faces. I never forget them.
- 11 The fact I'm late is that I didn't hear my alarm this morning.
- 12 I'm not making this up. It's a lie.
- 13 How fast were you going? What speed were you doing?

- 14 'What is the height of the Statue of Liberty?'
'I think it's about 100 metres from the ground to the top of the torch'
- 15 I travelled around Europe with a group of students from all over the world.
- 16 We had an exciting adventure on our last holiday. We went for a camel ride in the desert.
- 17 Can you give us a description of the man who stole your bag?
- 18 'What religion are you?'
'I'm a Buddhist.'
- 19 We're tired. We need a rest.
- 20 What's the purpose of your visit? Are you here on business or for a holiday?
- 21 This is a private road. Have you got permission to park in it?
- 22 The rule is no mobile phones in the classroom.
- 23 She still hasn't got over that horrible sight. She's been in bed for weeks now.
- 24 It's a secret. Please don't tell anyone else.
- 25 She went on a computer course for three weeks and now she designs websites.



Many abstract nouns end in *-ion*, *-ment*, *-ness*, *-nce*, *-ity*. How do these nouns end? Write two nouns in each box.

*govern..., ill..., intellig..., permis..., entertain..., popular..., possibil...,
happi..., relat..., sil...*

<i>-ion</i>	<i>-ment</i>	<i>-ness</i>	<i>-ence</i>	<i>-ity</i>
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

56 Adjectives crossword

Complete the crossword. Choose from the adjectives in the box.

final flat fresh general glad grateful honest
main natural pale plain pleased private real
sharp shiny single smooth special useful

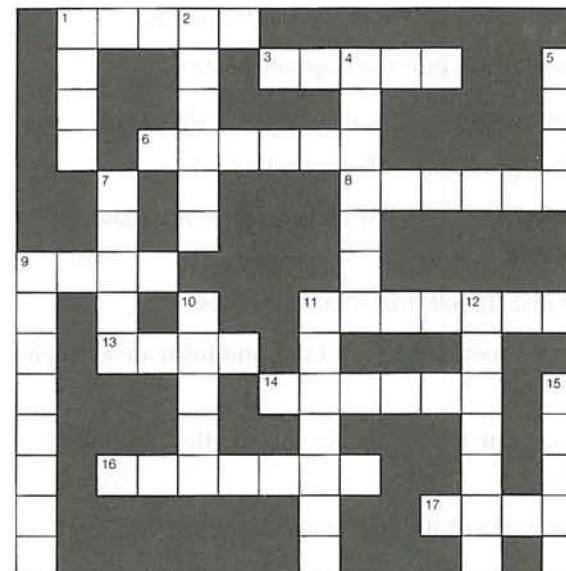
Across

- 1 This bread is _____. I've just bought it.
- 3 This is the ____ call for flight AZ231. Please go immediately to Gate 11.
- 6 He never tells lies. He's very _____.
- 8 Let's take a map. It might be ____ if we get lost.
- 9 I'm so _____ they're getting married. They're made for each other.
- 11 She was really _____ with her exam results. She got 98%.
- 13 In summer she's quite brown but in winter she always looks _____.
- 14 Would you like two ____ beds or one double bed?
- 16 I didn't understand every word but I got the _____ idea.
- 17 I had soup to start with and fish for the _____ course.

Down

- 1 This packet is very _____. It must be a CD or a picture. (The opposite of *round*.)
- 2 Your legs are very _____. Have you just shaved them? (The opposite of *rough*.)
- 4 I don't think that is her _____ hair colour. Last time I saw her, she had black hair.
- 5 These roses are _____. They aren't plastic.
- 7 Use this knife to cut the meat. It's very _____.

- 9 Thank you so much. I'm very _____ to you for all your help.
- 10 I want a _____ white shirt without any stripes or patterns.
- 11 Can I speak to you in _____? I don't want the others to hear.
- 12 He doesn't drink ordinary tea. He only drinks a _____ kind of fruit tea.
- 15 I've cleaned the windows. They're lovely and _____ now.



There are five adjectives in this crossword that end in *-al*. We can make adverbs out of all of them by adding *-ly*. For example *generally*, *finally*, *naturally*.

57 Anagrams

An anagram has the same letters as another word, but in a different order.
Sort out these anagrams.

- 1 Change **beard** into something you can eat. bread
- 2 Change **asleep** into a word used by polite people. _____
- 3 Change **below** into a part of the body. _____
- 4 Change **cheap** into a fruit. _____
- 5 Change **hated** into the opposite of *life*. _____
- 6 Change **heart** into our planet. _____
- 7 Change **rose** into another word for painful. _____
- 8 Change **thing** into the opposite of *day*. _____
- 9 Change **danger** into a place outside the house. _____
- 10 Change **grown** into the opposite of *right*. _____
- 11 Change **laid** into what you do when you make a phone call. _____
- 12 Change **signed** into what architects do. _____
- 13 Change **means** into what **Lucy** and **John** are examples of. _____
- 14 Change **horse** into the place where the land meets the sea. _____
- 15 Change **recent** into the middle of a town. _____



TRUE TOYS is an anagram of *TEST YOUR*.
And BRAVO LUCY A is an anagram of *VOCABULARY*.

