**INTRODUCTION**

Cryptocurrency is the peer-to-peer digital moneyory and payment system that exist online via a controlled algorithem. When a miner cracks an algorithem to record a block of transactions to public ledger named blockchain and the cryptocurrency is created when the block is added to the blockchain. It allows people to store and transfer through encryption protocol and distributed network. Mining is a necessary and competitive component of the cryptocurrency system. The miner with more computational power has a better chance of finding a new coin than that of less. Bitcoin is the first and one of the leading digital currencies (its market capitalisation had more than $ 7 billion in 2014, and then it increased significantly to $ 29 billion in 2017) which was first introduced by Satoshi Nakamoto in 2008. Among many features of bitcoin, the most impressive one is decentralisation that it can remove the involvement of traditional financial sectors and monetary authorities effectively due to its blockchain network features . In addition, the electronic payment system of Bitcoin is based on cryptographic proof rather than the trust between each other as its transaction history cannot be changed unless redoing all proof of work of all blockchain, which play a critical role of being a trust intermediary and this can be widely used in reality such as recording charitable contribution to avoid corruption. Moreover, bitcoin has introduced the controllable anonymity scheme, and this enhances users’ safety and anonymity by using this technology, for instance, we can take advantage of this property of blockchain to make identification cards, and it not only can protect our privacy but verify our identity. Nowadays, investing in cryptocurrencies, like Bitcoin, is one of the efficient ways of earning money. For example, the rate of Bitcoin significant rises in 2017, from a relatively low point 963 USD on January 1ST 2017, to its peak 19186 USD on December 17th 2017, and it closed with 9475 USD at the end of the year. Consequently, the rate of return of bitcoin investment for 2017 was over 880%, which is an impressive and surprising scenery for most investors. While an increasing number of people are making investments in Cryptocurrency, the majority of investors cannot get such profit for being inconsiderable to cryptocurrencies’ dynamics and the critical factors that influence the trends of bitcoins. Therefore, raising people’s awareness of vital factors can help us to be wise investors. Although market prediction is demanding for its complex nature the dynamics are predictable and understandable to some degree. For example, when there is a shortage of the bitcoin, its price will be increased by their sellers as investors who regard bitcoin as a profitable investment opportunity will have a strong desire to pay for bitcoin. Furthermore, the price of bitcoin may be easily influenced by some influential external factors such as political factors . Although existing efforts on Cryptocurrency analysis and prediction is limited, a few studies have been aiming to understand the Cryptocurrency time series and build statistical models to reproduce and predict price dynamics. For example, Madan et al. collected bitcoins price with the time interval of 0.5, 1and 2 hours, and combined it with the blockchain network, the underlying technology of bitcoin. Their predictive model leveraging random forests and binomial logistic regression classifiers , and the precision of the model is around 55% in predicting bitcoin’s price. Shah et al. used Bayesian regression and took advantages of high frequency (10-second) prices data of Bitcoin to improve investment strategy of bitcoin . Their models had also achieved great success. In an Multi-Layer Perceptron (MLP) based prediction model was presented to forecast the next day price of bitcoin by using two sets of input: the first type of inputs: the opening, minimum, maximum and closing price and the second set of inputs: Moving Average of both short (5,10,20 days) and long (100, 200 days) windows. During validation, their model was proved to be accurate at the 95% level. There has been many academic researches looking at exchang rate forecasting, for example, the monetary and portfolio balance models examined by Meese and Rogoff (1983, 1988) . Significant efforts have been made to analyse and predict the trends of traditional financial markets especially the stock market however, predicting cryptocurrencies market prices is still at an early stage. Compared to these stock price prediction models, traditional time series methods are not very useful as cryptocurrencies are not precisely the same with stocks but can be deemed as a complementary good of existing currency system with sharp fluctuations features. Therefore, it is urgently needed to understand the dynamics of cryptocurrencies better and establish a suitable predictive modelling framework. In this study, we hypothesise that time series of cryptocurrencies exhibits a clear internal memory, which could be used to help the memory-based time series model to works more appropriately if the length of internal memory could be quantified. We aim to use two artificial intelligence modelling frameworks to understand and predict the most popular cryptocurrencies price dynamics, including Bitcoin, Ethereum, and Ripple.