A QUANTATIVE ANALYSIS OF CANDIDATES IN THE 2019 LOK SABHA ELECTIONS

INTRODUCTION:

Overview:

The Lok sabha is composed of representatives of people chosen by direct election on the basis of universal adult suffrage. The constitution of india allows for a maximum of 550 members in the House, with 530 members representing the state and 20 representing the union territories. The 17th Lok sabha was formed by the members elected in the 2019 indian general election. Elections, all across india, were conducted in seven phases from 11 april 2019 to 19 may 2019 by the election commission of india.

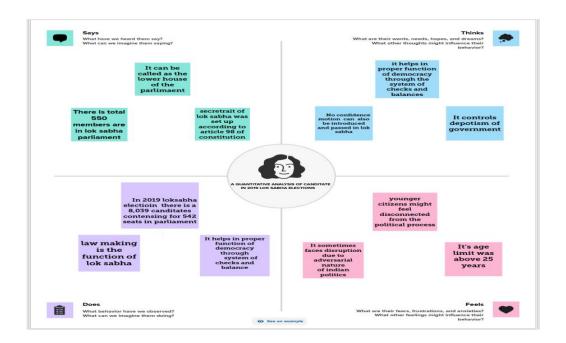
The Bharatiya Janata party received 37.36% of the vote, the highest vote share by a political party since the 1989 general election, and won 303 seats, further increasing its substantial majority. In addition, the BJP- led National democratic alliance (NDA) won 353 seats.

1.2 Purpose:

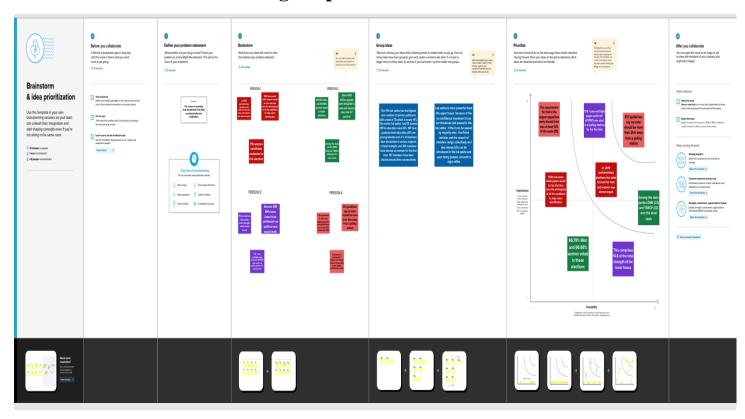
The main purpose of this project is to analyse the Lok sabha election held at 2019. To verify how many candidates' poll their votes in 2019 Lok sabha election and to define how many total votes polled in election as per the sex ratio