58 Definitions

Complete each sentence with the correct ending on the right.

- 1 A rude child is impolite
- 2 An antique desk _____
- 3 A bright student _____
- 4 A difficult task _____
- 5 A cross parent _____
- 6 A keen student _____
- 7 A crazy person _____
- 8 An unoccupied house _____
- 9 A dull book _____
- 10 An incorrect answer _____
- 11 A brief message _____
- 12 A dim light _____
- 13 A warm person _____
- 14 A starving child _____
- 15 A tiny thing _____
- 16 A free ticket _____
- 17 A healthy person _____
- 18 A poisonous mushroom _____
- 19 A sociable person _____
- 20 A local shop _____

is angry
is wrong
is short
enjoys meeting people
is enthusiastic
is faint
is usually well
is hard
~~is impolite~~
doesn't cost anything
is very hungry
is one that's near your house
is very old
is mad
is uninteresting
is intelligent
is friendly
is very, very small
is empty
will make you sick



This joke may help you to remember the word *poisonous*.

Baby snake: Are we poisonous, Mum?

Mother snake: Yes, we are. Why do you want to know?

Baby snake: Because I've just bitten my tongue.

59 Too many words

Replace the words in **darker type** with one word only from the box.

accidentally adults century correctly couple electronic
escalators escape greedy illegal independent joke
lonely neighbours population queue return snacks
urgent useless

- 1 It cost £2 for children to get into the exhibition and £5 for grown-up people. adults
- 2 The window was broken by accident. _____
- 3 This broken knife is of no use. _____
- 4 James translated every word without making any mistakes. _____
- 5 The two people who live together in the flat next door have invited us to supper tomorrow. _____
- 6 Three prisoners tried to get out of prison at the weekend. _____
- 7 Driving a car without a driving licence is against the law. _____
- 8 Mexico City has a very high number of people living in it. _____
- 9 There are a lot of moving staircases in that department store. _____

- 10 We stood in a line of people waiting outside the cinema. _____

- 11 They set out at 8.30 and didn't get back until 11.30 at night. _____

- 12 Computers are one of the most important inventions of the last hundred years. _____

- 13 She is able to look after herself and enjoys travelling on her own. _____

- 14 I'm not hungry. There were lots of little things to eat at the party. _____

- 15 Have you heard the funny story about the man who bought a penguin? _____

- 16 We've got some very friendly people living next door. _____

- 17 She is very keen on eating and eats too much. _____

- 18 He is always on his own and doesn't have any friends. _____

- 19 This letter is important and has to get there immediately. _____

- 20 This car alarm is made using a computer chip. _____



The word for ten years is a *decade*. The word for 1,000 years is a *millennium*.
The word for 100 years is ... Sorry! It's up to you to work that one out!

60

Same word,
different meaning

In each pair of sentences below, the missing word is the same but its meaning is different. Can you work out what the missing words are?

1 wave

As the president got out of his car, he gave the crowd a big wave.

A big wave carried the surfer all the way back to the beach.

2 _____

She lives in a _____ right in the centre of Boston.

Please keep these photos _____. Pack them at the bottom of your suitcase.

3 _____

I looked for my glasses for twenty minutes before I found them on my _____.

She's got a really important job. She's the _____ of a big bank.

4 _____

In English, a sentence should always begin with a _____ letter.

Is Wellington or Auckland the _____ of New Zealand?

5 _____

We travelled from London to Glasgow by _____.

This is Mr Davies, the new athletics _____.

6 _____

He had blue eyes and _____ hair.

As a child I used to love going to the _____. I really enjoyed going on all the rides.

7 _____

Our train _____ at 6.30 tomorrow morning. The lawn was covered with _____ from the two trees at the bottom of the garden.

8 _____

The band's first single became a number one _____ all over the world.

Be careful! If you _____ your finger with that hammer, it will really hurt.

9 _____

Can you give me a _____ to the station? I'm really late for my train.

Her office is on the fourteenth floor. Let's take the _____.

10 _____

He never spends any money. He's so _____. What does this word _____?

11 _____

Would you like some strawberry _____ on your toast?

There was a terrible traffic _____ and it took us an hour to get there.

12 _____

She shouldn't wear bright pink. It doesn't _____ her.

He wore a dark grey _____ to the wedding.



Lots of silly English jokes are based on pairs of words which are spelt the same but have different meanings. Here are some examples.

Question: Why is a calendar like a palm tree?

Answer: Because they are both full of dates.

Question: Are your eyes ever checked?

Answer: No, they're always plain blue.

A: Have you noticed any change in me?

B: No, why?

A: I've just swallowed some coins.

