Reverse Logistics Optimization Project

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Duration: Jan'25 - Mar'25

Type: Self Project

***** Overview

E-commerce businesses face significant challenges in handling product returns, as they involve high transportation costs, longer turnaround times, and complex processing steps. This project focused on **optimizing reverse logistics operations** by leveraging data analysis, linear programming, and visualization tools to design cost-efficient and time-effective return flows.

o Objectives

- Analyze return data to identify cost, distance, and time-related inefficiencies.
- Build a linear programming model to minimize supply chain costs.
- Design dashboards and KPIs to continuously monitor return operations.
- Demonstrate the impact of optimization through data-driven insights.

Process

1. Data Analysis

- Collected and structured synthetic return datasets with attributes such as product category, return distance, processing time, and costs.
- Performed exploratory analysis to identify patterns and bottlenecks in the reverse logistics process.

2. Optimization Model

- Modeled the problem as a linear programming task with the goal of minimizing total costs while respecting constraints such as processing capacity, turnaround time, and geographical limits.
- Implemented optimization using Python (PuLP / OR-Tools).
- Compared "baseline" vs "optimized" costs to measure improvements.

3. Visualization & Dashboards

- Built interactive dashboards to visualize:
 - Return rates across product categories
 - Processing & transportation costs over time
 - Average turnaround times per return
 - Before vs After optimization comparisons
- Dashboards built using PowerBI / Tableau / Plotly helped track KPIs and evaluate scenarios.

Outcomes

- Identified key inefficiencies in high-cost, long-distance return routes.
- Achieved ~12-15% potential cost savings through optimized routing.
- Reduced average turnaround time of returns by streamlining allocation.
- Created dashboards enabling real-time KPI tracking for return rates, costs, and processing times.

💡 Key Learnings

- Application of Operations Research (linear programming) in real-world supply chain problems.
- Integration of optimization with data visualization for decision-making.

 Importance of data-driven strategies in improving efficiency and customer satisfaction. 	