HIRING PROCESS ANALYTICS

by VIGHNESH GANNEDI

Project Description

Hiring process is the fundamental and the most important function of a company. We look at trends like number of positions, how many were hired/rejected, their salaries, etc.

In this project we will be working for a MNC such as Google in analysing those data and run queries to get our answer to certain questions.

- **A.Hiring:** How many males and females are Hired?
- **B.Average Salary:** What is the average salary offered in this company?
- **C.Class Intervals:** Draw the class intervals for salary in the company?
- **D.Charts and Plots:** Draw Pie Chart / Bar Graph (or any other graph) to show proportion of people working different department?
- **E.Charts:** Represent different post tiers using chart/graph?

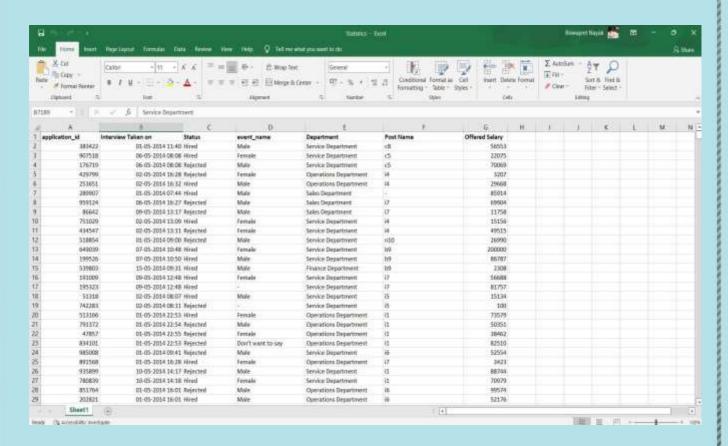
Approach and Tech Used

For this project I used Microsoft Excel to run my queries. Microsoft Excel is a spreadsheet developed by Microsoft for Windows, macOS, Android and iOS. It features calculation or computation capabilities, graphing tools, pivot tables, and a macro programming language called Visual Basic for Applications (VBA). Excel forms part of the Microsoft Office suite of software.

I used the Excel sheet provided and ran multiple functions to get the desired answers.

This project helped me in understanding the Excel Table at a muchdetailed manner and helped to improve my strength in extracting data from tables and visualize it in the forms of different graphs.

Datasheet



A. **Hiring:** Process of intaking of people into an organization for different kinds of positions.

Your task: How many males and females are Hired?

Hired	
Male	2563
Female	1856

I used the following function to execute it:

- =COUNTIFS(D2:D7169,"Male",C2:C7169,"Hired")
- =COUNTIFS(D2:D7169,"Female",C2:C7169,"Hired")
 - B. **Average Salary:** Adding all the salaries for a select group of employees and then dividing the sum by the number of employees in the group.

Your task: What is the average salary offered in this company?

Diff Department	Avg Salary
Service Department	50629.88418
Operations Department	49151.35438
Sales Department	49310.3807
Finance Department	49628.00694
Production Department	49448.48421
Purchase Department	52564.77477
Marketing Department	48489.93538
General Management	58722.09302
Human Resource Department	49002.27835

I used the following function to execute it:

First, I used the Advanced filter to get unique departments, then I used the following to get the average.

- =AVERAGEIF(E2:E7169, "Service Department", G2:G7169)
- =AVERAGEIF(E2:E7169,"Operations Department",G2:G7169)
- =AVERAGEIF(E2:E7169, "Sales Department", G2:G7169)
- =AVERAGEIF(E2:E7169,"Finance Department",G2:G7169)
- =AVERAGEIF(E2:E7169,"Production Department",G2:G7169)
- =AVERAGEIF(E2:E7169,"Purchase Department",G2:G7169)
- =AVERAGEIF(E2:E7169,"Marketing Department",G2:G7169)
- =AVERAGEIF(E2:E7169,"General Management",G2:G7169)
- =AVERAGEIF(E2:E7169,"Human Resource Department",G2:G7169)
 - C. **Class Intervals:** The class interval is the difference between the upper-class limit and the lower-class limit. **Your task:** Draw the class intervals for salary in the company?

I used the following function to execute it:

First, I calculated the maximum and minimum salary with this:

- =MAX(G2:G7169)
- =MIN(G2:G7169)

Then I found out the range (Max – Min), after that I chose the number of bins I wanted which is 5, and then we calculated the call intervals by the formula (Range / Bins).