Answers

Test 1

bowl 4
bread board 10

cloth 7
corkscrew 11

electric kettle 1
frying pan 3

jug 6
mug 2

saucepans 9
tea towel 12

tin opener 5
toaster 8

Test 2

1 fantastic
2 terrible

3 strange
4 huge

5 attractive
6 boring

7 rude
8 clever

9 inexpensive
10 unhappy

11 thrilling
12 ugly

13 wealthy
14 furious

15 terrifying

Test 3

apple tree 4
back door 7

balcony 11

bins 8

chimney 2
fence 10

front door 13
garage 1

ladder 9
lawn 12

leaves 3
path 14

pool 6
steps 5

Test 4

biro 4
calculator 10

calendar 1
desk 2

diary 14
filing cabinet 9

fountain pen 12
paper 7

pencil 3
pencil sharpener 6

rubber 13
ruler 8

scissors 5
stapler 11

Test 5

1 a tube of
2 a jar of

3 a tin of
4 a bunch of

5 a dozen
6 a bottle of

7 a box of

8 a bar of
9 a loaf of

10 a packet of
11 a carton of

12 a pot of
13 a bag of

14 a roll of
15 a tub of

Test 6

1 d

2 a

3 b

4 e

5 f

6 h

7 g

8 c

Test 7

alarm clock 4

bed 11

blanket 3

chest of drawers 10

curtains 1

drawer 2

duvet 9

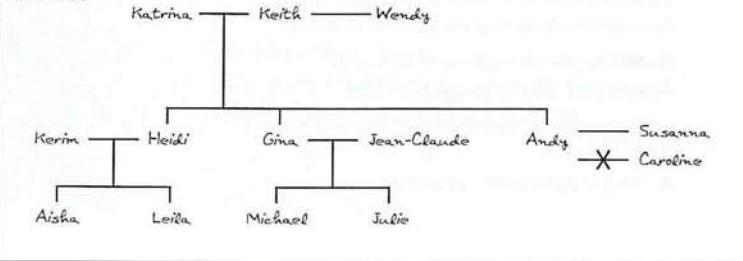
mattress 8

mirror 12

pillow 6

sheet 5

wardrobe 7

Test 8 A**Test 8****B**

1 father-in-law
2 aunt

3 uncle
4 stepmother

5 son-in-law
6 sister-in-law

7 ex-wife
8 brother-in-law

9 wife
10 cousins

11 grandparents
12 husband

13 daughter-in-law

Test 9

1 architect
2 flight attendant

3 disc jockey
4 carpenter

5 traffic warden
6 plumber

7 accountant
8 librarian

9 mechanic
10 sales rep

11 camerawoman
12 sound engineer

13 presenter
14 journalist

15 tour guide

Test 10**A**

1 d boil some water
2 g dial the number

3 a dig a hole
4 f feed the dog

5 e pour the coffee
6 b record a TV

7 c rent a video
8 j tear your jeans

9 i tidy the room
10 h water the plants

B

1 boil some water
2 tear your jeans

3 feed the dog
4 pour the coffee

5 water the plants
6 dig a hole

7 record a TV
programme

8 tidy the room
9 rent a video

10 dial the number
11 grandparents

12 husband
13 daughter-in-law

Test 11

1 copy
2 e-mail

3 program
4 Internet

5 screen
6 printer

7 floppy disk
8 click

9 recharge
10 fax

11 answerphone

12 cup and saucer

13 saucer lid
14 torch batteries

15 paint brush
16 hammer and nail

17 needle and thread
18 hot water bottle top

Test 12

1 a) towards
2 c) across

3 a) on top of
4 c) along

5 c) over
6 a) through

7 c) out of
8 b) from

9 c) through
10 c) onto

11 a) towards
12 c) round

Test 13

1 decide
2 describe

3 guess
4 repeat

5 thank
6 suggest

7 explain
8 refuse

9 agree
10 discuss

11 promise
12 argue

Test 14

1 made
2 stole

3 saved
4 hid

5 cost
6 earnt

7 found
8 counted

9 paid
10 lost

Test 15

1 b) past
2 c) across

3 a) on top of
4 c) along

5 c) over
6 a) through

7 c) out of
8 b) from

9 c) through
10 c) onto

11 a) towards
12 c) round

Test 16

1 art gallery 2
department store 5

factory 11
market 6

pavement 4
pedestrian crossing 9

roundabout 12
sea front 1

shopping mall 3
tourist information 8

town hall 10
underground station 7

Test 17

1 armchair 4
blind 1

cushion 8
fireplace 11

fruit bowl 2
lamp 10
music system 3
painting 7
piano 9
remote control 14
shelves 15
sofa 5
speakers 16
table mat 13
TV 12
video recorder 6

Test 18

- 1 b) receipt
- 2 b) nice
- 3 b) take
- 4 a) scenery
- 5 c) part-time
- 6 a) job
- 7 b) want
- 8 a) else
- 9 c) fit
- 10 a) stayed
- 11 c) prescription
- 12 b) housework