2. Problem Definition & Design Thinking:

2.1 EMPATHY MAP:

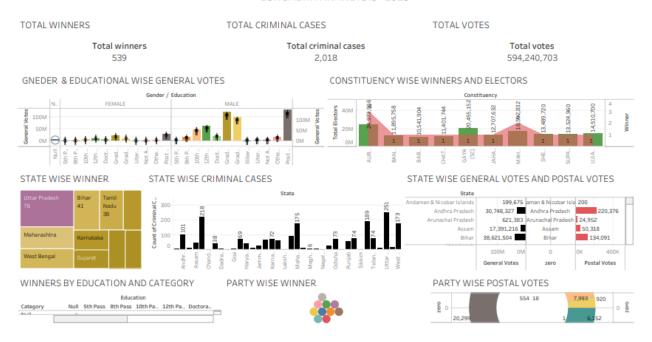


2.2. Ideation & Brainstorming Map

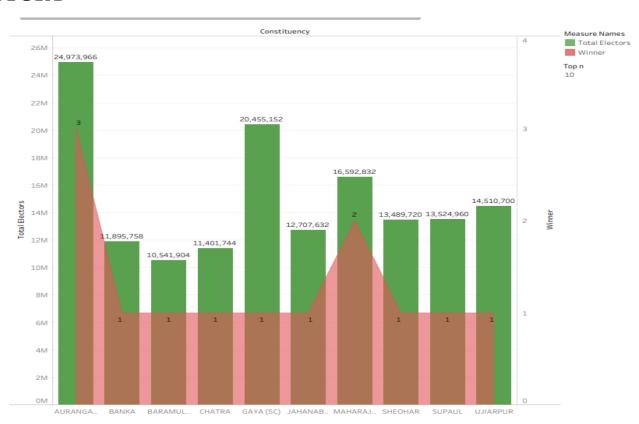


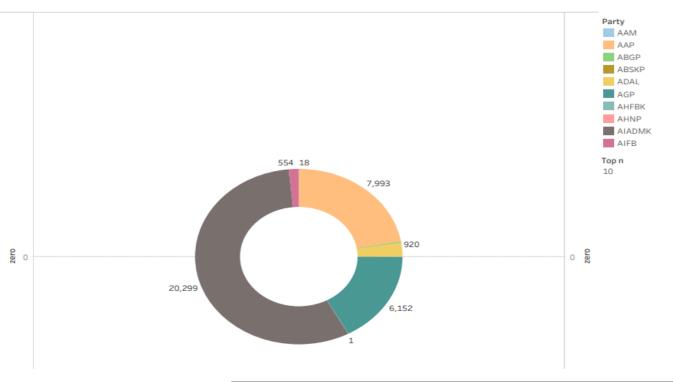
Dashboard 1

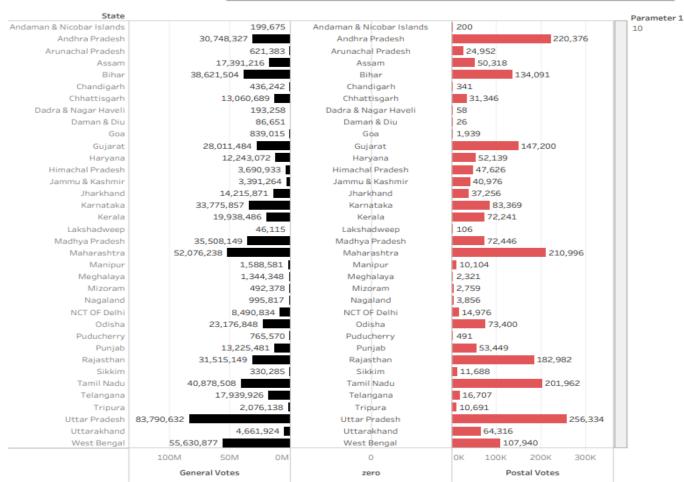
LOK SABHA ANANLYSIS 2019

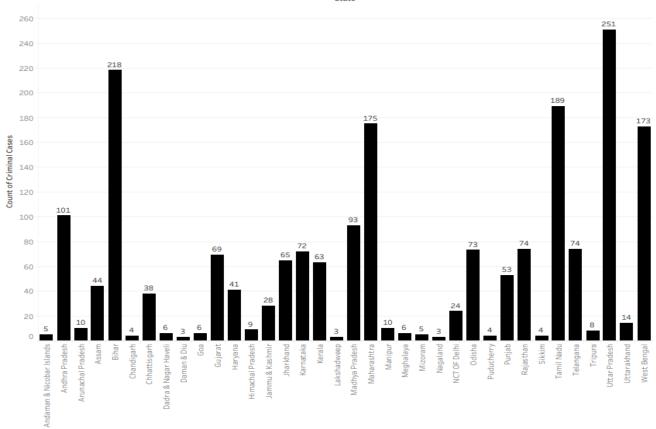


3. STORY





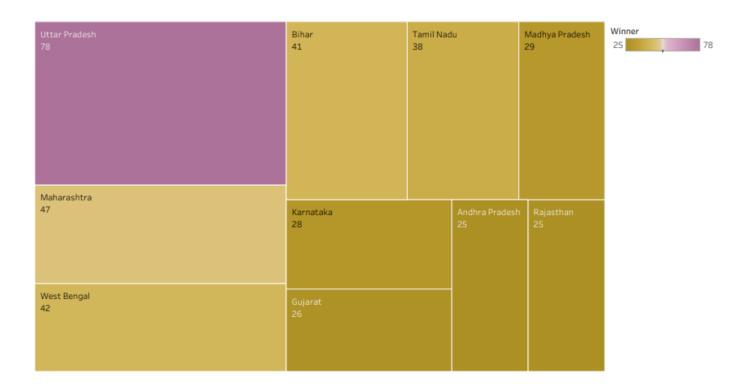






ANALYSIS OF LOKSABHA 2019

TOTAL POSTAL VOT	TOP TEN WINNER DT STATES			TOTAL POSTAL VOTES & GENERAL VOTES B		CRIMINAL CASES BY STATE WISE			TOTAL TEN WINNERS BY PARTY WISE			WINNERS BY CATOGORY & EDUCAT		
							Education							
				10th	12th			Graduat			Not		Post Gra	
Category	Null	5th Pass	8th Pass	Pass	Pass	Doctora	Gradua	e Profe	Illiterate	Literate	Available	Others	duate	
Null	0													
Null	•													
GENERAL		2	8	35	49	17	103	73	1	1	0	14	96	
		2	8	35 8	49 10	17 6	103 18	73 12	1	1	0	14 1	96 25	



4. Advantages:

- **♣** It controls the budget of the state. A money bill can only be introduced in the Lok Sabha
- **4** The government is accountable to the Lok sabha for its
- **4** acts of omission and commission

Disadvantage:

- **4** Dominance of majority party
- **♣** Presence of some MP with criminal background
- **4** Dominance of majority party

4 Many MPs are incomplete to raise the issues concerning the people

5. Application:

- **♣** The Lok sabha has certain powers that make it more powerful than the Rajya sabha.
- **4** motion of no confidence against the government can be introduced and passed in the Lok sabha
- **4** if passed by a majority vote, the prime minister and the council of minister resign collectively

6. Conclusion:

Brainstorming map and empathy map shows the analysis of Lok sabha election 2019. This is the 17th Lok sabha election. Data visualization shows the graphs of how many voters polled their vote in the election as state wise

7. Future scope:

In future data visualization can be done with more datasets. Thus, the Visualization will show more interesting graphs