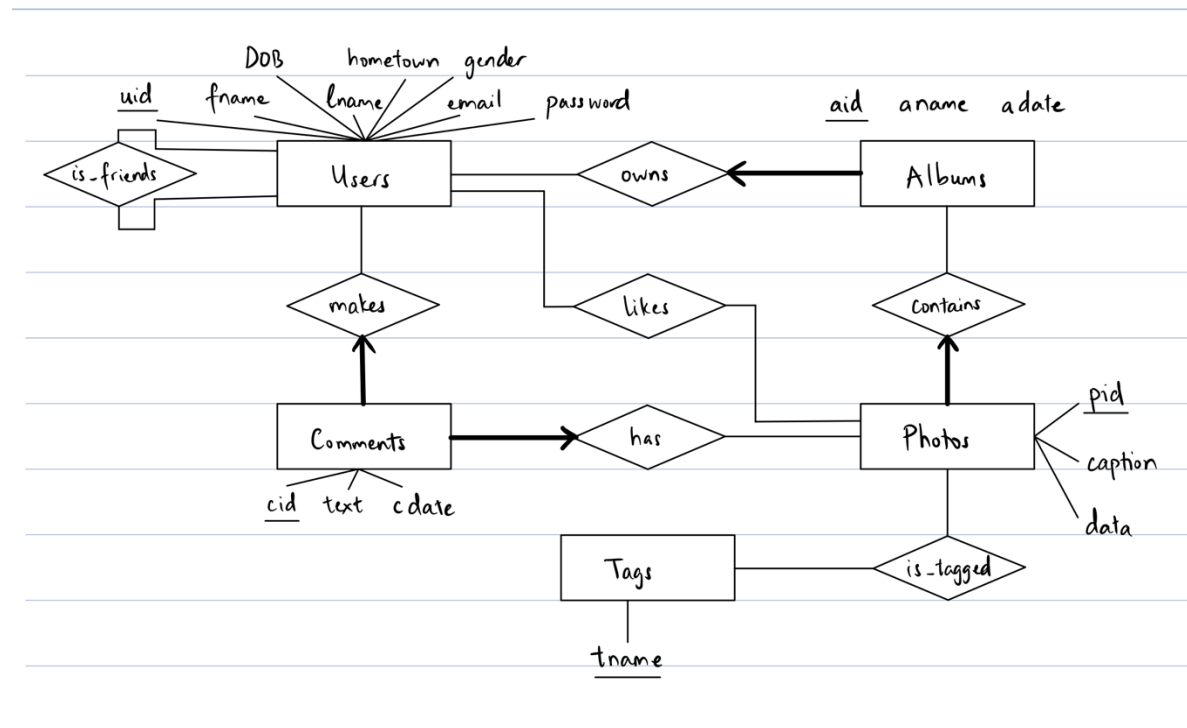


## 1.E/R Model:



## 2. Translation to relational schema

```

CREATE TABLE Users (
    uid int,
    fname varchar(255),
    lname varchar(255),
    dob datetime,
    hometown varchar(255),
    email varchar(255) UNIQUE,
    gender ENUM('Male', 'Female', 'Other'),
    password varchar(255),
    PRIMARY KEY (uid)
);
    
```

- This handles the constraint where emails have to be unique, using UNIQUE
- Unregistered users are also given an unique uid, but all other attributes are NULL

```
CREATE TABLE Friendship (
    uid int,
    fid int,
    FOREIGN KEY (uid) REFERENCES Users(uid) ON DELETE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (fid) REFERENCES Users(uid) ON DELETE CASCADE,
    PRIMARY KEY (uid, fid),
    CHECK (uid != fid)
);
```

- This handles the constraint where users cannot be friends with themselves, using CHECK.
- Also handles friendship deletion when user or friend is removed

```
CREATE TABLE Albums (
    aid int,
    uid int NOT NULL,
    aname varchar(255) NOT NULL,
    adate datetime NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (aid),
    FOREIGN KEY (uid) REFERENCES Users(uid) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

- This handles the constraint where albums must be owned by exactly 1 user, using NOT NULL
- Also handles album deletion when its owner is removed, using ON DELETE CASCADE

```
CREATE TABLE Photos (
    pid int,
    aid int NOT NULL,
    caption varchar(255),
    data varchar(255) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (pid),
    FOREIGN KEY (aid) REFERENCES Albums(aid) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

- This handles the constraint where photos must belong to exactly 1 album, using NOT NULL
- Also handles photo deletion when its album is removed, using ON DELETE CASCADE

```
CREATE TABLE Tags (
    tname varchar(255),
    pid int,
    PRIMARY KEY (tname, pid),
    FOREIGN KEY (pid) REFERENCES Photos(pid) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

- This handles the removal of a tag-photo relationship when a photo is deleted

```
CREATE TABLE Comments (
```

```
    cid int,
```

```
    content varchar(255) NOT NULL,
```

```
    cdate datetime NOT NULL,
```

```
    uid int NOT NULL,
```

```
    pid int NOT NULL,
```

```
    PRIMARY KEY (cid),
```

```
    FOREIGN KEY (uid) REFERENCES Users(uid) ON DELETE CASCADE,
```

```
    FOREIGN KEY (pid) REFERENCES Photos(pid) ON DELETE CASCADE
```

```
);
```

- This handles the constraint where comments must belong to exactly 1 photo and made by exactly 1 user, using NOT NULL
- Also handles comment deletion when its owner or the photo is deleted, using ON DELETE CASCADE
- This does not handle the constraint where users cannot comment on their own photos, which will be handled on the application level using Python

```
CREATE TABLE Likes (
```

```
    uid int,
```

```
    pid int,
```

```
    PRIMARY KEY (uid, pid),
```

```
    FOREIGN KEY (uid) REFERENCES Users(uid) ON DELETE CASCADE,
```

```
    FOREIGN KEY (pid) REFERENCES Photos(pid) ON DELETE CASCADE
```

```
);
```

- This handles the constraint where user can give at most 1 like for each photo
- Also handles like removal when its owner or the photo is deleted, using ON DELETE CASCADE