Test 19

Across

- 1 salad
- 6 pork
- 7 sauce
- 8 yoghurt
- 9 popcorn
- 12 candy
- 14 sweets
- 17 nuts
- 18 chocolate
- 20 rice
- 22 steak
- 23 soft
- 25 lolly
- 26 prawns
- 28 beef

Down

- 2 doughnut
- 3 menu
- 4 flavour
- 5 honey
- 6 pepper
- 10 pasta
- 11 omelette
- 13 diet
- 15 sparkling
- 16 snacks
- 18 cereal
- 19 lamb
- 21 still
- 24 olive
- 27 raw
- Test 20
- 1 I've got a bad knee.
- 2 My elbow hurts.
- 3 I've burnt my finger.
- 4 I've got a broken toe.
- 5 My lips are sore.
- 6 I've bitten my tongue.
- 7 I've got stomach ache.
- 8 My shoulder hurts.
- Test 21
- basin 9
- bath 4
- bath mat 16
- brush 3
- comb 8
- make-up 17
- perfume 19
- razor 7
- scales 6
- shampoo 12
- shower 18
- soap 11
- sponge 15
- tap 14
- toilet 10
- toilet paper 5
- toothbrush 2
- toothpaste 1
- towel 13
- Test 22
- 1 friendly
- 2 loud
- 3 studious
- 4 helpful
- 5 big-headed
- 6 bad-tempered
- 7 lazy
- 8 shy
- 9 calm

10 bossy
11 selfish
12 serious

ending in -y

naughty
silly

ending in -ful

beautiful
wonderful

Test 23

bikini 4
bra 11
dressing gown 18
fleece 9
gloves 20
knickers 1
nightie 14
pyjamas 6
sandals 15
scarf 7
shorts 5
slippers 13
sweatshirt 2
swimming costume 17
swimming trunks 10
tights 3
tracksuit 19
trainers 12
T-shirt 8
underpants 16

Test 24

1 whale	animals
2 curly	hair
3 pullover	clothes
4 swan	birds
5 nephew	relatives
6 beetle	insects
7 milk	liquids
8 trumpet	instruments
9 Euro	money
10 cashier	jobs

11 lizard
12 stool
Test 25

- 1 below
- 2 between
- 3 next to
- 4 on
- 5 above
- 6 at
- 7 in
- 8 to
- 9 from, to

Test 26

A

- 1 j burn your hand
- 2 e crash the car
- 3 c drop litter
- 4 i fail your exam
- 5 d pick some flowers
- 6 h repair the washing machine
- 7 a rob a bank
- 8 g surf the Internet
- 9 f sweep the kitchen floor
- 10 b take a message

B

- 1 burn your hand
- 2 rob a bank
- 3 repair the washing machine
- 4 pick some flowers
- 5 sweep the kitchen floor
- 6 surf the Internet
- 7 crash the car
- 8 drop litter
- 9 take a message
- 10 fail your exam

Test 27

Across

- 1 afford
- 4 dollar
- 5 purse
- 6 change
- 8 credit card
- 11 note
- 13 cashpoint

Test 28

- 1 expect
- 2 mind
- 3 worry
- 4 forgive
- 5 hope
- 6 wonder
- 7 believe
- 8 imagine
- 9 dislike
- 10 prefer
- 11 feel
- 12 suffer
- 13 miss
- 14 think
- 15 dream

Test 29

- 1 tennis court
- 2 baseball pitch
- 3 football pitch
- 4 athletics track
- 5 motor-racing circuit
- 6 ice-skating rink
- 7 swimming pool
- 8 golf course
- 9 basketball court
- 10 boxing ring

Test 30

- ant 6
- butterfly 8
- calf 13
- cheetah 1
- deer 14
- dolphin 9
- eagle 11
- fox 2

kangaroo 5
koala bear 3
lamb 17
ostrich 10
penguin 7
pigeon 18
rhinoceros 15
shark 12
snail 4
worm 16

Australian animals
kangaroo
koala bear

African animals
cheetah
rhinoceros

Birds that can't fly
ostrich
penguin

European animals
deer
fox

Baby farm animals
calf
lamb

Animals in the sea
dolphin
shark

Birds
eagle
pigeon

Insects
ant
butterfly

Garden creatures (not insects)
snail
worm

Test 31
Across
1 album
6 orchestra
7 rap
9 song
11 keyboard
14 Western
Down
2 band
3 microphone
4 voice
5 hit
8 beat
9 single
10 gig
12 drums
13 tune

7 correct the mistakes
8 sign the cheque
9 mix flour and eggs
10 fill a saucepan

Test 34
1 plastic
2 woollen
3 baggy
4 tight
5 checked
6 striped
7 spotted
8 patterned
9 torn
10 rubber
11 leather
12 cotton
13 metal
14 silver

15 heavy
16 grey

Test 32
1 b)
2 j)
3 g)
4 c)
5 i)
6 h)
7 e)
8 f)
9 a)
10 d)

Test 35
beans 4
carrot 6
cucumber 7
grapes 9
leeks 11
lemon 14
lettuce 10
mushrooms 1
pear 5
peas 3
pineapple 2
raspberries 13
strawberries 8
watermelon 12