7225		
7226	226 Max Salary	
7227	Min Salary	100
7228	Diff (Range)	399900
7229	Bins	
7230	Range/Bins	79980
7231		
7232	Class Intervals for Salary	
7233	100-80080	
7234	80081-160060	
7235	160061-240040	
7236	240041-320020	
7237	320021-400000	
7238		

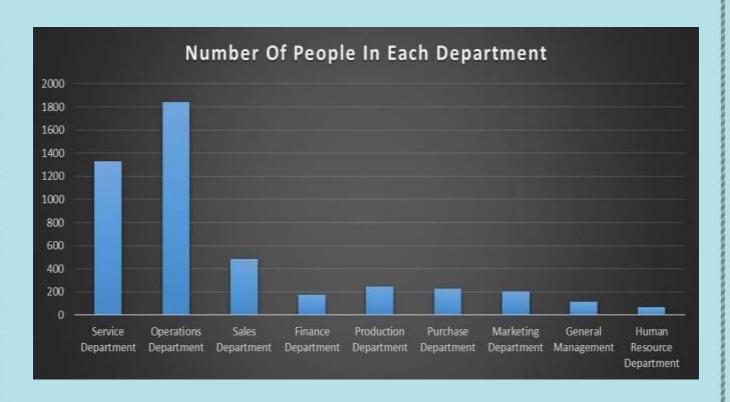
For the intervals I used:

- =CONCATENATE(LEFT(C7227,3),"-",LEFT(C7227,3)+\$C\$7230)
- =CONCATENATE(RIGHT(B7233,5)+1,"-
- ",RIGHT(B7233,5)+\$C\$7230)
- =CONCATENATE(RIGHT(B7234,6)+1,"-
- ",RIGHT(B7234,6)+\$C\$7230)
- =CONCATENATE(RIGHT(B7235,6)+1,"-
- ",RIGHT(B7235,6)+\$C\$7230)
- =CONCATENATE(RIGHT(B7236,6)+1,"",RIGHT(B7236,6)+\$C\$723 o)

D. **Charts and Plots:** This is one of the most important parts of analysis to visualize the data.

Your task: Draw Pie Chart / Bar Graph (or any other graph) to show proportion of people working different department?

Diff Department	Number Of Employees
Service Department	1332
Operations Department	1843
Sales Department	485
Finance Department	176
Production Department	246
Purchase Department	230
Marketing Department	202
General Management	113
Human Resource Department	70



I used the following function to execute it:

First, I used the Advanced filter to get unique departments, then I used the following to get the count.

- =COUNTIFS(E2:E7169,"Service Department",C2:C7169,"Hired")
- =COUNTIFS(E2:E7169," Operations

Department", C2: C7169, "Hired")

- =COUNTIFS(E2:E7169," Sales Department", C2:C7169, "Hired")
- =COUNTIFS(E2:E7169,"Finance Department",C2:C7169,"Hired")
- =COUNTIFS(E2:E7169," Production

Department", C2: C7169, "Hired")

=COUNTIFS(E2:E7169,"Purchase Department",C2:C7169,"Hired")

=COUNTIFS(E2:E7169,"Marketing Department",C2:C7169,"Hired")

=COUNTIFS(E2:E7169,"General Management",C2:C7169,"Hired")

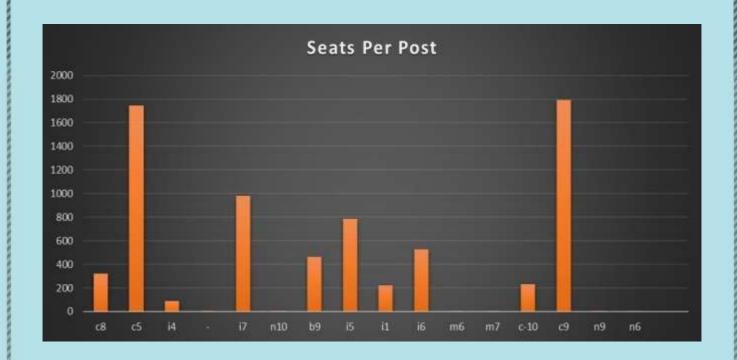
=COUNTIFS(E2:E7169," Human Resource

Department", C2: C7169, "Hired")

E. **Charts:** Use different charts and graphs to perform the task representing the data.

Your task: Represent different post tiers using chart/graph?

Diff Posts	Number Of Posts
c8	320
c5	1747
i4	88
	1
i7	982
n10	1
b9	463
i5	787
i1	222
i6	527
m6	3
m7	1
c-10	232
c9	1792
n9	1
n6	1



I used the following function to execute it:

First, I used the Advanced filter to get unique posts, then I used the following to get the count.

- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"c8")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"c5")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"i4")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"-")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"i7")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"n10")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"n6")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"b9")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"i5")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"i1")

- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"i6")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"m6")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"m7")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"c-10")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"c9")
- =COUNTIF(F2:F7169,"n9")