Tool Example: Regression with Polynomial and Interaction Terms

This is an "overkill" example where we fit a complicated model to a very small data set (n = 18 obs). The response is tool life. The predictors are cutting angle and speed.

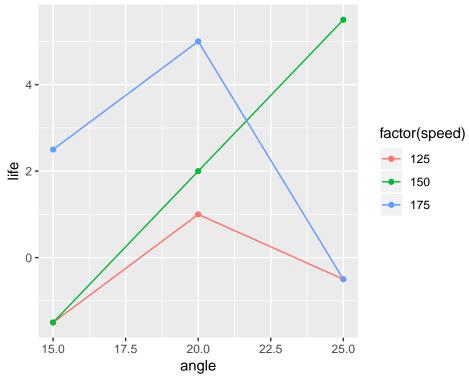
The goal of this example is to illustrate some graphing techniques (contour and perspective plots), but even these plots are not commonly required.

```
library(ggplot2)
Tool <- read.csv("~/Dropbox/STAT512/Lectures/MultReg2/MR2_Tool.csv", header=TRUE)
str(Tool)

## 'data.frame': 18 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ angle: int 15 15 15 15 15 20 20 20 20 ...
## $ speed: int 125 125 150 150 175 175 125 125 150 150 ...
## $ life: int -2 -1 -3 0 2 3 0 2 1 3 ...</pre>
```

Summary Statistics, Plot and Model Fitting

```
ToolMeans <- aggregate(life ~ angle + speed, data = Tool, FUN = mean)
ToolMeans
##
     angle speed life
## 1
        15
             125 -1.5
             125 1.0
## 2
        20
        25
## 3
            125 -0.5
## 4
        15
            150 -1.5
## 5
        20
             150 2.0
## 6
        25
             150 5.5
## 7
        15
             175 2.5
## 8
        20
             175 5.0
## 9
        25
             175 -0.5
p <- qplot(angle, life, colour = factor(speed), data = ToolMeans)</pre>
p + geom_line()
```



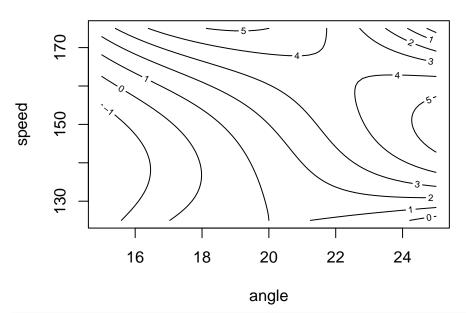
```
## Call:
  lm(formula = life ~ speed + I(speed^2) + angle + I(angle^2) +
##
       I(angle * speed) + I(angle^2 * speed) + I(angle * speed^2) +
##
       I(angle^2 * speed^2), data = Tool)
##
## Residuals:
##
     Min
             1Q Median
                            3Q
                                  Max
     -1.5
           -0.5
                   0.0
                                  1.5
##
                           0.5
##
## Coefficients:
                          Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                        -1.068e+03 7.022e+02 -1.521
                                                        0.1626
## speed
                        1.448e+01
                                    9.503e+00
                                                1.524
                                                        0.1619
## I(speed^2)
                        -4.960e-02 3.164e-02 -1.568
                                                        0.1514
## angle
                        1.363e+02
                                   7.261e+01
                                                1.877
                                                        0.0932 .
                                               -2.254
## I(angle^2)
                        -4.080e+00
                                    1.810e+00
                                                        0.0507 .
## I(angle * speed)
                        -1.864e+00
                                    9.827e-01
                                              -1.897
                                                        0.0903 .
                        5.600e-02
## I(angle^2 * speed)
                                   2.450e-02
                                               2.285
                                                        0.0481 *
## I(angle * speed^2)
                         6.400e-03 3.272e-03
                                                1.956
                                                        0.0822 .
## I(angle^2 * speed^2) -1.920e-04 8.158e-05
                                              -2.353
                                                        0.0431 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1.202 on 9 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8952, Adjusted R-squared: 0.802
```

##

```
## F-statistic: 9.606 on 8 and 9 DF, p-value: 0.001337
Tool$yhat <- predict(Model)</pre>
Tool
##
     angle speed life yhat
                  -2 -1.5
## 1
        15
            125
## 2
        15
           125
                  -1 -1.5
## 3
        15
             150
                  -3 -1.5
## 4
        15
           150
                   0 -1.5
## 5
        15 175
                   2 2.5
                   3 2.5
## 6
        15
           175
## 7
        20
            125
                   0 1.0
## 8
        20 125
                   2 1.0
## 9
        20 150
                 1 2.0
## 10
        20 150
                   3 2.0
## 11
        20 175
                   4 5.0
                   6 5.0
## 12
        20 175
        25 125
## 13
                 -1 -0.5
## 14
        25 125
                   0 -0.5
## 15
        25 150
                   5 5.5
## 16
        25 150
                 6 5.5
## 17
        25 175
                   0 -0.5
## 18
        25
             175
                  -1 -0.5
```

Visualizing the fitted model

Contour plot of Life



Do a "perspective" plot, axis rotated for visibility
persp(a, s, outer(a, s, pfun1v), xlab = "angle", ylab = "speed", zlab = "Life", theta=30, phi=30)