Test 33
A
1 j add two and two
2 g correct the mistakes
3 b fill a saucepan
4 a hang a picture
5 c mix flour and eggs
6 h practise the piano
7 f sign the cheque
8 e tie some string
9 d wear rubber gloves
10 i miss the train

Test 36
1 in
2 down
3 up
4 up
5 out
6 on
7 up
8 out
9 out
10 off
11 up
12 in
13 away

Test 37
art exhibition 7
barbecue 6
birthday party 3
boat trip 5
carnival 11
circus 9
funfair 1
fireworks 12
go-karting 8
magic show 4
musical 10
rollercoaster 2

Test 38
Across
3 trip
5 opera
7 Valentine
8 festival
11 sightseeing
13 prize
14 ride
15 picnic
16 lottery
Down
1 joke
2 halloween
3 trick
4 play
6 anniversary
9 park
10 wedding
11 seaside
12 hobby

Test 39
beach hut 2
block of flats 7
caravan 9
castle 11
cave 10
cottages 8
hotel 6
house 4
houseboat 3
palace 12
prison 5
tent 1

Test 40
1 thief
2 patient
3 pupil
4 reader
5 employer
6 customer
7 parent
8 model
9 director
10 bride
11 rider
12 owner

Test 41
1 d)
2 b)
3 e)
4 f)
5 a)
6 h)
7 c)
8 g)

Test 42
1 a) for
2 b) by
3 c) to
4 b) between
5 b) since
6 c) in
7 a) on
8 a) of
9 c) in
10 c) with
11 b) in
12 c) with

Test 43
A
circle 5
cube 4
parallel lines 8
pyramid 2
rectangle 7
right angle 1
sphere 9
square 3
triangle 6
B
1 plus
2 minus

3 divided by
4 times
5 Half
6 A quarter
7 A third
8 An eighth
9 equals
10 per cent
11 Point
12 nought

Test 44
desk lamp 8
drill 3
electric razor 13
fan 10
hair drier 7
heater 1
iron 4
light bulb 5
plug 11
sewing machine 6
switch 14
tumble drier 15
vacuum cleaner 2
washing machine 12
wire 9

Test 45
1 takes
2 seems
3 exist
4 turns
5 matter
6 means
7 suits
8 belongs
9 tastes
10 happens
11 depends
12 sounds
13 becomes
14 disappears
15 fit

Test 46
1 reach
2 flew
3 hurry
4 cycling
5 returned
6 jogging
7 landed

8 raced
9 followed
10 sailed
11 take off
12 turned
13 escape
14 cross
15 travelled
16 toured

Test 47
1 candy
2 truck
3 fries
4 eraser
5 fall
6 cookies
7 gas station
8 movie theater
9 purse
10 store

Test 48
1 Eagle Mountains
2 Wakanuki Cave
3 The Coast Path
4 corn field
5 Katoomba Farm
6 The Rakuku Hills
7 Maraunu Lake
8 wildlife reserve
9 The South Coast
10 The Pacific Ocean
11 The Old Fishing Port
12 Kinuta rainforest
13 Table Rock
14 The Standing Stones
15 Blue Water Stream
16 Snake Valley

Test 49
Across
2 mask
3 train
5 racket
7 crash
8 goal
9 net
12 pass
15 fan
17 overtake
18 love

Down
 1 kick
 2 match
 4 race
 6 coach
 8 goggles
 10 team
 11 helmet
 13 score
 14 draw
 16 nil

Test 50
 advertisement 12
 cartoon 6
 comedy 1
 documentary 10
 horror film 4
 interview 8
 love story 2
 musical 7
 news 9
 science fiction film 3
 thriller 11
 weather forecast 5

Test 51
 1 weak
 2 mean
 3 boring
 4 complicated
 5 lazy
 6 careless
 7 shallow
 8 noisy
 9 depressed
 10 attractive
 11 untidy
 12 ordinary
 13 old-fashioned
 14 calm
 15 sensible

Test 52
 1 a) allow
 2 a) thick
 3 b) stung
 4 a) unless
 5 a) precious
 6 b) foreign
 7 a) upset

8 c) standing
 9 a) fewer
 10 b) spicy
 11 c) lucky
 12 b) full

Test 53
 1 food
 2 forecast
 3 clock
 4 toy
 5 lenses

6 licence
 7 water
 8 hall
 9 store
 10 park
 11 reserve
 12 bin
 13 code
 14 child
 15 lights
 16 drink
 17 gown
 18 fiction

Test 54
 1 Press
 2 pointed
 3 shake
 4 pull
 5 shave

6 prepare
 7 held
 8 lift
 9 put

10 delivers
 11 touch
 12 shoot
 13 fought
 14 knocked
 15 waved

16 collected
 17 cover
 18 clear
 19 joined
 20 type

Test 55
 1 trouble
 2 accident

3 shape
 4 result
 5 war
 6 crime
 7 opinion
 8 silence

9 peace
 10 memory
 11 reason
 12 fact
 13 speed
 14 height
 15 group
 16 adventure
 17 description
 18 religion
 19 rest
 20 purpose
 21 permission
 22 rule
 23 illness
 24 secret
 25 course

-ion
 permission
 relation

-ment
 entertainment
 government

-ness
 happiness
 illness

-ence
 intelligence
 silence

-ity
 possibility
 popularity

Test 56
 Across
 1 fresh
 3 final
 6 honest
 8 useful
 9 glad
 11 pleased
 13 pale

14 single
 16 general
 17 main

Down
 1 flat
 2 smooth
 4 natural
 5 real
 7 sharp
 9 grateful
 10 plain
 11 private
 12 special
 15 shiny

Test 57
 1 bread
 2 please
 3 elbow
 4 peach
 5 death
 6 earth
 7 sore
 8 night
 9 garden

10 wrong
 11 dial
 12 design
 13 names
 14 shore
 15 centre

Test 58
 1 is impolite
 2 is very old
 3 is intelligent
 4 is hard
 5 is angry
 6 is enthusiastic
 7 is mad
 8 is empty
 9 is uninteresting
 10 is wrong
 11 is short
 12 is faint
 13 is friendly

14 is very hungry
 15 is very, very small
 16 doesn't cost anything
 17 is usually well
 18 will make you sick
 19 enjoys meeting
 people

20 is one that's near
 your house

Test 59
 1 adults
 2 accidentally
 3 useless
 4 correctly
 5 couple
 6 escape

7 illegal
 8 population
 9 escalators
 10 queue
 11 return
 12 century
 13 independent
 14 snacks
 15 joke
 16 neighbours
 17 greedy
 18 lonely
 19 urgent
 20 electronic

Test 60
 1 wave
 2 flat
 3 head
 4 capital
 5 coach
 6 fair
 7 leaves
 8 hit
 9 lift

10 mean
 11 jam
 12 suit

Word list

A

a quarter 43
a third 43
above 15
accident 55
accidentally 59
account 27
accountant 9
across 15
add 33
adults 59
adventure 55
advertisement 50
afford 27
after 42
again 18
against 15
agree 13
alarm clock 7
album 31
allow 52
along 15
an eighth 43
angry 2
anniversary 38
answerphone 11
ant 30
apple tree 3
architect 9
argue 13
armchair 17
art exhibition 37
art gallery 16
at 25
athletics track 29
attractive 2
aunt 8
away from 15
awful 2

B
back door 3
bad-tempered 22
bag 5
baggy 34
balcony 3
band 31

bank 26
barbecue 37
baseball pitch 29
basin 21
basketball court 29
bath 21
bath mat 21
batteries 12
beach hut 39
beans 35
become 45
bed 7
beef 19
beetle 24
before 42
believe 28
belong 45
below 25
better 52
between 15
big-headed 22
bikini 23
bill 18
bins 3
biro 4
birthday party 37
bit 51
blanket 7
blind 17
block of flats 39
boat trip 37
boil 10
boring 2
bossy 22
bottle 5
bowl 1
box 5
boxing ring 29
bra 23
bread 57
bread board 1
bride 40
bring 18
brother-in-law 8
brush 12
bunch 5
burn 26

busy 52
but 52
butterfly 30

C

calculator 4
calendar 4
calf 30
calm 22
camerawoman 9
candy 19
capital 60
car 26
caravan 39
careful 51
careless 51
carnival 37
carpenter 9
carrot 35
carton 5
cartoon 50
cashier 24
cashpoint 27
castle 39
cave 48
centre 57
cents 27
century 59
cereal 19
change 27
cheap 2
checked 34
cheetah 30
cheque 27
chest of drawers 7
chimney 3
chocolate 19
circle 43
circus 37
clear 54
clear up 36
clever 2
click 11
cloth 1
coach 49
coast 48
coin 27

collect 54
comb 21
comedy 50
complicated 51
contact lenses 53
cookies 47
copy 11
corkscrew 1
correct 33
correctly 59
cost 14
cottage 39
cotton 34
count 14
couple 59
course 55
cousins 8
cover 54
crash 26
credit card 27
crime 55
cross 46
cross out 36
crowded 52
cube 43
cucumber 35
cup 12
curly 24
curtains 7
cushion 17
customer 40
cycle 46

D
daughter-in-law 8
death 57
decide 13
deep 51
deer 30
deliver 54
department store 16
depend 45
depressed 51
describe 13
description 55
design 57
desk 4
desk lamp 44
dial 10
diary 4

diet 19
different 52
dig 10
director 40
disappear 45
disc jockey 9
discuss 13
dislike 28
divided by 43
documentary 50
dollar 24
dolphin 30
doughnut 19
down 36
dozen 5
draw 49
drawer 7
dream 28
dressing gown 23
drill 44
driving licence 53
drop 26
drums 31
during 42
duvet 7

E
eagle 30
earn 14
earths 57
eggs 33
elbow 20
electric kettle 1
electric razor 44
electronic 59
else 18
e-mail 11
employer 40
empty 58
enormous 2
enthusiastic 58
equals 43
eraser 47
escalators 59
escape 46
Euro 24
exam 26
except 52
exciting 2
exist 45

expect 28
explain 13
ex-wife 8

F

fact 55
factory 16
fail 26
faint 58
fair 60
fall 47
fan 44
fantastic 2
farm 48
father-in-law 8
fax 11
feed 10
feel 28
fence 3
festival 38
fewer 52
field 48
fight 54
filing cabinet 4
fill 33
fill in 36
final 56
find 14
finger 20
fireplace 17
fireworks 37
fit 18
flat 56
flavour 19
fleece 23
flight attendant 9
floppy disk 11
flour 33
flowers 26
fly 46
follow 46
football pitch 29
for 42
foreign 52
forgive 28
forward 36
fountain pen 4
fox 30
fresh 56
friendly 22

fries 47
frightening 2
from 15
front door 3
fruit bowl 17
frying pan 1
full 52
fun 18
funfair 37
funny 18
furious 2

G
garage 3
garden 57
gas station 47
gave up 36
general 56
generous 51
gig 31
glad 56
gloves 23
goal 49
goggles 49
go-karting 37
golf course 29
good-looking 2
grandparents 8
grapes 35
grateful 56
greedy 59
grey 34
group 55
guess 13

H
hair drier 44
half 43
half-time 18
Halloween 38
hammer 12
hand 26
hang 33
happen 45
happy 51
hard 58
hard-working 51
head 60
heated 52
heater 44
heavy 34

height 55
helmet 49
helpful 22
hide 14
hills 48
hit 31
hobby 38
hold 54
homework 18
honest 56
honey 19
hope 28
horror film 50
hot water bottle 12
hot water bottle top 12
hotel 39
house 39
houseboat 39
housework 18
huge 2
hungry 58
hurry 46

I
ice-skating rink 29
illegal 59
illness 55
imagine 28
impolite 2
in 25
in front of 15
independent 59
inexpensive 2
inside 15
intelligent 2
Internet 11
interview 50
introduce 13
iron 44

J
jam 60
jar 5
job 18
jog 46
join 54
joke 38
journalist 9
jug 1
junk food 53

K
kangaroo 30
keep 54
keyboard 31
kick 49
kitchen floor 26
knee 20
knickers 23
knock 54
koala bear 30

L
ladder 3
lake 48
lamb 19
lamp 17
land 46
lawn 3
lazy 22
leaves 3
leather 34
leeks 35
lemon 35
let 52
lettuce 35
librarian 9
lift 54
light bulb 44
lips 20
litter 26
lived 18
lively 52
lizard 24
loaf 5
lolly 19
lonely 59
look forward 36
lose 14
lottery 38
loud 22
love 49
love story 50
lower 52
lucky 52
lying 52

M
mad 58
magic show 37
main 56
make 14

make up 36
make-up 21
manager 27
market 16
mask 49
match 49
matter 45
mattress 7
mean 45
mechanic 9
memory 55
menu 19
message 26
metal 34
microphone 31
milk 24
mind 28
mineral water 53
minus 43
mirror 7
miss 28
mistakes 33
mix 33
model 40
modern 51
motor-racing circuit 29
mountains 48
move in 36
movie theater 47
mug 1
mushrooms 35
music system 17
musical 37

N
nail 12
names 57
natural 56
nature 18
nature reserve 53
near 15
needle 12
neighbours 59
nervous 51
net 49
news 50
next to 25
nice 18
night 57
nightie 23

nil 49
noisy 51
note 27
nought 43
nuts 19

O
occupation 18
ocean 48
of 15
off 36
old 58
old-fashioned 51
olive 19
omelette 19
on 25
on top of 15
only child 53
onto 15
opera 38
opinion 55
orchestra 31
ordinary 51
ostrich 30
other 18
out 15
out of 15
over 15
overtake 49
owner 40

P
packet 5
paint 12
painting 17
palace 39
pale 56
paper 4
parallel lines 43
parent 40
park 38
part-time 18
pass 18
past 15
pasta 19
path 3
patient 40
patterned 34
pavement 16
pay 14
peace 55

peach 57
pear 35
peas 35
pedestrian crossing 16
pen 4
pence 27
pencil 4
pencil sharpener 4
penguin 30
pepper 19
per cent 43
perfume 21
permission 55
piano 17
pick 26
picnic 38
picture 33
pigeon 30
pillow 7
PIN 27
pineapple 35
plain 56
plastic 34
play 38
please 57
pleased 56
plug 44
plumber 9
plus 43
point 43
pool 3
poor 27
popcorn 19
popular 52
population 59
pork 19
port 48
post code 53
pot 5
pound 24
pour 10
practise 33
prawns 19
precious 52
prefer 28
prepare 54
prescription 18
presenter 9
press 54
printer 11

prison 39
 private 56
 prize 38
 program 11
 promise 13
 pronounce 13
 pull 54
 pupil 40
 purpose 55
 purse 27
 pyjamas 23
 pyramid 43
Q
 queue 59
 quiet 51
R
 race 46
 racket 49
 rainforest 48
 rap 31
 raspberries 35
 raw 19
 razor 21
 reach 46
 reader 40
 real 56
 reason 55
 receipt 18
 recharge 11
 recipe 18
 record 10
 rectangle 43
 refuse 13
 religion 55
 remote control 17
 rent 10
 repair 26
 repeat 13
 reply 13
 rest 55
 resting 52
 result 55
 return 46
 rhinoceros 30
 rhythm 31
 rice 19
 rich 2
 ride 38
 rider 40
S
 right angle 43
 rob 26
 rock 48
 roll 5
 rollercoaster 37
 round 15
 roundabout 16
 rubber 4
 rubber gloves 33
 rubbish bin 53
 rude 2
 rule 55
 ruler 4
s
 sad 2
 sail 46
 salad 19
 sales rep 9
 sandals 23
 sauce 19
 saucepan 1
 saucepan lid 12
 saucer 12
 save 14
 scales 21
 scarf 23
 real 56
 scenery 18
 science fiction film 50
 scissors 4
 score 49
 screen 11
 sea front 16
 seaside 38
 secret 55
 see off 36
 seem 45
 selfish 22
 send 18
 sensible 51
 serious 22
 sewing machine 44
 shake 54
 shallow 51
 shampoo 21
 shape 55
 shark 30
 sharp 56
 shave 54
 sheet 7
 shelves 17
 shiny 56
 shoot 54
 shopping mall 16
 shore 57
 shorts 23
 shoulder 20
 shower 21
 shy 22
 sick 58
 sightseeing 38
 sign 33
 silence 55
 silly 51
 silver 34
 simple 51
 since 42
 single 31
 sister-in-law 8
 slippers 23
 small 58
 smooth 56
 snacks 19
 snail 30
 soap 21
 sofa 17
 soft 19
 soft drink 53
 soft toy 53
 song 31
 son-in-law 8
 sore 57
 sound 45
 sound engineer 9
 spare-time 18
 sparkling 19
 speakers 17
 special 56
 speed 55
 sphere 43
 spicy 52
 sponge 21
 spotted 34
 square 43
 standing 52
 stapler 4
 statement 18
 stayed 18
 steak 19
 steal 14

stepmother 8
 steps 3
 still 19
 stomach ache 20
 stones 48
 stool 24
 stopped 18
 store 47
 strange 2
 strawberries 35
 stream 48
 string 33
 striped 34
 strong 51
 studious 22
 stung 52
 suggest 13
 suit 18
 surf 26
 swan 24
 sweatshirt 23
 sweep 26
 sweets 19
 swimming costume 23
 swimming pool 29
 swimming trunks 23
 switch 44
 switch off 36
 switch on 36
T
 table mat 17
 take 18
 take off 46
 tap 21
 taste 45
 tea towel 1
 team 49
 tear 10
 tennis court 29
 tent 39
 terrible 2
 terrifying 2
 thank 13
 theme park 53
 thick 52
 thief 40
 think 28
 thread 12
 thriller 50
 thrilling 2
 through 15
 throw away 36
 tidy 10
 tie 33
 tight 34
 tights 23
 times 43
 tin 5
 tin opener 1
 to 25
 toaster 1
 toe 20
 toilet 21
 toilet paper 21
 tongue 20
 toothbrush 21
 toothpaste 21
 torch 12
 torn 34
 touch 54
 tour 46
 tour guide 9
 tourist information 16
 towards 15
 towel 21
 town hall 16
 tracksuit 23
 traffic lights 53
 traffic warden 9
 train 33
 trainers 23
 travel 46
 triangle 43
 trick 38
 trip 38
 trouble 55
 team 49
 tear 10
 tennis court 29
 tent 39
 terrible 2
 terrifying 2
 thank 13
 theme park 53
 thick 52
 thief 40
 think 28
 thread 12
 thriller 50

U
 ugly 2
 unattractive 2
 uncle 8
 underground station 16
 underpants 23
 unfriendly 52
 unhappy 2
 uninteresting 2
 unless 52
 untidy 51
 until 42
 unusual 51
 up 36
 upset 52
 urgent 59
 useful 56
 useless 59

V
 vacuum cleaner 44
 Valentine 38
 valley 48
 video recorder 17
 view 18
 voice 31

W
 want 18
 war 55
 wardrobe 7
 warm 52
 washing machine 26
 water 10
 watermelon 35
 wave 54
 waved 52
 weak 51
 wealthy 2
 wear 33
 weather forecast 50
 wedding 38
 weird 2
 Western 31
 whale 24
 wife 8
 will 18
 wire 44
 with 42
 wonder 28

WORD LIST

wonderful 2
woollen 34
work 18
work out 36

worm 30
worry 28
would 18
wrong 57

Y
yoghurt 19